

PMath 347 Groups and Rings
Homework # 1
Fall 2017, Rahim Moosa

Due on Friday September 22.

1. Fix $n \geq 3$ and let $r, s \in D_{2n}$ be the rotation and reflection symmetries discussed in class (or see §1.3 of D&F). Prove that

- (a) $s \neq r^i$ for any $i \geq 0$, and
- (b) $sr^i = r^{-i}s$ for any $i \geq 0$

2. Define the *order* of an element of a group, $a \in G$, to be the least positive integer n such that $a^n = 1$, if such an n exists. If no positive power of a is the identity then we say that a is of *infinite order*. The order of a is denoted by $|a|$.

Prove that $|ab| = |ba|$ for all $a, b \in G$.

3. Suppose G is a group and consider the function $\phi : G \rightarrow G$ given by $\phi(g) = g^2$. Prove that ϕ is a homomorphism if and only if G is abelian.

In the following two questions $\mathbb{Z}_n := \{0, 1, \dots, n-1\}$ equipped with both addition and multiplication modulo n . That is, $a \oplus b$ is the remainder of $a + b$ when divided by n , and $a \otimes b$ is the remainder of ab when divided by n . For these questions you may use basic facts about arithmetic, from MATH 135 for example.

4. Let $n \geq 2$ and $\mathbb{Z}_n^\times := \{a \in \mathbb{Z} : 0 \leq a < n, \gcd(a, n) = 1\}$. Prove that \mathbb{Z}_n^\times with multiplication modulo n is a group.

5. Fix integers n, m , both ≥ 2 , and such that n divides m . Prove that there exists a nontrivial group homomorphism $\phi : \mathbb{Z}_m \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_n$.