Name:	eID:	Course.	CIS560	CIS563
Name.	eid.	course.	C13360	CI3302

CIS560 & CIS562- Exam 2

You will have until the end of class to complete this exam, allowing **approximately 45 minutes**. It is a closed-book exam, so you should not have any materials next to you. **Please put away all papers**, **phones**, **and watches**.

Important: Please write your name and eID on each page in case the pages get separated. Also, please indicate which course you are in by circling either CIS560 or CIS562 in the upper right of each page.

You have two options for submitting your solutions:

- 1. Write your solution by hand on the following pages.
- 2. Typing them and submitting in Canvas. Read carefully below.

If typing your solution on a laptop, you still need to turn in this paper exam with your name, eID, and course circled, and under *Exam Submission* below, you have circled "Canvas" for the questions you are submitting online. On your laptop, you may have no more than two applications running: 1) a browser with the assignment open in Canvas and 2) an application for typing your solutions, limited to a basic text editor, SQL Server Management Studio, or SQL Operations Studio. You must have no other applications running, and with each application, you may have only one tab or file open.

Exam Submission

Indicate how you are submitting your answers by circling "Paper" or "Canvas" below for each question.

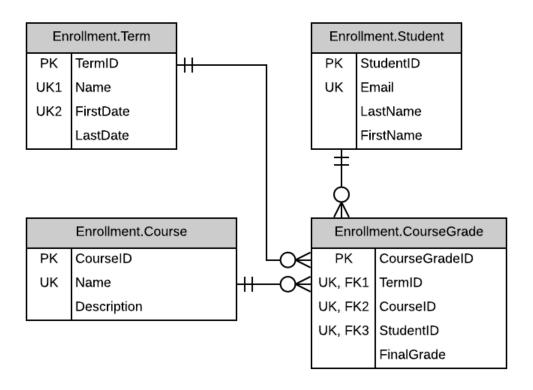
Question Submission		Туре	
1	Paper	Canvas	
2	Paper	Canvas	
3	Paper	Canvas	
4	Paper	Canvas	
5	Paper	Canvas	
6	Paper	Canvas	

Circling "Paper" indicates your answer for that question is filled out on this paper exam.

Circling "Canvas" indicates your answer for that question was submitted online in Canvas.

Database Design

Some questions on this exam use tables from the below diagram. For the most part, the complete column specifications are unimportant for the purposes of this exam. More information may be provided as necessary in the questions that follow.



Staging.StudentResult			
PK	ResultID		
UK	TermName		
UK	CourseName		
UK	StudentEmail		
	FinalGrade		

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1. **20 points** – Write a SQL statement that will create the Staging. StudentResult table. A more detailed diagram is shown here with the data types.

Staging.StudentResult			
PK	ResultID	INT	
UK	TermName	NVARCHAR(16)	
UK	CourseName	NVARCHAR(16)	
UK	StudentEmail	NVARCHAR(128)	
	FinalGrade	DECIMAL(5,2)	

We want the ResultID column to automatically generate values as rows are inserted, starting with 1 and incrementing by 1. For simplicity, use a property on the ResultID column to achieve this desired behavior rather than using a sequence object. You may assume the schema, Staging, for the table already exists.

2. **20 points** — Using the tables as defined in the diagram on *Page 2*, complete the view implementation below that will return all rows from Staging. StudentResult, but translating TermName, CourseName, and StudentEmail into the appropriate TermID, CourseID, and StudentID respectively. The solution, then, should only return the columns TermID, CourseID, StudentID, and FinalGrade.

CREATE VIEW Staging.CourseGrade AS

-- Provide your implementation here.

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3. **20 points** – Write a **MERGE** statement that will evaluate all the rows from the view defined in *Question 2*, Staging. CourseGrade, and either insert or update rows in the Enrollment. CourseGrade table. If the row already exists, you only need to update FinalGrade. You should assume the CourseGradeID column of the Enrollment. CourseGrade table has an IDENTITY property, thus an explicit value should not be provided upon inserting.

- 4. **10 points** The table Staging. StudentResult currently has 10,000 rows.
 - a. 3 points Write a SQL statement that will truncate the table Staging. StudentResult, deleting all rows.
 - b. 1 point After the table Staging. StudentResult is truncated, we insert 1,000 rows. What would be the first (minimum) value assigned for ResultID.
 - c. 1 point What would be the last (maximum) value assigned for the 1,000 newly inserted rows?
 - d. 5 points Given all tables in the diagram on *Page 2*, which tables *could* be truncated should we need to? Circle all tables that would support truncation.

Enrollment.Term Enrollment.Student Enrollment.Course

Enrollment.CourseGrade Staging.StudentResult

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5. **15 points** – Below is a relation and its known functional dependencies.

```
Schedule(Course, StartTime, Room, Instructor, Department, Building)
{ Course, StartTime } → { Instructor }
{ Instructor } → { Department }
{ Room } → { Building }
{ Room, StartTime } → { Course }
```

For each of the four provided functional dependencies above, $X \rightarrow Y$, compute X^+ . Once you have the closures computed, identify a key for the relation Schedule.

6. **15 points** – Using the relation, functional dependencies, and calculated closures from *Question 5*, use the closure of { Course, StartTime }, which violates BCNF, to decompose the Schedule relation into BCNF relations. Show all your work, including intermediate relations. Clearly mark the resulting BCNF relations along with the keys in each.