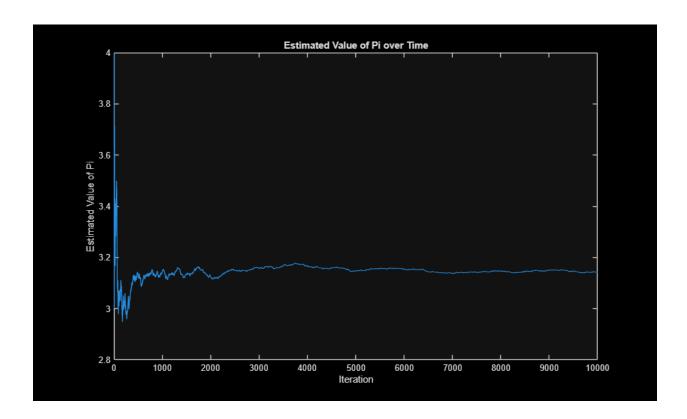
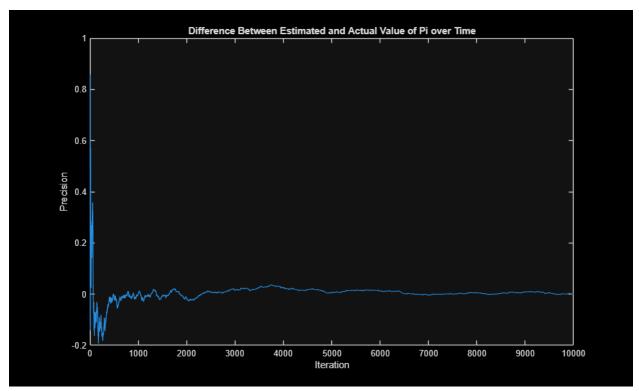
```
응 {
Estimate pi based on a fixed number of random points and plot
the estimated value of pi as iterations increase and the difference
between the estimated and actual value of pi as iterations increase
응 }
inside = 0;
num points = 10000;
pis = [];
for i = 1:num points
   x = rand;
    y = rand;
    r = sqrt(x^2 + y^2);
    % Determine if the randomly generated point is inside the circle
    if r <= 1
        inside = inside + 1;
    end
    pis(end+1) = 4*(inside / i);
end
diffs = pis - pi;
est pi = 4*(inside / num points);
figure;
plot(pis);
xlabel('Iteration');
ylabel('Estimated Value of Pi');
title('Estimated Value of Pi over Time');
figure;
plot(diffs);
xlabel('Iteration');
ylabel('Precision');
title('Difference Between Estimated and Actual Value of Pi over Time');
응 {
Use different amounts of points and measure the computation time
and precision for each and plot these against each other
points array = [100, 1000, 10000, 1000000, 10000000];
new pis = [];
times = [];
for points = points array
    inside = 0;
    tic;
    for i = 1:points
        x = rand;
        y = rand;
```

