

Final Terms :-

1. Regular Expression
2. Finite state Machines.

NFA

DFA

R.E \rightarrow F.A \rightarrow finite Automata

NFA \rightarrow DFA

First \rightarrow Follow

LR Parsing techniques

Regular Expression :-

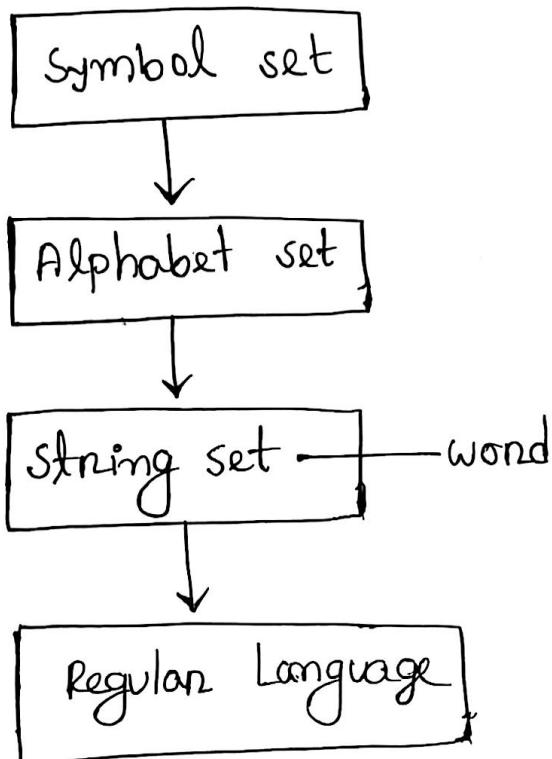
Use in lexical Analyzer.

Language Generation :-

Natural :-

Formal : C++, Java (Need specific Application)

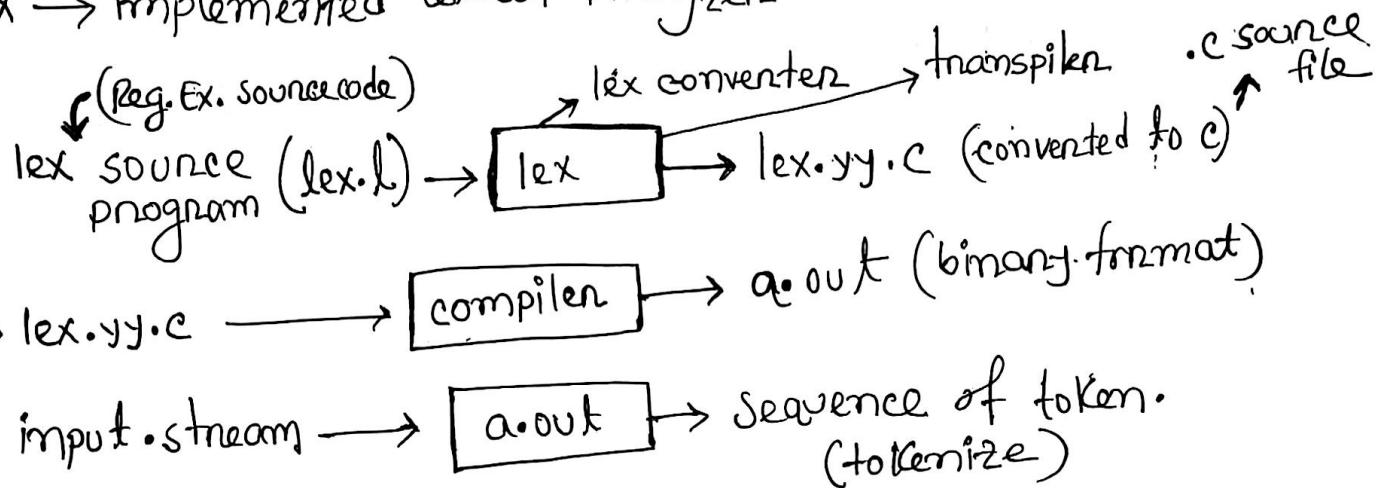
Symbol : token.



* String set coming from Regular expression.

A Regular language is a language that can be expressed with regular expressions.

 * lex → implemented lexical Analyzer.



Pattern Regular expression (Rules)

1/ ϵ is a R.E
 $L = \{\epsilon\}$

$\emptyset = \text{null}$
 $\forall \epsilon = \text{empty}$
 we use this

2/ 'a' is a R.E
 $L = \{a\}$

3/ $(R) | (S)$ is R.E $\rightarrow OR = \text{union} (U)$

$(R) . (S)$ is RE

If, a, b

$(R) | (S) \rightarrow L = \{a, b\}$

$(R) . (S) \rightarrow L = \{ab\}$

* $R.E = (a|b) . (a|b)$ $L = \{aa, ab\}$ \rightarrow finite language.

* $RE = a^*$
 $L = \{a^0, a^1, a^2, a^3, \dots\} \rightarrow$ infinite language.

