CSE 115 Lab on nested loop (part 2)

```
C programs to print the following patterns:
                                         2.
1.
                                               1
                                              1 2
                                             1 2 3
                                            1 2 3 4
                                           1 2 3 4 5
#include <stdio.h>
                                         #include <stdio.h>
void main()
                                         void main()
    int i, j, rows;
                                             int i, j, rows;
    printf("Enter no. of rows: ");
                                             printf("Enter no. of rows: ");
    scanf("%d",&rows);
                                             scanf("%d",&rows);
    int space=rows-1;
                                             int space=rows-1;
    for(i=1; i<=rows; i++) {
                                             for(i=1; i<=rows; ++i) {
         for(j=1;j<=space; j++)</pre>
                                                  for(j=1;j<=space; j++)</pre>
             printf(" ");
                                                      printf(" ");
        for(j=1; j<=i; j++)
                                                  for(j=1; j<=i; j++)
                                                      printf("%d ",j);
             printf("* ");
        printf("\n");
                                                  printf("\n");
         space--;
                                                  space--;
    }
                                              }
```

3. Write a C program to compute the sum of the following series using nested loop

$$\frac{1}{1} + \left(\frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{2}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}\right) + \dots + \left(\frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{2} + \dots + \frac{1}{n}\right)$$

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
{
   int i, j, n;
   float sum=0, term;
   printf("Enter n:");
   scanf("%d", &n);
   for (i = 1; i \le n; i++) {
        //compute i-th term = 1/1 + 1/2 + ... + 1/i
         term = 0;
         for (j = 1; j \le i; j++)
                term+=1.0/j;
         //add i-th term with sum
         sum += term;
   }//i
   printf("%f\n", sum);
}//main
```

4. Write a program that prints first n prime numbers (n is input). E.g. for n = 5 it should print: 2,3,5,7,11,

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
    int n, i = 2, count=0, j, isPrime;
    printf("Enter n: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("First %d prime numbers: ", n);
    while (count < n)
    {
        //if current value of i is a prime no., then print it
        isPrime = 1; //let the current value of i is a prime no.
        for (j = 2; j \le i/2; j++)
            if (i\%j == 0){ //if i has a divisor then i isn't prime
                isPrime = 0; //so assign 0 to isPrime to indicate this
                break;
            }
        }//for
        if (isPrime)
            printf("%d, ",i); //move this outside while loop to print n-th prime
            count++;
        }
        i++;
    }//while
}//main
```

Exercise Problems:

1. Write separate C programs to print the following patterns (read number of rows from user):

* * * * *	А	A
* * * *	AВ	ABC
* * *	АВС	ABCDE
* *	ABCD	ABCDEFG
*	ABCDE	ABCDEFGHI

2. Write a C program to print all prime numbers between 1 and n in reverse order (n is an input).

Sample input/output:

Enter n: 20

All prime numbers between 1 and 20 (in reverse order):19, 17, 13, 11, 7, 5, 3, 2,

- 3. Write a C program to compute and print the sum of all prime numbers between m and n (m, n are inputs)
- 4. Write a C program to print the first n perfect numbers where n is an input.
- 5. Write a C program to compute and print the sum of first n perfect numbers.
- 6. Write a C program to print the n-th perfect number where n is an input.

Assignment Problems:

1. Write separate C programs to print the following patterns for n lines (n is input) using nested loop:

****	7	1	1	0
****	A	1	1	0
* *	ВВ	23	234	01
* *	ссс	456	56789	010
**	DDDD	7890	0123456	0101
*	EEEEE	12345	789012345	01010
*****		*	*	
		**	***	
*****		* * *	****	
		***	*****	
* * * *		****	*****	
***		***	*****	
		***	****	
*		**	***	
		*	*	
				*

- 2. Write a C program to print all palindrome numbers between m and n (m, n are inputs). For e.g. 121 is a palindrome since the reverse of 121 = 121; but 152 is not a palindrome.
- 3. Write a C program to compute and print the sum of palindrome numbers between m and n
- 4. Write a C program to print the first n palindrome numbers where n is an input.