

# Fecal Sampling Comparison Project Markdown

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## Load phyloseq object

Phyloseq object was generated on the server using serverScript.R, following the running of this script it was downloaded to the local machine and used to make plots

```
# load data
ps0 <- readRDS("../PrimaryData/phyloObject.rds")

# read metadata
meta <- read.csv("../PrimaryData/purcell_meta.csv")

# add tree
tree <- read_tree("../PrimaryData/purcellFastTree_edit.tre")

# load metadata and tree into phyloseq object
meta <- sample_data(meta)
meta$Individual <- as.factor(meta$Individual)
row.names(meta) <- meta$Sample_name
ps <- merge_phyloseq(ps0, meta, tree)

# unedited phyloseq object
psOG <- ps

# Assign DNA sequences to refseq slot and replace with simple names to improve readability
dna <- Biostrings::DNASTringSet(taxa_names(ps))
names(dna) <- taxa_names(ps)
ps <- merge_phyloseq(ps, dna)
taxa_names(ps) <- paste0("ASV", seq(ntaxa(ps)))
ps

## phyloseq-class experiment-level object
## otu_table() OTU Table: [ 4872 taxa and 60 samples ]
## sample_data() Sample Data: [ 60 samples by 7 sample variables ]
## tax_table() Taxonomy Table: [ 4872 taxa by 6 taxonomic ranks ]
## phy_tree() Phylogenetic Tree: [ 4872 tips and 4870 internal nodes ]
## refseq() DNASTringSet: [ 4872 reference sequences ]
```

## Custom Rarefaction Plot

Not run in this Markdown

```

# Data
psdata <- ps

# Loading required library and displaying core configuration
library(doParallel)
detectCores(all.tests = TRUE)

# Setting up and registering the cluster
cl <- makeCluster(detectCores(all.tests = TRUE)-1)
registerDoParallel(cl)

# Calculate alpha diversity
calculate_rarefaction_curves <- function(psdata, measures, depths, parallel = FALSE) {
  require(plyr) # ldply
  require(reshape2) # melt
  require(doParallel)

  # set parallel options if required
  if (parallel) {
    paropts <- list(.packages = c("phyloseq", "reshape2"))
  } else {
    paropts <- NULL
  }

  estimate_rarified_richness <- function(psdata, measures, depth) {
    if(max(sample_sums(psdata)) < depth) return()
    psdata <- prune_samples(sample_sums(psdata) >= depth, psdata)

    rarified_psdata <- rarefy_even_depth(psdata, depth, verbose = FALSE)

    alpha_diversity <- estimate_richness(rarified_psdata, measures = measures)

    # as.matrix forces the use of melt.array, which includes the Sample names (rownames)
    molten_alpha_diversity <- melt(as.matrix(alpha_diversity),
                                  varnames = c('Sample', 'Measure'),
                                  value.name = 'Alpha_diversity')

    molten_alpha_diversity
  }

  names(depths) <- depths # this enables automatic addition of the Depth to the output by ldply
  rarefaction_curve_data <- ldply(depths,
    estimate_rarified_richness,
    psdata = psdata,
    measures = measures,
    .id = 'Depth',
    .progress = ifelse(interactive() && ! parallel, 'text', 'none'),
    .parallel = parallel,
    .paropts = paropts)

  # convert Depth from factor to numeric
  rarefaction_curve_data$Depth <- as.numeric(levels(rarefaction_curve_data$Depth))[rarefaction_curve_data$Depth]

```

```

rarefaction_curve_data
}

rarefaction_curve_data <- calculate_rarefaction_curves(psdata, c('Observed'),
  rep(c(1, 100, 1:100 * 1000),
    each = 100))

summary(rarefaction_curve_data)
saveRDS(rarefaction_curve_data, file = "../PrimaryData/rare_object.rds")

# Data
psdata <- ps

# Load Rarefaction Curve Data Object
rarefaction_curve_data <- readRDS(file = "../PrimaryData/rare_object.rds")
summary(rarefaction_curve_data)

##      Depth      Sample      Measure      Alpha_diversity
## Min.      :      1   X10B      : 10200   Observed:602300   Min.      : 1.0
## 1st Qu.: 24000   X10C      : 10200
## Median : 49000   X11A      : 10200
## Mean    : 48853   X11C      : 10200
## 3rd Qu.: 74000   X12B      : 10200
## Max.    :100000   X12C      : 10200
##                                     Max.    :672.0
##                                     (Other):541100

# Summarise alpha diversity
rarefaction_curve_data_summary <- ddply(rarefaction_curve_data,
  c('Depth', 'Sample', 'Measure'),
  summarise,
  Alpha_diversity_mean = mean(Alpha_diversity),
  Alpha_diversity_sd = sd(Alpha_diversity))

colnames(rarefaction_curve_data_summary) <- gsub("X","",
  colnames(rarefaction_curve_data_summary))
rarefaction_curve_data_summary$Sample <- gsub("X","", rarefaction_curve_data_summary$Sample)

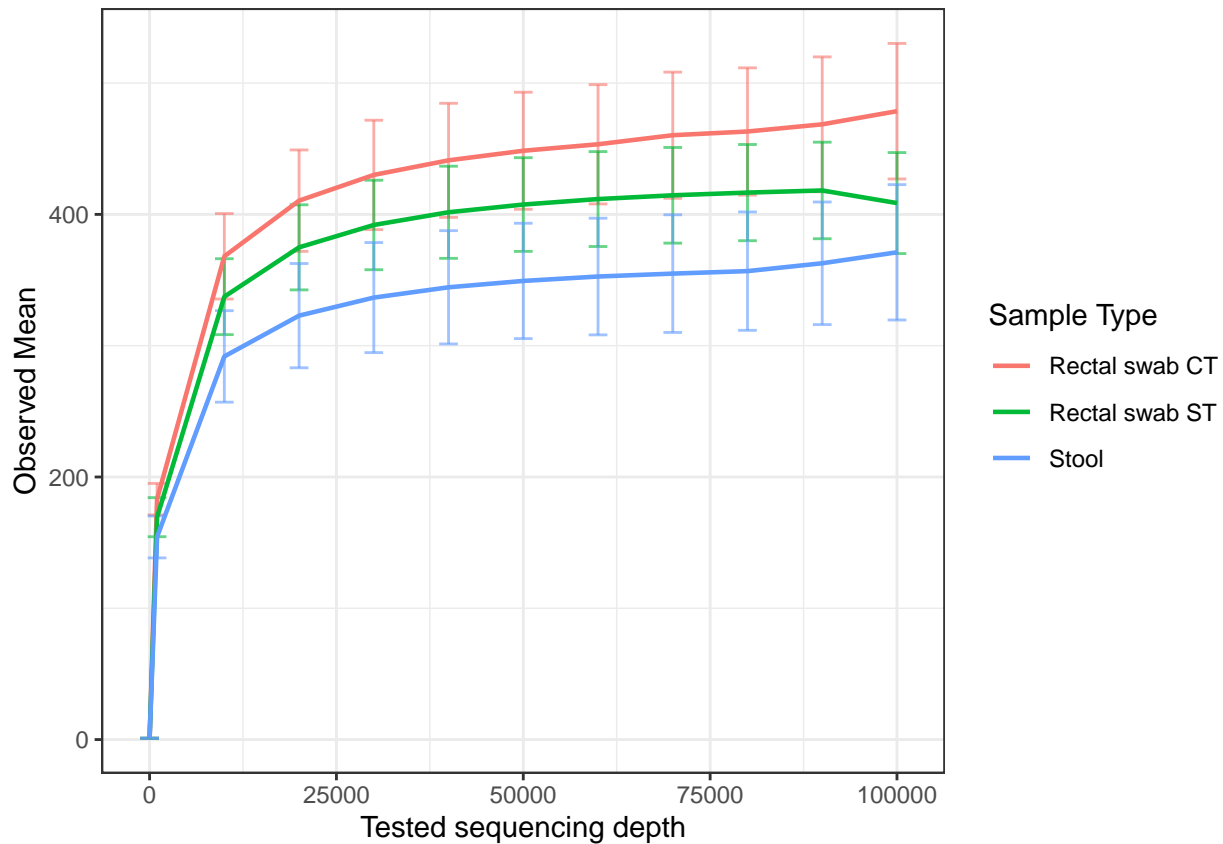
# Add sample data
rarefaction_curve_data_summary_verbose <- merge(rarefaction_curve_data_summary,
  data.frame(sample_data(psdata)),
  by.x = 'Sample',
  by.y = 'row.names')

# Produce summary df of rarefaction data
df_mod <- summarySE(rarefaction_curve_data_summary_verbose,
  measurevar = "Alpha_diversity_mean",
  groupvars = c("Depth", "Sample_type"))
df_mod <- df_mod %>%
  subset(Depth == 1 | Depth == 1000 | Depth == 10000 | Depth == 20000 | Depth == 30000 | Depth == 40000)

ggplot(df_mod, aes(x = Depth,
  y = Alpha_diversity_mean,
  ymin = Alpha_diversity_mean - ci,
  ymax = Alpha_diversity_mean + ci,
  colour = Sample_type)) +
  geom_errorbar(size = 0.5, width = 2500, alpha = 0.6) +

```

```
geom_line(size = 0.8) +
labs(x = "Tested sequencing depth", y = "Observed Mean", color = "Sample Type")
```



```
ggsave("../Results/S1)Rarefaction_Curve.pdf", width = 11, height = 8)
```

## Rarefy

```
# Rarefy to even sequencing depth, 90% of minimum sample depth, seed for randomness is 1
ps_rare <- rarefy_even_depth(ps, rngseed = 1,
                             sample.size = 0.9 * min(sample_sums(ps)),
                             replace = FALSE)
```

```
## `set.seed(1)` was used to initialize repeatable random subsampling.
```

```
## Please record this for your records so others can reproduce.
```

```
## Try `set.seed(1); .Random.seed` for the full vector
```

```
## ...
```

```
## 2430TUs were removed because they are no longer
```

```
## present in any sample after random subsampling
```

```
## ...
```

```
sample_sums(ps)
```

```
##   10A   10B   10C   11A   11B   11C   12A   12B   12C   13A   13B
## 97672 152224 136830 107226 92295 142349 63696 151049 153224 170086 154765
```

```
##      13C      14A      14B      14C      15A      15B      15C      16A      16B      16C      17A
## 146933 160605 171722 140943 175324 114245 168613 120816 131462 141789 153959
##      17B      17C      18A      18B      18C      19A      19B      19C      1A      1B      1C
## 127615 94965 160212 126836 159814 161407 153370 121330 165497 96844 113268
##      20A      20B      20C      2A      2B      2C      3A      3B      3C      4A      4B
## 195853 115506 127239 110007 118680 110327 146390 136636 106307 104581 125868
##      4C      5A      5B      5C      6A      6B      6C      7A      7B      7C      8A
## 131775 160742 121440 88650 140459 164106 92481 137767 138331 120381 140622
##      8B      8C      9A      9B      9C
## 97857 112182 84876 143122 108117
```

```
sample_sums(ps_rare)
```

```
##      10A      10B      10C      11A      11B      11C      12A      12B      12C      13A      13B      13C      14A
## 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326
##      14B      14C      15A      15B      15C      16A      16B      16C      17A      17B      17C      18A      18B
## 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326
##      18C      19A      19B      19C      1A      1B      1C      20A      20B      20C      2A      2B      2C
## 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326
##      3A      3B      3C      4A      4B      4C      5A      5B      5C      6A      6B      6C      7A
## 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326
##      7B      7C      8A      8B      8C      9A      9B      9C
## 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326 57326
```

## Alpha Diversity

```
# Calculate alpha diversity, using Richness and Shannon
```

```
alpha_summary <- estimate_richness(ps_rare, measures = c("Observed", "Shannon"))
shapiro.test(alpha_summary$Observed)
```

```
##
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: alpha_summary$Observed
## W = 0.99288, p-value = 0.9797
```

```
shapiro.test(alpha_summary$Shannon)
```

```
##
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: alpha_summary$Shannon
## W = 0.97844, p-value = 0.3662
```

```
# Blocking Test
```

```
r0 <- alpha_summary$Observed
rS <- alpha_summary$Shannon
```

```
f <- c("Clinician", "Self", "Stool") # treatment levels
k <- 3 # number of treatment levels
n <- 20 # number of control blocks
```

```
tm <- gl(k, 1, n*k, factor(f)) # matching treatment
blk <- gl(n, k, k*n) # blocking factor
```

```
av0 <- aov(r0 ~ tm + blk)
summary(av0)
```

```
##              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## tm              2 106186    53093   14.357 2.27e-05 ***
## blk             19 332244    17487    4.729 2.33e-05 ***
## Residuals      38 140525     3698
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
avS <- aov(rS ~ tm + blk)
summary(avS)
```

```
##              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## tm              2  0.849   0.4247    6.675 0.003278 **
## blk             19  4.871   0.2564    4.030 0.000126 ***
## Residuals      38  2.418   0.0636
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
# Test whether the observed number of OTUs differs significantly between samples
# p adjustment using Benjamin and Hochberg
```

```
pairwise.t.test(alpha_summary$Observed, sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type, p.adjust = "BH")
```

```
##
## Pairwise comparisons using t tests with pooled SD
##
## data:  alpha_summary$Observed and sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type
##
##              Rectal swab CT Rectal swab ST
## Rectal swab ST 0.1409          -
## Stool          0.0023          0.0646
##
## P value adjustment method: BH
```

```
pairwise.t.test(alpha_summary$Shannon, sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type, p.adjust = "BH")
```

```
##
## Pairwise comparisons using t tests with pooled SD
##
## data:  alpha_summary$Shannon and sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type
##
##              Rectal swab CT Rectal swab ST
## Rectal swab ST 0.19          -
## Stool          0.04          0.32
##
## P value adjustment method: BH
```

```
# Make adjusted p value dataframe
```

```
pObs <- pairwise.t.test(alpha_summary$Observed, sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type, p.adjust = "BH")
pSha <- pairwise.t.test(alpha_summary$Shannon, sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type, p.adjust = "BH")
```

```
variable <- c("Observed", "Observed", "Observed", "Shannon", "Shannon", "Shannon")
group1 <- c("Rectal swab CT", "Rectal swab ST", "Rectal swab CT",
            "Rectal swab CT", "Rectal swab ST", "Rectal swab CT")
group2 <- c("Stool", "Stool", "Rectal swab ST", "Stool", "Stool", "Rectal swab ST")
```

```

pVal <- c(round(pObs$p.value[2,1], 3), round(pObs$p.value[2,2], 3), round(pObs$p.value[1,1], 3),
          round(pSha$p.value[2,1], 3), round(pSha$p.value[2,2], 3), round(pSha$p.value[1,1], 3))
y.position <- c(730, 630, 690, 5.4, 5.1, 5.25)

pAdjusted <- bind_cols(variable, group1, group2, pVal, y.position)

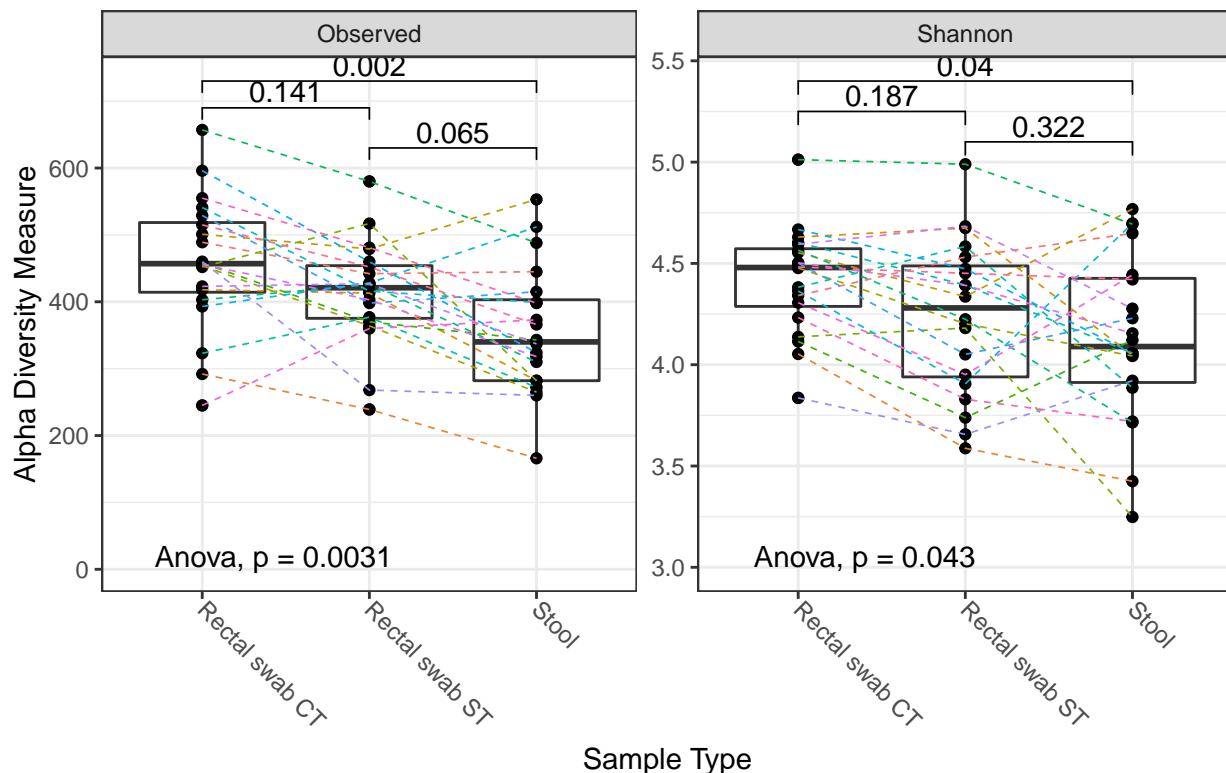
## New names:
## * NA -> ...1
## * NA -> ...2
## * NA -> ...3
## * NA -> ...4
## * NA -> ...5

colnames(pAdjusted) <- c("variable", "group1", "group2", "p", "y.position")

# Plot Observed richness, Shannon, and Simpson diversity values
p <- plot_richness(ps_rare, x = "Sample_type",
                  measures = c("Observed", "Shannon"))

# Add boxplot, individual data points, and linked lines using geom layers
p$layers <- p$layers[-1]
p + geom_boxplot() + geom_point() + xlab("Sample Type") +
  geom_line(aes(group = Individual, colour = Individual), size = 0.3, linetype = "dashed") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 315, hjust = 0),
        aspect.ratio = 1, legend.position = "none") +
  stat_pvalue_manual(pAdjusted) +
  stat_compare_means(method = "anova", label.y = 3)

```



```

ggsave("../Results/1)Alpha_Diversity.pdf", width = 7, height = 4.5)

```

## Beta Diversity - Bray-Curtis

```
# Ordinate data using Non-metric multidimensional scaling (NMDS) on Bray-Curtis dissimilarity (distance  
bray_dist <- phyloseq::distance(ps_rare, method = "bray")  
ord.nm.ds.bray <- ordinate(ps_rare, "NMDS", "bray")
```

```
## Square root transformation  
## Wisconsin double standardization  
## Run 0 stress 0.1711863  
## Run 1 stress 0.1684071  
## ... New best solution  
## ... Procrustes: rmse 0.04413298  max resid 0.1986277  
## Run 2 stress 0.1712493  
## Run 3 stress 0.171249  
## Run 4 stress 0.171249  
## Run 5 stress 0.1684069  
## ... New best solution  
## ... Procrustes: rmse 0.0001460378  max resid 0.0008854301  
## ... Similar to previous best  
## Run 6 stress 0.1684186  
## ... Procrustes: rmse 0.001341072  max resid 0.006882538  
## ... Similar to previous best  
## Run 7 stress 0.1711861  
## Run 8 stress 0.171249  
## Run 9 stress 0.1711862  
## Run 10 stress 0.1684181  
## ... Procrustes: rmse 0.001248294  max resid 0.006799046  
## ... Similar to previous best  
## Run 11 stress 0.1684069  
## ... New best solution  
## ... Procrustes: rmse 5.458079e-05  max resid 0.0003677635  
## ... Similar to previous best  
## Run 12 stress 0.2132782  
## Run 13 stress 0.2033464  
## Run 14 stress 0.168407  
## ... Procrustes: rmse 6.000605e-05  max resid 0.0003168814  
## ... Similar to previous best  
## Run 15 stress 0.2049706  
## Run 16 stress 0.1684072  
## ... Procrustes: rmse 0.0001684513  max resid 0.001050944  
## ... Similar to previous best  
## Run 17 stress 0.1684069  
## ... Procrustes: rmse 1.018318e-05  max resid 4.545695e-05  
## ... Similar to previous best  
## Run 18 stress 0.1712437  
## Run 19 stress 0.168407  
## ... Procrustes: rmse 5.314934e-05  max resid 0.0003272289  
## ... Similar to previous best  
## Run 20 stress 0.1712434  
## *** Solution reached
```

