

Compiler Design :-

08-12-25

Final Term :-

1. Regular Expression
2. Finite state Machines.

NFA

DFA

R.E \rightarrow F.A \rightarrow Finite Automata

NFA \rightarrow DFA

First & Follow

LR Parsing techniques

Regular Expression :-

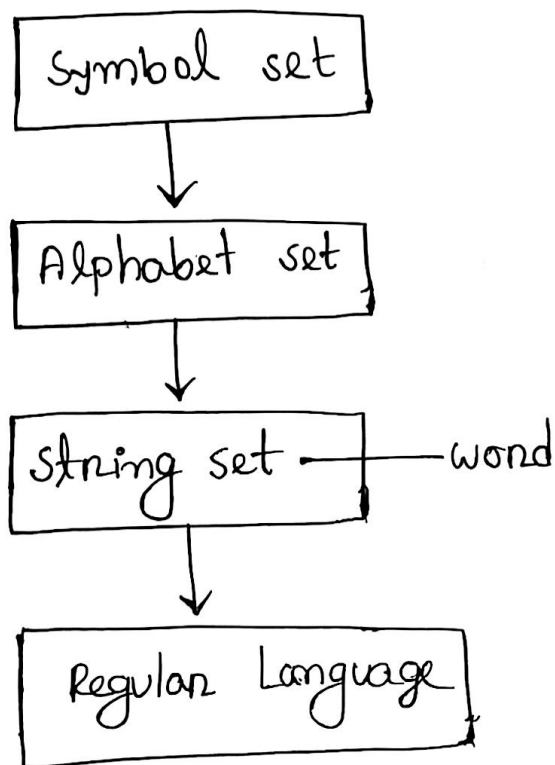
Use in lexical Analyzer.

Language Generation :-

Natural :

Formal : C++, Java (Need specific Application)

Symbol : token.

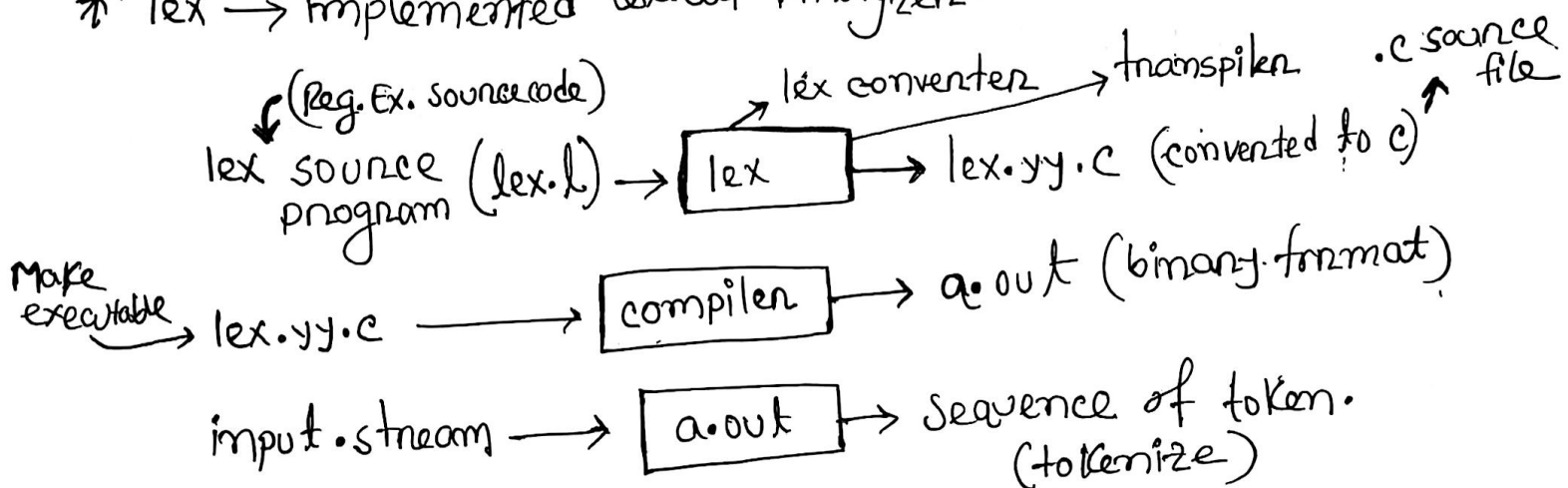


* string set coming from Regular expression.

Regular language :-
 A Regular language is a language that can be expressed with regular expressions.



* lex → implemented lexical Analyzer.



Regular expression (Rules) → Pattern

1/ ϵ is a R.E
 $L = \{\epsilon\}$

$\emptyset = \text{null}$
 $\Lambda/\epsilon = \text{Empty}$
 → we use this

2/ 'a' is a R.E
 $L = \{a\}$

3/ $(R) \mid (S)$ is R.E → OR = union (U)

$(R) \cdot (S)$ is RE

If, a, b

$(R) \mid (S) \rightarrow L = \{a, b\}$

$(R) \cdot (S) \rightarrow L = \{ab\}$

* R.E = $(a \mid b) \cdot (a \mid b)$
 $L = \{aa, ab\}$ → Finite Language.

