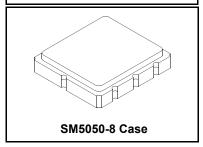




RFM products are now Murata products.

RO3073C

315.0 MHz SAW Resonator



· Ideal for 315.0 MHz Remote Control and Security Transmitters

- · Very Low Series Resistance
- Quartz Stability
- Complies with Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS)

The RO3073C is a true one-port, surface-acoustic-wave (SAW) resonator in a surface-mount ceramic case. It provides reliable, fundamental-mode, quartz frequency stabilization of fixed-frequency transmitters operating at 315.0 MHz. This SAW is designed specifically for remote control and wireless security transmitters. Absolute Maximum Ratings

 Rating
 Value
 Units

 Input Power Level
 0
 dBm

 DC Voltage
 12
 VDC

 Storage Temperature Range in Tape and Reel
 -40 to +85
 °C

 Soldering Temperature, 10 seconds / 5 cycles maximum
 260
 °C

Electrical Characteristics

Characteristic		Sym	Notes	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	
Center Frequency, +25 °C	equency, +25 °C Absolute Frequency f _C		2245	314.925		315.075	MHz	
	Tolerance from 315.0 MHz	Δf_{C}	2,3,4,5			±75	kHz	
Insertion Loss		IL	2,5,6		1.5	2.5	dB	
Quality Factor	Unloaded Q	Q _U			8200			
	50Ω Loaded Q	Q_L			1300			
Temperature Stability	Turnover Temperature	T _O		10	25	40	°C	
	Turnover Frequency	f _O	6,7,8		$f_{\mathbb{C}}$			
	Frequency Temperature Coefficient	FTC			0.032		ppm/°C ²	
Frequency Aging	Absolute Value during the First Year	f _A	1		≤10		ppm/yr	
DC Insulation Resistance between Any Two Terminals			5	1.0			MΩ	
RF Equivalent RLC Model	Motional Resistance	R_{M}			18.6		Ω	
	Motional Inductance	L _M	5, 7, 9		76.9		μΗ	
	Motional Capacitance	C _M			3.3		fF	
	Shunt Static Capacitance	Co	5, 6, 9		4.0		pF	
Test Fixture Shunt Inductance		L _{TEST}	2, 7		62.6		nH	
Lid Symbolization (in addition to Lot and/or Date Codes)		706 // YWWS						
Standard Reel Quantity	Reel Size 7 Inch	500 Pieces/Reel						
	Reel Size 13 Inch	3000 Pieces/Reel						

CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling.

NOTES:

- Frequency aging is the change in f_C with time and is specified at +65 °C or less. Aging may exceed the specification for prolonged temperatures above +65 °C. Typically, aging is greatest the first year after manufacture, decreasing in subsequent years.
- 2. The center frequency, f_C , is measured at the minimum insertion loss point, IL_{MIN} , with the resonator in the 50 Ω test system (VSWR \leq 1.2:1). The shunt inductance, L_{TEST} , is tuned for parallel resonance with C_O at f_C . Typically, $f_{OSCILLATOR}$ or $f_{TRANSMITTER}$ is approximately equal to the resonator f_C .
- One or more of the following United States patents apply: 4,454,488 and 4,616,197.
- Typically, equipment utilizing this device requires emissions testing and government approval, which is the responsibility of the equipment manufacturer.
- 5. Unless noted otherwise, case temperature T_C = +25 ±2 °C.

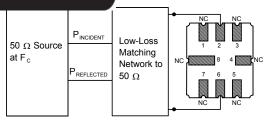
- The design, manufacturing process, and specifications of this device are subject to change without notice.
- 7. Derived mathematically from one or more of the following directly measured parameters: f_C , IL, 3 dB bandwidth, f_C versus T_C , and C_O .
- Turnover temperature, T_O, is the temperature of maximum (or turnover) frequency, f_O. The nominal frequency at any case temperature, T_C, may be calculated from: f = f_O [1 FTC (T_O -T_C)²]. Typically *oscillator* T_O is approximately equal to the specified *resonator* T_O.
- 9. This equivalent RLC model approximates resonator performance near the resonant frequency and is provided for reference only. The capacitance C_{O} is the static (nonmotional) capacitance between the two terminals measured at low frequency (10 MHz) with a capacitance meter. The measurement includes parasitic capacitance with "NC" pads unconnected. Case parasitic capacitance is approximately 0.05 pF. Transducer parallel capacitance can by calculated as: $C_{P} \approx C_{O}$ 0.05 pF.

Electrical Connections

The SAW resonator is bidirectional and may be installed with either orientation. The two terminals are interchangeable and unnumbered. The callout NC indicates no internal connection. The NC pads assist with mechanical positioning and stability. External grounding of the NC pads is recommended to help reduce parasitic capacitance in the circuit.

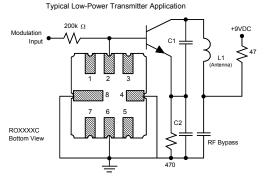
Discontinued

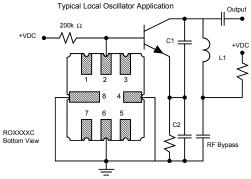
1	NC
2	Terminal
3	NC
4	NC
5	NC
6	Terminal
7	NC
8	NC



Typical Application Circuits

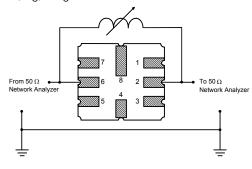
Dimension	mm			Inches			
	Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
Α	4.80	5.00	5.20	0.189	0.197	0.205	
В	4.80	5.00	5.20	0.189	0.197	0.205	
С	1.30	1.50	1.70	0.050	0.060	0.067	
D	1.98	2.08	2.18	0.078	0.082	0.086	
E	1.07	1.17	1.27	0.042	0.046	0.050	
F	0.50	0.64	0.70	0.020	0.025	0.028	
G	2.39	2.54	2.69	0.094	0.100	0.106	
Н		1.27			0.050		
I		0.76			0.030		
J		1.55			0.061		
K		2.79			0.110		
L		0.76			0.030		
M		2.36			0.093		
N		1.55			0.061		
0		2.79			0.110		
Р	_	2.79	_		0.110		
Q		2.79			0.110		



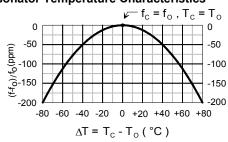


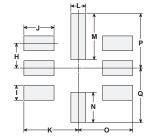
Typical Test Circuit

The test circuit inductor, L_{TEST} , is tuned to resonate with the static capacitance, C_{O} , at F_{C} .



SAW Resonator Temperature Characteristics





Equiva-

