

	Method	Argument Name	Argument Value	Argument info	Method info
g= g(ind_row,ind_col)=	CONSTRUCTOR – Object creation and assignment, first step				
	gramm('x'	x variable	1D array/cellstr of length N, Matrix of size (N,M) , (N,1) cell of 1D arrays	Constructor for the class. Must be called first and result assigned to a variable Use to provide the data to be plotted
		'y'	y variable	1D array of length N, Matrix of size (N,M) , (N,1) cell of 1D arrays	
		'label'	label text	1D array/cellstr of length N	
		'color'	color grouping/continuous variable	1D array/cellstr of length N	
		'lightness'	lightness grouping variable	1D array/cellstr of length N	
		'linestyle'	linestyle grouping variable	1D array/cellstr of length N	
		'marker'	marker grouping variable	1D array/cellstr of length N	
		'size'	size grouping variable	1D array/cellstr of length N	
		'group'	subgrouping variable	1D array/cellstr of length N	
		'subset'	selection variable	1D Logical array of length N	
		'ymin'	upper y interval (absolute)	1D array of length N	
'ymax'	lower y interval (absolute)	1D array of length N			
g. g(ind_row,ind_col).	SUBPLOTS/FACETING AND MULTIPLE FIGURES – Method calls, order indifferent				
	facet_grid(row grouping variable column grouping variable	1D array/cellstr of length N 1D array/cellstr of length N	Use to provide data that will determine separation between subplots rows and columns. First argument provided will separate along rows, second will separate along columns
		'scale'	'fixed'	Same x and y limits on all subplots	
			'free_x'	Same y limits on all subplots, same x limits within columns	
			'free_y'	Same x limits on all subplots, same y limits within rows	
			'free'	Same x limits within columns, same y limits within rows	
			'independent'	Independent limits on each plot	
		'space'	'fixed'	Same x and y axe size on all subplots	
			'free_x'	Axis width proportional to x limits (requires 'scale', 'free_x' or 'free')	
			'free_y'	Axis height proportional to y limits (requires 'scale', 'free_y' or 'free')	
			'free'	Axis width and height proportional to x and y limits (requires 'scale','free')	
		'force_ticks'	true/false	Do we override defaults and force ticks on all subplots	
	facet_wrap(column grouping variable	1D array/cellstr of length N	Use to provide data that will determine separation between subplots columns, with a wrapping: a new row of subplots is created when ncols is reached
		'ncols'	4	After how many columns do we wrap and create a new row	
		'scale'	...	Same as argument in gramm facet_grid()	
		'force_ticks'	true/false	Do we override defaults and force ticks on all subplots	
	fig(figure grouping variable	1D array/cellstr of length N	Use to provide data that will determine separation between figures
	DIRECT DATA VISUALIZATIONS – geom_ method calls, order indifferent				
	geom_point('dodge'	0.5	Set the alpha of points (0:fully transparent, 1: solid; no export)	Represent raw data as points (supports color, lightness, marker, size)
		'alpha'	1		
	geom_jitter('width'	0.2	How much are the points jittered in horizontal direction (in data units)	Represent raw data as jittered points, useful when lots of overlapping points, e.g. with discrete values (supports color, lightness, marker, size)
		'height'	0	How much are the points jittered in vertical direction (in data units)	
	'dodge'	0.5	When using multiple colors, use to dodge graphical elements between colors with the same x value		
	'alpha'	1	Set the alpha of points (0:fully transparent, 1: solid; no export)		
geom_line(	'dodge'	0.5	When using multiple colors, use to dodge graphical elements between colors with the same x value	Represent raw data with lines (supports color, lightness, marker, size). If x and y are 1D arrays, all points within a group will be connected !
	'alpha'	1	Set the alpha of lines (0:fully transparent, 1: solid; no export)		
geom_raster(	'geom'	'point' 'line'	raster elements are points raster elements are lines	Represents raw x data as a raster plot
	geom_bar('width'	0.6	Provide to set the width of errorbars	
'dodge'		0.8	When using multiple colors, use to dodge graphical elements between colors with the same x value		
'stacked'		true/false	Se to true to have bars placed at the same x stacked		
geom_interval(	'geom'	'area'	Same 'geom' as in stat_summary()	Represent intervals provided by 'ymin' and 'ymax' data (error bars, area)
		...			
