

Assignment 4

MAT 361 Probability and Statistics

Section 4

Spring 2021
North South University

Name : A.S.M. Samiul Islam

Student ID : 1921826642

Email Address : Samiul.islam03@northsouth.edu

sec:04

Assignment-4

1) probablity, p = 0.09

in = 9
Bionomial Distribution,
$$P(x=x) = {n \choose x} P^{x} (1-P)^{3-x}$$

a) Exactly two arrows score bull's eyes,

$$P(x=2) = \binom{9}{2} + 0.09^{2} (1-0.09)^{9-2}$$

$$= 36 \times 0.09^{2} \times 0.91^{3}$$
$$= 0.15069$$

$$P(x \ge 2) = P(x = 2) + P(x = 3) + ... + P(x = 9)$$

$$= P(X=2) + P(X=3) + ... + P(X=9)$$

$$= 91 - P(x=0) - P(X=1)$$

$$= 1 - {9 \choose 0} 0.09^{0} (1-0.09)^{9-0} - {9 \choose 1} 0.009^{1} 0.091^{9-1}$$

$$E(x) = n P$$
$$= 9 x \circ \cdot \circ 9$$

d) Variance, V(x) = n p (1-p)

$$= 9 \times 0.09 \times (1-0.09) = 6.07371$$
 Arswey.
Standard deviation = $\sqrt{V(N)} = \sqrt{0.7371} = 0.8585$
Answey.

- 2) A company recieves 60% of its orders over the internet.
 - : probablity, P = 0.6

18 independently placed order. : n = 18.

It is binomial distribution, $p(x=x) = {18 \choose x} D \cdot 6^{x} (1-0-6)^{18-x}$

(a) between eight and ten of the orders are recieved,

Probablity =
$$P(x=8) + P(x=9) + P(x=10)$$

$$= {\binom{8}{8}} \times 0.6 \times {(1-0.6)}_{18-8} + {\binom{8}{18}} \times 0.6 \times 0.4_{18-9} + {\binom{10}{18}} 0.6_{10} \cdot 4_{10}$$

- = 0-3789 Answer
- (b) nor more than four of the orders are received over the internet,

$$+ {\binom{18}{3}} \circ .6^{3} \times 0.4^{18-3} + {\binom{18}{4}} \times 0.6^{18-4} + {\binom{18}{3}} \circ .6^{3} \times 0.4^{18-3} + {\binom{18}{4}} \times 0.6^{4} \times 0.4^{18-4}$$

$$= 6.87 \times 10^{8} + 1.855 \times 10^{-6} + 2.3657 \times 10^{-5} + 1.8925 \times 10^{-9}$$

- 31 parameter, P = 0.09
- (a) Considering as geometric distribution,

$$p(x=x) = (1-p)^{(x-1)} p$$

$$p(x=4) = (1-0.09)^{4-1} \times 0.09$$

$$= 0.91^{3} \times 0.09$$

$$= 0.0678$$
Answer

$$P(X=x) = {x-1 \choose r-1} (1-p)^{(x-r)} p^r$$

$$P(10) = {\binom{10-1}{3-1}} (1-0.09)^{(10-3)} 0.09^{3}$$
$$= {\binom{9}{2}} (0.91)^{7} \cdot 0.09^{3}$$

$$E(x) = \frac{1}{p} = \frac{1}{0.09}$$

= 11.11 Answer

(d) Expected number of arrows shot before the third bulks eye is scored,
$$\frac{r(x) = r(x)}{r(x)} = \frac{r}{r}$$

$$=\frac{3(1-i)}{0.09}$$

= 33.33

$$b(x=x) = \frac{6x}{x^{1}}$$

2=2.4

$$P(x \ge 4) = 1 P(x=4) + P(x=5) + ...$$

= 1 - P(x=3) - P(x=2) - P(x=1) - P(x=0)

$$= 1 - \frac{e^{-2\cdot 4} \cdot 4^3}{3!} - \frac{e^{-2\cdot 4} \cdot 2\cdot 4^2}{2!} - \frac{e^{-2\cdot 4} \cdot 2\cdot 4^1}{1!} - \frac{e^{-2\cdot 4} \cdot 2\cdot 4^1}{0!}$$

$$= 1 - 0.209 - 0.2613 - 0.2137 - 0.0907$$

Standard deviation of $\sigma = 0.12 \text{ mm}$

$$= P\left(\frac{3\cdot 2-\mu}{\sigma} \left\langle \frac{x-\mu}{\sigma} \left\langle \frac{\omega-\mu}{\sigma} \right\rangle \right)$$

$$= \rho \left(\frac{3 \cdot 2 - 3}{0 \cdot 12} \left\langle \frac{\chi - 3}{0 \cdot 12} \left\langle \infty \right) \right)$$

$$= 1 - F(1.67)$$

(ii)
$$\rho$$
 ($\chi < b$) ρ ($\chi < 2.7$)
= ρ (- $\omega < \chi < 2.7$) = ρ ($\frac{-\omega - 3}{0.12} < \frac{\chi - 3}{0.12} < \frac{2.7 - 3}{0.12}$)
= ρ (- $\omega < \frac{\chi - 3}{0.12} < -2.5$)
= ρ (- $\omega < \frac{\chi - 3}{0.12} < -2.5$)