Homework 3

- 1. Find the matrix representation for the following linear transformations.
- (a) $T(x_1,x_2,x_3)=(3x_1-x_2,x_2+x_3,x_1-x_2-x_3)$
- (b) T maps $\begin{bmatrix}1\\0\\1\end{bmatrix}$, and $\begin{bmatrix}0\\1\\0\end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix}0\\0\\1\end{bmatrix}$ respectively to $\begin{bmatrix}0\\1\end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix}1\\1\end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix}1\\-1\end{bmatrix}$
- (c) $T(x_1,x_2)=x_1egin{bmatrix}1\\1\\2\end{bmatrix}+x_2egin{bmatrix}-1\\1\\5\end{bmatrix}$
- 2. Sketch the image of the square formed by vertices (0,0), (0,1), (1,0) and (1,1) under the linear transformation $T(\mathbf{x})=\begin{bmatrix}1&-1\\2&3\end{bmatrix}\mathbf{x}$.
- 3. Sketch the image of the triangle formed by vertices (-1,1), (1,0) and (1,1) under the linear transformation $T(\mathbf{x})=\begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}\mathbf{x}$.
- 4. Let $A=egin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \ 4 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$.
- (a) Find A^2 and A^3 .
- (b) Find $2A^3-4A+5I_2$ and $A^2+2A+11I_2$.
- 5. Let $\mathbf{v} = egin{bmatrix} v_1 \ v_2 \ v_3 \end{bmatrix}$, $\mathbf{v}^T = egin{bmatrix} v_1 & v_2 & v_3 \end{bmatrix}$, and $v_1
 eq 0$.
- (a) Find $\mathbf{v}^T \mathbf{v}$ and $\mathbf{v} \mathbf{v}^T$.
- (b) If $\mathbf{v} \neq \mathbf{0}$, verify that the rank of $\mathbf{v}^T \mathbf{v}$ and $\mathbf{v} \mathbf{v}^T$ are 1.