## **Creating Large Dataset for Model Training**

This s comprised of momentum indicators of several handpicked stocks that I think represent a good space in the U.S.A market, indecies that the U.S.A market depend on, and commodities that the U.S.A depends on.

```
In [1]: ### Importing Needed Packages
import pandas as pd
import yfinance as yf
import pandas_ta as ta

In [2]: ### Function SPace

# This on will append all needed momentum indicators to the dataframe provided
def momentum_indicators(df):
    df.ta.rsi(append=True)
    df.ta.macd(append=True)
```

```
df.ta.macd(append=True)
            df.ta.roc(append=True)
            df.ta.willr(append=True)
            df.ta.stochrsi(append=True)
            df.ta.inertia(append=True)
            df.ta.dm(append=True)
            return df
# This on willl add the indicators from the above function and then remove the ur
def add indicators(data):
            for key in data.keys():
                         data[key] = momentum_indicators(data[key])
                         drops = ["Adj Close", "High", "Open", "Low", "Close", "Volume"]
                          data[key].drop(columns=drops, inplace=True)
             return data
# This one will create the target data from the S&P500 index
def make target(SP500, ema len=30):
            SP500.ta.ema(length = 30, append=True)
            SP500["EMA 30 FT"] = SP500.EMA 30.shift(periods=-30)
            SP500["Diff"] = (SP500.EMA_30_FT - SP500.EMA_30)
            SP500["Diff ratio"] = SP500.Diff / SP500.EMA 30
            SP500["Diff shift"] = SP500.Diff ratio.shift(periods=-30)
            SP500["Target"] = SP500.Diff shift.apply(lambda x: -1 if x < -0.01 else (1 if x) = -0.
            return SP500.Target
```

## **Downloading Data**

Packages and Functions are loaded and now to grab the data. The code below will download all the **ticker** symbols using a yahoo fiance scraper called yfinance. Its a great package to have. I highly recommend it. The data will come in a as dataframe with columns for Open, High, Low, Close, Volume, and Adjusted Close. My code will the pandas dataframes into a dictionary for storage.

```
In [3]: | data = {}
     tickers = {}
     tickers["company_tickers"] = ["JNJ", "PFE", "PG", "MSFT", "AMZN", "CVX", "XOM",
     tickers["index_tickers"] = ["^GSPC", "^IXIC", "^DJI", "000001.SS", "^N225"]
     tickers["commodities_tickers"] = ["CL=F", "HG=F", "GC=F", "SI=F", "RB=F", "NG=F"]
     print(f"Loading Companies")
     for company in tickers["company_tickers"]:
       data[company] = yf.download(company, start="2000-01-01", end="2021-11-30", ir
     print(f"Loading Indecies")
     for index in tickers["index_tickers"]:
       data[index] = yf.download(index, start="2000-01-01", end="2021-11-30", inter
     print(f"Loading Commodities Futures")
     for commodity in tickers["commodities_tickers"]:
       data[commodity] = yf.download(commodity, start="2000-01-01", end="2021-11-30")
     Loading Companies
     [******************100%**************
                                      1 of 1 completed
     [*****************100%**************
                                      1 of 1 completed
     1 of 1 completed
      ******** 1 of 1 completed
     ********** 100%********* 1 of 1 completed
     [********* 1 of 1 completed
     ******** 1 of 1 completed
      ******** 1 of 1 completed
     [********* 100%*********** 1 of 1 completed
     Loading Indecies
     1 of 1 completed
     1 of 1 completed
     <sup>·</sup>********* 1 of 1 completed
     ******** 100%************ 1 of 1 completed
```

The Data is downloaded now we need the indicators!

## **Creating the Dataset**

Adding the indicators

```
In [4]: data = add_indicators(data)
```

Gluing together all the dataframes created.

```
In [5]: dataframe = pd.concat([data[key] for key in data.keys()], axis=1)
          dataframe.shape
 Out[5]: (5699, 253)
          Downloading the Target Data!
 In [6]: | SPY = yf.download("^GSPC", start="2000-01-01", end="2021-11-30", interval="1D")
          [********* 100%********** 1 of 1 completed
          Making the Target column
 In [7]: | target = make_target(SPY)
 In [8]: target.shape
 Out[8]: (5513,)
          Appending the Target Column!
          dataframe = pd.concat([dataframe, target], axis=1)
 In [9]:
          dataframe.dropna(axis=0, inplace=True)
          dataframe.shape
Out[9]: (4620, 254)
In [10]: dataframe.head(5)
Out[10]:
                   RSI_14 MACD_12_26_9 MACDh_12_26_9 MACDs_12_26_9
                                                                          ROC_10 WILLR_14 STOCI
           Date
           2001-
                 47.930677
                                0.196231
                                               -0.312678
                                                               0.508910
                                                                         -3.017241 -69.364162
           01-09
           2001-
                 41.186181
                                0.035816
                                               -0.378475
                                                               0.414291
                                                                         -6.349206 -93.063584
           01-10
           2001-
                 34.228196
                                -0.227382
                                               -0.513338
                                                               0.285957 -10.254854 -98.181818
           01-11
           2001-
                 40.877630
                                -0.346242
                                               -0.505759
                                                               0.159517
                                                                         -9.725537 -82.727273
           01-12
           2001-
                 40.107042
                                -0.450377
                                               -0.487915
                                                               0.037538 -10.350982 -85.454545
           01-16
          5 rows × 254 columns
          This is the Data! Now I'll save it as a csv file.
In [11]: dataframe.to csv(r"data/momentum market data.csv")
```