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RO3075

345.0 MHz **SAW** Resonator



# · Ideal for 345.0 MHz Transmitters

- · Very Low Series Resistance
- **Quartz Stability**
- · Rugged, Hermetic, TO39-3 Package

The RO3075 is a true one-port, surface-acoustic-wave (SAW) resonator in TO39-3 case. It provides reliable, fundamental-mode, quartz frequency stabilization of fixed-frequency transmitters operating at 345.0 MHz.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

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Rating	Value	Units				
CW RF Power Dissipation	+5	dBm				
DC Voltage Between Any Two Pins (Observe ESD Precautions)	±30	VDC				
Case Temperature	-40 to +85	°C				
Soldering Temperature (10 seconds / 5 cycles max.)	260	°C				

### **Electrical Characteristics**

Characteristic		Sym	Notes	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Center Frequency at +25 °C	Absolute Frequency	f <sub>C</sub>	2 2 4 5	344.930		345.070	MHz
	Tolerance from 345.0 MHz	$\Delta f_{C}$	2, 3, 4, 5		±70	±100	kHz
Insertion Loss		IL	2, 5, 6		0.9	1.8	dB
Quality Factor	Unloaded Q	$Q_U$	F 0 7		7900		
	50 $Ω$ Loaded $Q$	$Q_L$	5, 6, 7		750		
Temperature Stability	Turnover Temperature	T <sub>O</sub>	6, 7, 8	10	25	40	°C
	Turnover Frequency	f <sub>O</sub>			f <sub>C</sub> -5		kHz
	Frequency Temperature Coefficient	FTC			0.037		ppm/°C <sup>2</sup>
Frequency Aging	Absolute Value during the First Year	fA	1		≤10		ppm/yr
DC Insulation Resistance between Any Two Terminals			5	1.0			MΩ
RF Equivalent RLC Model	Motional Resistance	R <sub>M</sub>			10.5		Ω
	Motional Inductance	L <sub>M</sub>	5, 7, 9		38		μH
	Motional Capacitance	C <sub>M</sub>			5.6		fF
	Pin 1 to Pin 2 Static Capacitance	Co	5, 6, 9		4.2		pF
	Transducer Static Capacitance	C <sub>P</sub>	5, 6, 7, 9		4.0		pF
Test Fixture Shunt Inductance		L <sub>TEST</sub>	2, 7		50.7		nH
Lid Symbolization		RFM / 3075					

CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling.

# NOTES:

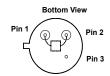
- Lifetime (10 year) frequency aging.
- The center frequency, f<sub>C</sub>, is measured at the minimum insertion loss point, IL<sub>MIN</sub>, with the resonator in the 50  $\Omega$  test system (VSWR  $\leq$ 1.2:1). The shunt inductance, L<sub>TEST</sub>, is tuned for parallel resonance with CO at fC.
- One or more of the following United States patents apply: 4,454,488 and 4,616,197.
- Typically, equipment utilizing this device requires emissions testing and government approval, which is the responsibility of the equipment
- Unless noted otherwise, case temperature  $T_C = +25^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C$ .
- The design, manufacturing process, and specifications of this device are subject to change without notice.
- Derived mathematically from one or more of the following directly measured parameters: f<sub>C</sub>, IL, 3 dB bandwidth, f<sub>C</sub> versus T<sub>C</sub>, and C<sub>O</sub>. Turnover temperature, T<sub>O</sub>, is the temperature of maximum (or
- turnover) frequency, f<sub>O</sub>. The nominal frequency at any case
- temperature,  $T_C$ , may be calculated from:  $f = f_C [1 FTC (T_C T_C)^2]$ . This equivalent RLC model approximates resonator performance near the resonant frequency and is provided for reference only. The capacitance  ${\sf C}_{\sf O}$  is the static (nonmotional) capacitance between the two terminals measured at low frequency (10 MHz) with a capacitance meter. The measurement includes parasitic capacitance with a floating case. Case parasitic capacitance is approximately 0.25pF. Transducer parallel capacitance can be calculated as:  $C_P \approx C_O$  -0.25pF.

# Discontinued

# **Electrical Connections**

This one-port, two-terminal SAW resonator is bidirectional. The terminals are interchangeable with the exception of circuit board layout.

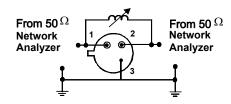
Pin	Connection
1	Terminal 1
2	Terminal 2
3	Case Ground



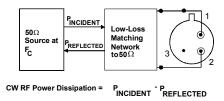
# **Typical Test Circuit**

The test circuit inductor,  $\rm L_{TEST}$ , is tuned to resonate with the static capacitance,  $\rm C_O$  at  $\rm F_C$ .

### **Electrical Test:**

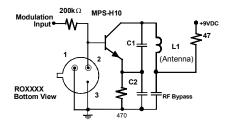


#### **Power Test:**

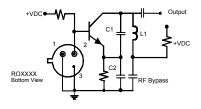


# **Typical Application Circuits**

#### Typical Low-Power Transmitter Application:

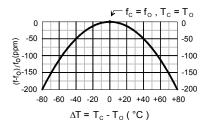


## **Typical Local Oscillator Application:**



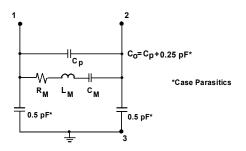
# **Temperature Characteristics**

The curve shown on the right accounts for resonator contribution only and does not include oscillator temperature characteristics.

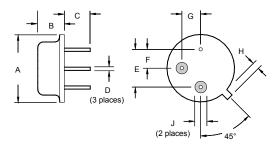


# **Equivalent LC Model**

The following equivalent LC model is valid near resonance:



# Case Design



Dimensions	Millim	neters	Inches		
Dinicisions	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Α		9.30		0.366	
В		3.18		0.125	
С	2.50	3.50	0.098	0.138	
D	0.46 Nominal		0.018 Nominal		
E	5.08 Nominal		0.200 Nominal		
F	2.54 Nominal		0.100 Nominal		
G	2.54 Nominal		0.100 Nominal		
Н		1.02		0.040	
J	1.40		0.055		