

$$y = x^{\sin x} \quad \text{Find } \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$\ln y = \ln(x^{\sin x}) = \sin x \ln x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sin x \ln x)$$

$$f(x) = \ln(\cos(e^x)) \quad \text{Find } f'(x).$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{\cos(e^x)} \frac{d}{dx}(\cos(e^x))$$

$$= \frac{-\sin(e^x)}{\cos(e^x)} \frac{d}{dx}(e^x) = -e^x \tan(e^x)$$

L'Hospital Rule:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} \left( \frac{0}{0} \text{ form} \right)$$

$$\frac{0}{0}$$

$$\frac{\infty}{\infty}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x}{1} = \cos 0 = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\csc x} \left( \frac{\infty}{\infty} \text{ form} \right)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f'(x)}{g'(x)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f''(x)}{g''(x)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{-1/x^2}{-\csc x \cot x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{-1}{x \csc x \cot x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{-\sin x}{x \cot x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\sin x}{x} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{1}{\cot x}$$

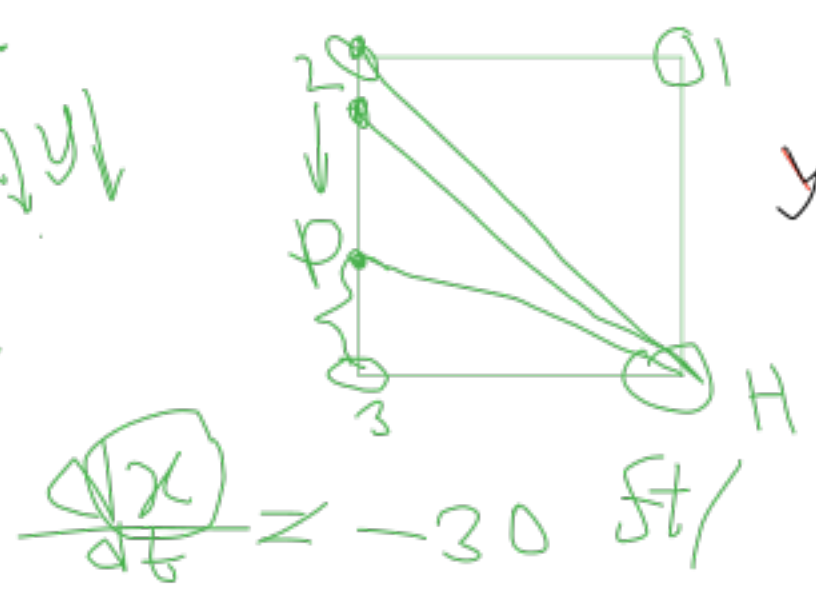
$$= 1 \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} (-\tan x) = 1 \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$\left( \frac{\infty}{\infty} \text{ form} \right)$$

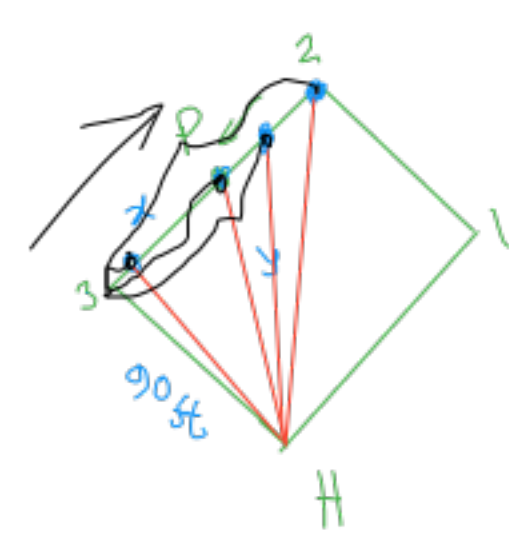
$$x^2 + 90^2 = y^2$$

$$2x \frac{dx}{dt} = 2y \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{x}{y} \frac{dx}{dt}$$



$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -30 \text{ ft/s}$$



x

$$30 \text{ ft/s}$$

$$20 \text{ ft}$$

$$\frac{4-1}{2-1} = 3 > 0$$

$$\frac{2-4}{5-4} = -2 < 0$$

