

Accountings: Definitions and Formulas

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This version: 28 Sept 2023

1 Accounting Basics

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Basic Accounting Equation: | $\text{Assets} = \text{Liabilities} + \text{Equity}$ |
| Extended Accounting Equation: | $\text{Assets} = \text{Liabilities} + \text{Revenue} - \text{Expenses}$ |
| Gross Profit: | $\text{Gross Profit} = \text{Revenue} - \text{Cost of Goods Sold}$ |
| Operating Profit: | $\text{Op. Profit} = \text{Gross Profit} - \text{Op. Expenses}$ |
| Profit Before Tax: | $\text{PBT} = \text{Operating Profit} - \text{Tax Expense}$ |
| Net Profit: | $\text{Net Profit} = \text{PBT} - \text{Tax Expense}$ |

2 Accounting Measurements

2.1 Measurement Bases

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Historical Cost: | The value at which assets and liabilities are acquired or produced |
| Amortized Cost: | Initial cost less depreciation, amortization, or impairment |
| Net Realizable Value (NRV): | Estimated selling price less selling costs or allowances |
| PV of future payments (PVFP): | The discounted value of future cash flows |
| Fair value (FV): | The price in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date |

2.2 Applications

| Element | Measurement Base |
|-----------------------|---|
| <i>Assets:</i> | |
| Inventory | Lower: Historical cost or NRV |
| Receivables | NRV: Total receivables less allowance for bad debt |
| PPE | Cost model (Amortized Cost) or Revaluation model (FV- depreciation) |
| Investment property | Cost model or FV |
| Financial instruments | Historical cost, Amortized cost, or FV, depending on guidelines |
| <i>Liabilities:</i> | |
| Accounts Payable | Amortized cost |
| Borrowings | Amortized cost |
| Provisions | Present value of estimated future outflows |
| <i>Equity:</i> | |
| Common stocks | Issue price less issuance costs |
| Retained earnings | Accumulated earnings, less dividends [historical] |

3 Accounting Ratios

3.1 Liquidity

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| Current Ratio: | $\frac{\text{Current Assets}}{\text{Current Liabilities}}$ |
| Quick Ratio: | $\frac{\text{Cash} + \text{Marketable Securities} + \text{Receivables}}{\text{Current Liabilities}}$ |
| Cash Ratio: | $\frac{\text{Cash} + \text{Marketable Securities}}{\text{Current Liabilities}}$ |
| Collection Period (1): | $\frac{\text{Accounts Receivable}}{\text{Average Daily Sales}}$ |
| Days Payable (2): | $\frac{\text{Accounts Payable}}{\text{Average Daily Cost of Goods Sold}}$ |
| Day Stocks (3): | $\frac{\text{Average Inventory}}{\text{Average Daily Cost of Goods Sold}}$ |
| Cash cycle: | $(1) + (2) + (3)$ |
| Working Capital: | $\text{Current Assets} - \text{Current Liabilities}$ |

3.2 Solvency

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Debt-to-Equity:} & \quad \frac{\text{Total Debt}}{\text{Total Shareholder's Equity}} \\
 \text{Debt-to-Assets:} & \quad \frac{\text{Total Debt}}{\text{Total Assets}} \\
 \text{Financial Leverage:} & \quad \frac{\text{Total Liabilities}}{\text{Total Assets}} \\
 \text{Interest Coverage:} & \quad \frac{\text{Earnings Before Interest and Taxes}}{\text{Interest Payments}}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.3 Profitability

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Gross Profit Margin:} & \quad \frac{\text{Gross Profit}}{\text{Revenue}} \\
 \text{Operating Profit Margin:} & \quad \frac{\text{Operating Income (EBIT)}}{\text{Revenue}} \\
 \text{Net Profit Margin:} & \quad \frac{\text{Net Income}}{\text{Revenue}} \\
 \text{Return on Assets (RoA):} & \quad \frac{\text{EBIT}}{\text{Average Total Assets}} \\
 \text{Return on Equity (RoE):} & \quad \frac{\text{Net Income}}{\text{Average Equity}} \\
 \text{Basics EPS:} & \quad \frac{\text{Net Income} - \text{Preferred Dividends}}{\text{Weighted Av. N}^{\circ} \text{ of Common Shares Outstanding}} \\
 \text{Diluted EPS:} & \quad \frac{\text{Net income} - \text{Pref. Div.} + \text{Convertible Pref. Div.} + \text{Convertible Debt Int. (1-t)}}{\text{Weighted Av. N}^{\circ} \text{ of common shares outstanding (including dilutive securities)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.4 Market Price

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Price Earnings (P/E) Ratio:} & \quad \frac{\text{Share Price}}{\text{Earnings per Share (EPS)}} \\
 \text{Dividend Yield:} & \quad \frac{\text{Dividend per Share}}{\text{Current Share Price}} \\
 \text{Retention Rate (RR):} & \quad \frac{\text{Net Income} - \text{Dividends Declared}}{\text{Net Income}} \\
 \text{Dividend Payout:} & \quad \frac{\text{Dividends Declared}}{\text{Net Income}}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.5 Cash Flow

$$\begin{aligned}\text{FCFF:} & \text{CFO} + [\text{Int} \times (1 - \text{Tax Rate})] - \text{FCInv} \\ \text{FCFE:} & \text{CFO} - \text{FCInv} + \text{Net Borrowing} \\ \text{Cash Flow-to-Revenue:} & \frac{\text{Cash Flow from Operations}}{\text{Revenue}} \\ \text{Cash Return-on-Assets:} & \frac{\text{Cash Flow from Operations}}{\text{Average Total Assets}} \\ \text{Cash Return-on-Equity:} & \frac{\text{Cash Flow from Operations}}{\text{Average Total Equity}}\end{aligned}$$

3.6 Activity

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Receivables Turnover:} & \frac{\text{Annual Sales}}{\text{Average Receivables}} \\ \text{Inventory Turnover:} & \frac{\text{Cost of Goods Sold}}{\text{Average Inventory}} \\ \text{Payables Turnover:} & \frac{\text{Purchases}}{\text{Average Trade Payables}}\end{aligned}$$

4 Further Definitions

4.1 Inventories

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Ending Inventory:} & \text{Beginning Inventory} + \text{Purchases} - \text{COGS} \\ \text{Cost of Goods Sold (COGS):} & \text{Beginning Inv.} + \text{Purchases} - \text{Ending Inv.} \\ \text{FIFO Inventory:} & \text{LIFO Inventory} + \text{LIFO Reserve}\end{aligned}$$

4.2 Depreciation

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Straight-line Depreciation Expense:} & \frac{\text{Cost} - \text{Salvage Value}}{\text{Useful Life}} \\ \text{Ending PPE Net Book Value:} & \text{Original Cost} - \text{Accumulated Depreciation} \\ \text{Average Age:} & \frac{\text{Accumulated Depreciation}}{\text{Annual Depreciation Expense}} \\ \text{Remaining Useful Life:} & \frac{\text{Ending PPE Net Book Value} - \text{Salvage Value}}{\text{Annual Depreciation Expense}}\end{aligned}$$

4.3 Basic Mathematical Formulas

$$\text{Time Value of Money (PV): } PV = \frac{\text{Payment}}{(1 + r)^n}$$

$$\text{Compound Interest: } \text{Payment} = P \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$$

$$\text{Simple Interest: } \text{Payment} = P \times (1 + rt)$$

$$\text{Annuity: } PV = \frac{1 - 1/(1 + r)^n}{i}$$

$$\text{Perpetuity: } PV = \frac{1}{r}$$