	'width'	0.6	Provide to set the width of bars and errorbars		
	'dodge'	0.7	When using multiple colors, use to dodge graphical elements between colors with the same x value		
geom_label(	'dodge'	0	When using multiple colors, use to dodge graphical elements between colors with the same x value	
	'Color'	'auto'	Color of the text, default is 'auto' in order for the text color to follow gramm color		
	...		Any property of a text() object. 'Color','BackgroundColor' and 'EdgeColor' can be set to 'auto' in order to use gramm color		
STATISTICAL VISUALIZATIONS – stat_ method calls, order indifferent					
stat_summary(	'type'	'ci'	mean & 95% CI of the mean (assumes normal data)	Represents summarized Y data per unique values of X. By default, it will group all Y values that have the same X value, compute the summary variables of interest ('type' argument), and plot it according to the 'geom' argument.
		'bootci'	mean & bootstrapped 95%CI of the mean		
		'sem'	mean and standard error of the mean		
		'std'	mean and standard deviation		
		'quartile'	median and quartiles		
		'95percentile'	median and 95% percentiles		
		'fitnormalci'	mean and 95% CI of the mean from fitted normal distribution		
		'fitpoissonci'	mean and 95% CI of the mean from fitted Poisson distribution		
		'fitbinomialci'	mean and 95% CI of the mean from fitted binomial distribution		
		function handle	Provide a function to compute custom values (see doc)		
	'geom'	'area'	means connected by a line, CI as shaded transparent area	If X and Y are provided as 1D arrays but X values are not discrete enough, it is possible to compute the Y summaries over X bins with the 'bin_in' argument	
		'lines'	means connected by a line, CI as thin lines		
		'line'	means connected by a line		
		'solid_area'	means connected by a line, CI as solid shaded area (use for vector exports in pre 2014b versions)		
		'black_errorbar'	CI as black errorbar	If X is provided as a matrix or a cell of arrays but every element has non-aligned X values, the argument 'interp_in' must be used to create aligned X values by interpolation over X.	
		'errorbar'	CI as colored errorbar		
		'bar'	means as colored bars		
		'point'	means as points		
		'area_only'	CI as shaded transparent area, no line		
		'setylim'	true/false	Do we set the YLim for the subplot according to the summary or the data?	
		'interp'	'linear'	Provide to interpolate the output (corresponds to the methods argument of interp1). Use 'polar' for circular data.	
		'interp_in'	100	Provide to linearly interpolate the input over x (corresponds to number of x points). ⚠️ Must be used when X and Y are given as a cell and X values are not aligned ⚠️	

Method	Argument Name	Argument Value	Argument info	Method info
	'bin_in'	10	Provide to bin inputs over x values (corresponds to number of bins)	
	'width'	0.6	Provide to set the width of bars and errorbars	
	'dodge'	0.7	When using multiple colors, use to dodge graphical elements between colors with the same x value	
stat_smooth(	'method'	'eilers' 'smoothingspline' 'moving' 'lowess' 'sgolay' ... 'lambda' 1000 'npoints' 200 'geom' ...	Smoothing parameter, depends on method, see documentation Number of points over which the smooth is evaluated Same geom as in gramm stat_summary()	Represents smoothed Y data with confidence interval.
stat_glm(	'distribution'	'normal' ...	Same argument as fitglm()	Fits and displays generalized linear models to the data.
	'geom'	...	Same geom as in gramm stat_summary()	
	'fullrange'	true/false	Do we display the fit over the whole x axis, or just on the range of the value used for the fit	
	'disp_fit'	true/false	Do we display the fitted equations (with pvals stars)	
stat_fit(	'fun'	@(param1,param2,x)x.^param1+param2	Anonymous function with parameters to fit as first arguments and x as last argument	Fits and displays a provided custom function to the data
	'StartPoint'	[param1_start param2_start]	Array with starting values of parameters	
	'intopt'	'observation' 'functional'	95% bounds on a new observation (see option of predint()) 95% bounds for the fitted function	
	'fullrange'	true/false	Do we display the fit over the whole x axis, or just on the range of the value used for the fit	
	'disp_fit'	true/false	Do we display the fitted equations	
	'geom'	...	Same geom as in gramm stat_summary()	
stat_bin(	'nbins'	30	Number of bins	
