1. Install CentOS /RHEL

Installed

2. What is the difference between cat and more command? cat command show all the content of lab.

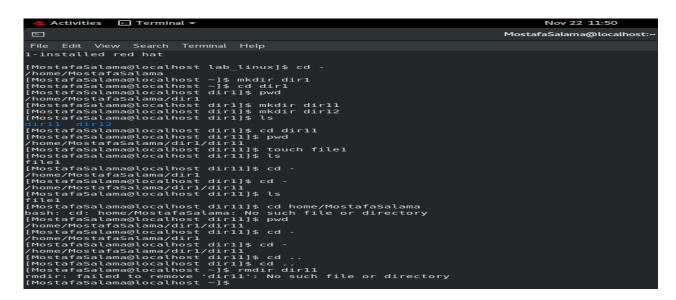
3. What is the difference between rm and rmdir using man?

more command show the file content (screen )part by part.

rm command delete file

rmdir command delete folder in condition direct is empty
rmdir -r command will delete the directory even it is comtain files and data

4. Create the following hierarchy under your home directory:



a. Remove dir11 in one-step. What did you notice? And how did you overcome that?

we can not delet dir 11 becouse it contain file and directory

```
/home/MostafaSalama/dirl
[MostafaSalama@localhost dirl]$ cd -
/home/MostafaSalama/dirl/dirll
[MostafaSalama@localhost dirll]$ cd ..
[MostafaSalama@localhost dirl]$ cd ..
[MostafaSalama@localhost dirl]$ cd ..
[MostafaSalama@localhost ~]$ rmdir dirll
rmdir: failed to remove 'dirll': No such file or directory
[MostafaSalama@localhost ~]$
```

b. Then remove dir12 using rmdir –p command. State what happened to the hierarchy (Note: you are in your home directory).

```
MostafaSalama@localhost:~/dir1 x

s File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[MostafaSalama@localhost --]$ rmdir -p dir12
[MostafaSalama@localhost dir12: No such file or directory
[MostafaSalama@localhost -]$ cd dir1
[MostafaSalama@localhost dir1]$ ls
[MostafaSalama@localhost dir1]$ rmdir -p dir12
[MostafaSalama@localhost dir1]$ ls
[MostafaSalama@localhost dir1]$ ls
[MostafaSalama@localhost dir1]$ ls
```

- c. The output of the command pwd was /home/user. Write the absolute and relative path for the file mycv
- 5. Copy the /etc/passwd file to your home directory making its name is mypasswd.

```
www. V. Marcaess 'dir//dirll:' No such file or directory

V. Mastarfasalmam@localhost dirl]s is /dirl/dirll

Is: cannot access '/dirl/dirll: No such file or directory

I (Mostafasalama@localhost dirl]s cd ...

[Mostafasalama@localhost -]$ is dirl/dirll

cfilel

(Mostafasalama@localhost -]$ ls /etc/passwd

/etc/passwd

/etc/passwd

/ (Mostafasalama@localhost -]$ cp /etc/passwd /home/MostafaSalama/mypasswd

(MostafaSalama@localhost -]$ pwd

/home/MostafaSalama@localhost -]$ pwd
```

6. Rename this new file to be oldpasswd.



7. You are in /usr/bin, list four ways to go to your home directory

8. List Linux commands in /usr/bin that start with letter w



9. Display the first 4 lines of /etc/passwd

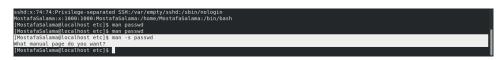
[MostafaSalama@localhost ~]\$

10. Display the last 7 lines of /etc/passwd

11. Display the man pages of passwd the command and the file sequentially in one command

Man passwd; cat

12. Display the man page of the passwd file.



13. Display a list of all the commands that contain the keyword passwd in their man page.

