

Composing Components



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Official Vue.js Newsletter and News Portal

Composing Components?



Vue-multiselect

(2.1.3)

The most complete selecting solution for **Vue.js**

Stars 4k

license MIT

downloads 136k/m

dependencies none

Pick badges

- Single / multiple select
- Dropdowns
- **Searchable**
- **Tagging**
- Server-side Rendering support
- **Vuex support by default**
- **Ajax support**
- **Fully configurable**
- +99% test coverage
- No dependencies



View on GitHub

Getting started & examples

Experiment!

1. *Create a button component that can display text specified in the parent component*



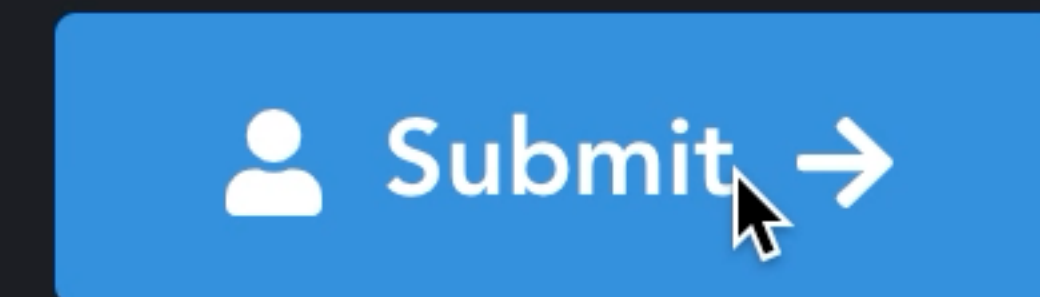
2. *Allow the button to display an icon of choice on the right side of the text*



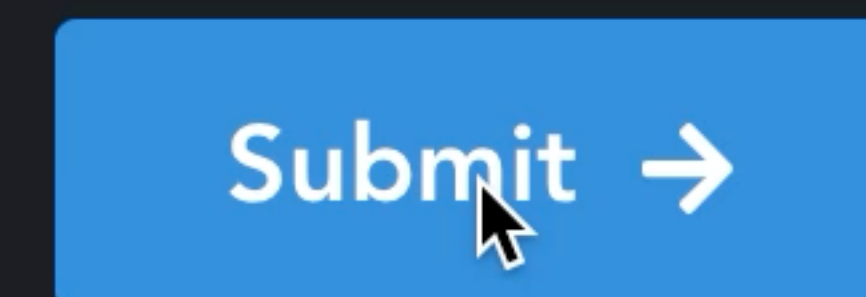
3. *Make it possible to have icons on either side or even both sides*



4. *Make it possible to replace the content with a loading spinner*



5. *Make it possible to replace an icon with a loading spinner*



Done!

