

RoHS Compliance
This component is compliant with RoHS directive.
This component was always
RoHS compliant from the first date of manufacture.

- Ideal for 318 MHz Automotive-Keyless-Entry Transmitters
- · Very Low Series Resistance
- Quartz Stability

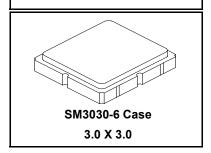
The RO3118E-1 is a true one-port, surface-acoustic-wave (SAW) resonator in a surface-mount, ceramic case. It provides reliable, fundamental-mode, quartz frequency stabilization of local oscillators operating at approximately 318 MHz.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Rating	Value	Units
Input Power Level	0	dBm
DC Voltage	12	VDC
Storage Temperature Range	-40 to +125	°C
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +105	°C
Soldering Temperature (10 seconds / 5 cycles max.)	260	°C

RO3118E-1

318.0 MHz SAW Resonator



Characteristic		Sym	Notes	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Frequency (+25 °C)	Absolute Frequency	f _C	2, 3, 4, 5	317.950		318.050	MHz
	Tolerance from 315.0 MHz	Δf_{C}				±50	kHz
Insertion Loss		IL	2, 5, 6		1.6	2.2	dB
Quality Factor	Unloaded Q	Q _U			9000		
	50W Loaded Q	Q_L			1500		
Temperature Stability	Turnover Temperature	T _O	6, 7, 8	10	25	40	°C
	Turnover Frequency	f _O			f _C		
	Frequency Temperature Coefficient	FTC			0.032		ppm/°C ²
Frequency Aging	Absolute Value during the First Year	f _A	1, 6		10		ppm/yr
DC Insulation Resistance between Any Two Terminals			5	1.0			MΩ
RF Equivalent RLC Model	Motional Resistance	R_{M}	5, 7, 9		21		Ω
	Motional Inductance	L _M			93		μH
	Motional Capacitance	C _M			2.7		fF
	Shunt Static Capacitance	C _O	5, 6, 9		2.8		pF
Test Fixture Shunt Inductance		L _{TEST}	2, 7		89		nH
Lid Symbolization		765 // YWWS					
StandardReelQuantity	Reel Size 7 Inch		10	500 Pieces / Reel			
	Reel Size 13 Inch			3000 Pieces / Reel			

CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling. Notes:

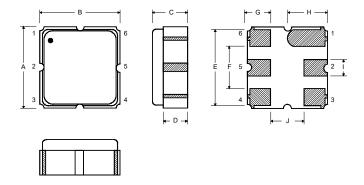
- Frequency aging is the change in f_C with time and is specified at +65°C or less.
 Aging may exceed the specification for prolonged temperatures above +65°C.
 Typically, aging is greatest the first year after manufacture, decreasing in subsequent years.
- 2. The center frequency, f_C , is measured at the minimum insertion loss point, IL_{MIN} , with the resonator in the 50 Ω test system (VSWR \leq 1.2:1). The shunt inductance, L_{TEST} , is tuned for parallel resonance with C_O at f_C . Typically, $f_{OSCILLATOR}$ or $f_{TRANSMITTER}$ is approximately equal to the resonator f_C .
- One or more of the following United States patents apply: 4,454,488 and 4,616,197.
- Typically, equipment utilizing this device requires emissions testing and government approval, which is the responsibility of the equipment manufacturer.
- Unless noted otherwise, case temperature T_C = +25°C±2°C.
- The design, manufacturing process, and specifications of this device are subject to change without notice.

- Derived mathematically from one or more of the following directly measured parameters: f_C, IL, 3 dB bandwidth, f_C versus T_C, and C_O.
- Turnover temperature, T_O, is the temperature of maximum (or turnover) frequency, f_O. The nominal frequency at any case temperature, T_C, may be calculated from: f = f_O [1 FTC (T_O -T_C)²]. Typically *oscillator* T_O is approximately equal to the specified *resonator* T_O.
- 9. This equivalent RLC model approximates resonator performance near the resonant frequency and is provided for reference only. The capacitance C_O is the static (nonmotional) capacitance between the two terminals measured at low frequency (10 MHz) with a capacitance meter. The measurement includes parasitic capacitance with "NC" pads unconnected. Case parasitic capacitance is approximately 0.05 pF. Transducer parallel capacitance can by calculated as: $C_P \approx C_O$ 0.05 pF.
- 10. Tape and Reel Standard Per ANSI / EIA 481.

Electrical Connections

The SAW resonator is bidirectional and may be installed with either orientation. The two terminals are interchangeable and unnumbered. The callout NC indicates no internal connection. The NC pads assist with mechanical positioning and stability. External grounding of the NC pads is recommended to help reduce parasitic capacitance in the circuit.

Pin	Connection			
1	NC			
2	Terminal			
3	NC			
4	NC			
5	Terminal			
6	NC			



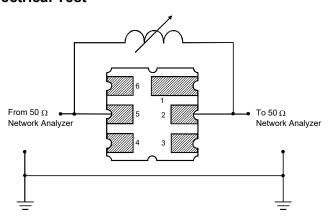
Case Dimensions

Dimension	mm			Inches			
	Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
Α	2.87	3.0	3.13	0.113	0.118	0.123	
В	2.87	3.0	3.13	0.113	0.118	0.123	
С	1.12	1.25	1.38	0.044	0.049	0.054	
D	0.77	0.90	1.03	0.030	0.035	0.040	
E	2.67	2.80	2.93	0.105	0.110	0.115	
F	1.47	1.6	1.73	0.058	0.063	0.068	
G	0.72	0.85	0.98	0.028	0.033	0.038	
Н	1.37	1.5	1.63	0.054	0.059	0.064	
I	0.47	0.60	0.73	0.019	0.024	0.029	
J	1.17	1.30	1.43	0.046	0.051	0.056	

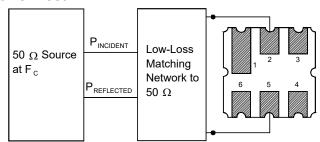
Typical Test Circuit

The test circuit inductor, L_{TEST} , is tuned to resonate with the static capacitance, C_O , at F_C .

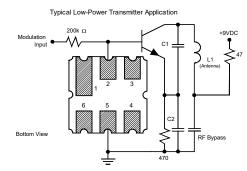
Electrical Test

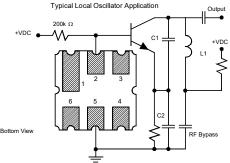


Power Test

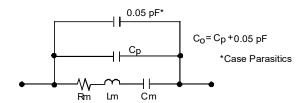


Typical Application Circuits





Equivalent LC Model



Temperature Characteristics

The curve shown on the right accounts for resonator contribution only and does not include LC component temperature contributions.