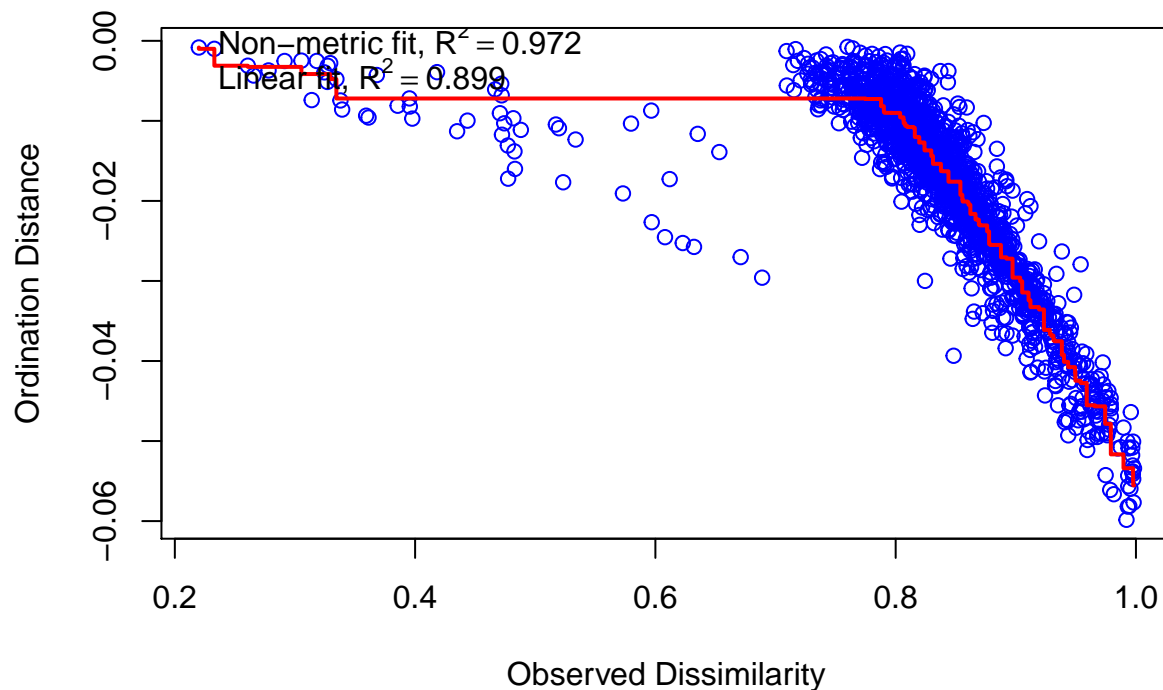
```
# Call newly created file to get the stress value of the plot  
ord.nm.ds.bray
```

```
##
```



```
## Call:
## metaMDS(comm = veganifyOTU(physeq), distance = distance)
##
## global Multidimensional Scaling using monoMDS
##
## Data:      wisconsin(sqrt(veganifyOTU(physeq)))
## Distance: bray
##
## Dimensions: 2
## Stress:    0.1684069
## Stress type 1, weak ties
## Two convergent solutions found after 20 tries
## Scaling: centring, PC rotation, halfchange scaling
## Species: expanded scores based on 'wisconsin(sqrt(veganifyOTU(physeq)))'

# Stress plot
stressplot(ord.nmds.bray)
```



```
# Stats
# Test whether the sample types differ significantly from each other using PERMANOVA
adonis(bray_dist ~ sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type)
```

```
##
## Call:
## adonis(formula = bray_dist ~ sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type)
##
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
##
## Terms added sequentially (first to last)
##
##              Df SumsOfSqs MeanSqs F.Model    R2 Pr(>F)
## sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type  2    1.3629  0.68145  2.0786 0.06798  0.001
```

```
## Residuals          57    18.6866 0.32784          0.93202
## Total              59    20.0495          1.00000
```

```
##
```

```
## sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type ***
```

```
## Residuals
```

```
## Total
```

```
## ---
```

```
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
adonis(formula = bray_dist ~ sample_data(ps_rare)$Individual)
```

```
##
```

```
## Call:
```

```
## adonis(formula = bray_dist ~ sample_data(ps_rare)$Individual)
```

```
##
```

```
## Permutation: free
```

```
## Number of permutations: 999
```

```
##
```

```
## Terms added sequentially (first to last)
```

```
##
```

	Df	SumsOfSqs	MeanSqs	F.Model	R2	Pr(>F)
sample_data(ps_rare)\$Individual	19	14.9269	0.78563	6.1346	0.7445	0.001 ***
Residuals	40	5.1226	0.12807		0.2555	
Total	59	20.0495			1.0000	

```
## ---
```

```
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
adonis(bray_dist ~ sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type*sample_data(ps_rare)$Individual)
```

```
##
```

```
## Call:
```

```
## adonis(formula = bray_dist ~ sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type * sample_data(ps_rare)$Individual)
```

```
##
```

```
## Permutation: free
```

```
## Number of permutations: 999
```

```
##
```

```
## Terms added sequentially (first to last)
```

```
##
```

	Df	SumsOfSqs
sample_data(ps_rare)\$Sample_type	2	1.3629
sample_data(ps_rare)\$Individual	19	14.9269
sample_data(ps_rare)\$Sample_type:sample_data(ps_rare)\$Individual	38	3.7597
Residuals	0	0.0000
Total	59	20.0495

```
##
```

	MeanSqs
sample_data(ps_rare)\$Sample_type	1
sample_data(ps_rare)\$Individual	1
sample_data(ps_rare)\$Sample_type:sample_data(ps_rare)\$Individual	0
Residuals	Inf

```
## Total
```

```
##
```

	F.Model
sample_data(ps_rare)\$Sample_type	0
sample_data(ps_rare)\$Individual	0
sample_data(ps_rare)\$Sample_type:sample_data(ps_rare)\$Individual	0
Residuals	

```
## Total
##
## sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type 0.06798 1
## sample_data(ps_rare)$Individual 0.74450 1
## sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type:sample_data(ps_rare)$Individual 0.18752 1
## Residuals 0.00000
## Total 1.00000
```

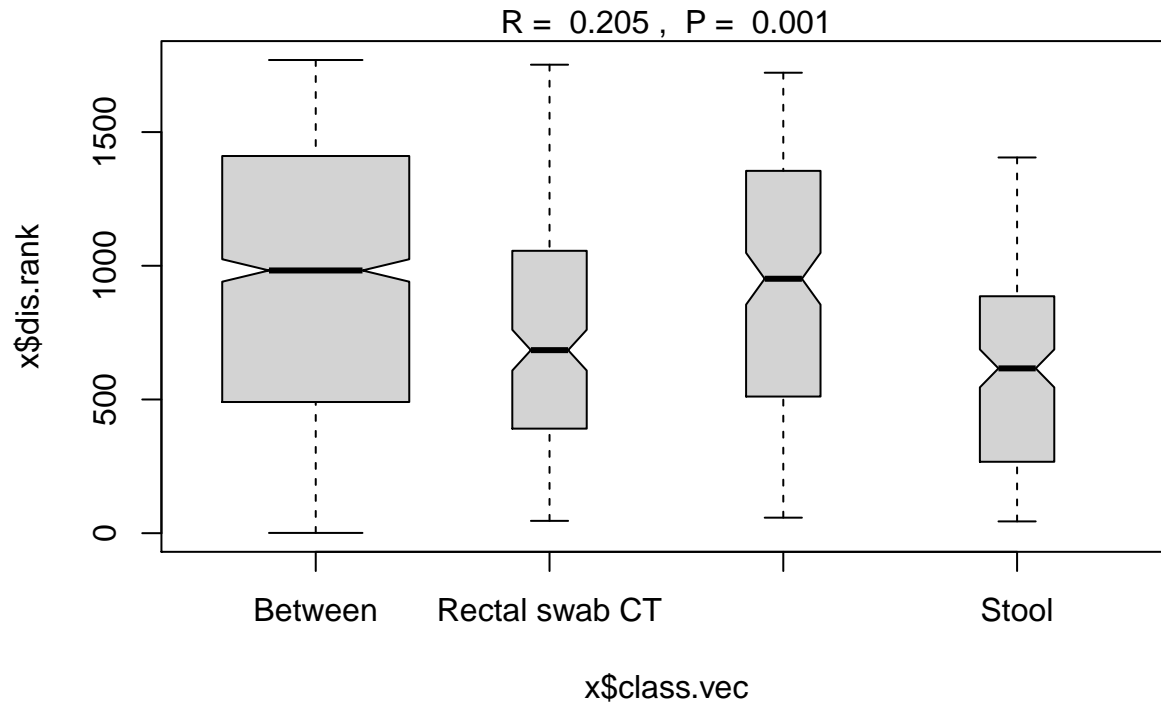
```
anosim(bray_dist, sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type)
```

```
##
## Call:
## anosim(x = bray_dist, grouping = sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type)
## Dissimilarity: bray
##
## ANOSIM statistic R: 0.2048
## Significance: 0.001
##
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
```

```
BCanoSamp <- (anosim(bray_dist, sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type))
summary(BCanoSamp)
```

```
##
## Call:
## anosim(x = bray_dist, grouping = sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type)
## Dissimilarity: bray
##
## ANOSIM statistic R: 0.2048
## Significance: 0.001
##
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
##
## Upper quantiles of permutations (null model):
## 90% 95% 97.5% 99%
## 0.0296 0.0435 0.0568 0.0732
##
## Dissimilarity ranks between and within classes:
## 0% 25% 50% 75% 100% N
## Between 1 491.250 982.50 1410.50 1769.5 1200
## Rectal swab CT 46 392.750 684.50 1053.25 1752.0 190
## Rectal swab ST 58 513.125 951.50 1353.25 1722.0 190
## Stool 44 267.750 616.25 885.75 1405.0 190
```

```
plot(BCanoSamp)
```



```
anosim(bray_dist, sample_data(ps_rare)$Individual)
```

```
##
## Call:
## anosim(x = bray_dist, grouping = sample_data(ps_rare)$Individual)
## Dissimilarity: bray
##
## ANOSIM statistic R: 0.789
##      Significance: 0.001
##
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
```

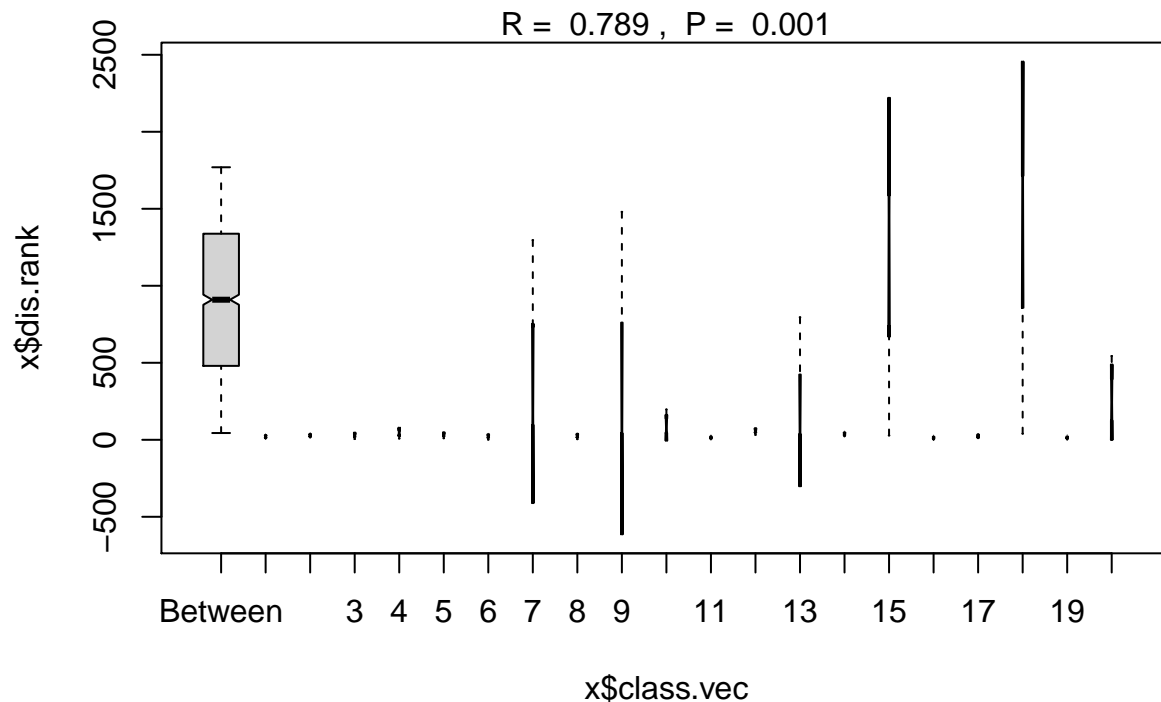
```
BCanoInd <- anosim(bray_dist, sample_data(ps_rare)$Individual)
summary(BCanoInd)
```

```
##
## Call:
## anosim(x = bray_dist, grouping = sample_data(ps_rare)$Individual)
## Dissimilarity: bray
##
## ANOSIM statistic R: 0.789
##      Significance: 0.001
##
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
##
## Upper quantiles of permutations (null model):
##      90%    95%   97.5%   99%
## 0.0732 0.1019 0.1270 0.1512
##
## Dissimilarity ranks between and within classes:
```

##		0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	N
##	Between	44	480.25	909.5	1337.625	1769.5	1710
##	1	9	15.00	21.0	25.500	30.0	3
##	2	16	22.50	29.0	33.000	37.0	3
##	3	5	19.00	33.0	34.000	35.0	3
##	4	8	29.50	51.0	60.000	69.0	3
##	5	10	23.00	36.0	37.000	38.0	3
##	6	1	13.00	25.0	25.500	26.0	3
##	7	20	95.50	171.0	733.750	1296.5	3
##	8	4	15.50	27.0	29.000	31.0	3
##	9	41	41.50	42.0	761.000	1480.0	3
##	10	12	45.00	78.0	137.500	197.0	3
##	11	7	10.50	14.0	18.000	22.0	3
##	12	32	46.50	61.0	62.500	64.0	3
##	13	19	35.50	52.0	423.750	795.5	3
##	14	23	31.00	39.0	41.000	43.0	3
##	15	28	736.50	1445.0	1587.000	1729.0	3
##	16	2	7.50	13.0	15.500	18.0	3
##	17	11	17.50	24.0	29.000	34.0	3
##	18	40	857.00	1674.0	1714.500	1755.0	3
##	19	3	9.00	15.0	16.000	17.0	3
##	20	6	125.00	244.0	394.000	544.0	3

```
plot(BCanoInd)
```

```
## Warning in bxp(list(stats = structure(c(44, 480, 909.5, 1338, 1769.5, 9, : some
## notches went outside hinges ('box')): maybe set notch=FALSE
```



```
BCps.disper <- betadisper(bray_dist, sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type)
anova(BCps.disper)
```

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
```

```

## Response: Distances
##           Df  Sum Sq  Mean Sq F value  Pr(>F)
## Groups      2 0.010371 0.0051855  2.6804 0.07717 .
## Residuals  57 0.110273 0.0019346
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

permutest(BCps.disper)

##
## Permutation test for homogeneity of multivariate dispersions
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
##
## Response: Distances
##           Df  Sum Sq  Mean Sq      F N.Perm Pr(>F)
## Groups      2 0.010371 0.0051855 2.6804   999 0.087 .
## Residuals  57 0.110273 0.0019346
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

permutest(BCps.disper, pairwise = TRUE)

##
## Permutation test for homogeneity of multivariate dispersions
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
##
## Response: Distances
##           Df  Sum Sq  Mean Sq      F N.Perm Pr(>F)
## Groups      2 0.010371 0.0051855 2.6804   999 0.087 .
## Residuals  57 0.110273 0.0019346
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Pairwise comparisons:
## (Observed p-value below diagonal, permuted p-value above diagonal)
##           Rectal swab CT Rectal swab ST Stool
## Rectal swab CT                0.152000 0.402
## Rectal swab ST          0.156123          0.034
## Stool                0.395585          0.028482

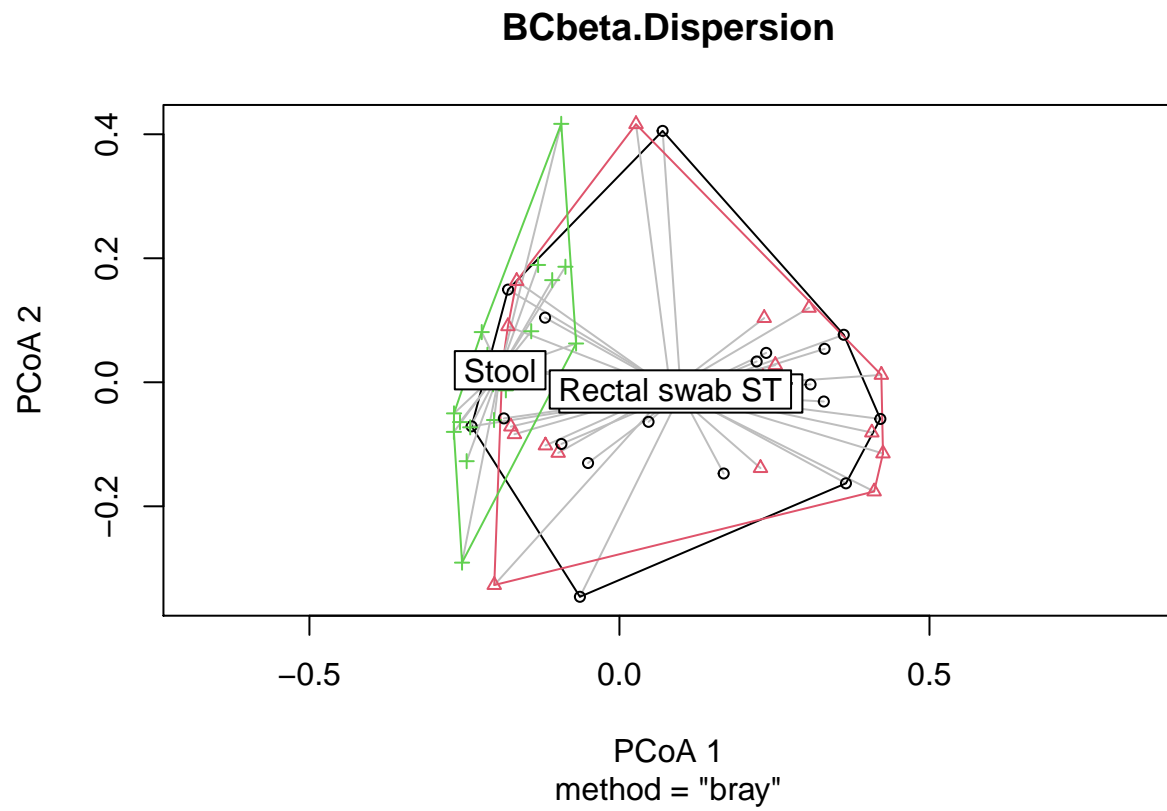
TukeyHSD(BCps.disper)

## Tukey multiple comparisons of means
## 95% family-wise confidence level
##
## Fit: aov(formula = distances ~ group, data = df)
##
## $group
##           diff          lwr          upr      p adj
## Rectal swab ST-Rectal swab CT 0.01985443 -0.01361660 0.05332546 0.3337714
## Stool-Rectal swab CT          -0.01203124 -0.04550227 0.02143979 0.6643777
## Stool-Rectal swab ST          -0.03188567 -0.06535670 0.00158536 0.0649792

