

Lab 2: Hexadecimal and Branching

J. Nelson Amaral

What you need to do

Given a 32-bit word:

bbbb bbbb bbbb bbbb bbbb bbbb bbbb bbbb

if *it is the binary code of a MIPS branch instruction*

then

print the assembly of the instruction using the following format (example):

beq \$8, \$9, 0x00400130

else

do nothing

Address of the branch
target instruction

How do you know if it is the code of a
MIPS Instruction?

MIPS branch-instruction encodings

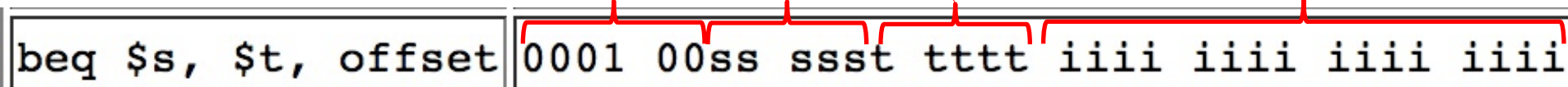
Instruction	Binary
bgez \$s, offset	0000 01ss sss0 0001 iiiii iiiii iiiii iiiii
bgezal \$s, offset	0000 01ss sss1 0001 iiiii iiiii iiiii iiiii
bltz \$s, offset	0000 01ss sss0 0000 iiiii iiiii iiiii iiiii
bltzal \$s, offset	0000 01ss sss1 0000 iiiii iiiii iiiii iiiii
beq \$s, \$t, offset	0001 00ss ssst tttt iiiii iiiii iiiii iiiii
bne \$s, \$t, offset	0001 01ss ssst tttt iiiii iiiii iiiii iiiii
blez \$s, offset	0001 10ss sss0 0000 iiiii iiiii iiiii iiiii
bgtz \$s, offset	0001 11ss sss0 0000 iiiii iiiii iiiii iiiii

Printing Format

Address of the branch
target instruction

beq \$8, \$9, 0x00400130

How is this 32-bit
value obtained?