	'edges'	-20 : 0.5 : 20	Edges ovf bins (overrides 'nbins')	
	'geom'	'bar' 'line' 'overlaid_bar' 'stacked_bars'	Results as dodged bars Results connected by a line Results as overlaid bars (use transparency) Results as stacked bars	
	'normalization'	'stairs' 'point'	Results as stair line Results as points	
		'count'		
		...	Same as 'Normalization' argument of histcounts()	
	'fill'	'face' 'edge' 'all' 'transparent'		
	'width'	0.6	Provide to specify width of bars	
	'dodge'	0.7	Provide to specify dodging between elements	
stat_cornerhist(	'location'		x (or y) location of the inset axis on the unity line of the parent	Display an histogram of the x-y difference in an inset axis
	'aspect'	0.3	Aspect ratio (y/x) of the inset axis	
	'edges'	...	Same options as stat_bin(). 'specifying edges is recommended, stacked_bar geom unsupported	
stat_density(	'bandwidth'		Same argument as ksdensity()	
	'function'	'pdf' ...	Same argument as ksdensity()	
	'kernel'	'normal' ...	Same argument as ksdensity()	
	'npoints'	100	How many points are used to plot the density	
	'extra_x'	10	Extend the x value range over which the density is evaluated	
stat_bin2d(	'nbins'	[n_xbins n_ybins]		
	'edges'	{x_edges_array, y_edges_array}		
	'geom'	'image' 'contour'		
stat_ellipse(	'type'	'95percentile'	Fit ellipse that contains 95% of the points (assuming bivariate normal)	
	'ci'		Fit ellipse that contains 95% of the bootstrapped xy means	
	'geom'	'area' 'line'	Plot the ellipse as a shaded area with outline Just plot the outline of the ellipse	
	patch_opts			
stat_qq(	'distribution'	makedist('Normal',0,1)	Provide a theoretical distribution to plot x against using Matlab's makedist() function. Set to 'y' to plot x against y densities.	Quantile-quantile plot
stat_boxplot(	'width'	0.6	Width of boxes	Box and whisker plots of y data for each unique x value
	'dodge'	0.7	Dodging between boxes of different colors within unique x values	
	'notch'	false	Add notches at median ± 1.58 IQR /sqrt(N) to the boxplot	
stat_violin(	'normalization'	'area'	Equal violin areas	
	'count'		Areas proportional to point count	
	'width'		Equal violin widths	
	'half'	false	Same argument as stat_density()	
	'bandwidth'		Same argument as stat_density()	
	'kernel'	'normal'	Same argument as stat_density()	
	'npoints'	100	Same argument as stat_density()	
	'extra_y'	0	Same argument as stat_density()	
	'fill'	'face'	Same argument as stat_bin()	
	'width'	0.6		
	'dodge'	0.7		
ADDITIONAL GRAPHICAL ELEMENTS – geom_ method calls, order indifferent				
geom_abline(	'intercept'	0	Single value or 1D array of length P	
	'slope'	1	Single value or 1D array of size P	
	'style'	'k--'	Single string or 1D cellstr of size P	
geom_vline(	'xintercept'	1	Single value or 1D array of size P	
	'style'	'k--'	Single string or 1D cellstr of size P	
geom_hline(	'yintercept'	1	Single value or 1D array of size P	
	'style'	'k--'	Single string or 1D cellstr of size P	
geom_funline(	'fun'	@(x)exp(sin(x-pi))	Anonymous function or cell of anonymous functions	
	'style'	'k--'	Single string or 1D cellstr of size P	
geom_polygon(	'x'	{}	Cell of vectors with vertices x coordinates, or cell of vectors with x polygon limits if y omitted. Length P	
	'y'	{}	Cell of vectors with vertices y coordinates, or cell of vectors with y polygon limits if x omitted. Length P	
	'alpha'	0.2	Single value or 1D array of length P	
	'color'	[0 0 0]	RGB: 1x3 vector or matrix of size Px3. Or color indices	
	'line_color'	[0 0 0]	RGB: 1x3 vector or matrix of size Px3. Or color indices	

	Method	Argument Name	Argument Value	Argument info	Method info
		'line_style'	{'none'}	1D cell of length 1 or P	
	OPTIONS AND CUSTOMIZATIONS – Method calls, order indifferent				
	set_names(	'x'	'x axis legend'	Legend for the x axes	
		'y'	'y axis legend'	Legend for the y axes	
		'row'	'row legend'	Title of the row legends (actual titles will be a combination of title and value)	
		'column'	'column legend'	Title of the column legends (actual titles will be a combination of title and value)	
		'color'	'color legend'	Title of the color legend (actual legend will use the values)	
		...		All other titles for the gramm() arguments	
	set_title(		'Title'	Desired title	Call on individual gramm objects to set title. Call on array of gramm objects to set global title
		'FontSize'	16	Any text property 'Name',value pair	
	set_polar(	'closed'	true/false	Do we connect the first and last points ?	