* RE = a^*
 $L = \{a^0, a^1, a^2, a^3, \dots\} \rightarrow \text{Infinite Language.}$

Formal Language :-
created from string set (specific)
coming from Regular expression
tokens

- * Regular expression kind of formal grammar
- * Regular expression are a notation to represent lexeme pattern for a token.
They are used to represent the language for lexical Analyzer

- C.F.G. uses in Syntax Analyzer
- Regular Expression use in lexical Analyzer

Finite state Machine :-

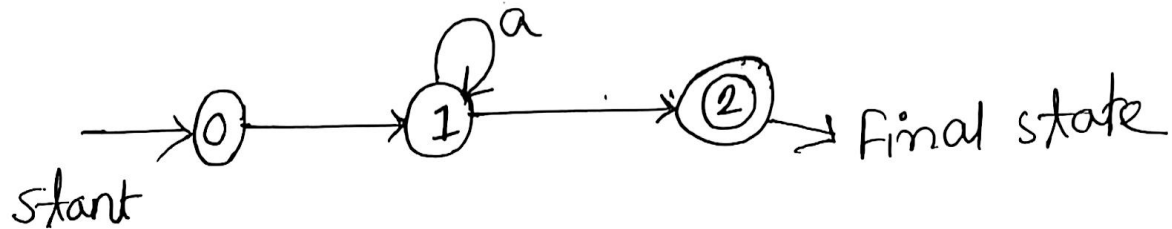
R.E is graphically represent করছে চাইলে FSM

* Automation : self-controlled

* Finite automata is a recognizer for language that is used to check whether string accepted or not.

FA - Graphical representation :-

Transition Diagram :-



$L = \{aab, aab\}$

R.E = aa^*b

Q = Number of state

Q_0 = Initial state

F = Final state

δ = Movement

FA : $(Q, \Sigma, \delta, Q_0, F)$

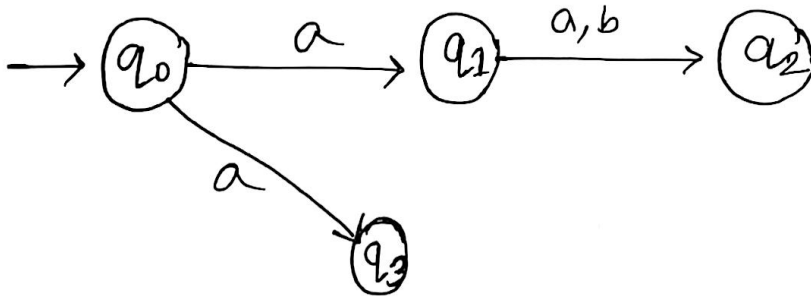
5 tuple

* Tuple $\begin{cases} \rightarrow \text{Deterministic} \\ \rightarrow \text{Non-Deterministic} \end{cases}$

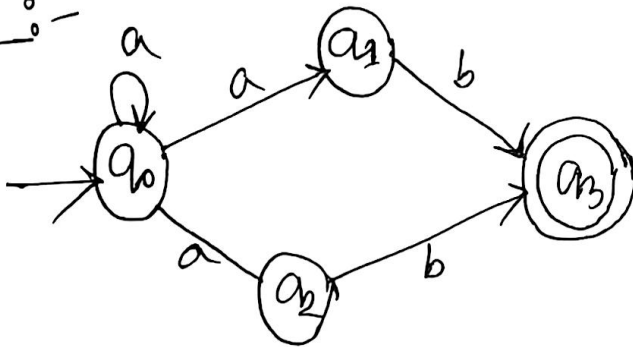
F.A Types :-

DFA :- (Deterministic Finite Automata)

* only one output



NFA :-



For only string Generation.

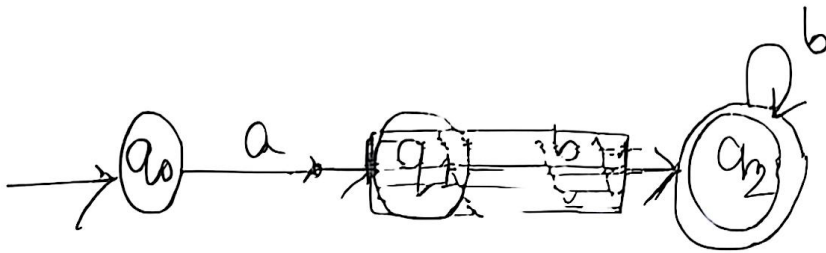
* confused : $q_0 \rightarrow q_1, q_0 \rightarrow q_2 \rightarrow q_0$

* lexical Analyzer only work with DFA
 \therefore If NFA given, convert it to DFA

Finite automata example.

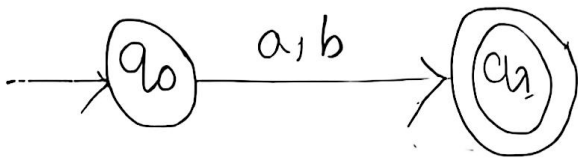
1/ Starts with a and contains any numbers of b at the end.

$\Rightarrow a b^*$



2/ contains a or b.

$a + b \rightarrow \text{union.}$



Any number = 0 279 7773 /

3/ $(a+b)^*$

A finite automaton diagram for the regular expression $(a+b)^*$. It has two states: q_0 and q_1 . Both q_0 and q_1 are start and final states, indicated by incoming arrows and double circles respectively. Transitions are $q_0 \xrightarrow{a} q_1$ and $q_1 \xrightarrow{b} q_0$, forming a loop.