Popular solution

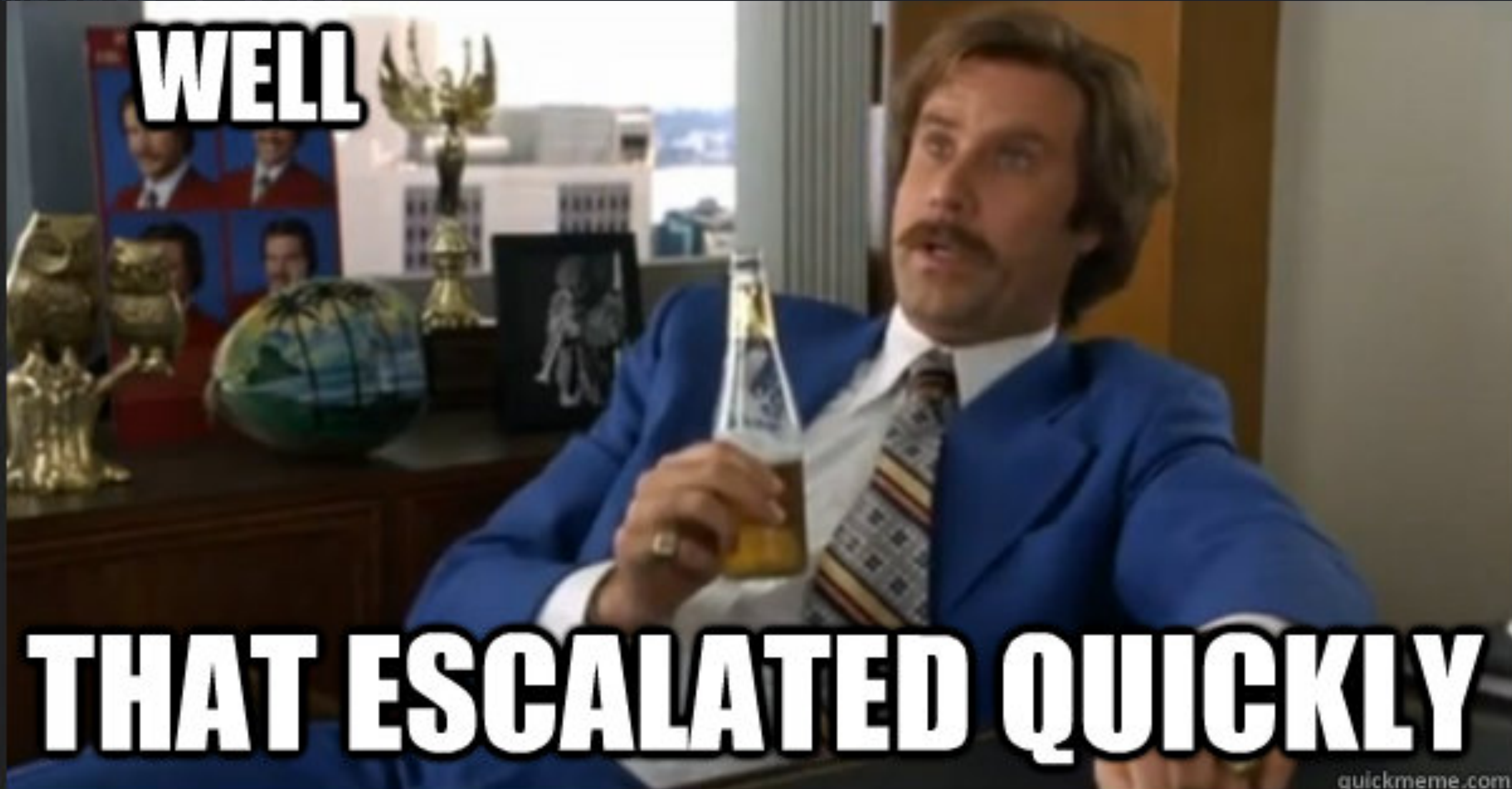

```
<template>
  <button type="button" class="nice-button">
    {{ text }}
  </button>
</template>
```

```
<script>
export default {
  props: ['text']
}
</script>
```

```
<template>
  <button type="button" class="nice-button">
    <PulseLoader v-if="isLoading" color="#fff" size="12px">
    <template v-else>
      <template v-if="iconLeftName">
        <PulseLoader v-if="isLoadingLeft" color="#fff" size="6px">
        <AppIcon v-else :icon="iconLeftName"/>
      </template>
      {{ text }}
      <template v-if="iconRightName">
        <PulseLoader v-if="isLoadingRight" color="#fff" size="6px">
        <AppIcon v-else :icon="iconRightName"/>
      </template>
    </template>
  </button>
</template>

<script>
export default {
  props: ['text', 'iconLeftName', 'iconRightName', 'isLoading',
    'isLoadingLeft', 'isLoadingRight']
}
</script>
```

```
<template>
  <button type="button" class="nice-button">
    <PulseLoader v-if="isLoading" color="#fff" size="12px">
    <template v-else>
```



```
</t
</but
</templ

<script
export
  props: ['text', 'iconLeftName', 'iconRightName', 'isLoading',
'isLoadingLeft', 'isLoadingRight']
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</script>
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```
<template>
  <button type="button" class="nice-button">
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      <template v-if="iconLeftName">
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        <AppIcon v-else :icon="iconLeftName"/>
      </template>
      {{ text }}
      <template v-if="iconRightName">
        <PulseLoader v-if="isLoadingRight" color="#fff" size="6px">
        <AppIcon v-else :icon="iconRightName"/>
      </template>
    </template>
  </button>
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<script>
export default {
  props: ['text', 'iconLeftName', 'iconRightName', 'isLoading',
'isLoadingLeft', 'isLoadingRight']
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```

Let's call it the **props-based** solution

props-based solution

Is it wrong?

props-based solution

Is it wrong?

No.

It does the job.

props-based solution

Is it good, then?

props-based solution

Is it good, then?

Not exactly.

props-based solution

Problems

props-based solution

Problems

- New requirements increase complexity
- Multiple responsibilities
- Lots of conditionals in the template
- Low flexibility
- Hard to maintain

What about this solution?

What about this solution?