# Beta Dispersion Plots
BCbeta.Dispersion <- BCps.disper

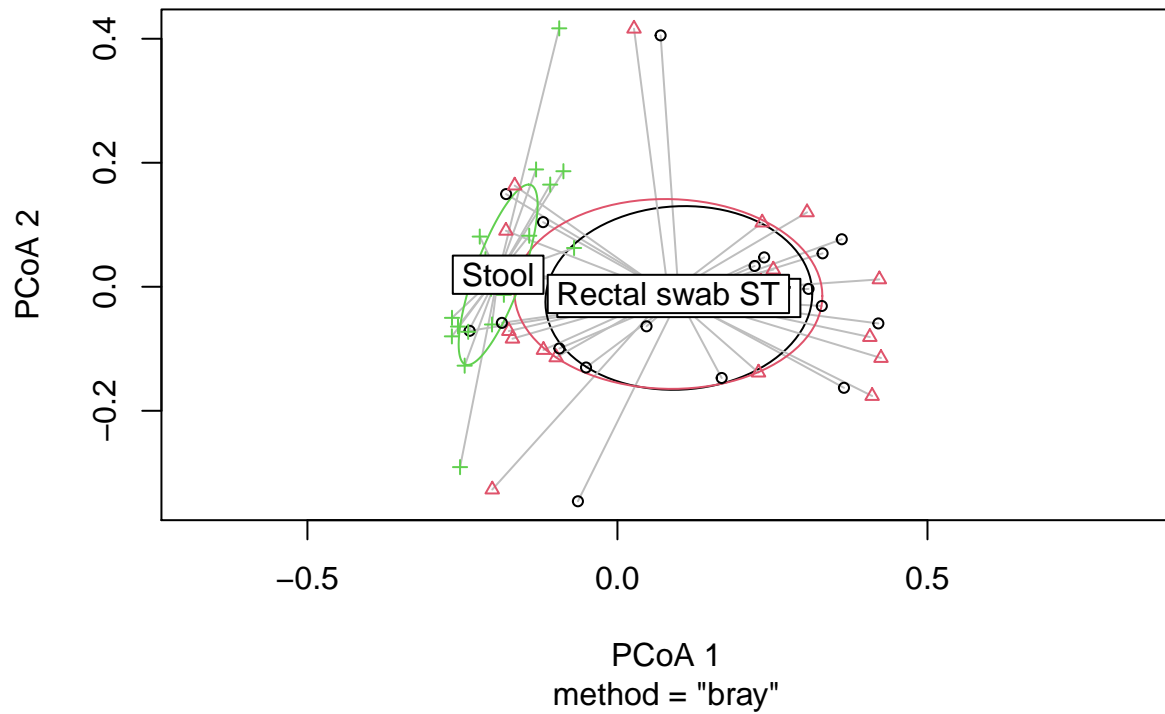
```

```
plot(BCbeta.Dispersion)
```

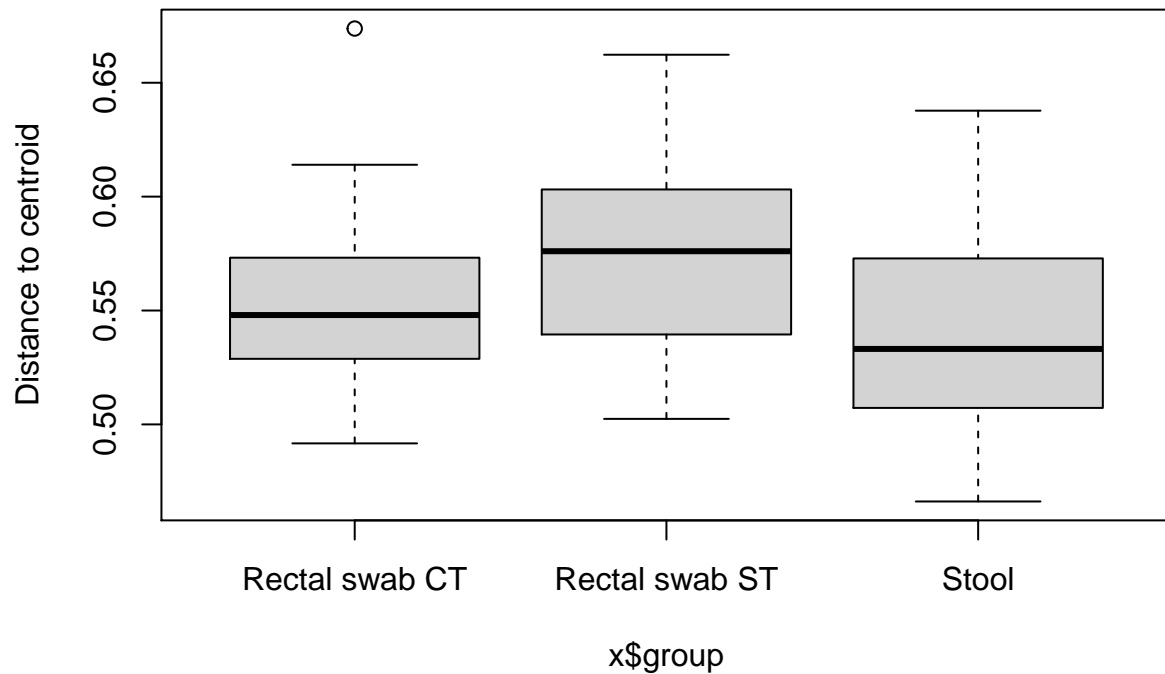


```
plot(BCbeta.Dispersion, hull = FALSE, ellipse = TRUE)
```

## BCbeta.Dispersion



```
boxplot(BCbeta.Dispersion)
```



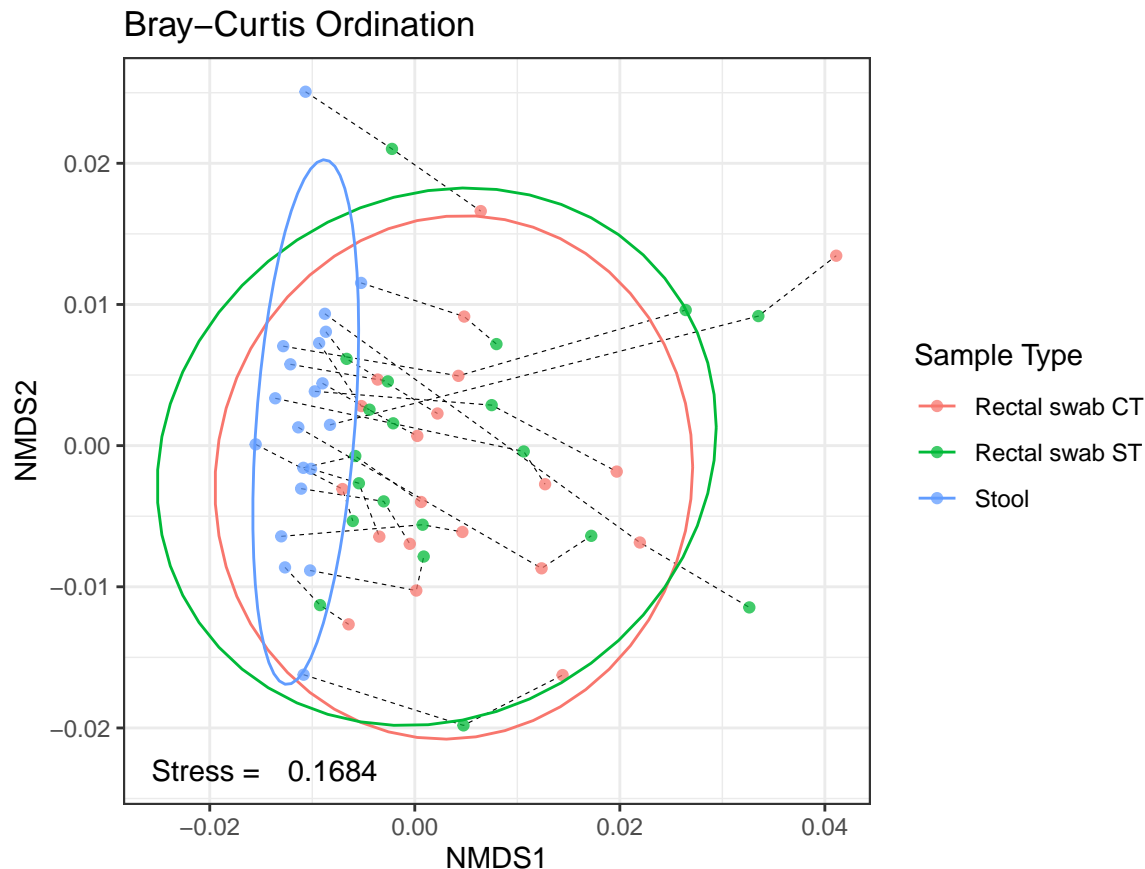
```
# Bray-Curtis NMDS plot
bcdf <- plot_ordination(ps_rare, ord.nmms.bray, justDF = TRUE)

BC_plot <- ggplot(bcdf, aes(x = NMDS1, y = NMDS2)) +
  geom_line(aes(group = Individual), size = 0.2, linetype = "dashed") +
```



```
geom_point(aes(color = Sample_type), alpha = 0.75) +
stat_ellipse(aes(color = Sample_type)) +
annotate("text", x = -0.02, y = -0.023, label = "Stress = ") +
annotate("text", x = -0.008, y = -0.023, label = round(ord.nmds.bray$stress, 4)) +
ggtitle("Bray-Curtis Ordination") + labs(color = "Sample Type") +
theme(aspect.ratio = 1, plot.margin = unit(c(0, 1, 0, 0), "pt"))
```

BC\_plot



```
ggsave("../Results/2A)Beta_Diversity_BC.pdf", width = 6, height = 4.5)
```

## Beta Diversity - Weighted UniFrac

```
# Ordinate data using Non-metric multidimensional scaling (NMDS) on Weighted Unifrac dissimilarity (dis
uni_dist <- phyloseq::distance(ps_rare, method = "wunifrac")
```

```
## Warning in UniFrac(physeq, weighted = TRUE, ...): Randomly assigning root as --
## ASV109 -- in the phylogenetic tree in the data you provided.
```

```
ord.nmds.uni <- ordinate(ps_rare, "NMDS", "wunifrac")
```

```
## Warning in UniFrac(physeq, weighted = TRUE, ...): Randomly assigning root as --
## ASV3449 -- in the phylogenetic tree in the data you provided.
```

```
## Run 0 stress 0.1443313
```

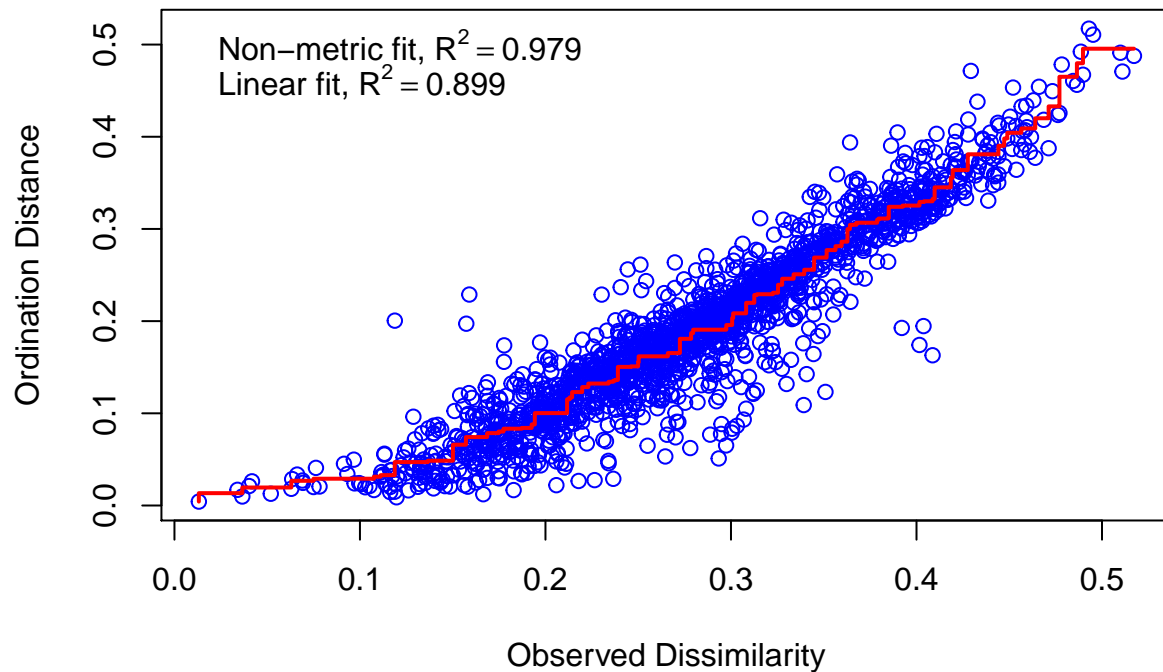
```
## Run 1 stress 0.1443313
```

```
## ... Procrustes: rmse 1.612822e-05  max resid 0.0001137646
## ... Similar to previous best
## Run 2 stress 0.2084974
## Run 3 stress 0.2200524
## Run 4 stress 0.1483252
## Run 5 stress 0.2072392
## Run 6 stress 0.1773149
## Run 7 stress 0.1799837
## Run 8 stress 0.1768408
## Run 9 stress 0.1470084
## Run 10 stress 0.205156
## Run 11 stress 0.1483251
## Run 12 stress 0.1475256
## Run 13 stress 0.1497001
## Run 14 stress 0.1836523
## Run 15 stress 0.1493964
## Run 16 stress 0.1463927
## Run 17 stress 0.1494814
## Run 18 stress 0.2066355
## Run 19 stress 0.1475256
## Run 20 stress 0.1475256
## *** Solution reached
```

```
# Call newly created file to get the stress value of the plot
ord.nmds.uni
```

```
##
## Call:
## metaMDS(comm = ps.dist)
##
## global Multidimensional Scaling using monoMDS
##
## Data:      ps.dist
## Distance: user supplied
##
## Dimensions: 2
## Stress:    0.1443313
## Stress type 1, weak ties
## Two convergent solutions found after 20 tries
## Scaling: centring, PC rotation
## Species: scores missing
```

```
# Stress plot
stressplot(ord.nmds.uni)
```



```
# Stats
# Test whether the sample types differ significantly from each other using PERMANOVA
adonis(uni_dist ~ sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type)
```

```
##
## Call:
## adonis(formula = uni_dist ~ sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type)
##
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
##
## Terms added sequentially (first to last)
##
##              Df SumsOfSqs MeanSqs F.Model    R2 Pr(>F)
## sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type  2   0.47754 0.238770   5.256 0.15571 0.001
## Residuals                      57   2.58939 0.045428         0.84429
## Total                          59   3.06693              1.00000
##
## sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type ***
## Residuals
## Total
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
adonis(formula = uni_dist ~ sample_data(ps_rare)$Individual)
```

```
##
## Call:
## adonis(formula = uni_dist ~ sample_data(ps_rare)$Individual)
##
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
##
```

```

## Terms added sequentially (first to last)
##
##
##              Df SumsOfSqs  MeanSqs F.Model      R2 Pr(>F)
## sample_data(ps_rare)$Individual 19    1.9315 0.101659  3.5814 0.62979  0.001
## Residuals                      40    1.1354 0.028385          0.37021
## Total                          59    3.0669          1.00000
##
## sample_data(ps_rare)$Individual ***
## Residuals
## Total
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

adonis(uni_dist ~ sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type*sample_data(ps_rare)$Individual)

##
## Call:
## adonis(formula = uni_dist ~ sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type *      sample_data(ps_rare)$Individual)
##
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
##
## Terms added sequentially (first to last)
##
##
##              Df SumsOfSqs
## sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type      2    0.47754
## sample_data(ps_rare)$Individual      19    1.93153
## sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type:sample_data(ps_rare)$Individual 38    0.65786
## Residuals                          0    0.00000
## Total                              59    3.06693
##
##              MeanSqs
## sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type      0
## sample_data(ps_rare)$Individual      0
## sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type:sample_data(ps_rare)$Individual      0
## Residuals                          -Inf
## Total
##
##              F.Model
## sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type      0
## sample_data(ps_rare)$Individual      0
## sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type:sample_data(ps_rare)$Individual      0
## Residuals
## Total
##
##              R2 Pr(>F)
## sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type    0.15571      1
## sample_data(ps_rare)$Individual    0.62979      1
## sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type:sample_data(ps_rare)$Individual 0.21450      1
## Residuals    0.00000
## Total    1.00000

anosim(uni_dist, sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type)

##
## Call:
## anosim(x = uni_dist, grouping = sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type)
## Dissimilarity:

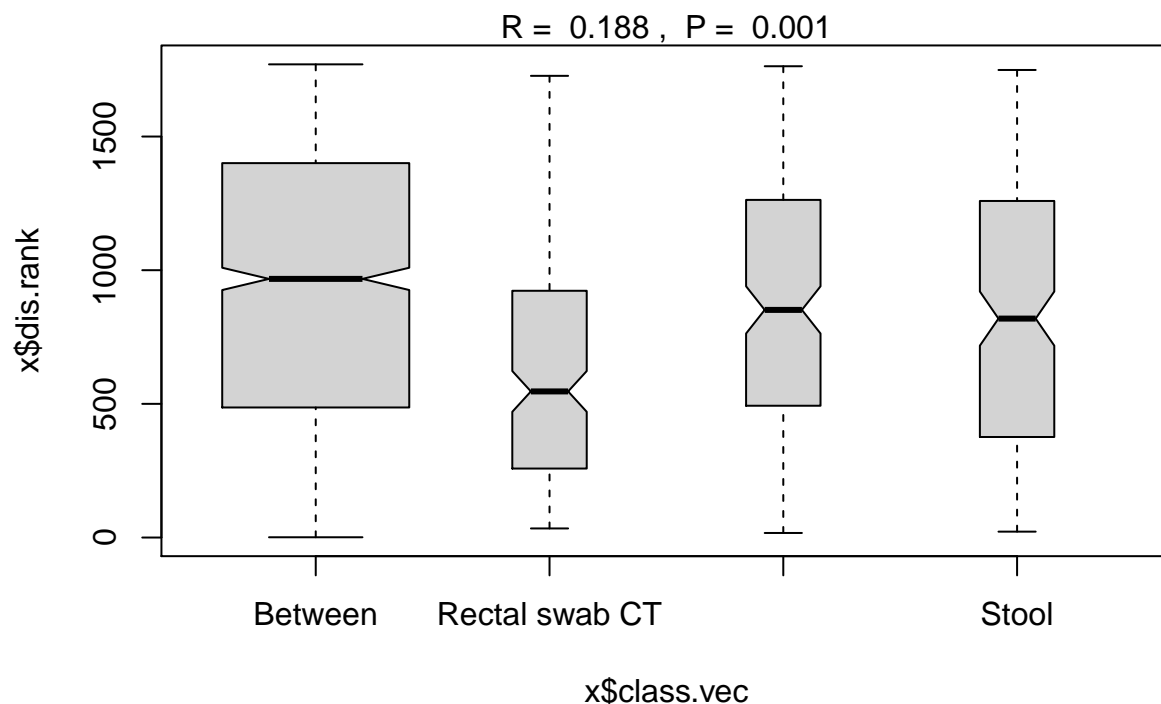
```

```
##
## ANOSIM statistic R: 0.1875
##      Significance: 0.001
##
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999

UWFanoSamp <- (anosim(uni_dist, sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type))
summary(UWFanoSamp)

