

Customer Shopping Behavior Analysis

1. Project Overview

This project analyzes customer shopping behavior using transactional data from 3,900 purchases across various product categories. The goal is uncover insights into spending patterns, customer segments, product preferences, and subscription behavior to guide strategic business decisions.

2. Dataset Summary

- Rows: 3900

- Columns: 18

- Key Features:

 - Customer demographics (Age, Gender, Location, Subscription Status)

- Purchase details (Item Purchased, Category, Purchase Amount, Season, Size, Color)

- Shopping behavior (Discount Applied, Promo Code Used, Previous Purchases, Frequency of Purchases, Review Rating, Shipping Type)

- Missing Data: 37 values in Review Rating column

3. Exploratory Data Analysis using Python

We began with data preparation and cleaning in Python:

- > **Data Loading** : Imported the data using pandas.

- > **Initial Exploration** : Used **df.info()** to check structure and **df.describe()** for summary statistics.

```
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 3900 entries, 0 to 3899
Data columns (total 18 columns):
 #   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype  
---  -
 0   Customer ID                          3900 non-null   int64  
 1   Age                                   3900 non-null   int64  
 2   Gender                               3900 non-null   object  
 3   Item Purchased                       3900 non-null   object  
 4   Category                             3900 non-null   object  
 5   Purchase Amount (USD)                3900 non-null   int64  
 6   Location                             3900 non-null   object  
 7   Size                                  3900 non-null   object  
 8   Color                                3900 non-null   object  
 9   Season                               3900 non-null   object  
10  Review Rating                        3863 non-null   float64 
11  Subscription Status                  3900 non-null   object  
12  Shipping Type                        3900 non-null   object  
13  Discount Applied                     3900 non-null   object  
14  Promo Code Used                      3900 non-null   object  
15  Previous Purchases                   3900 non-null   int64  
16  Payment Method                       3900 non-null   object  
17  Frequency of Purchases                3900 non-null   object  
dtypes: float64(1), int64(4), object(13)
memory usage: 548.6+ KB
```

```
df.describe()
```

	Customer ID	Age	Purchase Amount (USD)	Review Rating	Previous Purchases
count	3900.000000	3900.000000	3900.000000	3863.000000	3900.000000
mean	1950.500000	44.068462	59.764359	3.750065	25.351538
std	1125.977353	15.207589	23.685392	0.716983	14.447125
min	1.000000	18.000000	20.000000	2.500000	1.000000
25%	975.750000	31.000000	39.000000	3.100000	13.000000
50%	1950.500000	44.000000	60.000000	3.800000	25.000000
75%	2925.250000	57.000000	81.000000	4.400000	38.000000
max	3900.000000	70.000000	100.000000	5.000000	50.000000

->**Missing Data Handling** : Chacked for null values and imputed missing values in the **Review Rating** column using the median rating of each product category.

-> **Column Standardization** : Reneamed columns to **snake case** for better readability and documentation.

-> **Feature Engineering**

- * Created **age_group** column by binnig customer ages.

- * Created **purchase_frequency_days** column from purchase data.

-> **Data Consistency Check**: Verified if **discount_applied** and **promo_code_used** were redundant: dropped **promo_code_used**.

-> **Database Integration**: Connected Python script to PostgreSQL and loaded the cleaned DataFrame into the database for SQL analysis.

4.Data Analysis using PostgreSQL

We performed structure analysis in PostgreSQL to anwser key business quetions:

1. Revenue by Gender - Compare total revenue generated by male vs female customers.

	gender text	total_revenue numeric
1	Male	157890
2	Female	75191

2. High-Spending Discount Users - Identified customers who used discounts but still spent above the average **purchase_amount**.

	customer_id bigint	purchase_amount bigint
1	2	64
2	3	73
3	4	90
4	7	85
5	9	97
6	12	68
7	13	72
8	16	81

Total rows: 839 Query complete 00:00:00.222

3.Top 5 Products by Rating - Found products with the highest average review ratings.

	item_purchased text	Average Product Rating numeric
1	Shirt	3.62
2	Jeans	3.65
3	Blouse	3.68
4	Scarf	3.71
5	Shorts	3.71

Total rows: 5 Query complete 00:00:00.325

4.Shipping Type Comparison - Compared average purchase amounts between Standard and Express shipping.

	shipping_type text	Average Purchase Amount numeric
1	Express	60.48
2	Standard	58.46

Total rows: 2 Query complete 00:00:00.209

5.Subscribers vs Non-Subscribers - Compared average spend and total revenue across subscription status.