```
<template>  
  <button type="button" class="nice-button">  
    <slot/>  
  </button>  
</template>
```

What about this solution?

```
<template>  
  <button type="button" class="nice-button">  
    <slot/>  
  </button>  
</template>
```

Covers all 5 requirements

```
<template>
  <button type="button" class="nice-button">
    <slot/>
  </button>
</template>
```

Usage:

```
<AppButton>
  Submit
  <PulseLoader v-if="isLoading" color="#fff" size="6px"/>
  <AppIcon v-else icon="arrow-right"/>
</AppButton>
```

Live coding time!

Other use cases

"Provider" components

"Provider" components

```
<ApolloQuery
  :query="require( '../graphql/HelloWorld.gql' )"
  :variables="{ name }"
>
  <template slot-scope="{ result: { loading, error, data } }">
    <!-- Loading -->
    <div v-if="loading" class="loading apollo">Loading...</div>
    <!-- Error -->
    <div v-else-if="error" class="error apollo">An error occurred</div>
    <!-- Result -->
    <div v-else-if="data" class="result apollo">{{ data.hello }}</div>
```

"Provider" components

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  :query="require( '../graphql/HelloWorld.gql' )"
  :variables="{ name }"
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  <template slot-scope="{ result: { loading, error, data } }">
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"Provider" components