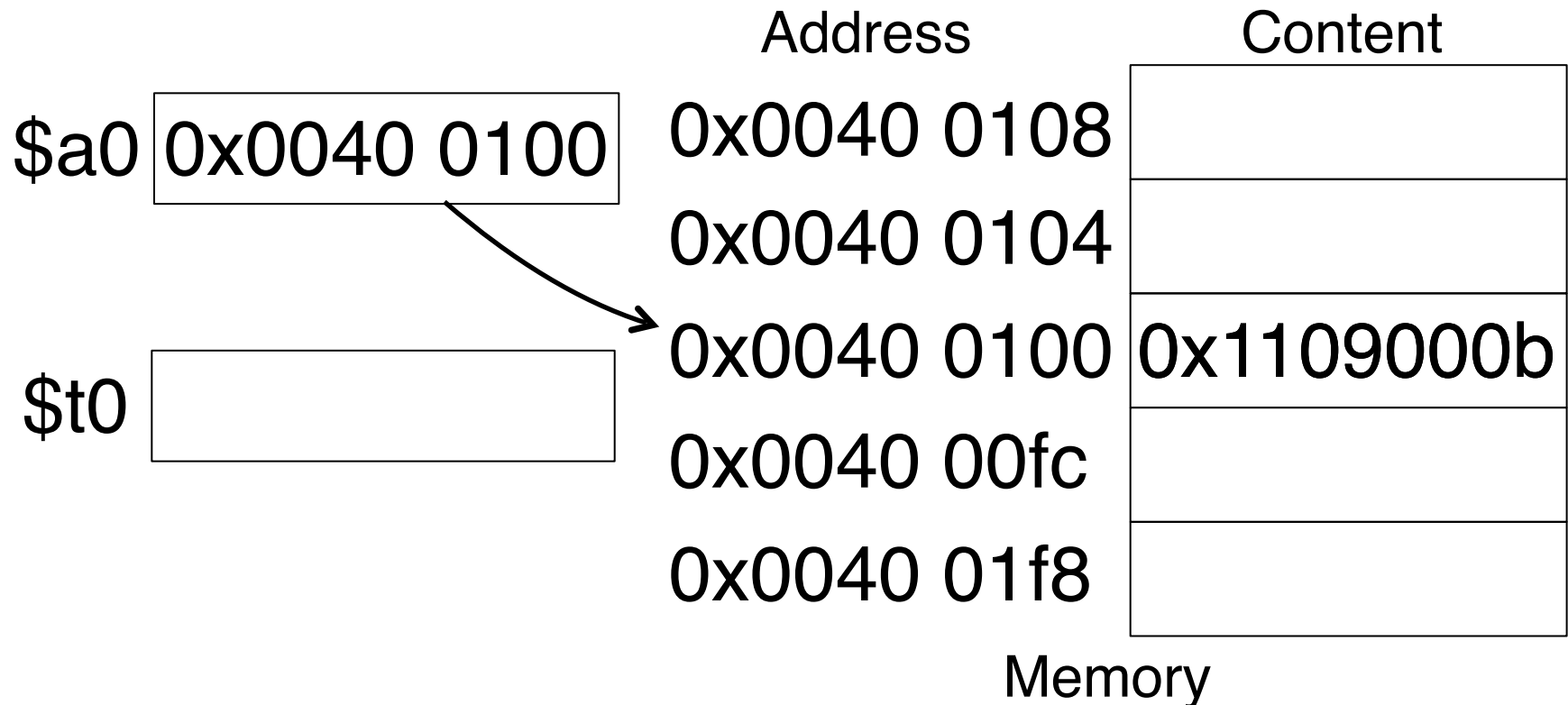
The input to disassembleBranch

\$a0 contains the address of the assembly instruction.

		Address	Content
\$a0	0x0040 0100	0x0040 0108	
		0x0040 0104	
\$t0		0x0040 0100	
		0x0040 00fc	
		0x0040 01f8	
		Memory	

The input to disassembleBranch

\$a0 contains the address of the assembly instruction.



