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SC3046B-5

933.12 MHz **Differential**

Sine-Wave Clock



- · Quartz SAW Frequency Stability
- Fundamental Fixed Frequency
- · Very Low Jitter and Power Consumption
- · Rugged, Miniature, Surface-Mount Case
- Low-Voltage Power Supply (3.3 VDC)

This digital clock is designed for use in high-speed communications timing systems. Fundamental-mode oscillation is made possible by surface-acoustic-wave (SAW) technology. The design results in low jitter, compact size, and low power consumption. Differential outputs provide a sine wave that is capable of driving

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Rating	Value	Units
Power Supply Voltage (V _{CC} at Terminal 1)	0 to +4.0	VDC
Input Voltage (ENABLE at Terminal 8)	0 to +4.0	VDC
Case Temperature (Powered or Storage)	-40 to +85	°C

Flectrical Characteristics

Characteristic		Sym	Notes	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Output Frequency	-	1, 2	932.725		933.300	MHz	
	Variation over Temperture					70	ppm
Q and Q Output	Power into 50Ω (VSWR ≤ 1.2)	Vo	1, 3	0.5	3.0	6.0	dBm
	Operating Load VSWR					2:1	V _{P-P}
	Symmetry		3, 4, 5	49		51	%
	Harmonic Spurious		3, 4, 6			-30	dBc
	Nonharmonic Spurious					-60	dBc
	Start Up Time		1, 10			30	μs
Q and Q Period Jitter	No Noise on V _{CC}		3, 4, 6, 7		15	30	ps _{P-P}
	200 mV $_{\text{P-P}}$ from 1 MHz to $\frac{1}{2}\text{f}_{\text{O}}$ on		3, 4, 7, 8			35	ps _{P-P}
Output (Disabled)	Amplitude into 50 Ω		3, 9			75	mV_{P-P}
Output DC Resistance (between Q & Q)			3	50			ΚΩ
ENABLE (Terminal 14)	Input HIGH Voltage	V_{IH}		V _{CC} -0.1	V _{CC}	V _{CC} +0.1	V
	Input LOW Voltage	V _{IL}	3, 9	0.0		0.20	V
	Input HIGH Current	I _{IH}			3	5	mA
	Input LOW Current	I _{IL}				-1	mA
	Propagation Delay	t _{PD}				1	ms
DC Power Supply	Operating Voltage	V _{CC}	1, 3	+3.13	+3.30	+3.47	VDC
	Operating Current	I _{CC}			25	45	mA
Operating Ambient Temperature		T _A	1, 3	10		+60	°C
Lid Symbolization (YY = Year, WW = Week)		RFM SC3046B-5 933.12 MHz YYWW					

CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling. NOTES:

- Unless otherwise noted, all specifications are at 25 \pm 3°C and include any combination of load VSWR and VCC. In addition, Q and Q are terminated into 50 Ω loads to ground. (See: Typical Test Circuit.) One or more of the following United States patents apply: 4,616,197; 4,670,681;
- The design, manufacturing process, and specifications of this device are subject to change without notice. Only under the nominal conditions of 50 Ω load impedance with VSWR \leq 1.2 and
- nominal power supply voltage.

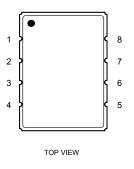
 Symmetry is defined as the pulse width (in percent of total period) measured at the 50% points of Q or Q. (See: Timing Definitions.)

 Jitter and other spurious outputs induced by externally generated electrical noise on V_{CC} or mechanical vibration are not included. Dedicated external voltage
- regulation and careful PCB layout are recommended for optimum performance. Applies to period jitter of Q and Q. Measurements are made with the Tektronix CSA803 signal analyzer with at least 1000 samples. Period jitter measured with a 200 mV $_{P-P}$ sine wave swept from 1 MHz to one-half
- of f_O at the V_{CC} power supply terminal.
- The outputs are enabled when Terminal 8 is at logic HIGH. Propagation delay is defined as the time from the 50% point on the rising edge of ENABLE to the 90% point on the rising edge of the output amplitude or as the fall time from the 50% point to the 10% point. (SEE: Timing Definitions.)

 The start up time is definded as the time from when power is applied to terminals
- 1 and 8 (90% of 3.3V) until power out from Q and Qbar reaches 90% of Qout

Electrical Connections

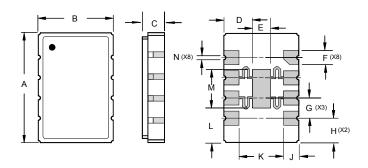
Terminal Number	Connection
1	V_{CC}
2	Ground
3	NC or Ground
4	Q Output
5	Q Output
6	Ground
7	
8	ENABLE
LID	Ground



Case Design

All pads consist of 30 microinches (min) electroless gold on 50 microinches (min) electroless nickel over base metal. The metallic center pad was designed for mechanical support. Grounding of this pad is critical to the performance of this high frequency Clock.

Lid symbolization, including terminal 1 locator dot, are in contrasting ink. Symbolization varies by model number. For purposes of illustration, only terminal 1 dot is shown.



Electrical Characteristics

Dimensions	Millimeters		Inches		
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Α	13.46	13.97	0.530	0.550	
В	9.14	9.66	0.360	0.380	
С	2.05 Nominal		0.081 Nominal		
D	3.56 Nominal		0.141 Nominal		
E	2.24 Nominal		0.088 Nominal		
F	1.27 Nominal		0.050 Nominal		
G	2.54 Nominal		0.100 Nominal		
Н	3.05 Nominal		0.120 Nominal		
J	1.93 Nominal		0.076 Nominal		
K	5.54 Nominal		0.218 Nominal		
L	4.32 Nominal		0.170 Nominal		
M	4.83 Nominal 0.190 Nominal			Nominal	
N	0.50 Nominal 0.020 Nominal			Nominal	

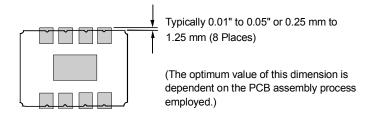
Footprint

Actual size footprint:

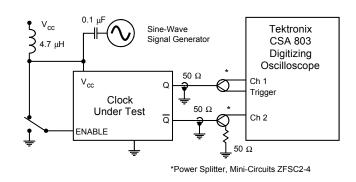


Typical Printed Circuit Board Land Pattern

A typical land pattern for a circuit board is shown below. Grounding of the metallic center pad is critical to the performance of this high frequency Clock.



Typical Test Circuit



Timing Definitions

Propagation Delay:

