



# Sentiment Analysis Studio Features

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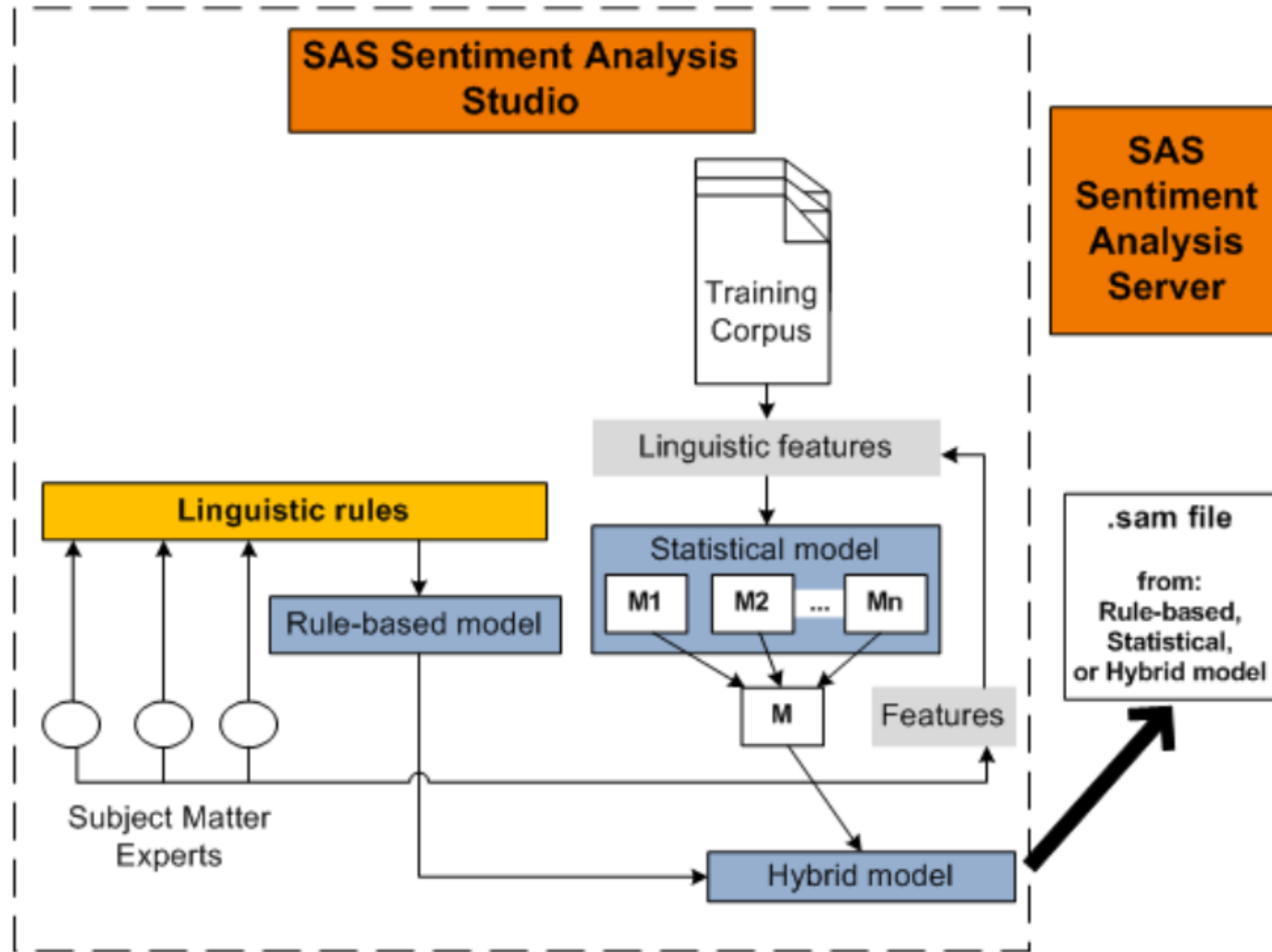


# Objectives

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- SAS has multiple products that can do sentiment analysis
  - SAS Text Miner (document level using Rule Builder), SAS Visual Text Analytics in Viya (document level), Sentiment Analysis Studio (document or sentence level)
- Describe functionalities and features of SAS Sentiment Analysis Studio.
- Demonstrate the use of SAS Sentiment Analysis Studio.

# Architecture of SAS Sentiment Analysis Studio





# Types of Statistical Models in Sentiment Analysis Studio

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- By default, the algorithms use 80% of the data for training and the remaining 20% for validation. (These percentages can be changed.)
- Four different text normalization methods are available (relative frequency, smoothed relative frequency, Okapi BM25, and pivoted length normalization)
- Four versions of feature-ranking algorithms are available (none, risk ratio, chi-square, information gain).
- Simple models combine the text normalization and feature ranking algorithms above.
- Advanced models enable you to define and customize your own model.



# Rule-Based versus Statistical Models

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- Statistical models identify sentiment at the document level.
- Rule-based models can determine overall sentiment, as well as for individual features or attributes.
- A project can contain multiple statistical models, but only a single rule-based model.



# Process for Writing Rules

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- Review a sample of documents to do the following:
  - Understand how the products and features are referenced
  - Identify the positive and negative keywords used in the documents
  - Determine how expressions of sentiment appear with respect to products and features
- Build a statistical model (with default options)
  - Import keywords based on classifier type rule from this model
- Write more rules
  - Test and refine the rules



# What Does a Rule Do?

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- A rule is written to achieve the following:
  - Match specific words or strings
  - Match any word using `_w` and `_cap` markers
  - Reference parts of speech
  - Reference defined entities with the `_def` marker
  - Use Boolean operators such as **AND, OR, NOT, SENT**
  - Use regular expressions (REGEX) to match patterns of characters, digits, or both



# Rule Types

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- CLASSIFIER
- CONCEPT
- C\_CONCEPT
- CONCEPT\_RULE
- PREDICATE\_RULE
- REGEX





# Hybrid Models

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- A hybrid model enables you to combine features of both statistical and rule-based models.
- General steps:
  1. Build a statistical model.
  2. Build a rule-based model.
  3. Build the hybrid model.
  4. Test the hybrid model.



# SAS Text Miner and SAS Sentiment Analysis Studio

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- SAS Sentiment Analysis Studio is a *stand-alone* product. It is designed to handle all of the tasks needed to run sentiment analysis on a corpus of documents.
- But, in my opinion, the application of text mining on the same corpus helps analysts build better sentiment analysis models. In particular, I find the following nodes of Text Miner helpful before running Sentiment Analysis Studio.
  - Text Parsing node
  - Text Cluster node
  - Text Topic node
  - Text Rule Builder node
  - Text Profile node