

North South University
CSE-225.1L (Spring-2018)
Lab-02 (Template Classes in C++)

What is ‘Template Class’ in C++:

“**Template Class**” is an important feature of C++ which enables the coder to write **generic** functions or classes. In a **generic function or class**, the type of data (i.e: int, float, double, etc.) upon which the function or class operates is specified as a parameter.

Why ‘Template Class’?

By creating a templated class/ function, you can define the nature of your algorithm to be independent of any kind of data types.

Once you have written a templated code, your compiler will automatically generate the correct code for the type of data that is actually used when you execute the function.

Format for writing a ‘Template Class’ in C++

Remember the simple **DynamicArray** class we discussed in our **Lab-01** where we created a simple C++ class to create a dynamically allocated array for only holding integer type of values. If we convert that simple class into a templated class, then that class object will be able to hold any valid type of numeric values (int, float, double). Now, the format for writing a template function in C++ (in the source .cpp file) is as follows:

```
template <class ItemType>
return-type Class_Name<ItemType>::functionName(parameters)
{
    // your code goes here
}
```

Now, if we convert the header file of that DynamicArray class to a templated version, it will be like as given below:

```
dynamicarray.h

#ifndef DYNAMICARRAY_H_INCLUDED
#define DYNAMICARRAY_H_INCLUDED

template <class ItemType>
class DynamicArray{

private:
    ItemType* data;

public:
    DynamicArray(int);
    ~DynamicArray();
    void insertItem(int, ItemType);
    ItemType getItem(int);
};

#endif
```

If we convert the cpp file of that DynamicArray class to a templated version, it will be like as given below:

```
dynamicarray.cpp

#include “dynamicarray.h”
```

```

template <class ItemType>
DynamicArray<ItemType>::DynamicArray(int size)
{
    data = new ItemType[size];
}

template <class ItemType>
void DynamicArray<ItemType>::insertItem(int index, ItemType item)
{
    data[index] = item;
}

template <class ItemType>
ItemType DynamicArray<ItemType>::getItem(int index)
{
    return data[index];
}

template <class ItemType>
DynamicArray<ItemType>::~~DynamicArray()
{
    delete[] data;
}

```

Creating and using template class objects in the driver (main.cpp) file:

main.cpp

```
#include "dynamicarray.cpp"
```

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int defaultSize = 3;
```

```
// Creating and using a DynamicArray object
```

```
// dealing with integer type of data
```

```
DynamicArray<int> intArray(defaultSize);
```

```
for (int index=0,data=10;index<3; index++, data += 10)
```

```
{
    intArray.insertItem(index,data);
}
```

```
int temp;
```

```
cout<< "Integer Values: ";
```

```
for(int index=0;index<3;index++)
```

```
{
    temp = intArray.getItem(index);
    cout<< temp<< " ";
}
```

```
cout<<endl;
```

```
// Creating and using a DynamicArray object
```

```
// dealing with char type of data
```

```
DynamicArray<char> charArray(defaultSize);
```

```
for(int index=0, value = 'A'; index<3; index++, value++)
```

```
{
    charArray.insertItem(index,value);
}
```

```
}
```

```
char tempChar;
```

```
cout<< "Character type Values: ";
```

```
for(int index=0; index<3; index++)
```

```
{
```

```
    tempChar = charArray.getItem(index);
```

```
    cout<< tempChar<< " ";
```

```
}
```

```
cout<<endl;
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

```
-----
```