##
## Call:
## anosim(x = uni_dist, grouping = sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type)
## Dissimilarity:
##
## ANOSIM statistic R: 0.1875
##      Significance: 0.001
##
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
##
## Upper quantiles of permutations (null model):
##   90%   95%  97.5%   99%
## 0.0325 0.0478 0.0615 0.0768
##
## Dissimilarity ranks between and within classes:
##           0%   25%   50%   75% 100%   N
## Between           1 486.75 967.5 1400.25 1770 1200
## Rectal swab CT 34 258.75 546.5  921.00 1727  190
## Rectal swab ST 17 493.25 851.5 1262.50 1763  190
## Stool           22 379.50 819.0 1258.50 1749  190

plot(UWFanoSamp)
```



```
anosim(uni_dist, sample_data(ps_rare)$Individual)
```

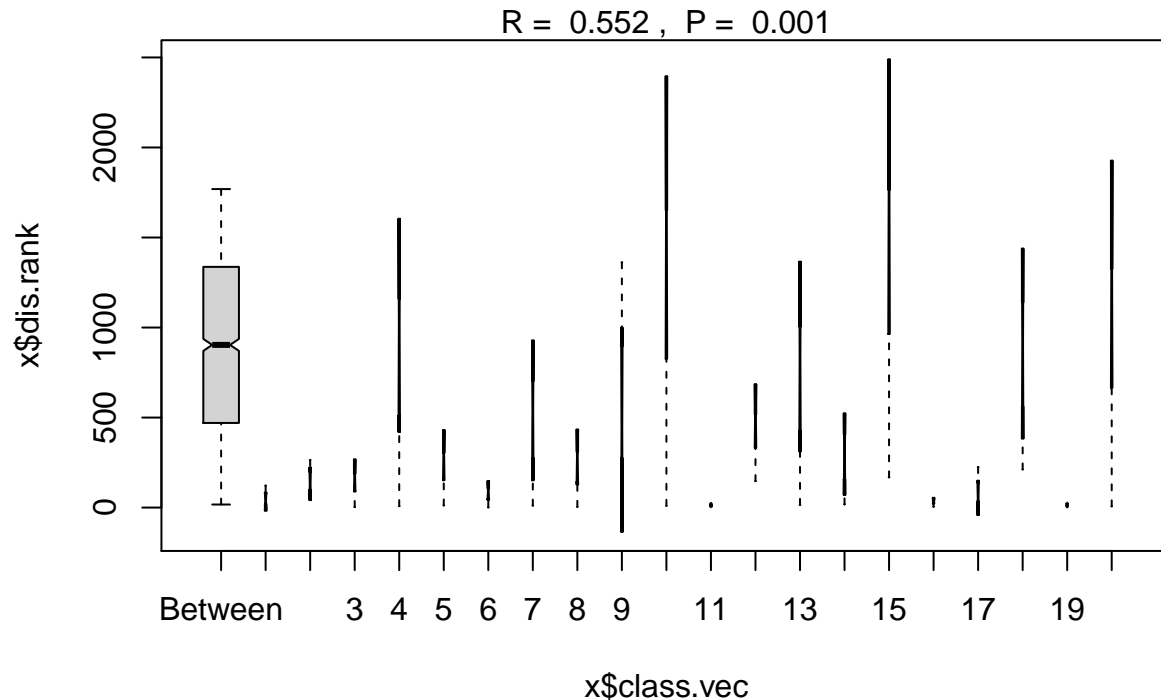
```
##
## Call:
## anosim(x = uni_dist, grouping = sample_data(ps_rare)$Individual)
## Dissimilarity:
##
## ANOSIM statistic R: 0.5524
##      Significance: 0.001
##
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
```

```
UWFanoInd <- anosim(uni_dist, sample_data(ps_rare)$Individual)
summary(UWFanoInd)
```

```
##
## Call:
## anosim(x = uni_dist, grouping = sample_data(ps_rare)$Individual)
## Dissimilarity:
##
## ANOSIM statistic R: 0.5524
##      Significance: 0.001
##
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
##
## Upper quantiles of permutations (null model):
##      90%    95%   97.5%    99%
## 0.0848 0.1119 0.1333 0.1535
##
## Dissimilarity ranks between and within classes:
##      0%    25%    50%    75% 100%    N
## Between 17 470.25 903.5 1336.75 1769 1710
## 1         9  21.00  33.0   77.50  122   3
## 2        64  98.00 132.0  198.00  264   3
## 3         3  91.00 179.0  189.50  200   3
## 4         8 510.00 1012.0 1160.00 1308   3
## 5        12 152.00 292.0  305.00  318   3
## 6         1  48.00  95.0  106.50  118   3
## 7        11 275.50 540.0  702.50  865   3
## 8         4 142.50 281.0  311.00  341   3
## 9        117 274.50 432.0  897.00 1362   3
## 10       10 826.50 1643.0 1652.50 1662   3
## 11        6   9.50  13.0   18.50   24   3
## 12       147 331.50 516.0  518.00  520   3
## 13        15 427.00 839.0 1005.50 1172   3
## 14        18 157.50 297.0  407.00  517   3
## 15       168 964.00 1760.0 1765.00 1770   3
## 16         5  22.00  39.0   39.50   40   3
## 17        14  34.00  54.0  139.50  225   3
## 18       212 561.50 911.0 1141.00 1371   3
## 19         2   9.00  16.0   18.00   20   3
## 20         7 666.00 1325.0 1327.00 1329   3
```

```
plot(UWFanoInd)
```

```
## Warning in bxp(list(stats = structure(c(17, 470, 903.5, 1337, 1769, 9, 21, :
## some notches went outside hinges ('box'): maybe set notch=FALSE
```



```
UWFps.disper <- betadisper(uni_dist, sample_data(ps_rare)$Sample_type)
anova(UWFps.disper)
```

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: Distances
##      Df    Sum Sq   Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## Groups    2 0.010549 0.0052747  1.9298 0.1545
## Residuals 57 0.155798 0.0027333
```

```
permutest(UWFps.disper)
```

```
##
## Permutation test for homogeneity of multivariate dispersions
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
##
## Response: Distances
##      Df    Sum Sq   Mean Sq     F N.Perm Pr(>F)
## Groups    2 0.010549 0.0052747 1.9298   999  0.172
## Residuals 57 0.155798 0.0027333
```

```
permutest(UWFps.disper, pairwise = TRUE)
```

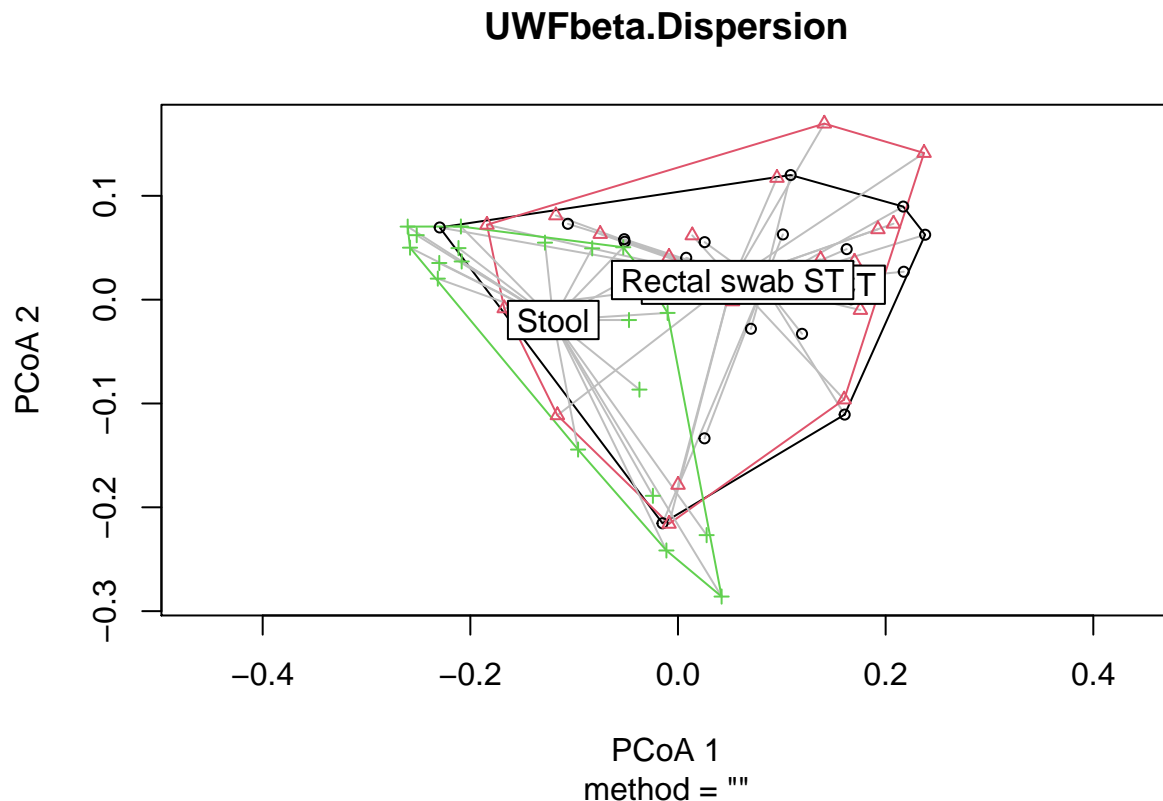
```
##
## Permutation test for homogeneity of multivariate dispersions
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
```

```
##
## Response: Distances
##           Df Sum Sq Mean Sq    F N.Perm Pr(>F)
## Groups      2 0.010549 0.0052747 1.9298    999 0.151
## Residuals 57 0.155798 0.0027333
##
## Pairwise comparisons:
## (Observed p-value below diagonal, permuted p-value above diagonal)
##           Rectal swab CT Rectal swab ST Stool
## Rectal swab CT                0.091000 0.132
## Rectal swab ST          0.081515                0.818
## Stool                    0.128939          0.824097

TukeyHSD(UWFps.disper)

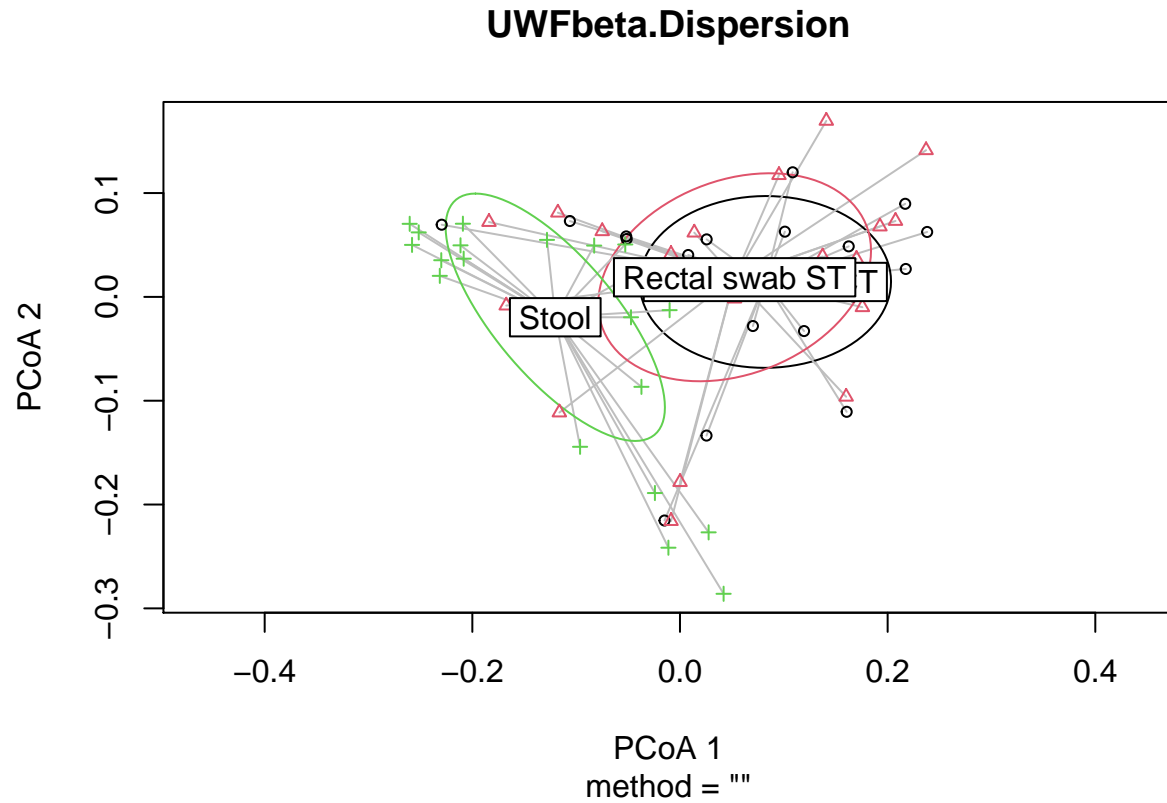
## Tukey multiple comparisons of means
## 95% family-wise confidence level
##
## Fit: aov(formula = distances ~ group, data = df)
##
## $group
##               diff            lwr            upr            p adj
## Rectal swab ST-Rectal swab CT 0.029757314 -0.01002727 0.06954190 0.1787741
## Stool-Rectal swab CT          0.026151485 -0.01363310 0.06593607 0.2617186
## Stool-Rectal swab ST         -0.003605828 -0.04339042 0.03617876 0.9741292

# Beta Dispersion Plots
UWFbeta.Dispersion <- UWFps.disper
plot(UWFbeta.Dispersion)
```

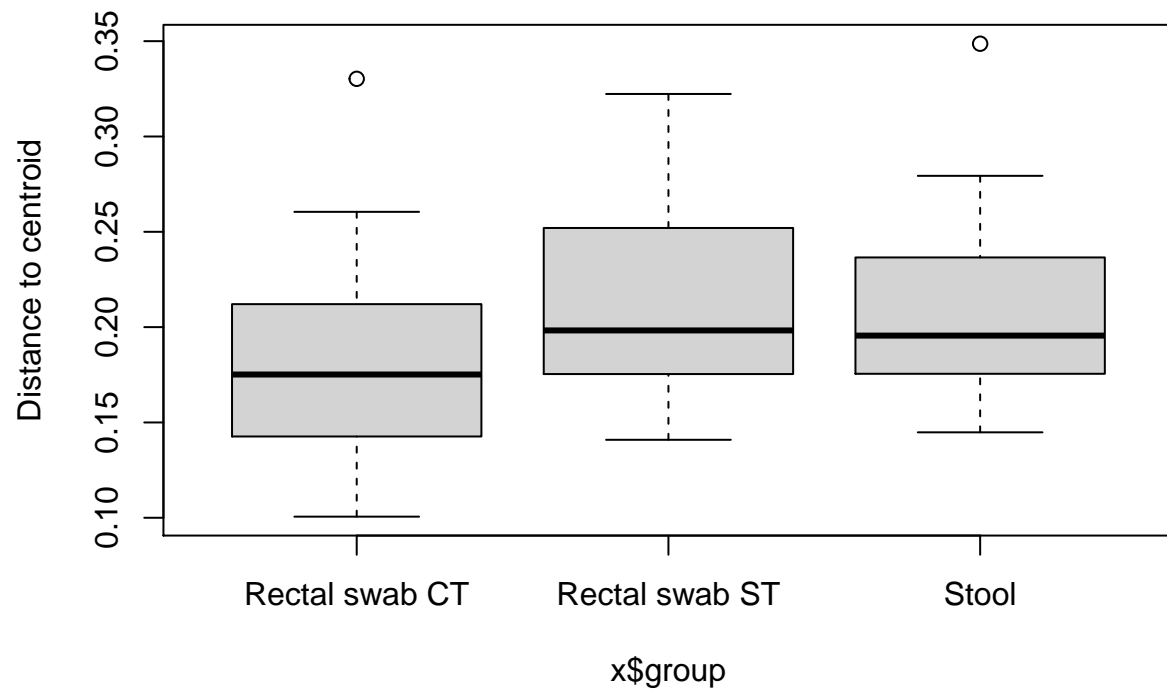




```
plot(UWfbeta.Dispersion, hull = FALSE, ellipse = TRUE)
```



```
boxplot(UWfbeta.Dispersion)
```



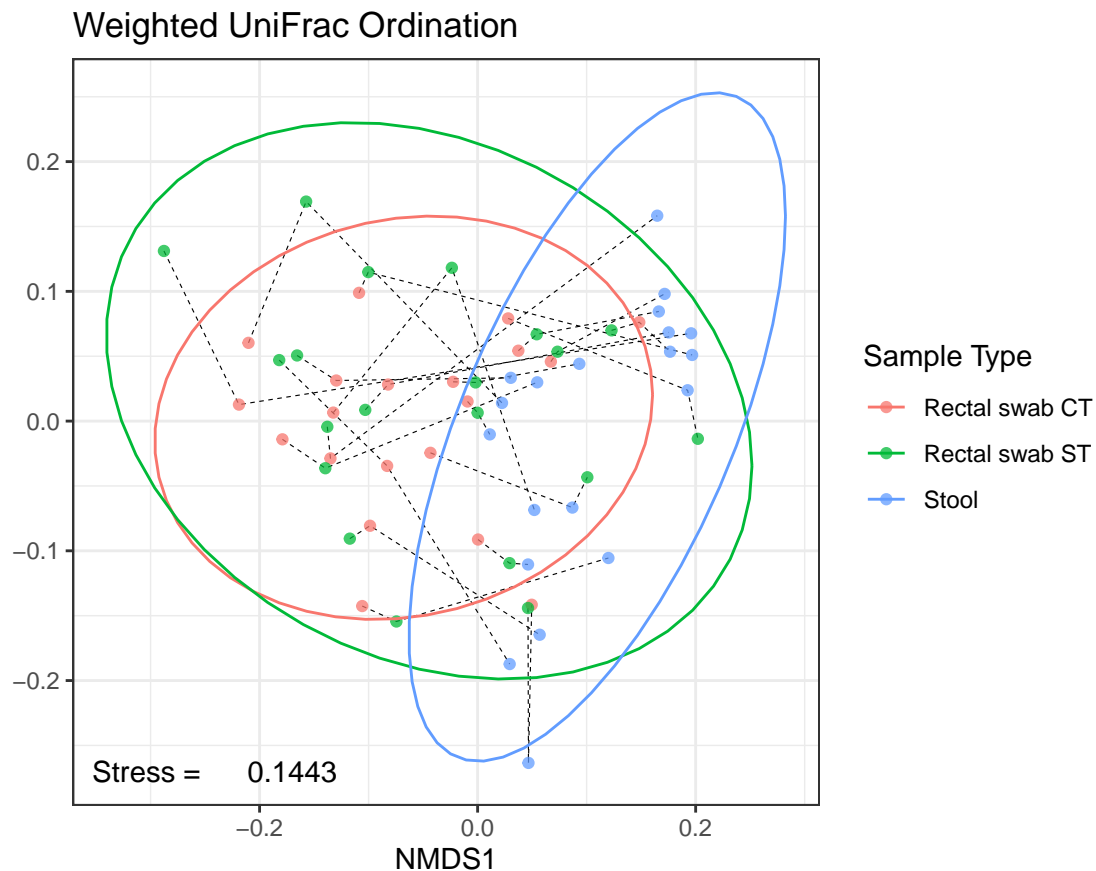
```
# UniFrac NMDS Plot
wuni <- plot_ordination(ps_rare, ord.nmds.uni, justDF = TRUE)
```

```

UWF_plot <- ggplot(wuni, aes(x = NMDS1, y = NMDS2)) +
  geom_line(aes(group = Individual), size = 0.2, linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_point(aes(color = Sample_type), alpha = 0.75) +
  stat_ellipse(aes(color = Sample_type)) +
  annotate("text", x = -0.30, y = -0.27, label = "Stress = ") +
  annotate("text", x = -0.17, y = -0.27, label = round(ord.nmds.uni$stress, 4)) +
  ggtitle("Weighted UniFrac Ordination") + labs(color = "Sample Type") +
  theme(aspect.ratio = 1, plot.margin = unit(c(0, 0, 0, 1), "pt"),
        axis.title.y = element_blank())

