1. The probability of a leap year selected at random contain 53						
Sunday is:						
(a) 53/ 366	(b) 1/7	(c) 2/7	(d) 53/365			
2. A bag contains 3 red and 2 blue marbles. A marble is drawn at						
random. The pro						
(a) 3/5	(b) 2/5	(c) 0/5	(d) 1/5			
3. The probability	ty that it will ra	in tomorrow is ().85. What is the			
probability that it						
			(d) none of these			
_			ed from the numbers			
(1, 2, 3,,15	-		4.10			
		(c) 2/15				
5. What are the						
* *		(c) 8	* *			
-	-	e number selecte	ed at random from the			
numbers (1,2,3,		(-) 10/05	(4)			
	` '	1 7	(d) none of these			
7. The sum of th	-					
* *	• • •) 0 (d) non				
	-	are given; choos	se the correct answer			
for that which is		(a) 7/5	(d) none of those			
• •	` '		(d) none of these.			
		iuitaneousiy, ina	an the probability of			
getting at least to	(b) 2/9	(c) ½	(d) 1/Q			
10. A letter is cl						
			letter chosen has:			
(a) 6/13	(h) 7/12		(d) none of these.			
(a) 0/13	(b) // 13	(6) 1	(d) Holle of these.			
11 A dice is thro	wn Find the n	robability of get	ting an even number.			
(A) 2/3	-	(C) 5/6				
(11) 2/0	(6) 1	(0) 0/0	(D) 1/2			
12. Two coins are thrown at the same time. Find the probability of getting both heads.						
(A) 3/4 (B) 1/4		(D) 0				
13. Two dice are thrown simultaneously. The probability of getting a						

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sum of 9 is:

(A) 1/10	(B) 3/10	(C) 1/9	(D) 4	/9		
14. 100 cards are numbered from 1 to 100. Find the probability of getting a prime number.						
	(B) 27/50	(C) 1/4	(D)) 29/100		
•	a blue ball is d			If the probability en the number of		
(A) 5	(B) 10	(C) 15	(D) 20			
	f 600 bulbs co t random from ive bulb is:					
(A) 143/150	(B) 147	<mark>7/150</mark> (0	2) 1/25	(D) 1/50		
mixed thoro	lity that the nu	ard is drawn f	rom this box I is a perfect	randomly, then square.		
18. What is (A) 1/7	the probability (B) 53/366	ty of getting ((C) 2/7	•	n a leap year? 7/366		
19. A card is drawn from a well shuffled deck of 52 cards. Find the probability of getting a king of red suit. (A) 1/26 (B) 3/26 (C) 7/52 (D) 1/13						
equally like 1,2,312	e of chance co ly to come to ,then the prob (B) 1/12	rest pointing ability that it	to one of the will point to a	number In odd number is:		
21. A game consists of tossing a one rupee coin 3 times and noting its outcome each time. Aryan wins if all the tosses give the same result i.e. three heads or three tails and loses otherwise. Then the probability that Aryan will lose the game. (A) $3/4$ (B) $1/2$ (C) 1 (D) $1/4$						

22. Riya and Kajal are friends. Probability that both will have the same birthday is the same birthday is:						
(A) 364/365	(B) 31/365	(C) 1/365	(D) 1/133225			
2. Then the	er <i>x</i> is chosen at ra probability that x² < B) 2/5 (C) 3/5	2 is?	numbers -2, -1, 0 , 1,			
a marble is red is 2/3, the	ntains 24 marbles. S drawn at random fron hen the number of work (C) 8 (D) 7	om the jar, the p white marbles in	<u>-</u>			
Then the pro	er is selected at ran obability that it is a B) 4/25 (C) 1/25	multiple of 3 an	50 natural numbers. d 4 is:			
26. Consider a dice with the property that that probability of a face with n dots showing up is proportional to n. The probability of face showing 4 dots is?						
a) $\frac{1}{7}$	b) $\frac{5}{42}$	c) $\frac{1}{21}$	(d) $\frac{4}{21}$			
	cored by batsman in	_	ches are 50, 70, 82,			
	The standard deviage (b) 25.49		d) 25.69			
28. Find median and mode of the messages received on 9 consecutive days 15, 11, 9, 5, 18, 4, 18, 13, 17.						
a) 13, 15	b) 13, 18	c) 18, 15	d) 13, 16			
29. A coin is tossed up 4 times. The probability that tails turn up in 3 cases is						
a) $^{1}/_{2}$	b) $^{1}/_{3}$		d) $^{1}/_{6}$			
30. X is a va a) 8	riate between 0 and b) 7 C					
31. The random variables X and Y have variances 0.2 and 0.5 respectively. Let Z= 5X-2Y. The variance of Z is?						

32.Out of the following values, which one is not possible in probability?					
	b) ∑ x P d) P(x)	(x) = 3 = -0.5			
33.If E(x) = a) 2	2 and E(z) = 4, t b) 6	•	•	nsufficient data	
34.The cov	ariance of two ir	ndependen	random varia	able is	
a) 1	b) 0	c) - 1	d) (Undefined	
35.If Σ P(x) a) 0	b) 1			Insufficient data	
• •	0.5 and x = 4, th b) 0.5	, ,	(d) 2	2	
37.In a disc is always?	rete probability	distributio	າ, the sum of	all probabilities	
a) 0	b) Infinite	c) 1	d) U	Indefined	
38.If the pr	obability of hitti	ng the targ	et is 0.4, find	mean and	
	b) 0.6, 0.	24	c) 0.4, 0.16	d) 0.6, 0.16	
-	% and if 10 bom	-	pped, find me	ace will strike the an and variance? d) 4, 1.6	
a) 2		8 (d) 1 r standard no i	rmal distribution?	

c) 5

d) 7

a) 3

b) 4

a) Mean is c) Mean is							
42.Varian a) E(X)	ce of a ra b) E	ndom var E(X2)	riable X i c) E(X	s given b (2) - (E(X	y ())2	- · d) (E(X))2	
a) E(X)	43.Mean of a random variable X is given by a) E(X)						
44.Mean o a) 0	f a consta b) a	ant 'a' is _	c) a/2	_·	d) 1		
45.Varianda) 0					d) 1		
46.Find the mean and variance of X?							
×	0	1	2	3	4		
f(x)	1/9	2/9	3/9	2/9	1/9		
a) 2, 4/3	b) 3, 4/3		c) 2, 2/3	;	d) 3, 2/3	
47. Find the expectation of a random variable X?							

	х	0	1	2	3	
	f(x)	1/6	2/6	2/6	1/6	
a) (0.5		b) 1.5		c) 2.5	d) 3.5

48. In a Binomial Distribution, if p, q and n are probability of success, failure and number of trials respectively then variance is given by

b) npq

c) np2q

d) npq2

- 49. If 'X' is a random variable, taking values 'x', probability of success and failure being 'p' and 'q' respectively and 'n' trials being conducted, then what is the probability that 'X' takes values 'x'? Use **Binomial Distribution.**
- a) P(X = x) = nCx px qx
- b) P(X = x) = nCx px q(n-x)
- c) P(X = x) = xCn qx p(n-x)
- d) P(x = x) = xCn pn qx
- 50. If 'p', 'q' and 'n' are probability pf success, failure and number of trials respectively in a Binomial Distribution, what is its Standard **Deviation?**
- a) \sqrt{np}

- b) \sqrt{pq} c) (np)2 d) \sqrt{npq}