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CS

Question 1

o For every $K \geq 1$, show that n^k is not

$$n^k \neq O(n^{k-1})$$

$$n^k \leq c \cdot n^{k-1} \quad / \quad n^k$$

$$n \leq c$$

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C

That

$$n^k \neq O(n^{k-1})$$

Question 2

o Show that $(\frac{1}{2})n^2 + 3n = O(n^3)$

Permission $(\frac{1}{2})n^2 + 3n \leq c \cdot n^3$ divide by n^3

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{n} \leq c$$

For ever $n \geq 1$

$$C \geq 4$$

Permission $(\frac{1}{2})n^2 + 3n \leq c \cdot n^3$

Question 3

o Show that $(\frac{1}{2})n^2 + 3n = \Omega(n)$

Permission $(\frac{1}{2})n^2 + 3n \geq c \cdot n$ divide by $/n$

$$(\frac{1}{2})n + 3 \geq c$$

For every $n \geq 0$ and $c=2$

Permission $(\frac{1}{2})n^2 + 3n = \Omega(n)$

Question 4

Solution that

Number 2 and 3 and 4

Number 1 is false

Backse limit for number one is the infinite (∞)

Also $O(n) = C$

$$0 < C < \infty$$