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<ApolloQuery
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```

"Composition over inheritance"

“Composition over inheritance”

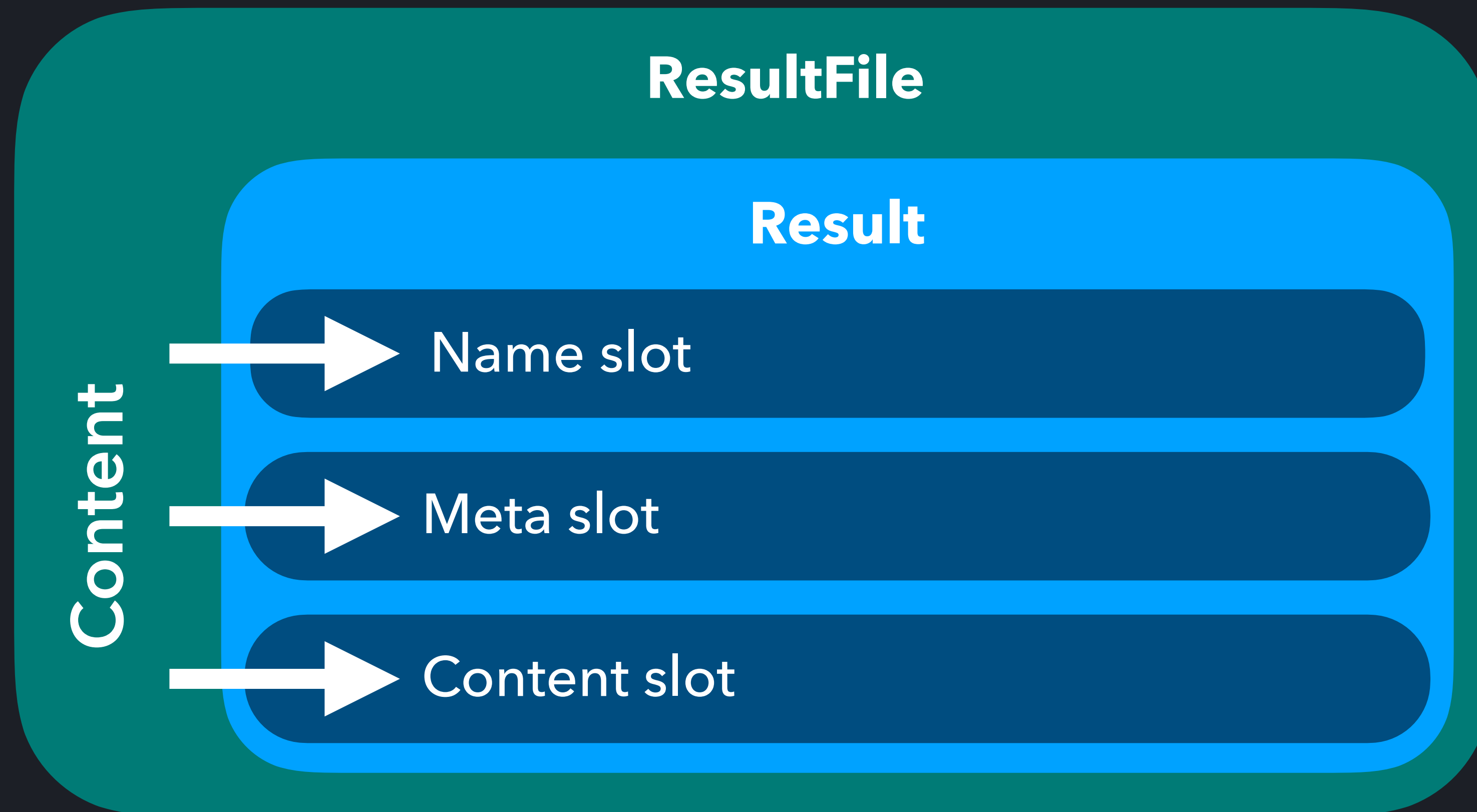
Result

Name slot

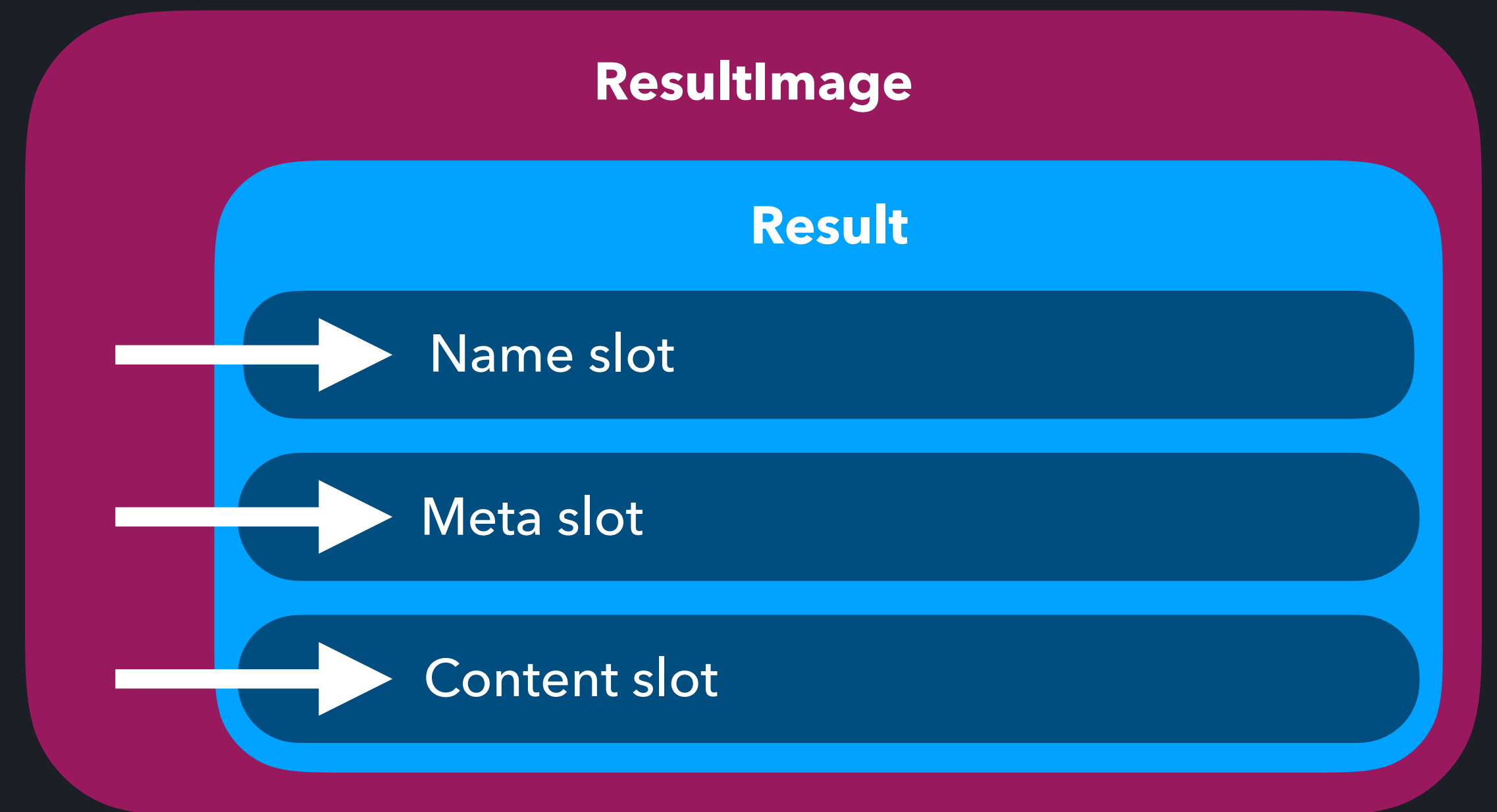
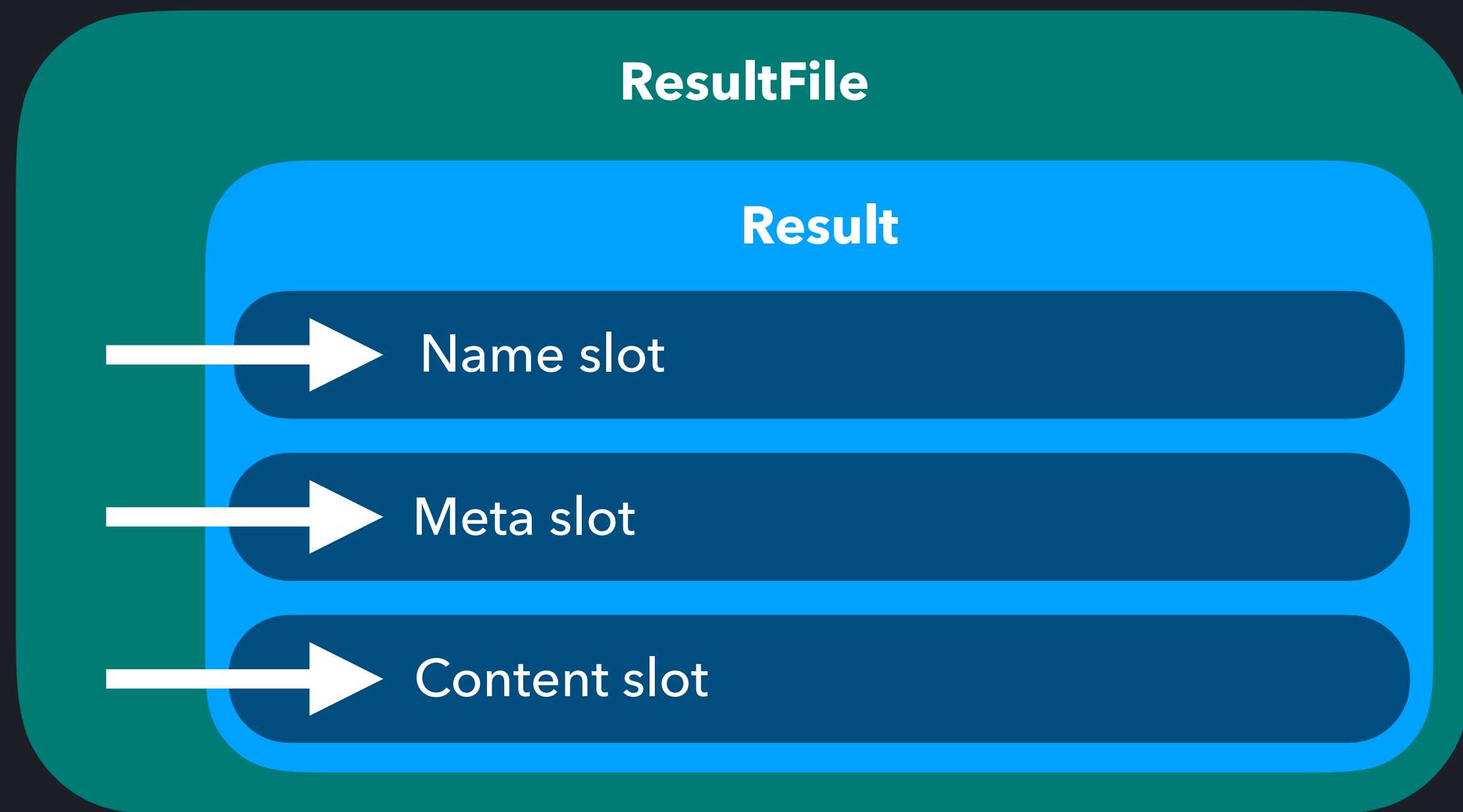
Meta slot

Content slot

"Composition over inheritance"



"Composition over inheritance"



Composition > Configuration

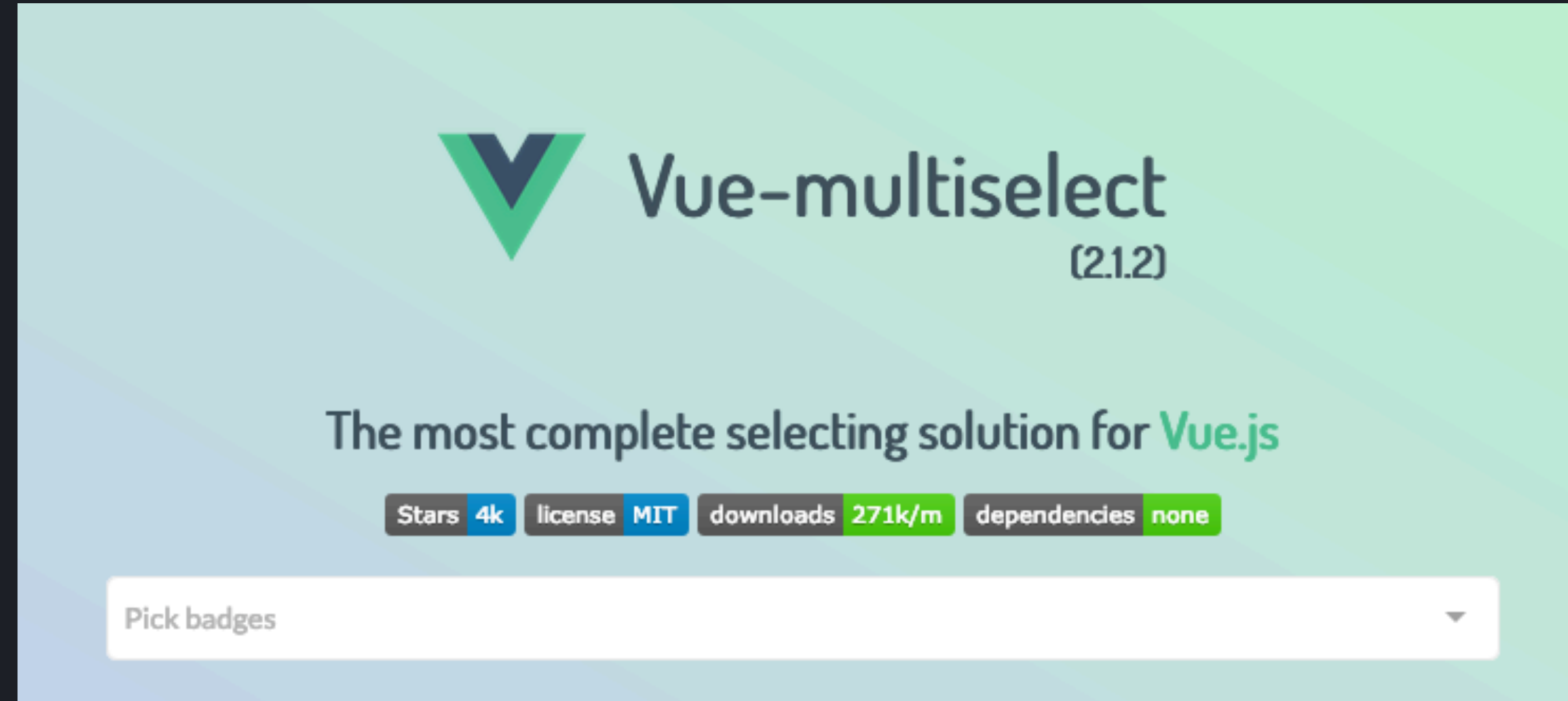
Should you always use **composition**
to build components?

Should you always use **composition**
to build components ?

No.

Often **props-based** solutions are
good enough

Just don't get stuck, ok?



40+ available props
~140 LoC inside <template>



What about **Mixins**?

It's used for composition, right?

What about **Mixins**?

- Hard to separate concerns / leaking concerns
- No way to share fragments of a template
- Possible conflicts, hidden properties
- Not scalable long term

Future?



Hooks

<https://css-tricks.com/what-hooks-mean-for-vue/>

Sarah Drasner

Keep the things **simple.**

Keep the things **simple**.
Slots help with that.

Keep the things **simple**.

Slots help with that.

Refactor often.

Bonus!

Slots changes in **Vue** v2.6

What's new in v2.6

Unified `v-slot` directive

