#### Demo: SVM



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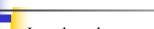
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- \*Name change pending internal approval.
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# Objectives



- Introduce the concept of high-performance computing.
- Discuss support vector machines (SVM) in SAS Enterprise Miner.
- Demonstrtaion of SVM using SAS EM



### Why the Need for High Performance?

- Very computationally intensive model fitting or simulations can cause slow execution.
- Massive amounts of data are stored in databases. Extraction into traditional computing environments requires massive data movement, which results in very poor performance.
- Many algorithms require multiple passes of the data for training models. This exacerbates the performance problem.
- Is this for you? It depends.

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### Why Do We Care in This Class?



- Two of the modeling nodes that we are going to use are high performance.
  - High-Performance Support Vector Machine
  - High-Performance Forest
- There are not non-high-performance versions of these modeling nodes.

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Appliance	A grid of computers that runs database software.
Access Engine	Enables communication between the SAS server and the appliance. It is the mechanism by which data is reac from and written to databases.
Threaded Kernel (TK) Extensions	The mechanisms by which distributed computing is done.
HPDM nodes	High-Performance Data Mining nodes. The High- Performance nodes in Enterprise Miner.

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# What Makes HPDM Nodes High Performance?

- Enterprise Miner HPDM nodes use SAS High-Performance Analytics procedures.
- SAS High-Performance Analytics procedures
  - are written using threaded kernel extensions
  - are designed to run in a distributed environment
  - are multi-threaded, to take advantage of multiple cores in single-machine mode
  - use algorithm choices that consider data movement and replication
  - use in-memory analytics to minimize data movement and substantially reduce required computing time, especially for algorithms that require multiple passes of the data.

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# Distributed Computing Means Knowing Faster

SAS processing in tandem with data



Apache Hadoop on Commodity Hardware

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# SAS Solution to the Performance Challenge

- Single-machine mode multiple cores on a single computer (also called *symmetric multiprocessing* or *SMP mode*)
- Distributed mode many architectures and configurations to take advantage of massively parallel processing (MPP)

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#### In This Class

- The HPDM nodes are run in single-machine (that is, SMP, non-distributed) mode.
- Some of the actions shown in the demonstrations that follow will not work in a distributed computing environment.

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# HP SVM in SAS Enterprise Miner



- Experimental SVM node (non-high performance) prior to Enterprise Miner
   13.1
- PROC HPSVM
- PROC SVMSCORE



## HP SVM Target Measurement Level

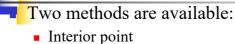
- Only binary targets supported
- No multi-class targets supported, nominal or ordinal
- No interval targets supported

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# Available Optimization Methods



- Active set
- **Note:** High-performance modes of operation:
  - Interior point runs in either single-machine or distributed mode.
  - Active set runs only in single-machine mode.



### Business Problem and Data Description

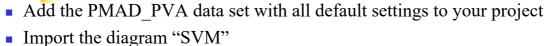
- PMAD\_PVA data
- This data set was used in an earlier class
  - Lapsing donor
  - Target variable is Target\_B
  - There is a bunch of Input variables

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#### SAS EM Details



- Look at settings of metadata
  - Target variable needs to be binary for SVM in SAS EM
- Look at properties panel of 4 SVM nodes (HPDM Tab)
- Run and look at results from the Model Comparison node and a few of the SVM models
- Use View > Model > Model Information to understand high performance mode of operation for any SVM in SAS



#### Base SAS for SVM

#### Syntax: HPSVM Procedure

The following statements are available in the HPSVM procedure:

- •PROC HPSVM DATA=SAS-data-set <options>;
- •CODE FILE=filename;
- •ID variables;
- INPUT variables-list / LEVEL=level <option>;
- •KERNEL kernel-type / kernel-parameters;
- •OUTPUT <output-options>;
- •PARTITION <partition-options>;
- •PENALTY C=constant-list;
- •PERFORMANCE <performance-options>;
- •SELECT <select-options>;
- •TARGET target / <option>;

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#### These are Some Self-study Slides

Research is being done in the area of SVM for regression purposes (that is, building SVM models on interval targets), but Enterprise Miner currently does not have this capability. The following information about SVM for regression purposes is provided simply for student information as a self-study section.

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