Hexadecimal

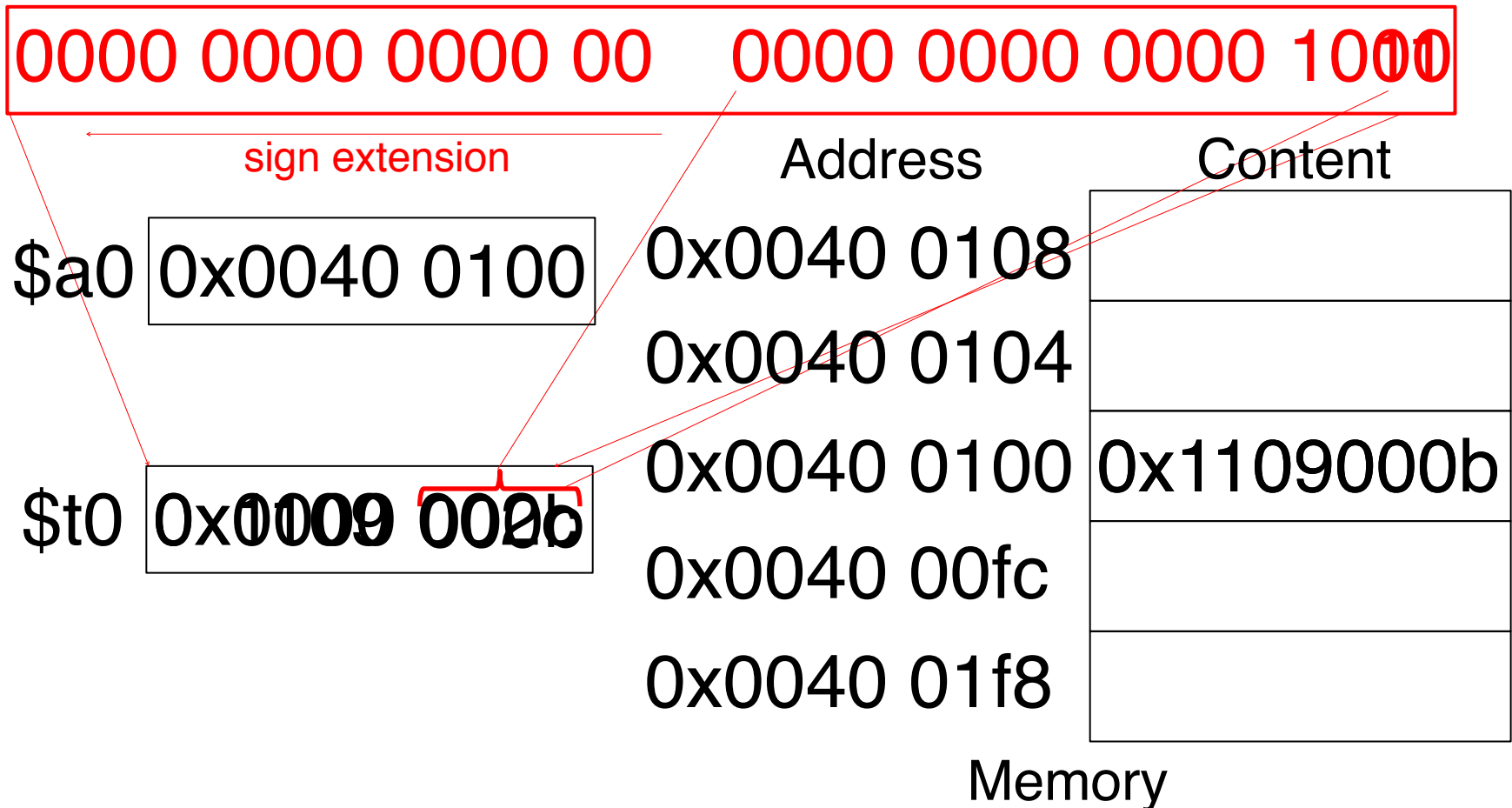
Value	Binary	Digit
0	0000	0
1	0001	1
2	0010	2
3	0011	3
4	0100	4
5	0101	5
6	0110	6
7	0111	7

Value	Binary	Digit
8	1000	8
9	1001	9
10	1010	a
11	1011	b
12	1100	c
13	1101	d
14	1110	e
15	1111	f

- Example: 0xeca8 6420
 - 1110 1100 1010 1000 0110 0100 0010 0000


Manipulating the Offset

\$a0 contains the address of the assembly instruction.



Computing the Target

\$a0 contains the address of the assembly instruction.

		Address	Content
\$a0	0x0040 0100	0x0040 0108	
	0x0000 0004	0x0040 0104	
\$t0	0x0000 002c	0x0040 0100	0x1109000b
<hr/>		0x0040 00fc	
\$t1	0x0040 0130	0x0040 01f8	
			Memory

Computing the Target

beq \$8, \$9, 0x00400130

Into this sequence
of ASCII characters?

\$t1 0x0040 0130

How do we transform
this binary representation?