		'maxy'	10	Impose the max of the radial scale (default corresponds to the max of y values)	
	set_stat_options(	'alpha'	0.05	Alpha-level for confidence intervals	
		'nboot'	200	Number of bootstrap samples	
	set_color_options(	'map'	'lch' 'matlab' 'brewer1' 'brewer2' 'brewer3' 'brewer_pastel' 'brewer_dark' [0.1 0 0 0 0.2 0.9]	Default HCL-based colormap Matlab's own post 2014b map colorbrewer2.org colormaps Custom colormap as Nx3 matrix	
		'lightness_range'	[85 15]	Options for the HCL colormap generation	
		'chroma_range'	[30 90]		
		'hue_range'	[25 385]		
		'lightness'	65		
		'chroma'	75		
	set_point_options(	'markers'	{'o' 's' 'd' '^' 'v' '>' '<' 'p' 'h' '*' '+' 'x'}	Set order for marker categories	
		'base_size'	5	Set marker base size	
		'step_size'	2	Set size categories size increment	
		'use_input'	false	Set to true to use the actual values of size categories as marker	
		'input_fun'	@(s)s	when 'use_input' is set to true, provide a function to map category value to marker size	
	set_line_options(	'styles'	{'-' '--' ':' '-.'	Set order for line style categories	
		...		Same size options as set_point_options()	
	set_order_options(	'x'	1	Values sorted in ascending order (default)	This method allows to reorder each grouping variable. Supports all variables provided in the main gramm() call except y, also supports reordering of facets with 'row' and 'column'
			0	Keep order of appearance of values in the input	
			-1	Values sorted in descending order	
			[value1 value2 value3 ...] {'value1' 'value2' 'value3' ...}	Values ordered according to the provided array/cell. If the provided data is a cell of strings, provide a cell of strings containing the unique categories in the desired order. Extra categories provided here will be ignored, missing categories will truncate the data.	
			[index1 index2 index3 ...]	Values ordered according to the provided indices (indices correspond to indices in the sorted values array/cell)	
		'color'	...		
	set_continuous_color(	'colormap'	'viridis'	Set continuous colormap by name (Matlab defaults available)	
		'LCH_colormap'	[L_start L_end ; C_start C_end ; H_start H_end]	Set continuous colormap definition in LCH colorspace	
		'CLim'	[color_min color_max]	Force color axis limits (automatic by default)	
	set_text_options(	'font'	'Helvetica'	Font to use for all text	
		'interpreter'	'none'	Interpretation of text characters ('tex' / 'latex' / 'none')	
		'base_size'	10	Base text size, corresponds to axis ticks text size	
		'label_scaling'	1	Scaling of axis label sizes relative to base	
		'legend_scaling'	1	Scaling of legend label sizes relative to base	
		'legend_title_scaling'	1.2	Scaling of legend title sizes relative to base	
		'facet_scaling'	1.2	Scaling of facet title sizes relative to base	
		'title_scaling'	1.4	Scaling of facet title sizes relative to base	
		'big_title_scaling'	1.4	Scaling of overarching figure title size relative to base	
	axe_property(	'axe_property'	axe_property_value	Pass one or multiple name,value pairs for Axes Properties (XLim,XGrid, DataAspectRatio...)	
	no_legend(				color/size/line/marker legend are not displayed
	set_limit_extra(		[0.05 0.05]	How much do we extend limits of x axis (ratio wrt original limits)	
			[0.05 0.05]	How much do we extend limits of y axis (ratio wrt original limits)	
	set_datetick(	'x'	1	Same arguments as datetick(): tickaxis,dateformat	
		'y'	2		
	coord_flip(				Exchange the X and Y axes: use to generate horizontal plot elements (boxplots, violins...)
	DRAWING – Last method call				
g.	draw(		false	Give false as (optional) argument to disable automatic setting of redraw() as resizing callback	Draw the plot ! Call on an array of gramm objects to draw all elements on the same figure. The plots are then located according to the row and column indices in the array)
	redraw(		0.05	Redraw with custom spacing between elements (facets, legends)	
	SUPERIMPOSING MULTIPLE GRAMM PLOTS – After draw() call, allows new visualizations with new data				
	update(	'color'	new color grouping variable	update() takes the same type of arguments as gramm(). Provide the variables you want to change or add for the following layers. All the other variables will stay as defined by the first call to gramm().	Call update() after a first draw() call in order to change grouping variables for the next layers. Note that after an update() call it is also possible to update facets with facet_grid() or facet_wrap(). for facet updates, the only supported update is going from one facet to multiple ones, or from multiple facets to one: in each case, the layers drawn on the single facet will be copied to the other facets.
		...			
	FIGURE EXPORT – After draw() call				
	export(	'file_name'	'gramm_export'	Name of the exported file	Path of the destination folder (default is current folder) Format of the saved image
		'export_path'	' '	Path of the destination folder (default is current folder)	
		'file_type'	'svg' 'pdf' 'eps' 'png' 'jpg'	Format of the saved image	
		'width'	desired width	Width of the saved image in 'units'	
		'height'	desired height	Height of the saved image in 'units'	
		'units'	'centimeters' 'inches'	Units for the saved image dimensions	