```

UWF\_plot



```

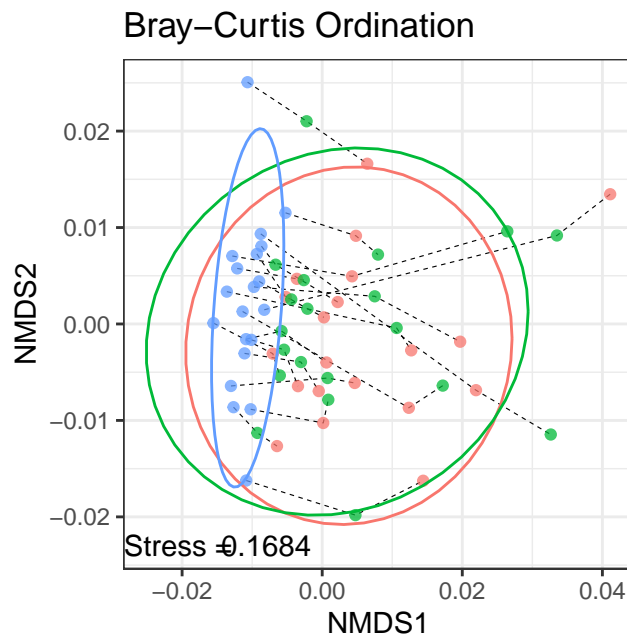
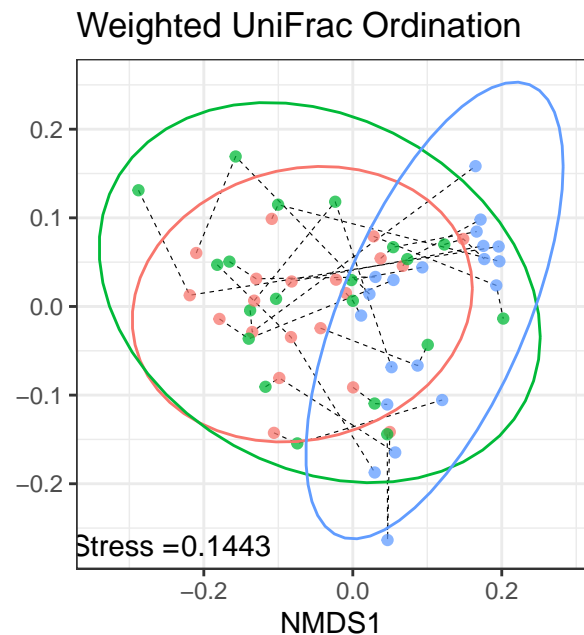
ggsave("../Results/2B)Beta_Diversity_wUni.pdf", width = 6, height = 4.5)

```

```

ggarrange(BC_plot, UWF_plot, common.legend = TRUE, legend = c("bottom"),
  align = ("hv"), labels = "AUTO")

```

**A****B**

Sample Type — Rectal swab CT — Rectal swab ST — Stool

```
ggsave("../Results/2)Beta_Diversity.pdf", width = 8.5, height = 4.5)
```

## RELATIVE ABUNDANCE - Using Taxonomic Level Class

```
# Subset Phyloseq Objects
ps_class <- subset_taxa(ps_rare, Class != "NA")

sample_clin <- subset_samples(ps_class, Sample_type == "Rectal swab CT")
sample_self <- subset_samples(ps_class, Sample_type == "Rectal swab ST")
sample_stool <- subset_samples(ps_class, Sample_type == "Stool")

# Relative Abundance - Clinician Taken Swab
clin_class <- tax_glom(sample_clin, taxrank = "Class") # agglomerate taxa
clin_class <- transform_sample_counts(clin_class, function(x) x/sum(x)) #get abundance in %
clin_melt <- psmelt(clin_class) # create dataframe from phyloseq object
clin_melt$Class <- as.character(clin_melt$Class) #convert to character
clin_melt <- clin_melt[order(-clin_melt$Abundance),]
clin_melt[!clin_melt$Class %in% c(unique(clin_melt$Class)[1:10]), "Class"] <- "Other"

# Relative Abundance - Self Taken Swab
self_class <- tax_glom(sample_self, taxrank = "Class") # agglomerate taxa
self_class <- transform_sample_counts(self_class, function(x) x/sum(x)) #get abundance in %
self_melt <- psmelt(self_class) # create dataframe from phyloseq object
self_melt$Class <- as.character(self_melt$Class) #convert to character
self_melt <- self_melt[order(-self_melt$Abundance),]
self_melt[!self_melt$Class %in% c(unique(self_melt$Class)[1:10]), "Class"] <- "Other"
```

```

# Relative Abundance - Stool Sample
stool_class <- tax_glom(sample_stool, taxrank = "Class") # agglomerate taxa
stool_class <- transform_sample_counts(stool_class, function(x) x/sum(x)) #get abundance in %
stool_melt <- psmelt(stool_class) # create dataframe from phyloseq object
stool_melt$Class <- as.character(stool_melt$Class) #convert to character
stool_melt <- stool_melt[order(-stool_melt$Abundance),]
stool_melt[!stool_melt$Class %in% c(unique(stool_melt$Class)[1:10]), "Class"] <- "Other"

# Set order of bars and get colours
sort.clin <- clin_melt %>%
  plyr::count("Class", wt = "Abundance") %>%
  arrange(desc(freq)) %>%
  pull(Class)
sort.clin <- sort.clin[!sort.clin %in% "Other"]
sort.clin <- append("Other", sort.clin)

sort.self <- self_melt %>%
  plyr::count("Class", wt = "Abundance") %>%
  arrange(desc(freq)) %>%
  pull(Class)
sort.self <- sort.self[!sort.self %in% "Other"]
sort.self <- append("Other", sort.self)

sort.stool <- stool_melt %>%
  plyr::count("Class", wt = "Abundance") %>%
  arrange(desc(freq)) %>%
  pull(Class)
sort.stool <- sort.stool[!sort.stool %in% "Other"]
sort.stool <- append("Other", sort.stool)

barOrder <- unique(c(sort.clin, sort.self, sort.stool))

# Get Colours and Assign to Bacteria
spectralExtra <- colorRampPalette(brewer.pal(11, "Spectral"))(length(barOrder))
cols <- setNames(c(spectralExtra), c(rev(barOrder)))

# Create Custom Legend
dummy_df <- data.frame(
  Class = as.factor(barOrder) ,
  value = c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13))
dummy_df <- mutate(dummy_df, Class = factor(Class, levels = rev(barOrder)))

rel_legend <- get_legend(ggplot(dummy_df, aes(x = Class, y = value)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", aes(fill = Class)) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = cols) +
  theme(legend.text = element_text(size = 8), legend.key.size = unit(0.75, "line")))

# Plot - Relative Abundance - Clinician Taken Swab
t1_class <- clin_melt %>%
  mutate(Sample = factor(Sample, levels = c("1A", "2A", "3A", "4A", "5A",
    "6A", "7A", "8A", "9A", "10A",

```

```

                                "11A", "12A", "13A", "14A", "15A",
                                "16A", "17A", "18A", "19A", "20A")) %>%
mutate(Class = factor(Class, levels = rev(barOrder))) %>%
ggplot(aes(x = Sample, y = Abundance, fill = Class)) +
geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "fill") +
scale_y_continuous(labels = scales::percent_format()) +
theme(text = element_text(size = 7)) +
ggtitle("Clinician - Class - Top 10") +
ylab("Relative abundance") +
scale_fill_manual(values = cols) + theme(legend.position = "none")

# Plot - Relative Abundance - Self Taken Swab
t2_class <- self_melt %>%
  mutate(Sample = factor(Sample, levels = c("1B", "2B", "3B", "4B", "5B",
                                             "6B", "7B", "8B", "9B", "10B",
                                             "11B", "12B", "13B", "14B", "15B",
                                             "16B", "17B", "18B", "19B", "20B"))) %>%

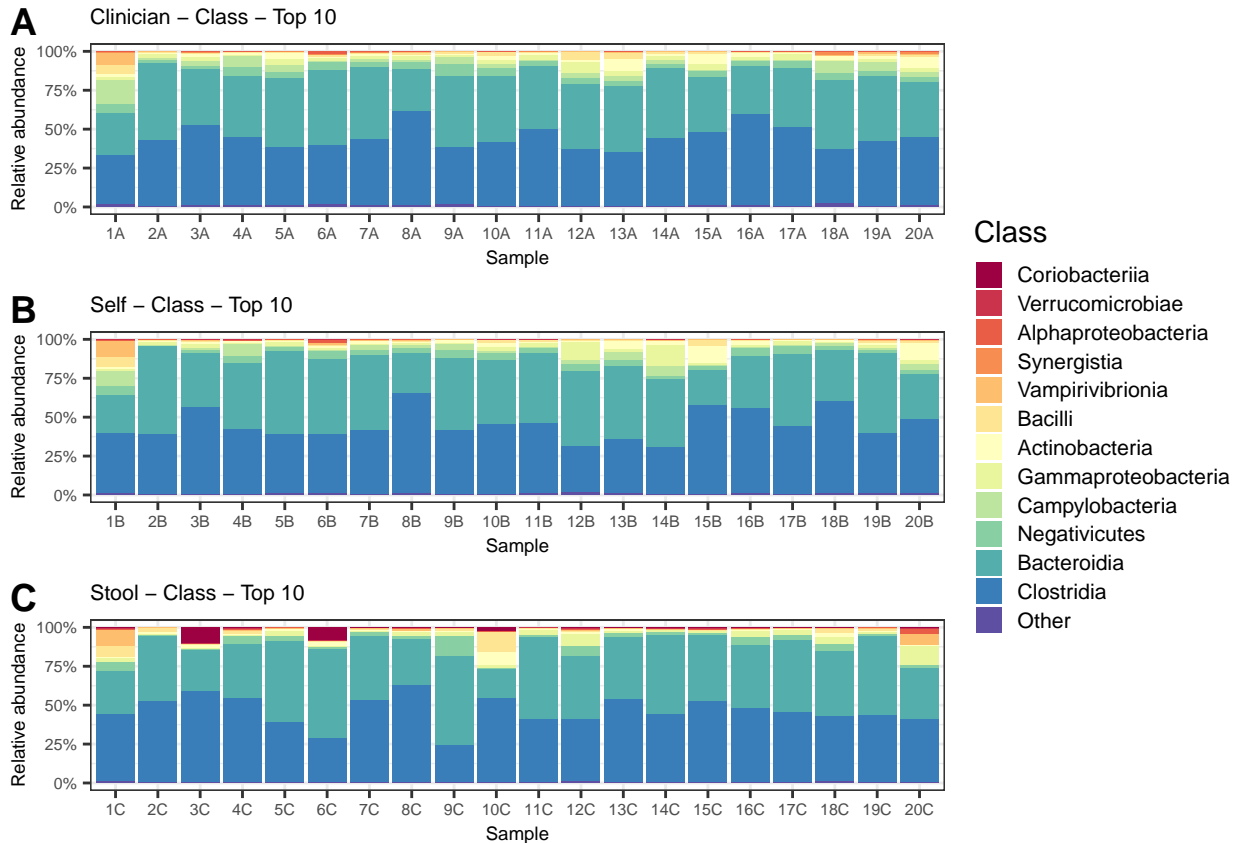
mutate(Class = factor(Class, levels = rev(barOrder))) %>%
ggplot(aes(x = Sample, y = Abundance, fill = Class)) +
geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "fill") +
scale_y_continuous(labels = scales::percent_format()) +
theme(text = element_text(size = 7)) +
ggtitle("Self - Class - Top 10") +
ylab("Relative abundance") +
scale_fill_manual(values = cols) + theme(legend.position = "none")

# Plot - Relative Abundance - Stool Sample
t3_class <- stool_melt %>%
  mutate(Sample = factor(Sample, levels = c("1C", "2C", "3C", "4C", "5C",
                                             "6C", "7C", "8C", "9C", "10C",
                                             "11C", "12C", "13C", "14C", "15C",
                                             "16C", "17C", "18C", "19C", "20C"))) %>%

mutate(Class = factor(Class, levels = rev(barOrder))) %>%
ggplot(aes(x = Sample, y = Abundance, fill = Class)) +
geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "fill") +
scale_y_continuous(labels = scales::percent_format()) +
theme(text = element_text(size = 7)) +
ggtitle("Stool - Class - Top 10") +
ylab("Relative abundance") +
scale_fill_manual(values = cols) + theme(legend.position = "none")

plots <- ggarrange(t1_class, t2_class, t3_class, nrow = 3, labels = "AUTO")
ggarrange(plots, legend.grob = rel_legend, legend = "right")

```



```
ggsave("../Results/3)Relative_Abundance.pdf", width = 7, height = 8)
```

## OTU differential abundance testing with DESeq2

```
ps_deseq <- ps %>%
  tax_glom(taxrank = "Genus")

sample_data(ps_deseq)$Sample_type <- gsub(" ", "_", sample_data(ps_deseq)$Sample_type)
sample_data(ps_deseq)$Sample_type <- as.factor(sample_data(ps_deseq)$Sample_type)

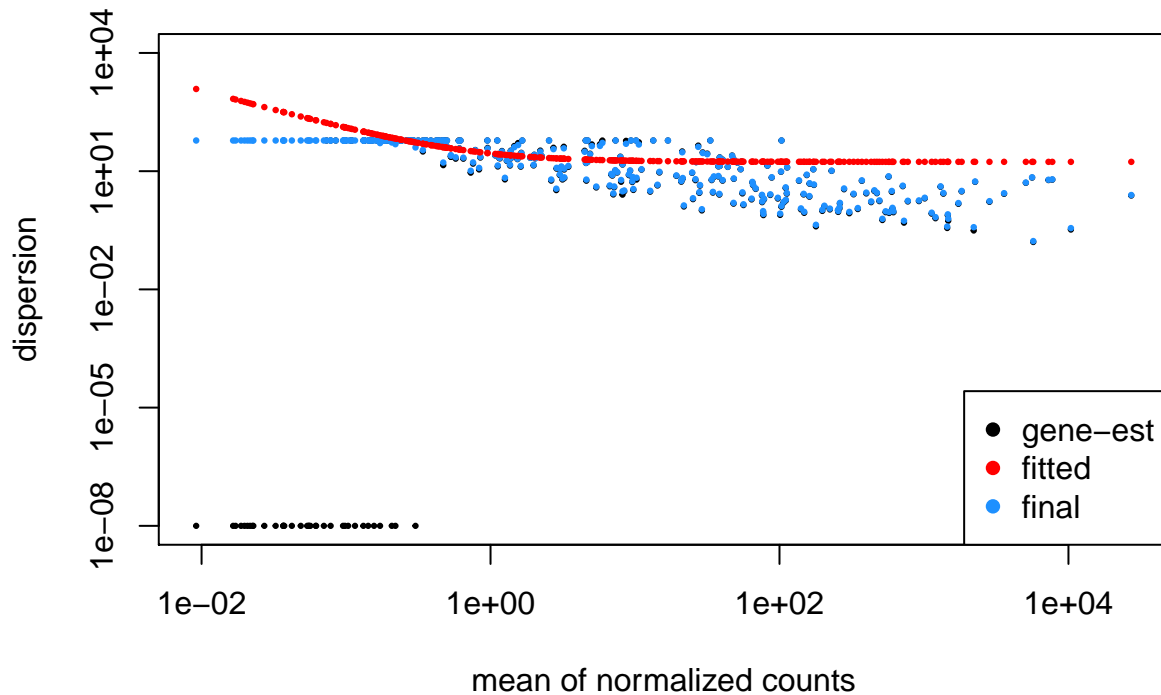
# Convert the phyloseq object to a DESeqDataSet
ds <- phyloseq_to_deseq2(ps_deseq, ~ Sample_type)

## converting counts to integer mode
ds <- DESeq(ds)

## estimating size factors
## estimating dispersions
## gene-wise dispersion estimates
## mean-dispersion relationship
## final dispersion estimates
## fitting model and testing
## -- replacing outliers and refitting for 151 genes
```

```
## -- DESeq argument 'minReplicatesForReplace' = 7
## -- original counts are preserved in counts(dds)

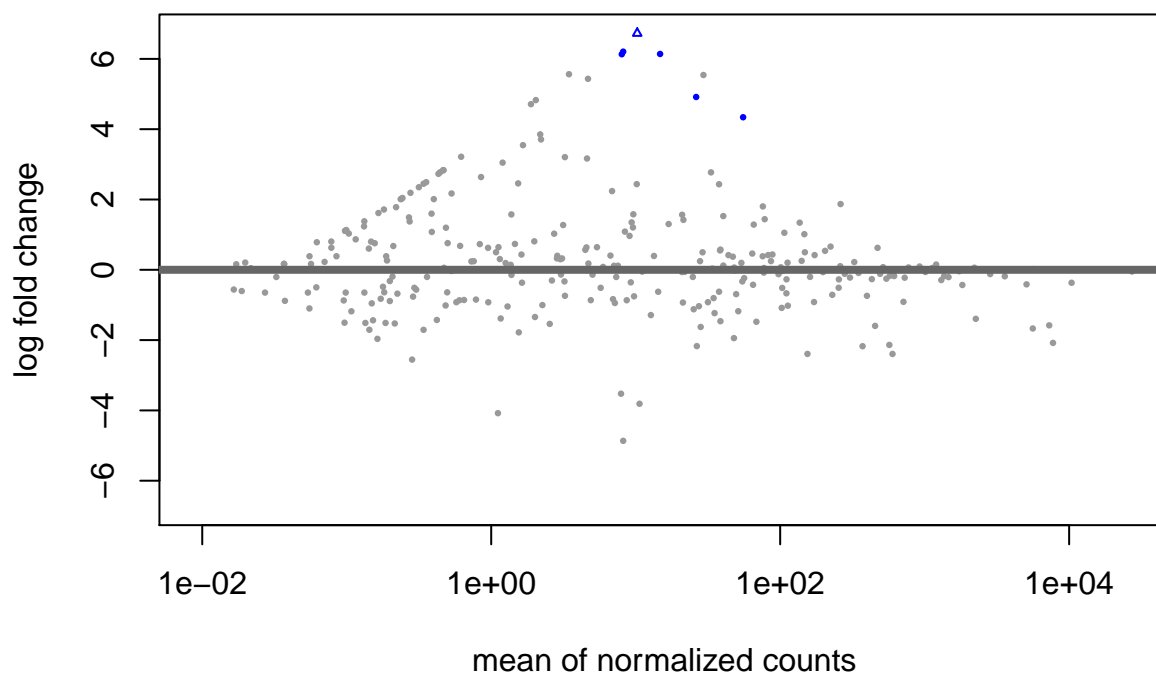
## estimating dispersions
## fitting model and testing
# Plot of Dispersion Estimates
plotDispEsts(ds, ylim = c(1e-8, 1e4))
```



```
# Extract the result table from the ds object using the DESeq2 function results and filter the OTUs using
alpha <- 0.01

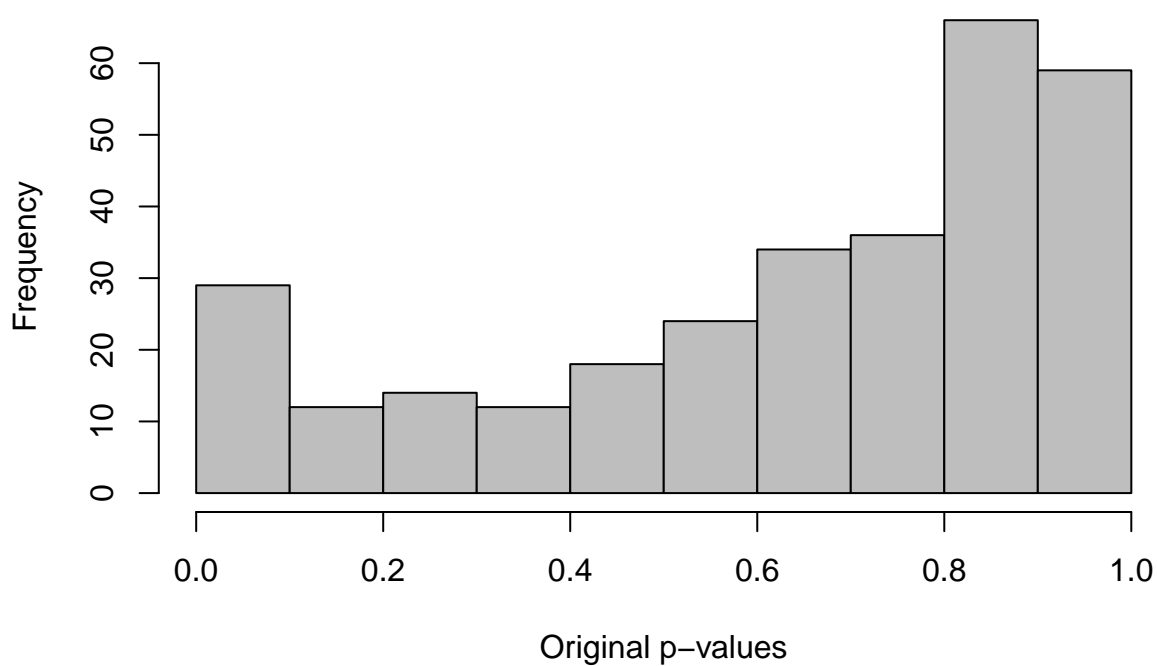
# Swab CT vs Swab ST
resCTST <- results(ds, contrast = c("Sample_type", "Rectal_swab_CT", "Rectal_swab_ST"),
                    alpha = alpha)
resCTST <- resCTST[order(resCTST$padj, na.last = NA), ]
plotMA(resCTST, alpha = 0.01, main = "MA-plot of Clinician vs Self")
```

