# European values and civic engagement

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# What is civic engagement?

Explain the two:

CIVIC

**ENGAGEMENT** 

### Defining civic engagement

• Civic engagement means working to make a difference in the civic life of our communities and developing the combination of knowledge, skills, values and motivation to make that difference. It means promoting the quality of life in a community, through both political and non-political processes.

## How one can civically engage?

- Attending or organizing a protest
- Writing to a member of Parliament or a newspaper
- Reading the news and discussing it with others
- Voting
- Volunteering for the community
- Helping socially and economically vulnarable *More?*

#### FOUR CONSTRUCTS OF CIVIC ENGAGEMENT

#### Civic Engagement

Working to make a difference in the civic life of one's community. Civic Action
Civic Commitment or Duty
Civic Skills
Social Cohesion

- Civic Action, or participation in activities such as volunteering or service-learning to help better the community (Bobek, Zaff, Li, & Lerner, 2009)
- Civic Commitment or Duty, or the willingness to make positive contributions to society
- Civic Skills, or the ability to be involved in civil society, politics, and democracy
- Social Cohesion, or a sense of reciprocity, trust, and bonding to others

# A good citizen, who is s/he?

#### THERE ARE THREE KINDS OF CITIZEN:

First: Personally Responsible Citizen

Acts responsibly in his/her community. Works, pays taxes Obeys laws Recycles, gives blood. Volunteers to lend a hand in times of crisis.

Sample Action: Contributes food to a food drive

Core Assumption: To solve social problems and improve society, citizens must have good character; they must be honest, responsible, and law-abiding members of the community.

#### THERE ARE THREE KINDS OF CITIZEN:

Second: Participatory Citizen

Active member of community organizations and/or improvement efforts. Organizes community efforts to care for those in need, promote economic development, or clean up the environment. Knows how government agencies work. Knows strategies for accomplishing collective tasks.

Sample Action: Helps to organize food drive.

**Core Assumption:** To solve social problems and improve society, citizens must actively participate and take leadership positions within established systems and community structures.

#### THERE ARE THREE KINDS OF CITIZEN:

**Third: Justice-Oriented Citizen** 

Critically assesses social, political, and economic structures to see beyond surface outcomes. Seeks out and addresses areas of injustice. Knows about social movements and how to effect systemic change.

Sample Action: Explores why people are hungry and acts to solve root causes.

**Core Assumptions:** To solve social problems and improve society, citizens must question and change established systems and structures when they reproduce patterns of injustice over time.

Table 1 Kinds of Citizens

Personally Responsible Citizen		Participatory Citizen	Justice-oriented Citizen
DESCRIPTION	Acts responsibly in his/her community	Active member of community organ- izations and/or improvement efforts	Critically assesses social, political, and economic structures to see beyond surface causes
	Works and pays taxes Obeys laws	Organizes community efforts to care for those in need, promote economic development, or clean up environment	Seeks out and addresses areas of injustice
	Recycles, gives blood	Knows how government agencies work	Knows about social movements and how to effect systemic change
	Volunteers to lend a hand in times of crisis	Knows strategies for accomplishing collective tasks	
SAMPLE	Contributes food to a food drive	Helps to organize a food drive	Explores why people are hungry and acts to solve root causes
CORE	To solve social problems and improve society, citizens must have good character; they must be honest, responsible, and lawabiding members of the community	To solve social problems and improve society, citizens must actively participate and take leadership positions within established systems and community structures	To solve social problems and improve society, citizens must question and change established systems and structures when they reproduce patterns of injustice over time

#### European values and civic engagement

- Human dignity
- Freedom
- Equality (and diversity)
- Solidarity (and cooperation)
- Citizen's rights (democracy)
- Justice (and the rule of law)

Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union

#### Westheimer and Kahne, 2004

- Personally Responsible Citizen
- Participatory Citizen
- Justice-oriented Citizen

#### Hoskins, 2018

- Liberal democratic and neoliberal market global citizen
- Civic republican citizen
- Global citizen and critical citizen