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Ans NO-2

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -7 & 1 \\ -7 & 8 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

A^* here,

$$2A = \begin{bmatrix} 10 & -14 & 2 \\ -14 & 16 & 4 \\ 2 & 4 & -8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^T = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -7 & 1 \\ -7 & 8 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{tr}(A^T) = 5 + 8 - 4 = 9.$$

$$2A = \begin{bmatrix} 10 & -14 & 2 \\ -14 & 16 & 4 \\ 2 & 4 & -8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= 10(14 \cdot (-8) + 16) + 14(-14 \cdot -8 + 4 \cdot 2) + 2(-14 \cdot 4 + 16 \cdot 2)$$

$$= 10(-112 + 16) + 14(112 + 8) + 2(56 + 32)$$

$$= -960 + 1680 + 176$$

$$= \cancel{86} 896$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -7 & 1 \\ -7 & 8 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= 5(8 \cdot -4 + 4) + 7(-7 \cdot -4 + 8) + 1(-7 \cdot 2 + 8)$$

$$= 5(-28) + 140 - 6$$

$$= -140 + 140 - 6$$

$$= -6$$

$$A^2 = (-6)^2$$

$$= 36$$

$$\therefore A^2 + 2A + \text{tr}(A) = 9 + 896 + 36 = 941$$