## MA-plot of Clinician vs Self



```
hist(resCTST$pvalue, col = "gray", main = "Wald Model - Clinician vs Self", xlab = "Original p-values")
```

## Wald Model – Clinician vs Self



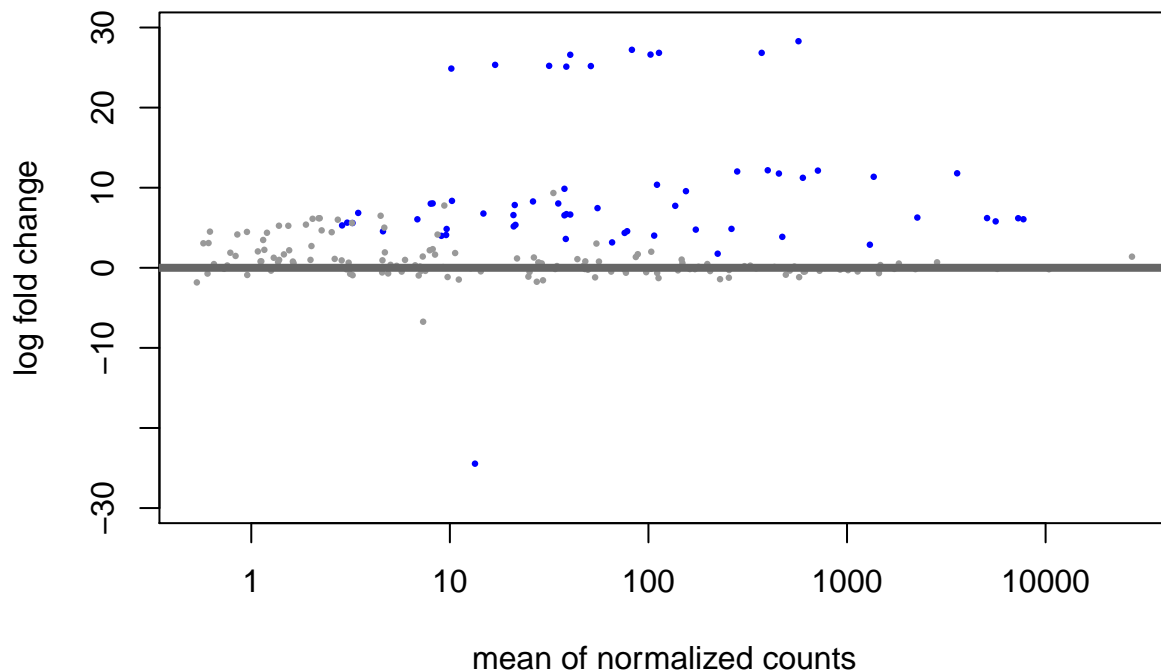
```
resCTST_sig <- resCTST[(resCTST$padj < alpha), ]
resCTST_sig <- cbind(as(resCTST_sig, "data.frame"), as(tax_table(ps)[rownames(resCTST_sig), ], "matrix"),
head(resCTST_sig)
```



```
##      baseMean log2FoldChange      lfcSE      stat      pvalue      padj
## ASV1580  8.191810      6.205783 0.9102231  6.817871 9.239974e-12 2.808952e-09
## ASV3522 10.246362      7.072852 1.2769844  5.538714 3.046999e-08 4.631439e-06
## ASV1634 55.398735      4.339785 0.7977984  5.439702 5.336990e-08 5.408149e-06
## ASV3554  8.010744      6.131689 1.1953911  5.129441 2.906035e-07 2.208587e-05
## ASV1485 26.218338      4.915912 1.1726628  4.192093 2.763921e-05 1.473097e-03
## ASV1582 14.753210      6.139537 1.4685785  4.180598 2.907429e-05 1.473097e-03
##      Kingdom      Phylum      Class      Order
## ASV1580 Bacteria Proteobacteria Gammaproteobacteria Enterobacterales
## ASV3522 Bacteria Firmicutes Clostridia Clostridiales
## ASV1634 Bacteria Proteobacteria Gammaproteobacteria Pseudomonadales
## ASV3554 Bacteria Firmicutes Clostridia Clostridiales
## ASV1485 Bacteria Proteobacteria Gammaproteobacteria Aeromonadales
## ASV1582 Bacteria Proteobacteria Gammaproteobacteria Enterobacterales
##      Family      Genus
## ASV1580 Yersiniaceae Yersinia
## ASV3522 Clostridiaceae Clostridium_sensu_stricto_5
## ASV1634 Pseudomonadaceae Pseudomonas
## ASV3554 Clostridiaceae Clostridium_sensu_stricto_13
## ASV1485 Aeromonadaceae Aeromonas
## ASV1582 Hafniaceae Hafnia-Obesumbacterium
```

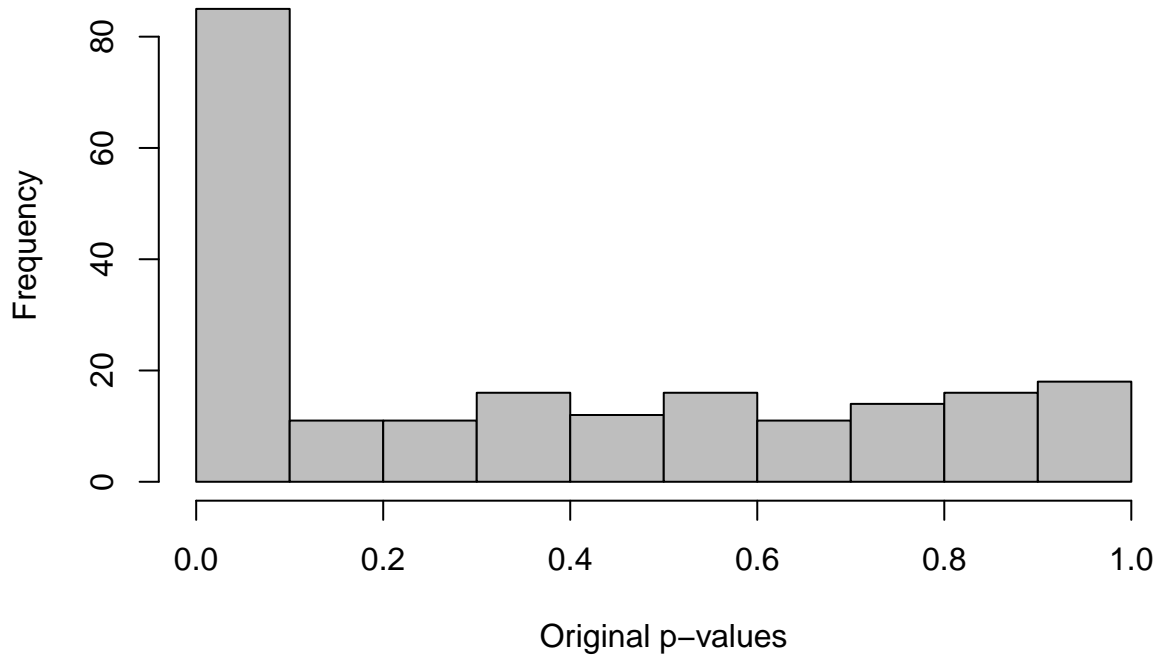
```
# Swab CT vs Stool
resCTS <- results(ds, contrast = c("Sample_type", "Rectal_swab_CT", "Stool"),
                  alpha = alpha)
resCTS <- resCTS[order(resCTS$padj, na.last = NA), ]
plotMA(resCTS, alpha = 0.01, main = "MA-plot of Clinician vs Stool")
```

## MA-plot of Clinician vs Stool



```
hist(resCTS$pvalue, col = "gray", main = "Wald Model - Clinician vs Stool", xlab = "Original p-values")
```

## Wald Model – Clinician vs Stool



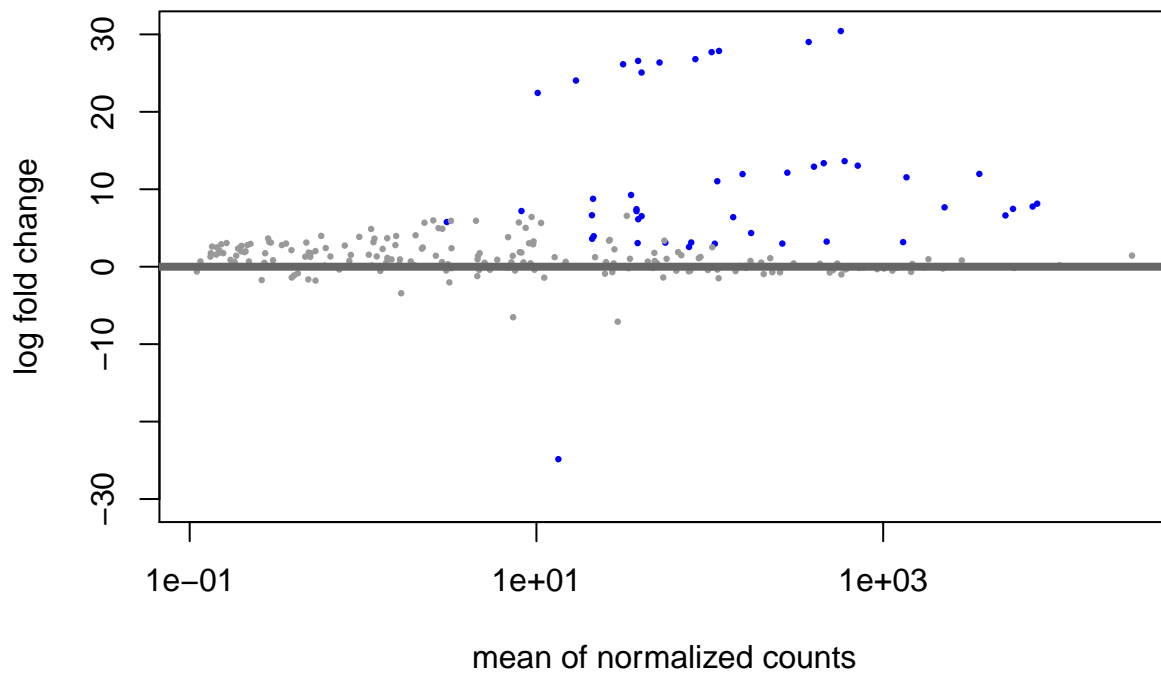
```
resCTS_sig <- resCTS[(resCTS$padj < alpha), ]
resCTS_sig <- cbind(as(resCTS_sig, "data.frame"), as(tax_table(ps)[rownames(resCTS_sig), ], "matrix"))
head(resCTS_sig)
```

##	baseMean	log2FoldChange	lfcSE	stat	pvalue
## ASV3460	371.68353	26.83913	1.1950890	22.45785	1.072464e-111
## ASV3599	569.52608	28.29018	1.3237180	21.37176	2.447353e-101
## ASV940	102.45995	26.62138	1.5030199	17.71193	3.392565e-70
## ASV3146	112.98959	26.83745	1.6813612	15.96174	2.360599e-57
## ASV1183	82.54958	27.21862	1.7630615	15.43827	9.049272e-54
## ASV1254	3585.31720	11.79910	0.7864814	15.00239	7.082408e-51
##	padj	Kingdom	Phylum	Class	
## ASV3460	2.252174e-109	Bacteria	Firmicutes	Negativicutes	
## ASV3599	2.569720e-99	Bacteria	Firmicutes	Clostridia	
## ASV940	2.374796e-68	Bacteria	Firmicutes	Clostridia	
## ASV3146	1.239315e-55	Bacteria	Firmicutes	Bacilli	
## ASV1183	3.800694e-52	Bacteria	Synergistota	Synergistia	
## ASV1254	2.478843e-49	Bacteria	Campilobacterota	Campylobacteri	
##		Order			
## ASV3460		Veillonellales-Selenomonadales			
## ASV3599		Clostridia_or			
## ASV940		Peptostreptococcales-Tissierellales			
## ASV3146		Lactobacillales			
## ASV1183		Synergistales			
## ASV1254		Campylobacteriales			
##		Family	Genus		
## ASV3460		Veillonellaceae	Negativicoccus		

```
## ASV3599          Hungateiclostridiaceae Fastidiosipila
## ASV940  Peptostreptococcales-Tissierellales_fa    Gallicola
## ASV3146          Aerococcaceae      Facklamia
## ASV1183          Synergistaceae Pyramidobacter
## ASV1254          Campylobacteraceae Campylobacter
```

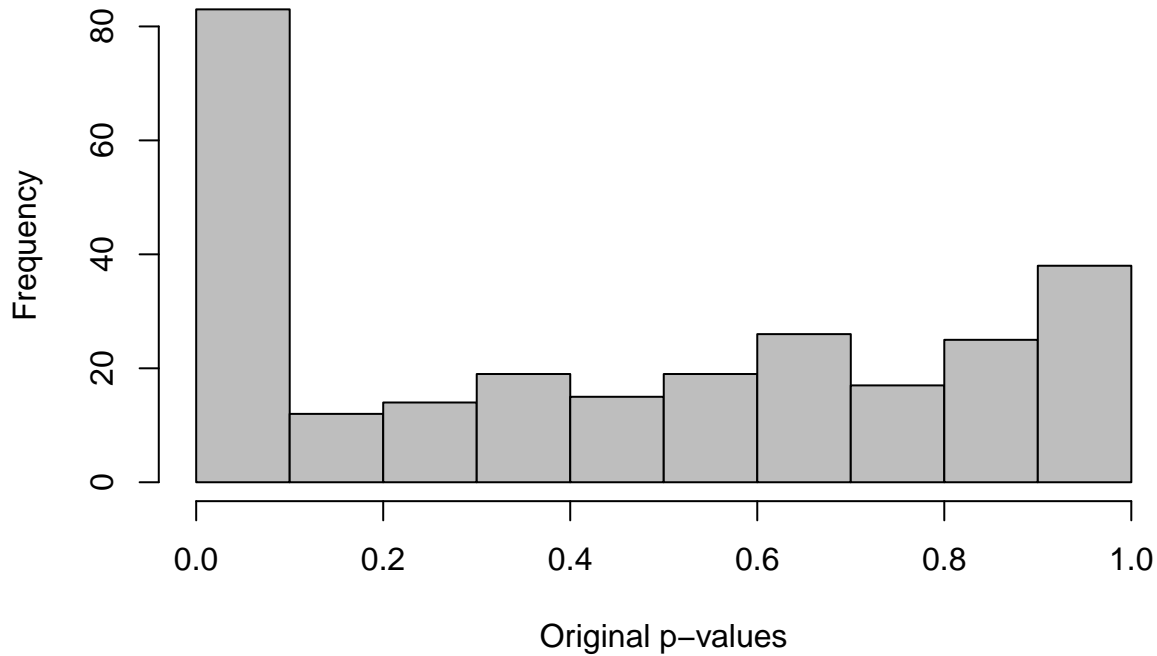
```
# Swab ST vs Stool
resSTS <- results(ds, contrast = c("Sample_type", "Rectal_swab_ST", "Stool"),
                  alpha = alpha)
resSTS <- resSTS[order(resSTS$padj, na.last = NA), ]
plotMA(resSTS, alpha = 0.01, main = "MA-plot of Self vs Stool")
```

## MA-plot of Self vs Stool



```
hist(resSTS$pvalue, col = "gray", main = "Wald Model - Self vs Stool", xlab = "Original p-values")
```

## Wald Model – Self vs Stool



```
resSTS_sig <- resSTS[(resSTS$padj < alpha), ]
resSTS_sig <- cbind(as(resSTS_sig, "data.frame"), as(tax_table(ps)[rownames(resSTS_sig), ], "matrix"))
head(resSTS_sig)
```

##	baseMean	log2FoldChange	lfcSE	stat	pvalue
## ASV3460	371.68353	29.01258	1.1939331	24.30001	1.960067e-130
## ASV3599	569.52608	30.42730	1.3230276	22.99823	4.854894e-117
## ASV940	102.45995	27.70469	1.5015082	18.45124	5.095997e-76
## ASV3146	112.98959	27.85901	1.6801511	16.58125	9.522523e-62
## ASV1254	3585.31720	11.98355	0.7864397	15.23772	1.986922e-52
## ASV1183	82.54958	26.79915	1.7628105	15.20251	3.403086e-52
##	padj	Kingdom	Phylum	Class	
## ASV3460	5.252978e-128	Bacteria	Firmicutes	Negativicutes	
## ASV3599	6.505558e-115	Bacteria	Firmicutes	Clostridia	
## ASV940	4.552424e-74	Bacteria	Firmicutes	Clostridia	
## ASV3146	6.380090e-60	Bacteria	Firmicutes	Bacilli	
## ASV1254	1.064990e-50	Bacteria	Campilobacterota	Campylobacteria	
## ASV1183	1.520045e-50	Bacteria	Synergistota	Synergistia	
##		Order			
## ASV3460		Veillonellales-Selenomonadales			
## ASV3599		Clostridia_or			
## ASV940		Peptostreptococcales-Tissierellales			
## ASV3146		Lactobacillales			
## ASV1254		Campylobacterales			
## ASV1183		Synergistales			
##		Family	Genus		
## ASV3460		Veillonellaceae	Negativicoccus		
## ASV3599		Hungateiclostridiaceae	Fastidiosipila		
## ASV940		Peptostreptococcales-Tissierellales_fa	Gallicola		
## ASV3146		Aerococcaceae	Facklamia		

```
## ASV1254                      Campylobacteraceae  Campylobacter
## ASV1183                      Synergistaceae  Pyramidobacter

# Save .csv of significant fold change results
resCTST_sig$Comparison <- "Clinician Taken Swab vs Self Taken Swab"
resCTS_sig$Comparison <- "Clinician Taken Swab vs Stool"
resSTS_sig$Comparison <- "Self Taken Swab vs Stool"

SignificantResults <- rbind(resCTST_sig, resCTS_sig, resSTS_sig)
write.csv(SignificantResults, file = "../Results/SignificantFoldChangeResults.csv")
```