ASCII Table

Dec	Hx	Oct	Char	Dec	Hx	Oct	Html	Chr	Dec	Hx	Oct	Html	Chr	Dec	Hx	Oct	Html	Chr
0	0	000	NUL (null)	32	20	040	 	Space	64	40	100	@	@	96	60	140	`	`
1	1	001	SOH (start of heading)	33	21	041	!	!	65	41	101	A	A	97	61	141	a	a
2	2	002	STX (start of text)	34	22	042	"	"	66	42	102	B	B	98	62	142	b	b
3	3	003	ETX (end of text)	35	23	043	#	#	67	43	103	C	C	99	63	143	c	c
4	4	004	EOT (end of transmission)	36	24	044	$	\$	68	44	104	D	D	100	64	144	d	d
5	5	005	ENQ (enquiry)	37	25	045	%	%	69	45	105	E	E	101	65	145	e	e
6	6	006	ACK (acknowledge)	38	26	046	&	&	70	46	106	F	F	102	66	146	f	f
7	7	007	BEL (bell)	39	27	047	'	'	71	47	107	G	G	103	67	147	g	g
8	8	010	BS (backspace)	40	28	050	((72	48	110	H	H	104	68	150	h	h
9	9	011	TAB (horizontal tab)	41	29	051))	73	49	111	I	I	105	69	151	i	i
10	A	012	LF (NL line feed, new line)	42	2A	052	*	*	74	4A	112	J	J	106	6A	152	j	j
11	B	013	VT (vertical tab)	43	2B	053	+	+	75	4B	113	K	K	107	6B	153	k	k
12	C	014	FF (NP form feed, new page)	44	2C	054	,	,	76	4C	114	L	L	108	6C	154	l	l
13	D	015	CR (carriage return)	45	2D	055	-	-	77	4D	115	M	M	109	6D	155	m	m
14	E	016	SO (shift out)	46	2E	056	.	.	78	4E	116	N	N	110	6E	156	n	n
15	F	017	SI (shift in)	47	2F	057	/	/	79	4F	117	O	O	111	6F	157	o	o
16	10	020	DLE (data link escape)	48	30	060	0	0	80	50	120	P	P	112	70	160	p	p
17	11	021	DC1 (device control 1)	49	31	061	1	1	81	51	121	Q	Q	113	71	161	q	q
18	12	022	DC2 (device control 2)	50	32	062	2	2	82	52	122	R	R	114	72	162	r	r
19	13	023	DC3 (device control 3)	51	33	063	3	3	83	53	123	S	S	115	73	163	s	s
20	14	024	DC4 (device control 4)	52	34	064	4	4	84	54	124	T	T	116	74	164	t	t
21	15	025	NAK (negative acknowledge)	53	35	065	5	5	85	55	125	U	U	117	75	165	u	u
22	16	026	SYN (synchronous idle)	54	36	066	6	6	86	56	126	V	V	118	76	166	v	v
23	17	027	ETB (end of trans. block)	55	37	067	7	7	87	57	127	W	W	119	77	167	w	w
24	18	030	CAN (cancel)	56	38	070	8	8	88	58	130	X	X	120	78	170	x	x
25	19	031	EM (end of medium)	57	39	071	9	9	89	59	131	Y	Y	121	79	171	y	y
26	1A	032	SUB (substitute)	58	3A	072	:	:	90	5A	132	Z	Z	122	7A	172	z	z
27	1B	033	ESC (escape)	59	3B	073	;	;	91	5B	133	[[123	7B	173	{	{
28	1C	034	FS (file separator)	60	3C	074	<	<	92	5C	134	\	\	124	7C	174	|	
29	1D	035	GS (group separator)	61	3D	075	=	=	93	5D	135]]	125	7D	175	}	}
30	1E	036	RS (record separator)	62	3E	076	>	>	94	5E	136	^	^	126	7E	176	~	~
31	1F	037	US (unit separator)	63	3F	077	?	?	95	5F	137	_	_	127	7F	177		DEL

ASCII Table

Dec	Hx	Oct	Html	Chr
48	30	060	0	0
49	31	061	1	1
50	32	062	2	2
51	33	063	3	3
52	34	064	4	4
53	35	065	5	5
54	36	066	6	6
55	37	067	7	7
56	38	070	8	8
57	39	071	9	9

Dec	Hx	Oct	Html	Chr
96	60	140	`	`
97	61	141	a	a
98	62	142	b	b
99	63	143	c	c
100	64	144	d	d
101	65	145	e	e
102	66	146	f	f

Printing the Target

```
beq $8, $9, 0x00400130
```

Convert into 0x?? (The ASCII code for '0')

0000 0000 0100 0000 0001 0011 0000

\$t1 0x0040 0130