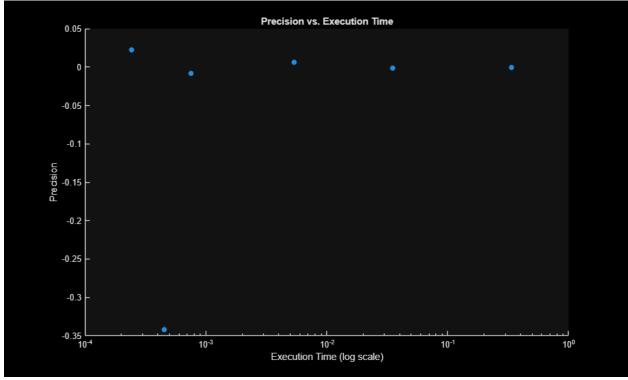
```
r = sqrt(x^2 + y^2);
        % Determine if the randomly generated point is inside the circle
        if r <= 1
            inside = inside + 1;
        end
    end
    new pis(end+1) = 4 * (inside / points);
    times(end+1) = toc;
end
new diffs = new pis - pi;
figure;
scatter(times, new diffs, 'filled');
set(gca, 'XScale', 'log');
xlabel('Execution Time (log scale)');
ylabel('Precision');
title('Precision vs. Execution Time');
응 {
Estimate pi to a specified number of significant figures
without using the true value of pi
응 }
sigfigs = 3;
inside = 0;
total = 0;
prev = 0;
est pi = 0;
stable count = 0;
stable required = 100;
batch size = 100;
tol = .05 * 10^{(-sigfigs)};
while true
    x = rand(batch size, 1);
    y = rand(batch size, 1);
    % Determine which points in the batch are inside the circle
    inside = inside + sum(x.^2 + y.^2 \le 1);
    total = total + batch size;
    est pi = 4 * (inside / total);
    % Check the stability of the estimate
    if abs(est pi - prev) < tol</pre>
        stable count = stable count + 1;
    else
        stable count = 0;
    end
    % Stop if desired stability reached
    if stable count >= stable required
        est pi = round(est pi, sigfigs-1);
        break;
    prev = est pi;
```

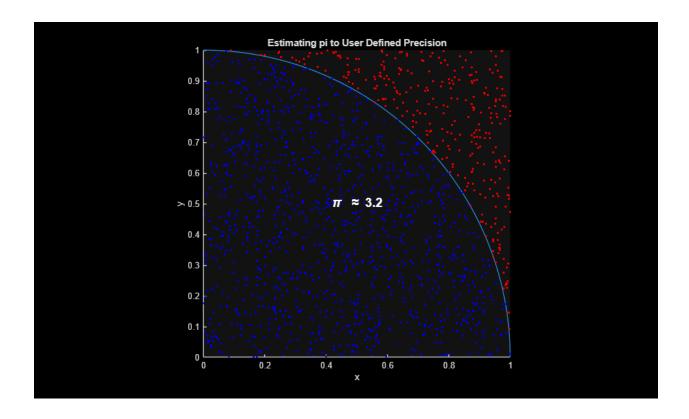
```
end
disp(est pi);
disp(total);
응 {
Estimate pi to a specified number of significant figures
without using the true value of pi using a function that
takes precision as input, plots points as they are generated,
displays the final value of pi, and returns the estimated
value of pi
응 }
function estimate = estimate pi(sigfigs)
    sigfigs = 2;
    inside = 0;
    total = 0;
    prev = 0;
    est pi = 0;
    stable count = 0;
    stable required = 3;
    batch size = 10;
    tol = .05 * 10^{(-sigfigs)};
    figure;
    hold on;
    axis equal;
    axis([0 1 0 1]);
    title('Estimating pi to User Defined Precision');
    xlabel('x');
    ylabel('y');
    theta = linspace(0, pi/2, 200);
    plot(cos(theta), sin(theta));
    while true
        x = rand(batch size, 1);
        y = rand(batch size, 1);
        r2 = x.^2 + y.^2;
        % Determine which points in the batch are inside the circle
        inside index = r2 \le 1;
        % Plot points in the current batch
        plot(x(inside index), y(inside index), 'b.');
        plot(x(~inside index), y(~inside index), 'r.');
        inside = inside + sum(inside index);
        total = total + batch size;
        est pi = 4 * (inside / total);
        % Check the stability of the estimate
        if abs(est pi - prev) < tol</pre>
            stable count = stable count + 1;
            stable count = 0;
        end
```

```
% Stop if desired stability reached
        if stable count >= stable required
            est pi = round(est pi, sigfigs-1);
            break;
        end
        prev = est pi;
        drawnow;
    end
    text(0.5, 0.5, sprintf('\\pi \\approx %.*g', sigfigs, est_pi), ...
        'FontSize', 14, 'FontWeight', 'bold', 'Color', 'w', ...
        'HorizontalAlignment', 'center');
    estimate = est pi;
end
disp(estimate pi(3));
    3.1400
      702900
    3.2000
```









Published with MATLAB® R2025a