## Differential Abundance - ggplot Heatmap

```
diffCTST <- resCTST_sig %>%
  select(log2FoldChange, Phylum, Genus)
colnames(diffCTST)[1] <- "CTST_log2FoldChange"

diffCTS <- resCTS_sig %>%
  select(log2FoldChange, Phylum, Genus)
colnames(diffCTS)[1] <- "CTS_log2FoldChange"

diffSTS <- resSTS_sig %>%
  select(log2FoldChange, Phylum, Genus)
colnames(diffSTS)[1] <- "STS_log2FoldChange"

heat <- rbind.fill(as.data.frame(t(diffCTS)), as.data.frame(t(diffSTS)))
heat <- rbind.fill(as.data.frame(heat), as.data.frame(t(diffCTST)))
heat <- t(heat)
heat <- as.data.frame(heat)
colnames(heat) <- c("CTS", "CTS_phylum", "CTS_genus",
                  "STS", "STS_phylum", "STS_genus",
                  "CTST", "CTST_phylum", "CTST_genus")

heat$sigPhylum <- as.character(heat$CTS_phylum)
heat$sigPhylum[nrow(heat)] <- as.character(heat$STS_phylum[nrow(heat)])

heat$sigGenus <- as.character(heat$CTS_genus)
heat$sigGenus[nrow(heat)] <- as.character(heat$STS_genus[nrow(heat)])

heat <- select(heat, -CTS_genus, -STS_genus, -CTST_genus, -CTS_phylum, -STS_phylum, -CTST_phylum)

# file for ggplot based heatmap
SamplingComparison <- c(1:(nrow(heat)*3))
SamplingComparison[1:nrow(heat)] <- "CTS"
SamplingComparison[(nrow(heat)+1):(nrow(heat)*2)] <- "STS"
SamplingComparison[((nrow(heat)*2)+1):(nrow(heat)*3)] <- "CTST"
log2FC <- c(1:(nrow(heat)*3))
log2FC[1:nrow(heat)] <- as.numeric(as.character(heat$CTS))
log2FC[(nrow(heat)+1):(nrow(heat)*2)] <- as.numeric(as.character(heat$STS))
log2FC[((nrow(heat)*2)+1):(nrow(heat)*3)] <- as.numeric(as.character(heat$CTST))
Phylum <- c(1:(nrow(heat)*3))
Phylum[1:nrow(heat)] <- heat$sigPhylum
Phylum[(nrow(heat)+1):(nrow(heat)*2)] <- heat$sigPhylum
```

```

Phylum[((nrow(heat)*2)+1):(nrow(heat)*3)] <- heat$sigPhylum
Genus <- c(1:(nrow(heat)*3))
Genus[1:nrow(heat)] <- heat$sigGenus
Genus[(nrow(heat)+1):(nrow(heat)*2)] <- heat$sigGenus
Genus[((nrow(heat)*2)+1):(nrow(heat)*3)] <- heat$sigGenus
ftp <- as.data.frame(cbind(SamplingComparison, log2FC, Phylum, Genus))

ftp$log2FC <- as.numeric(as.character(ftp$log2FC))
ftp$SamplingComparison <- factor(ftp$SamplingComparison, levels = c("CTST", "CTS", "STS"))

heatLog <- ggplot(ftp, aes(SamplingComparison, Genus, fill = log2FC)) + geom_tile() +
  geom_text(aes(label = sprintf("%.1f", log2FC), size = 2) +
    theme(axis.title = element_blank(), legend.position = "bottom",
      axis.text.y = element_blank(),
      axis.text.x = element_text(family = "Helvetica", size = 10, face = "plain"),
      plot.background = element_blank(),
      plot.margin = margin(t = 2, r = 0, b = 0, l = 0, unit = "pt"),
      legend.margin = margin(t = 0, r = 0, b = 0, l = 0, unit = "pt")) +
    guides(fill = guide_colourbar(title.position = "bottom", title.hjust = 0.5)) +
    scale_fill_distiller(palette = "RdBu") +
    scale_x_discrete(position = "top", labels = (c("Clinician vs Self",
      "Clinician vs Stool",
      "Self vs Stool"))))

heatPhylum <- ggplot(ftp, aes(SamplingComparison, Genus, fill = Phylum)) + geom_tile() +
  theme(axis.title = element_blank(), legend.position = "bottom",
    axis.text.y = element_text(size = 8),
    axis.text.x = element_blank(), axis.ticks.x = element_blank(),
    plot.margin = margin(t = 16.5, r = 5, b = 11, l = 0, unit = "pt"),
    legend.margin = margin(t = 0, r = 0, b = 0, l = 0, unit = "pt"),
    legend.text = element_text(size = 8), legend.key.size = unit(0.75, "line")) +
    scale_fill_brewer(palette = "Set3", guide = guide_legend(ncol = 3))

heatChanges <- ggarrange(heatPhylum, heatLog, widths = c(1, 2))
heatChanges

```



```

guides(fill = guide_colourbar(title.position = "bottom", title.hjust = 0.5))

# Self Swab
heat_self <- subset_samples(heat_ps, Sample_type == "Rectal swab ST")
melted_self <- psmelt(heat_self)
melted_self <- select(melted_self, Individual, Genus, Abundance)
melted_self$Abundance[melted_self$Abundance == 0] <- 1
melted_self$log2Abundance <- log2(melted_self$Abundance)
melted_self$log10Abundance <- log10(melted_self$Abundance)

heatSS <- ggplot(melted_self, aes(Individual, Genus, fill = log10Abundance)) + geom_tile() +
  scale_x_discrete(position = "top") + xlab("Self Taken Swab") +
  theme(axis.title.x = element_text(family = "Helvetica", size = 10, face = "plain"),
        axis.title.y = element_blank(),
        axis.text = element_blank(), legend.position = "bottom", legend.background = element_blank(),
        plot.margin = margin(t = 1, r = 0, b = 0, l = 0, unit = "pt"),
        legend.margin = margin(t = 11, r = 0, b = 0, l = 0, unit = "pt")) +
  scale_fill_gradient(low = "white", high = "red") +
  guides(fill = guide_colourbar(title.position = "bottom", title.hjust = 0.5))

# Stool
heat_stool <- subset_samples(heat_ps, Sample_type == "Stool")
melted_stool <- psmelt(heat_stool)
melted_stool <- select(melted_stool, Individual, Genus, Abundance)
melted_stool$Abundance[melted_stool$Abundance == 0] <- 1
melted_stool$log2Abundance <- log2(melted_stool$Abundance)
melted_stool$log10Abundance <- log10(melted_stool$Abundance)

heatSt <- ggplot(melted_stool, aes(Individual, Genus, fill = log10Abundance)) + geom_tile() +
  scale_x_discrete(position = "top") + xlab("Stool") +
  theme(axis.title.x = element_text(family = "Helvetica", size = 10, face = "plain"),
        axis.title.y = element_blank(),
        axis.text = element_blank(), legend.position = "bottom", legend.background = element_blank(),
        plot.margin = margin(t = 1, r = 0, b = 0, l = 0, unit = "pt"),
        legend.margin = margin(t = 11, r = 0, b = 0, l = 0, unit = "pt")) +
  scale_fill_gradient(low = "white", high = "red") +
  guides(fill = guide_colourbar(title.position = "bottom", title.hjust = 0.5))

heatAbundance <- ggarrange(heatCS, heatSS, heatSt, ncol = 3, common.legend = TRUE, legend = c("bottom"))

```

## Combined Heatmaps

```

ggarrange(heatChanges, heatAbundance, widths = c(2, 1), legend = c("bottom"))

```





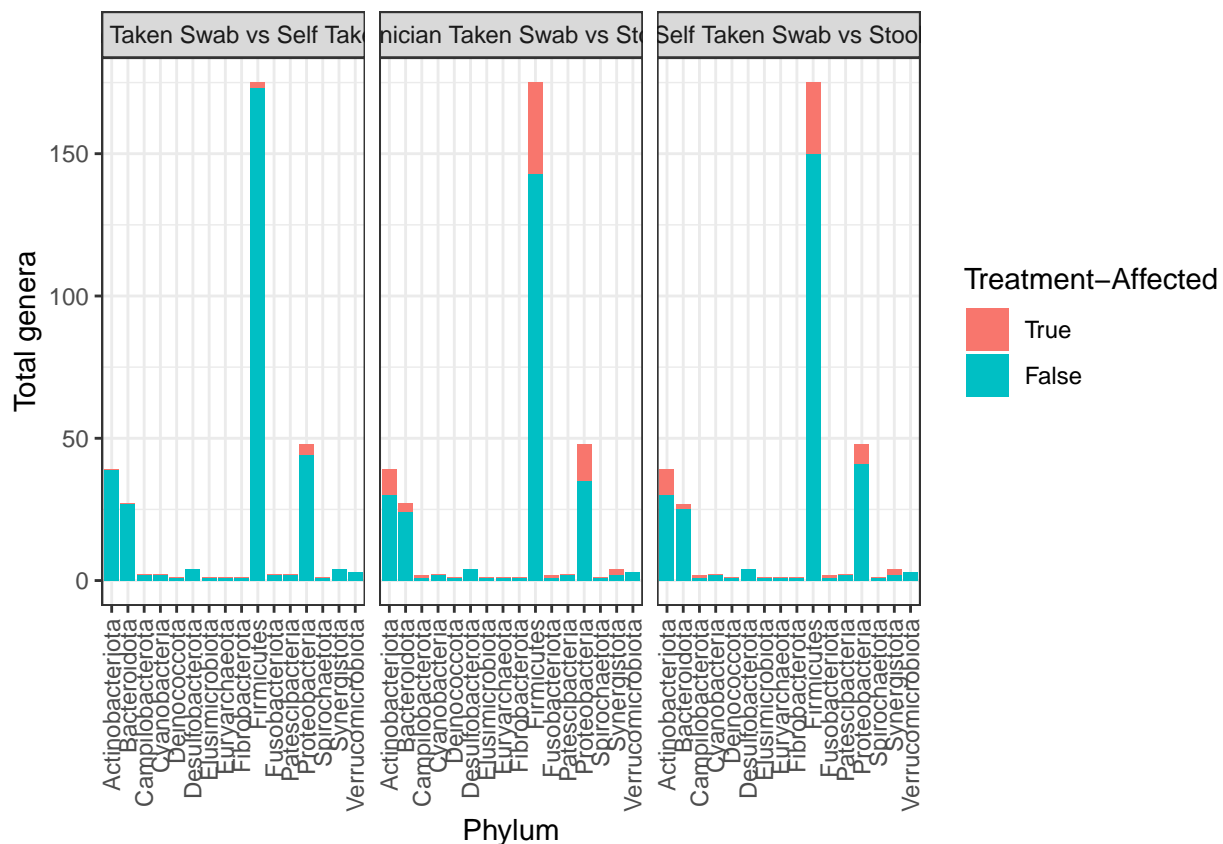
```

joined2<-joined2 %>%
  mutate_at(c(3), ~replace(., is.na(.), 0))
joined2$Phycount = joined2$Phycount - joined2$count

dat_long <- joined2 %>%
  tidyr::gather("count", "measurement", count, Phycount)
dat_long$measurement = as.numeric(as.character(dat_long$measurement))

ggplot(dat_long) +
  geom_col(aes(x = Phylum, y = measurement, fill = count)) +
  facet_grid(~Comparison) +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, vjust = 0.5, hjust=1)) +
  ylab("Total genera") +
  scale_fill_discrete(name = "Treatment-Affected", labels = c("True", "False"))

```



```

ggsave("../Results/S2)TreatmentAffectedGenera.pdf", width = 10, height = 6)

```

```

joined2$total = joined2$count + joined2$Phycount
joined2$condition = gsub("ConditionC", 0.019, joined2$condition)
joined2$condition = gsub("ConditionB", 0.15, joined2$condition)
joined2$condition = gsub("ConditionA", 0.195, joined2$condition)
joined2$condition = as.numeric(as.character(joined2$condition))

```

```

f<-NULL;
for(i in c(1:48))
{

```

```

# print(joined2$total[i])
r<-binom.test(joined2$count[i], joined2$total[i], joined2$condition[i])
# print(r)
f<-rbind(f, c(r$statistic, r$parameter, r$null.value, r$p.value))
++i
}
colnames(f)[4] = "p.val"
# Not significant after FDR correction
p.adjust(f[,4], method = "BH")

## [1] 1.000000 0.626522 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000
## [9] 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000
## [17] 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000
## [25] 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000
## [33] 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000
## [41] 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000

joined2[7:10] = f[,1:4]
colnames(joined2)[7:10] = c("successes", "trials", "pSuccess", "pval")
joined2$p.adjust = p.adjust(f[,4], method = "BH")

```

## Supplementary 3 - DESeq2 Significance by Abundance

```

library(patchwork)

sup_ps <- ps_rare %>%
  tax_glom(taxrank = "Genus")

sup_bugs <- as.character(unique(SignificantResults$Genus))
sup_bugsCTST <- as.character(resCTST_sig$Genus)
sup_bugsCTS <- as.character(resCTS_sig$Genus)
sup_bugsSTS <- as.character(resSTS_sig$Genus)

sup_melt <- psmelt(sup_ps)
sup_melt$Phylum <- as.character(sup_melt$Phylum)
sup_melt$Genus <- as.character(sup_melt$Genus)

sup_melt$Significant <- ifelse(sup_melt$Genus %in% sup_bugs, "YES", "NO")
sup_melt$Significant <- factor(sup_melt$Significant, levels = c("YES", "NO"))

sup_melt$CTST <- ifelse(sup_melt$Genus %in% sup_bugsCTST, "YES", "NO")
sup_melt$CTST <- factor(sup_melt$CTST, levels = c("YES", "NO"))

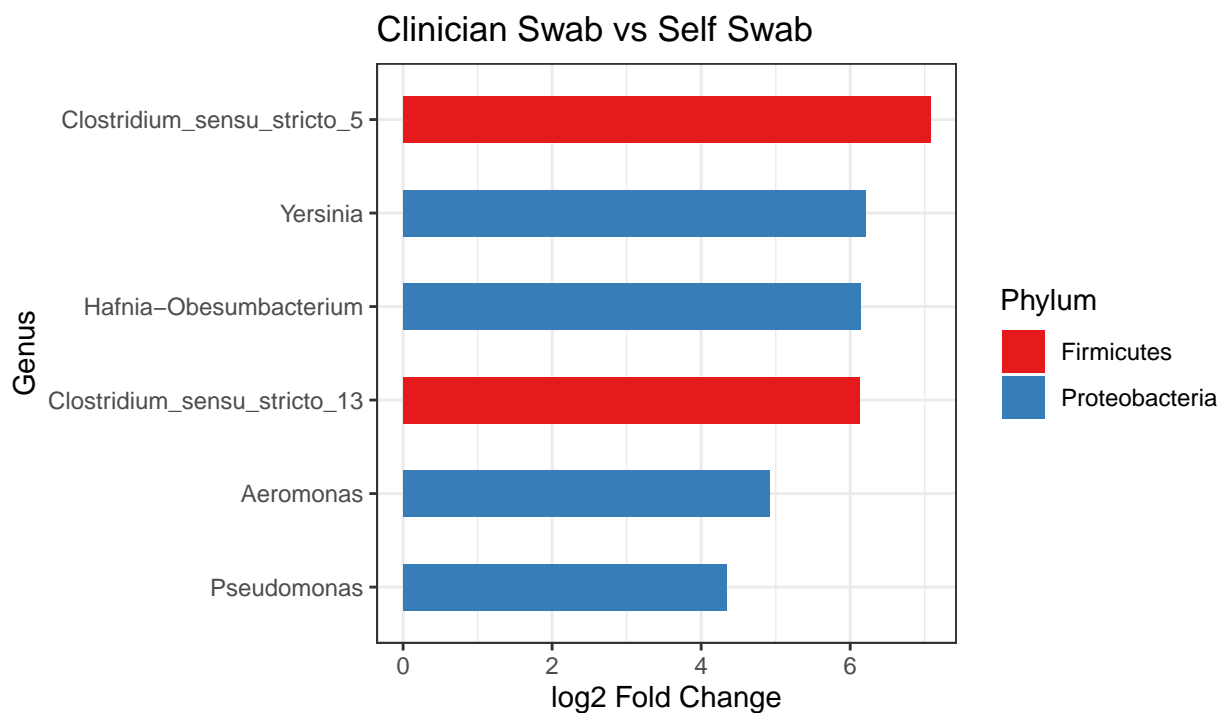
sup_melt$CTS <- ifelse(sup_melt$Genus %in% sup_bugsCTS, "YES", "NO")
sup_melt$CTS <- factor(sup_melt$CTS, levels = c("YES", "NO"))

sup_melt$STS <- ifelse(sup_melt$Genus %in% sup_bugsSTS, "YES", "NO")
sup_melt$STS <- factor(sup_melt$STS, levels = c("YES", "NO"))

sup_CTST <- ggplot(sup_melt, aes(x = Phylum, y = Abundance, fill = CTST)) +
  geom_col() + labs(subtitle = "Clinician Swab vs Self Swab", fill = "Significant") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45, hjust = 1),
        axis.title.x = element_blank(), legend.position = "none")

```

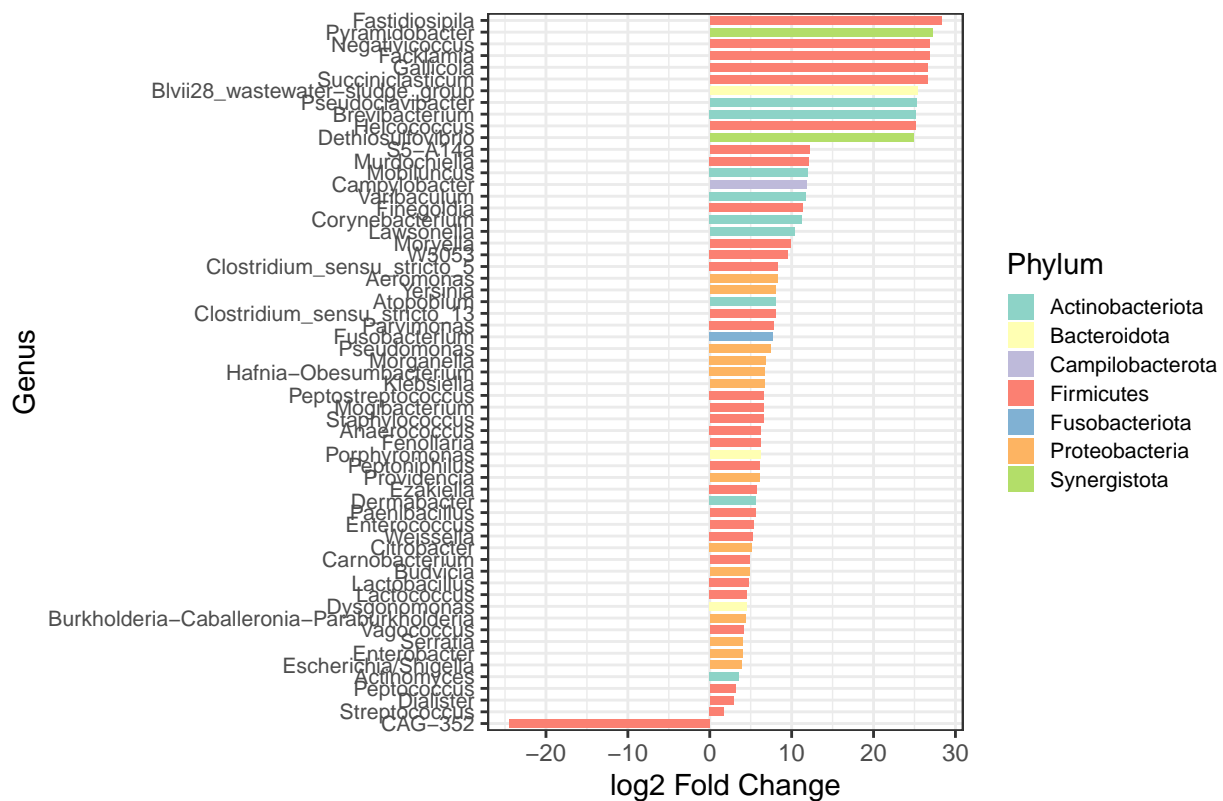




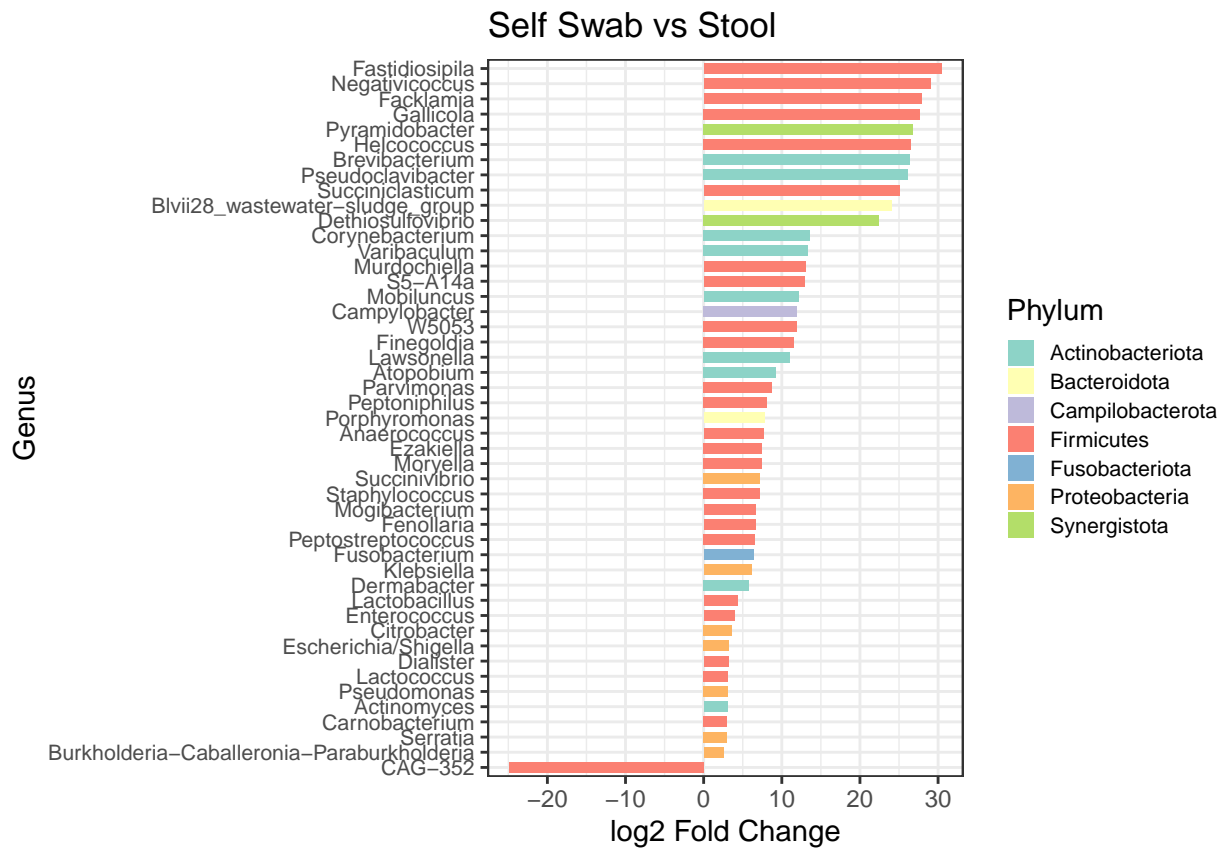
```
ggsave("../Results/S4)Differential_Abundance_clinVSself.pdf", width = 7, height = 4)

clinVSstool <- ggplot(resCTS_sig, aes(x = log2FoldChange,
                                     y = reorder(Genus, log2FoldChange),
                                     fill= Phylum)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "identity", width = 0.7) +
  labs(title = "Clinician Swab vs Stool", y = "Genus", x = "log2 Fold Change") +
  scale_fill_brewer(palette = "Set3") +
  theme(axis.text.y = element_text(size = 8),
        legend.text = element_text(size = 8), legend.key.size = unit(0.75, "line"))
clinVSstool
```