Formal Language :-

coming from Regular expression
created from string set (specific)
→ tokens

- * Regular expression kind of formal grammar
- * Regular expression are a notation to represent lexeme pattern for a token.
 - They are used to represent the language for lexical Analyzer

- C.F or uses in Syntax Analyzer
- Regular Expression use in Lexical Analyzer

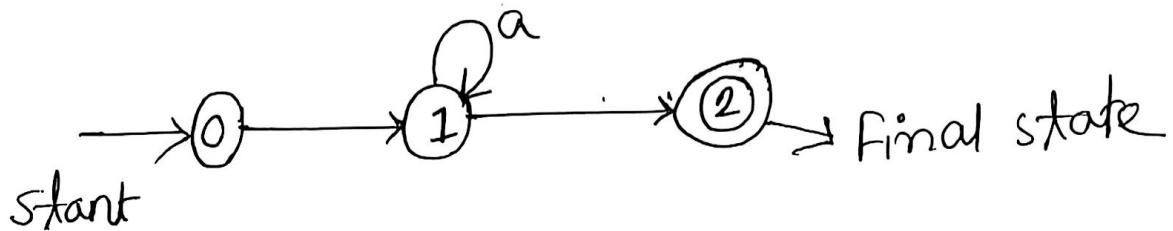
Finite state Machine :-

R.E को graphically represent करते हैं जिनका FSM है।

- * Automation : self-controlled
- * Finite automata is a recognizer for language that is used to check whether string accepted or not.

FA - Graphical representation :-

Transition Diagram :-



$$L = \{aab, aab\}$$

$$R.E = aa^*b$$

Q = Number of states

Q_0 = Initial state

F = Final state

δ = Movement

FA : ~~(-, -, -, -, -)~~

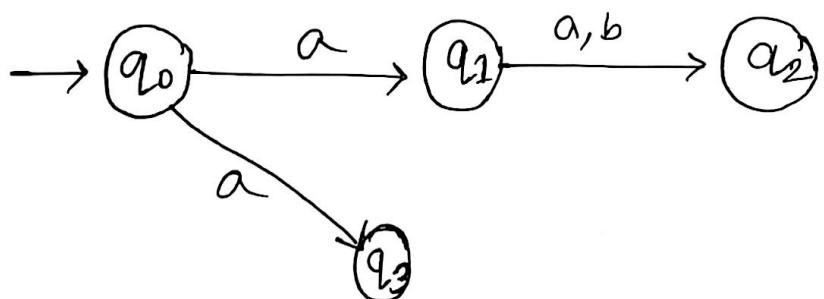
5 tuple

* Tuple → Deterministic
→ Non-Deterministic

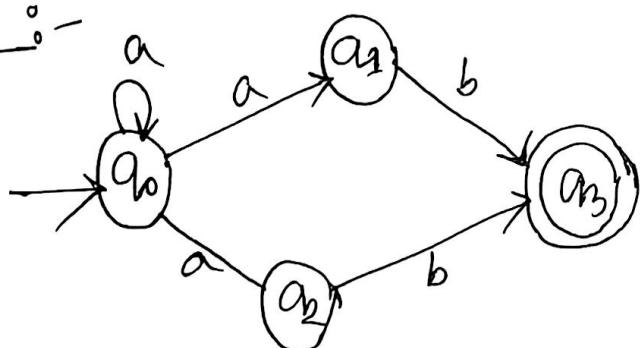
F.A Types :-

DFA :- (Deterministic Finite Automata)

* only one output



NFA :-



For only string generation.

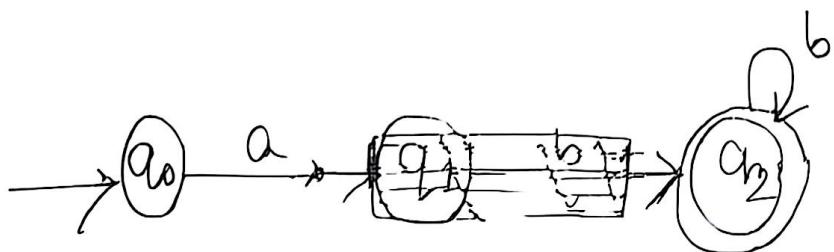
* confused : $q_0 \rightarrow q_1$, $q_0 \rightarrow q_2 \rightarrow q_0$

* Lexical Analyzer only work with DFA
∴ If NFA given, convert it to DFA

Finite automata example

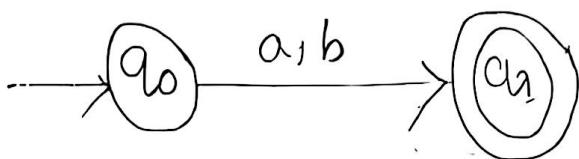
1/ Starts with a and contains any numbers of b at the end.

$$\Rightarrow a \bullet b^*$$



2/ contains a or b.

$$a+b \rightarrow \text{union}$$



Any number = 0 279 877?

3/ a, b $(a+b)^*$