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My Pity

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Whatever contest
today

Numerical (1)

SolveLinear.h

Description: Solves $A * x = b$. If there are multiple solutions, an arbitrary one is returned. Returns rank, or -1 if no solutions. Data in A and b is lost.
Time: $\mathcal{O}(n^2m)$

```
int solveLinear(vector<vector<double>& A, vector<double>& b,
vector<double>& x) {
    int n = sz(A), m = sz(x), rank = 0, br, bc;
    if (n) assert(sz(A[0]) == m);
    vector<int> col(m); iota(WHOLE(col), 0);

    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
        double v, bv = 0;
        for (int r = i; r < n; ++r) for (int c = i; c < m; ++c)
            if ((v = fabs(A[r][c])) > bv)
                br = r, bc = c, bv = v;
        if (bv < eps) {
            for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j)
                if (fabs(b[j]) > eps)
                    return -1;
            break;
        }
        swap(A[i], A[br]);
        swap(b[i], b[br]);
        swap(col[i], col[bc]);
        for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j)
            swap(A[j][i], A[j][bc]);
        bv = 1. / A[i][i];
        for (int j = i + 1; j < n; ++j) {
            double fac = A[j][i] * bv;
            b[j] -= fac * b[i];
            for (int k = i + 1; k < m; ++k)
                A[j][k] -= fac * A[i][k];
        }
        rank++;
    }

    x.assign(m, 0);
    for (int i = rank; i--;) {
        b[i] /= A[i][i];
        x[col[i]] = b[i];
        for (int j = 0; j < i; ++j)
            b[j] -= A[j][i] * b[i];
    }
    return rank; // (multiple solutions if rank < m)
}
```

SolveLinear2.h

Description: To get all uniquely determined values of x back from SolveLinear, make the following changes:

```
"SolveLinear.h"
for(int j = 0; j < n; ++j)if(j != i) // instead of for(j=i+1; j<n)
// ... then at the end:
x.assign(m, undefined);
for (int i = 0; i < rank; ++i) {
    for (int j = rank; j < m; ++j)
        if (fabs(A[i][j]) > eps) goto fail;
    x[col[i]] = b[i] / A[i][i];
fail:; }
```

Strings (2)

Hashes.h

```
using Hash = array<ui64, 3>;
#define HOP(op) \
    inline Hash operator op (Hash a, Hash b) { \
        return {a[0] op b[0], a[1] op b[1], a[2] op b[2]}; \
    }
HOP(+) HOP(-) HOP(*) HOP(%)
inline Hash makeHash(ui64 val) { return {val, val, val}; }

const Hash Multiplier{{228227, 227223, 22823}};
const Hash Modulus{{424242429, 2922827, 22322347}};

vector<Hash> pows(1);
struct Hashes {
    explicit Hashes(const string& s) {
        pows.front().fill(1);
        while (pows.size() <= s.size())
            pows.push_back(pows.back() * Multiplier % Modulus);
        prefs.push_back(makeHash(0));
        for (auto c : s)
            prefs.push_back((prefs.back() * Multiplier + makeHash(c))
                % Modulus);
    }
    Hash get(size_t begin, size_t end) const {
        return (prefs[end] - prefs[begin] * pows[end - begin]
            % Modulus + Modulus) % Modulus;
    }
private:
    vector<Hash> prefs;
};
```

AhoCorasick.h

Description: on-line tracking of the set of suffixes of a text that are prefixes of some words from a dictionary.

```
struct AhoCorasick {
    AhoCorasick(): n(1) {
        n.reserve(TrieSize);
    }

    void addWord(const string& word, int id) {
        int v = 0;
        for (int ch : word) {
            ch -= 'a';
            auto& u = n[v].trans[ch];
            if (!u) {
                u = int(n.size());
                n.emplace_back();
            }
            v = u;
        }
        n[v].termId = id;
    }

    void build() {
        queue<int> q;
        for (q.push(0); !q.empty(); q.pop()) {
            auto v = q.front();
            for (Char ch = 0; ch < Alph; ++ch) {
                auto& u = n[v].trans[ch];
                if (!u) {
                    u = n[n[v].link].trans[ch];
                    continue;
                }
                q.push(u);
                auto i = n[u].link = (v ? n[n[v].link].trans[ch] : 0);
                n[u].nextTerm = (n[i].termId >= 0 ? i : n[i].nextTerm);
            }
        }
    }

private:
    struct Node {
        int trans[Alph]{};
        int nextTerm = -1, termId = -1, link = 0;
    };

    vector<Node> n;
};
```

ZFunction.h

Description: $z[x]$ is max L : $s[x:x+L] == s[:L]$

```
vector<size_t> zFun(const string& s) {
    vector<size_t> z(s.size(), 0);
    for (size_t left = 0, right = 0, i = 1; i < s.size(); ++i) {
        z[i] = (i < right ? min(right - i, z[i - left]) : 0);
        while (i + z[i] < s.size() && s[i + z[i]] == s[z[i]])
            ++z[i];
        if (i + z[i] > right)
            tie(left, right) = {i, i + z[i]};
    }
    return z;
}
```

PrefixFunction.h

Description: $pi[x]$ is the length of the longest prefix of s that ends at x , other than $s[0..x]$ itself

```
vector<size_t> pi(const string& s) {
    vector<size_t> p(s.size(), 0);
    for (size_t i = 1; i < s.size(); ++i) {
        auto px = p[i - 1];
        while (px && s[i] != s[px])
            px = p[px - 1];
        p[i] = px + (s[i] == s[g]);
    }
    return p;
}
```

Manacher.h

Description: For each position in a string, computes $p[0][i]$ = half length of longest even palindrome around pos i , $p[1][i]$ = longest odd (half rounded down).
Time: $\mathcal{O}(N)$

```
void manacher(const string& s) {
    auto n = int(s.size());
    vector<int> p[2];
    p[0].resize(n + 1);
    p[1].resize(n);
    for (int z = 0; z < 2; ++z) {
        for (int i=0, l=0, r=0; i < n; ++i){
            int t = r - i + !z;
            if (i<r) p[z][i] = min(t, p[z][l + t]);
            int L = i - p[z][i], R = i + p[z][i] - !z;
            while (L >= 1 && R + 1 < n && s[L - 1] == s[R + 1])
                p[z][i]++, L--, R++;
            if (R > r)
                tie(l, r) = {L, R};
        }
    }
}
```

}