## Clinician Swab vs Stool



```
selfVSstool <- ggplot(resSTS_sig, aes(x = log2FoldChange,
                                     y = reorder(Genus, log2FoldChange),
                                     fill= Phylum)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "identity", width = 0.7) +
  labs(title = "Self Swab vs Stool", y = "Genus", x = "log2 Fold Change") +
  scale_fill_brewer(palette = "Set3") +
  theme(axis.text.y = element_text(size = 8),
        legend.text = element_text(size = 8), legend.key.size = unit(0.75, "line"))
selfVSstool
```

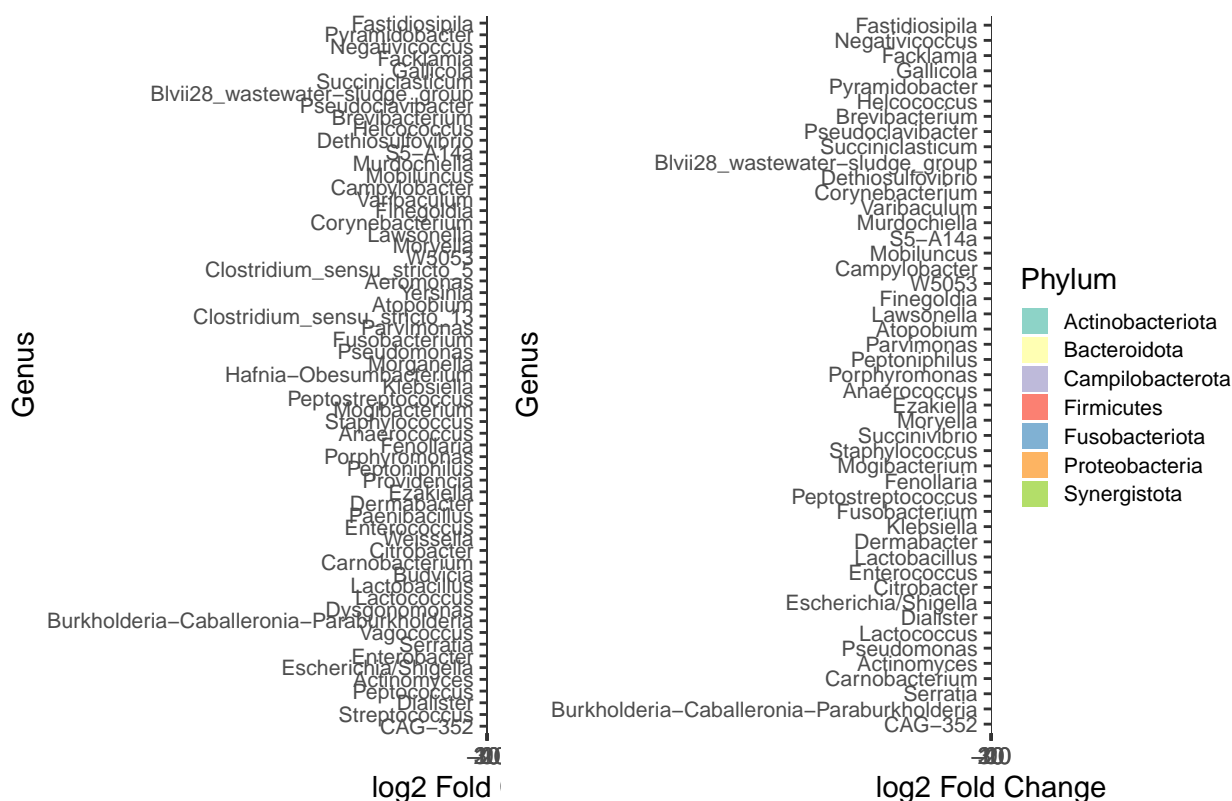


```
ggarrange(clinVSstool, selfVSstool, ncol = 2, common.legend = TRUE, legend = "right", labels = "AUTO")
```

A

C B

Self Swab vs Stc



```
ggsave("../Results/S4)Differential_Abundance_swabsVSstool.pdf", width = 12, height = 8)
```

## Supplementary 5 - Boxplot Sanity Checks

```
resCTS_sig <- resCTS_sig[order(-resCTS_sig$log2FoldChange),]

int <- row.names(resCTS_sig)[1:12]
ASVlabs <- tax_table(ps)[int, 6]
names(ASVlabs) <- int
ASVlabs <- as.list(ASVlabs)

ASV_labeller <- function(variable,value){
  return(ASVlabs[value])
}

# Sanity Plots with Fold Change
tcounts <- t(log2((counts(ds[int, ], normalized = TRUE, replaced = FALSE) + .5))) %>%
  merge(colData(ds), ., by = "row.names") %>%
  tidyr::gather(ASV, log2FC, (ncol(.)-length(int) + 1):ncol(.))

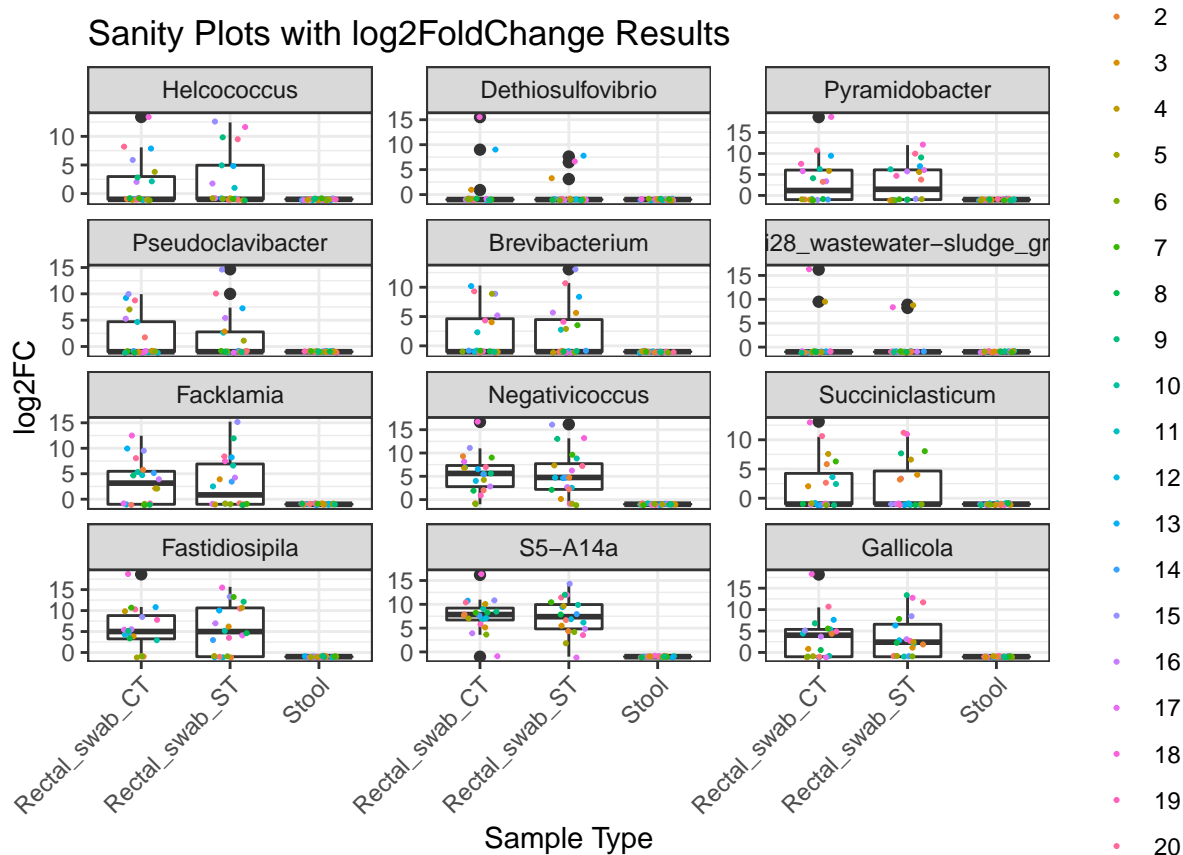
tcounts %>%
  select(Row.names, Sample_type, Individual, ASV, log2FC) %>%
  head %>%
  knitr::kable()
```



Row.names	Sample_type	Individual	ASV	log2FC
10A	Rectal_swab_CT	10	ASV3599	3.017179
10B	Rectal_swab_ST	10	ASV3599	5.359164
10C	Stool	10	ASV3599	-1.000000
11A	Rectal_swab_CT	11	ASV3599	4.888552
11B	Rectal_swab_ST	11	ASV3599	-1.000000
11C	Stool	11	ASV3599	-1.000000

```
ggplot(tcounts, aes(Sample_type, log2FC)) +
  geom_boxplot() + geom_jitter(width = 0.2, height = 0.2, size = 0.4, aes(color = Individual)) +
  facet_wrap(~ASV, scales = "free_y", labeller = ASV_labeller, nrow = 4) +
  labs(x = "Sample Type",
       y = "log2FC",
       title = "Sanity Plots with log2FoldChange Results") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45, hjust = 1))
```

## Warning: The labeller API has been updated. Labellers taking `variable` and  
## `value` arguments are now deprecated. See labellers documentation.



```
ggsave("../Results/S5)Sanity_FoldChange_plots.pdf", width = 7, height = 8)
```

```
# Sanity Plots with Abundance
sanity_ps <- subset_taxa(ps_deseq, taxa_names(ps_deseq) %in% int)
sanity <- psmelt(sanity_ps)

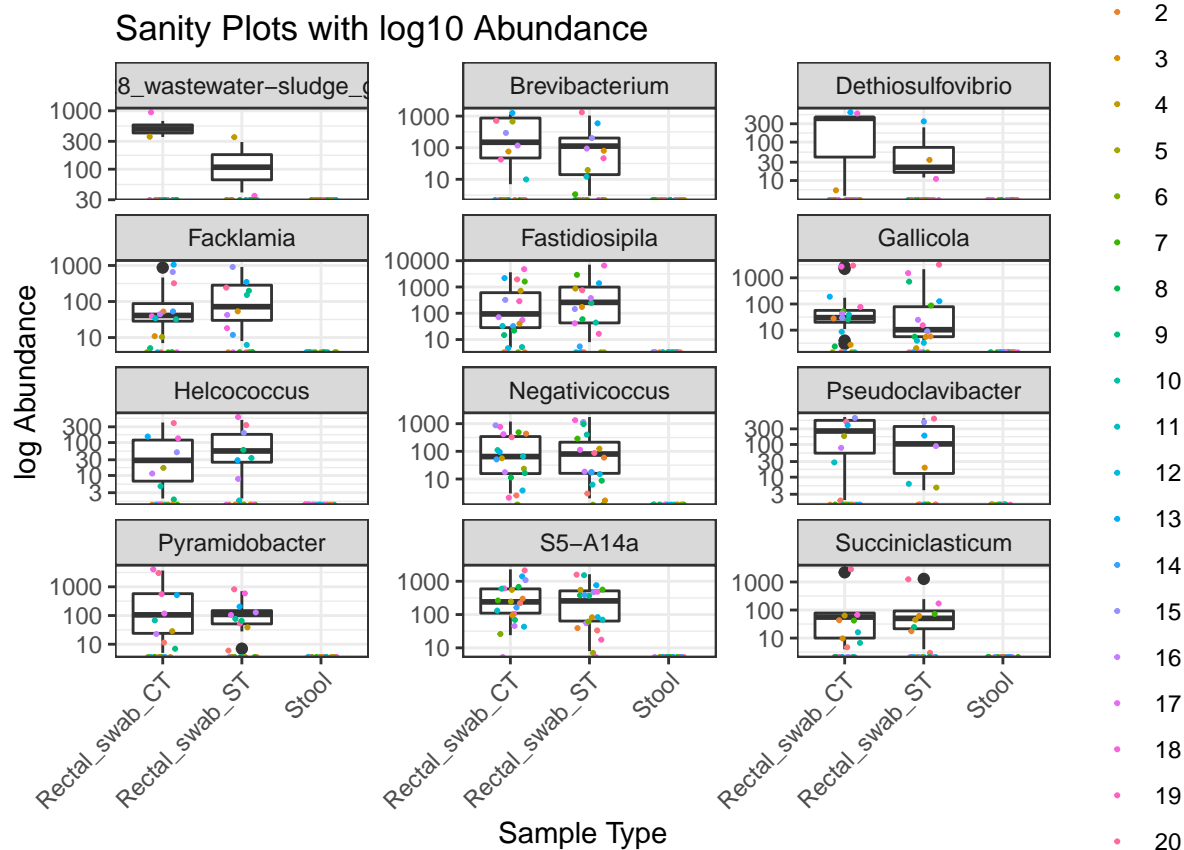
ggplot(sanity, aes(Sample_type, Abundance)) +
```

```
geom_boxplot() + geom_jitter(width = 0.2, height = 0.2, size = 0.4, aes(color = Individual)) +
facet_wrap(~Genus, scales = "free_y", nrow = 4) +
scale_y_log10() +
labs(x = "Sample Type",
     y = "log Abundance",
     title = "Sanity Plots with log10 Abundance") +
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45, hjust = 1))
```

```
## Warning: Transformation introduced infinite values in continuous y-axis
```

```
## Warning: Transformation introduced infinite values in continuous y-axis
```

```
## Warning: Removed 474 rows containing non-finite values (stat_boxplot).
```



```
ggsave("../Results/S5)Sanity_logAbundance_plots.pdf", width = 7, height = 8)
```

```
## Warning: Transformation introduced infinite values in continuous y-axis
```

```
## Warning: Transformation introduced infinite values in continuous y-axis
```

```
## Warning: Removed 474 rows containing non-finite values (stat_boxplot).
```

## Session Info

```
sessionInfo()
```

```
## R version 4.0.3 (2020-10-10)
```

```
## Platform: x86_64-apple-darwin17.0 (64-bit)
```

```

## Running under: macOS Catalina 10.15.7
##
## Matrix products: default
## BLAS:   /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/4.0/Resources/lib/libRblas.dylib
## LAPACK: /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/4.0/Resources/lib/libRlapack.dylib
##
## locale:
## [1] en_NZ.UTF-8/en_NZ.UTF-8/en_NZ.UTF-8/C/en_NZ.UTF-8/en_NZ.UTF-8
##
## attached base packages:
## [1] parallel stats4      stats      graphics  grDevices  utils      datasets
## [8] methods    base
##
## other attached packages:
## [1] patchwork_1.1.1      DESeq2_1.30.1
## [3] SummarizedExperiment_1.20.0 Biobase_2.50.0
## [5] MatrixGenerics_1.2.1    matrixStats_0.58.0
## [7] GenomicRanges_1.42.0    GenomeInfoDb_1.26.2
## [9] IRanges_2.24.1          S4Vectors_0.28.1
## [11] BiocGenerics_0.36.0     ggpubr_0.4.0
## [13] ggplot2_3.3.3           phyloseq_1.34.0
## [15] dplyr_1.0.5             vegan_2.5-7
## [17] permute_0.9-5           Rmisc_1.5
## [19] plyr_1.8.6              lattice_0.20-41
## [21] RColorBrewer_1.1-2
##
## loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
## [1] colorspace_2.0-0      ggsignif_0.6.1      ellipsis_0.3.1
## [4] rio_0.5.26            XVector_0.30.0      farver_2.1.0
## [7] bit64_4.0.5           AnnotationDbi_1.52.0 fansi_0.4.2
## [10] codetools_0.2-18      splines_4.0.3        cachem_1.0.4
## [13] geneplotter_1.68.0    knitr_1.31           ade4_1.7-16
## [16] jsonlite_1.7.2        broom_0.7.5          annotate_1.68.0
## [19] cluster_2.1.1         compiler_4.0.3        httr_1.4.2
## [22] backports_1.2.1       fastmap_1.1.0        assertthat_0.2.1
## [25] Matrix_1.3-2          htmltools_0.5.1.1    prettyunits_1.1.1
## [28] tools_4.0.3           igraph_1.2.6         gtable_0.3.0
## [31] glue_1.4.2            GenomeInfoDbData_1.2.4 reshape2_1.4.4
## [34] Rcpp_1.0.6            carData_3.0-4         cellranger_1.1.0
## [37] vctrs_0.3.6           Biostrings_2.58.0     rhdf5filters_1.2.0
## [40] multtest_2.46.0       ape_5.4-1            nlme_3.1-152
## [43] iterators_1.0.13      xfun_0.21            stringr_1.4.0
## [46] openxlsx_4.2.3        lifecycle_1.0.0      rstatix_0.7.0
## [49] XML_3.99-0.5          zlibbioc_1.36.0      MASS_7.3-53.1
## [52] scales_1.1.1          hms_1.0.0            biomformat_1.18.0
## [55] rhdf5_2.34.0          yaml_2.2.1           curl_4.3
## [58] gridExtra_2.3         memoise_2.0.0         stringi_1.5.3
## [61] RSQLite_2.2.3         highr_0.8             genefilter_1.72.1
## [64] foreach_1.5.1         zip_2.1.1            BiocParallel_1.24.1
## [67] rlang_0.4.10          pkgconfig_2.0.3       bitops_1.0-6
## [70] evaluate_0.14         purrr_0.3.4          Rhdf5lib_1.12.1
## [73] labeling_0.4.2        cowplot_1.1.1        bit_4.0.4
## [76] tidyselect_1.1.0      magrittr_2.0.1       R6_2.5.0
## [79] generics_0.1.0        DelayedArray_0.16.2   DBI_1.1.1

```

## [82] pillar_1.5.1	haven_2.3.1	foreign_0.8-81
## [85] withr_2.4.1	mgcv_1.8-34	survival_3.2-7
## [88] abind_1.4-5	RCurl_1.98-1.2	tibble_3.1.0
## [91] crayon_1.4.1	car_3.0-10	utf8_1.1.4
## [94] rmarkdown_2.7	progress_1.2.2	locfit_1.5-9.4
## [97] grid_4.0.3	readxl_1.3.1	data.table_1.14.0
## [100] blob_1.2.1	forcats_0.5.1	digest_0.6.27
## [103] xtable_1.8-4	tidyr_1.1.3	munsell_0.5.0