



Matrix Inversion, Singularity and Special Matrices (SSCP)

Dr. Goutam Chakraborty

SAS® Professor of Marketing Analytics

Director of MS in Business Analytics and Data Science (<http://analytics.okstate.edu/mban/>)

Director of Graduate Certificate in Business Data Mining (<http://analytics.okstate.edu/certificate/grad-data-mining/>)

Director of Graduate Certificate in Marketing Analytics (<http://analytics.okstate.edu/certificate/grad-marketing-analytics/>)

- Note some of these slides are copyrighted by SAS® and used with permission. Reuse or redistribution is prohibited

Matrix Division: Inverse

Inverse: The multivariate equivalent of division.

Denoted \mathbf{A}^{-1}

Inverse: Matrix Division

The inverse of a matrix is one that solves the following:

$$\mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}^{-1} = \mathbf{I}$$

To find the inverse of a 2×2 matrix by hand, first create a pattern matrix with alternating + and – signs across each row:

$$\begin{bmatrix} + & - \\ - & + \end{bmatrix}$$

Next, find the determinant of the original matrix, \mathbf{A} :

$$|\mathbf{A}| = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = (2 * 4) - (1 * 3) = 5$$

3

Matrix Algebra Review

Inverse: Matrix Division

Attach the signs from the pattern matrix to the original matrix elements and swap the elements on the positive diagonal:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ -3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Finally, divide each element by the determinant of the matrix:

$$\mathbf{A}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{4}{5} & \frac{-1}{5} \\ \frac{-3}{5} & \frac{2}{5} \end{bmatrix}$$

4

Matrix Algebra Review

Singular Matrices: A Real Problem

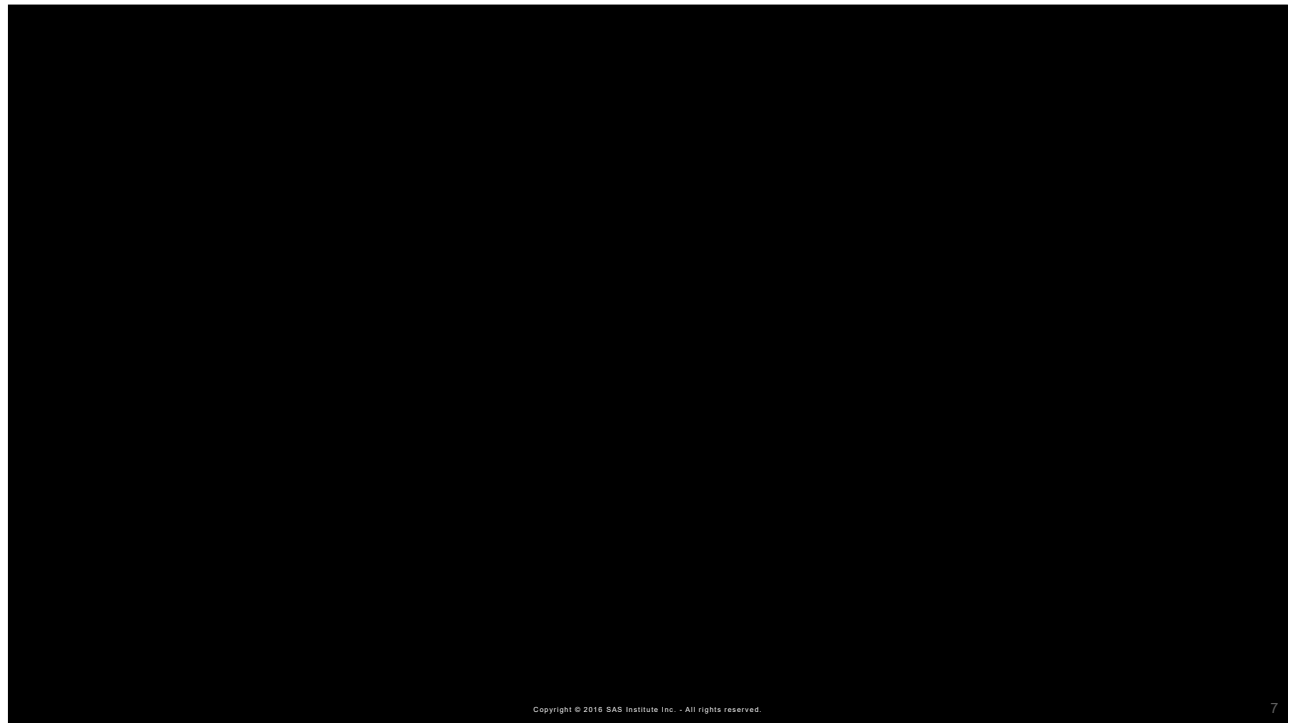
- Notice that if the determinant of a matrix=0, the inverse cannot be calculated.
 - Matrices whose determinant=0 are known as *singular* matrices.
- Collinear (perfectly linearly related) variables in a matrix (**X**) can cause singularity in the **SSCP** (**X'X**) matrix.
 - Matrix inversion is used extensively in multivariate statistics, and therefore collinear variables (and singular matrices) pose a real problem for analysis.
 - When two variables in data *are perfectly correlated*, the SSCP becomes singular.

5

Matrix Algebra Review

Examples of Different Singular SSCP Matrices

Copyright © 2016 SAS Institute Inc. - All rights reserved.



Copyright © 2016 SAS Institute Inc. - All rights reserved.

7