Experiment no: 02

Experiment Name: Working with Differentiation, Integration and Matrix in Matlab.

Problem 1:

Solve a differentiation and an integration problem in Matlab.

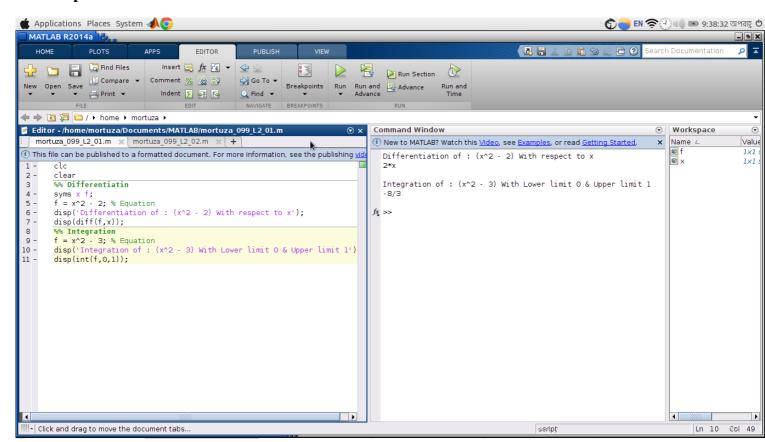
Problem analysis:

- i. Declaration of symbolic veritable
- ii. Writing the differentiation and integration equation
- iii. Use diff() and int() function for differentiation and integration respectively

Coding:

```
clc clear %% Differentiation syms x f; f = x^2 - 2; % Equation disp('Differentiation of : (x^2 - 2) With respect to x'); disp(diff(f,x)); %% Integration f = x^2 - 3; % Equation disp('Integration of : (x^2 - 3) With Lower limit 0 & Upper limit 1'); disp(int(f,0,1));
```

Output:



Problem 2:

Manipulation of matrix in Matlab.

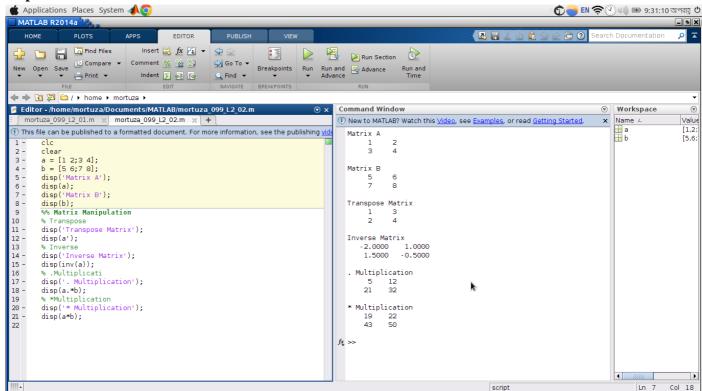
Problem analysis:

- i. Declaration of matrix
- ii. Display the matrix
- iii. Show the transpose of matrix
- iv. Show the inverse of matrix
- v. Show the . Multiplication of matrix
- vi. Show the * multiplication of matrix

Coding:

```
clc
clear
a = [1 2; 3 4];
b = [5 6;7 8];
disp('Matrix A');
disp(a);
disp('Matrix B');
disp(b);
% Transpose
disp('Transpose Matrix');
disp(a');
% Inverse
disp('Inverse Matrix');
disp(inv(a));
% .Multiplication
disp('. Multiplication');
disp(a.*b);
% *Multiplication
disp('* Multiplication');
disp(a*b);
```

Output:



Inverse Matrix Step by Step:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} - 1 = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ \frac{3}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

Steps

$$\left(\begin{array}{cc} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{array}\right) \!\! - \!\! 1$$

Find 2x2 matrix inverse according to the formula: $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} - 1 = \frac{1}{\det \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}} \begin{pmatrix} d & -b \\ -c & a \end{pmatrix}$

$$=\frac{1}{\det\left(\begin{matrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{matrix}\right)} \left(\begin{matrix} 4 & -2 \\ -3 & 1 \end{matrix}\right)$$

$$\det\left(\begin{array}{cc} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{array}\right) = -2$$

Show Steps 🚭

$$=\frac{1}{-2} \left(\begin{array}{cc} 4 & -2 \\ -3 & 1 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{-2} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -2 \\ -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ \frac{3}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

Show Steps 😝

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 1\\ \frac{3}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$