```
<base-layout>
  <template slot="header">
    <h1>Here might be a page title</h1>
  </template>

  <p>Main content.</p>
  <p>And another one.</p>

  <template slot="footer">
    <p>Here's some contact info</p>
  </template>
</base-layout>
```

```
<base-layout>
  <template v-slot:header>
    <h1>Here might be a page title</h1>
  </template>

  <p>Main content.</p>
  <p>And another one.</p>

  <template v-slot:footer>
    <p>Here's some contact info</p>
  </template>
</base-layout>
```

What's new in v2.6

Unified `v-slot` directive

The diagram illustrates the migration of Vue.js slot syntax from version 2.5 to 2.6. It consists of two columns of code, with white arrows pointing from the old syntax to the new syntax.

Left Column (Old Syntax):

```
<base-layout>
  <template slot="header">
    <h1>Here might be a page title</h1>
  </template>

  <p>Main content.</p>
  <p>And another one.</p>

  <template slot="footer">
    <p>Here's some contact info</p>
  </template>
</base-layout>
```

Right Column (New Syntax):

```
<base-layout>
  <template v-slot:header>
    <h1>Here might be a page title</h1>
  </template>

  <p>Main content.</p>
  <p>And another one.</p>

  <template v-slot:footer>
    <p>Here's some contact info</p>
  </template>
</base-layout>
```

White arrows point from `slot="header"` to `v-slot:header` and from `slot="footer"` to `v-slot:footer`.

What's new in v2.6

Unified `v-slot` directive

```
<todo-list :todos="todos">
  <template slot="todo" slot-scope="{ todo }">
    {{ todo.text }}
  </template>
</todo-list>
```

```
<todo-list :todos="todos">
  <template v-slot:todo="{ todo }">
    {{ todo.text }}
  </template>
</todo-list>
```

What's new in v2.6

Unified `v-slot` directive

```
<todo-list :todos="todos">
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```



```
<todo-list :todos="todos">
  <template v-slot:todo="{ todo }">
    {{ todo.text }}
  </template>
</todo-list>
```

What's new in v2.6

`v-slot` directive shorthand

```
<todo-list :todos="todos">  
  <template v-slot:todo="{ todo }">  
    {{ todo.text }}  
  </template>  
</todo-list>
```

```
<todo-list :todos="todos">  
  <template #todo="{ todo }">  
    {{ todo.text }}  
  </template>  
</todo-list>
```

What's new in v2.6

`v-slot` directive shorthand

```
<todo-list :todos="todos">
  <template v-slot:todo="{ todo }">
    {{ todo.text }}
  </template>
</todo-list>
```



```
<todo-list :todos="todos">
  <template #todo="{ todo }">
    {{ todo.text }}
  </template>
</todo-list>
```

What's new in v2.6

Dynamic Slot Names

```
<base-layout>  
  <template v-slot:[dynamicSlotName]>  
    ...  
  </template>  
</base-layout>
```

Demo

Thank you!

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Questions?

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