	subscription_status text	Total Customer bigint	Average Spend numeric	Total Revenue numeric
1	No	2847	59.87	170436.00
2	Yes	1053	59.49	62645.00

Total rows: 2 Query complete 00:00:00.226

6.Discount-Dependent Products - Identified 5 products with the highest percentage of discounted purchases.

	item_purchased text	discount_rate numeric
1	Hat	50.00
2	Sneakers	49.00
3	Coat	49.00
4	Sweater	48.00
5	Pants	47.00

Total rows: 5 Query complete 00:00:00.221

7.Customer Segmentation - Classified Customers into new, Returnnig, and Loyal segments based on purchase history ?

	customer_segment text	Number of Customers bigint
1	Loyal	3116
2	Returning	701
3	New	83

Total rows: 3 Query complete 00:00:00.227

8.Top 3 Products per Category - Listed the most purchased products within each category.

	item_mark bigint	category text	item_purchased text	total_orders bigint
1	1	Accessori...	Jewelry	171
2	2	Accessori...	Sunglasses	161
3	3	Accessori...	Belt	161
4	1	Clothing	Blouse	171
5	2	Clothing	Pants	171

Total rows: 11 Query complete 00:00:00.175

9.Repeat Buyers & Subscription - Chacked whether customers with > 5 purchases are more likely to subscribe.

	subscription_status text	repeat_buyers bigint
1	No	2518
2	Yes	958

Total rows: 2 Query complete 00:00:00.236

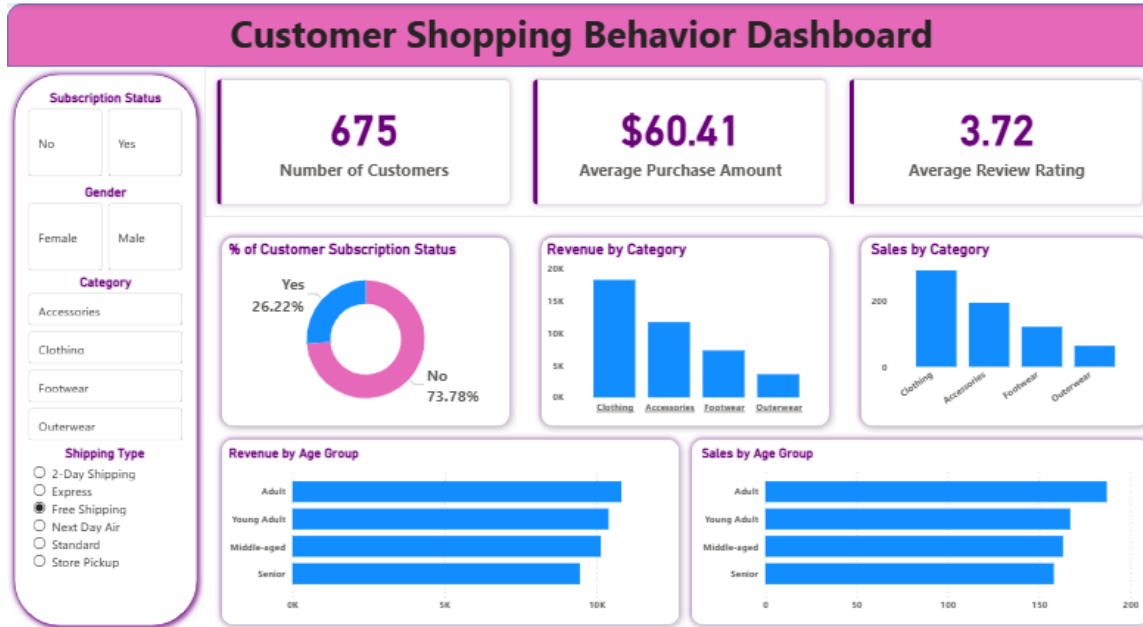
10. Revenue by Age Group - Calculated the total revenue contribution of each age group.

	age_group text	table_revenue numeric
1	Young Adult	62143
2	Middle-aged	59197
3	Adult	55978
4	Senior	55763

Total rows: 4 Query complete 00:00:00.159

5. Dashboard in Power BI

Finally, we build an interface dashboard in **Power Bi** to present insights visually.



6. Business Recommendations

* **Boost Subscriptions** - Promote exclusive benefits for subscription.

* **Customer Loyalty Programs** - Reward repeat buyers to move them into the 'Loyal' segment.

* **Review Discount Policy** - Balance sales boosts with margin control.

* **Product Positioning** - Highlight top-rated and best-selling products in campaigns.

* **Targeted Marketing** - Focus efforts on high-revenue age groups and express-shipping users.

