CSE 115 Lab on functions

1. C program illustrating the difference between void and non-void function:

```
#include <stdio.h>
                                       //main function
// definition of a non-void function
                                       void main()
float computeSquare(float x)
                                           float m, n;
                                           printf("\nEnter a number: ");
   return x*x;
                                           scanf("%f", &m);
                                       //call computeSquare function on m
// definition of a void function
                                           n = computeSquare(m);
void printCube(float x)
                                           printf ("Square = %f", n);
                                       //call printCube function on m
                                           printCube(m);
   printf("Cube = %f", x*x*x);
```

2. C program to determine if a given number is odd/even using function

```
#include <stdio.h>
void oddEven(int x)
{
    int m;
    if(x%2==0) printf("Even");
    else    printf("Odd");
}

void main()

{
    int m;
    printf("\nEnter an integer: ");
    scanf("%d", &m);
    oddEven(m); //function call
}
```

Try yourself2: Write C program using a function to check if a given number is positive, negative, or zero.

3. C program to determine if a given number is prime using function

```
#include <stdio.h>
                                         int main()
int isPrime(int x)
                                             int m;
    int i;
                                             printf("\nEnter an integer: ");
    for (i=2; i <= x/2; i++)
                                             scanf("%d", &m);
                                             int n = isPrime(m);
        if(x\%i==0)
                                             if(n==0)
            return 0;
                                                 printf("Not prime")
                                             else
    return 1;
                                                 printf("Prime");
```

Try yourself 3: Write C program using a function to check if a given number is a perfect number.

4. C program to compute sum of all natural numbers between m and n (using function)

```
#include <stdio.h>
int sum(int m, int n)
{
    int i, sum=0;
    for(i=m;i<=n;i++)
        sum+=i;
    }
    return sum;
}

int main()
{
    int n;
    printf("\nEnter 2 integers: ");
    scanf("%d%d", &m, &n);
    int s = sum(m,n);
    printf("sum=%d",s)
}</pre>
```

5. C program to compute the integer resulting from rounding a number n (using function)

```
#include <stdio.h>
int round1(float n)
{
   int i=n; //integer part of n
   if(n-i>=0.5) return i+1;
   else return i;
}

int main()

{
   float n;
   printf("\nEnter a number: ");
   scanf("%f", &n);

   int s = round1(n);
   printf("%d",s)
}
```

Exercise:

- 1. Write a C program using 3 functions to compute diameter, circumference and area of a circle whose radius is given by the user as the input.
- 2. Find the sum of the following series using a function: $1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + ... + N^2$

Assignment:

- 1. Find the sum of the following series using user-defined function: 1/1! + 2/2! + 3/3! + +1/N!
- 2. Write a C code using functions that takes two integers: a and b as inputs and returns the value of a^b.
- 3. Compute the sum of the following geometric progression using a function with 2 parameters r and n:

```
1 + r + r^2 + ... + r^n (read the values of r and n from user)
```

- 4. Write a C program that reads an integer and returns the reverse of that number using function.
- 5. Write a C program using function that reads a floating point number n and an integer d and then prints the rounded value of n up to d decimal places. E.g. for n=5.678 and d = 2; it should print 5.68