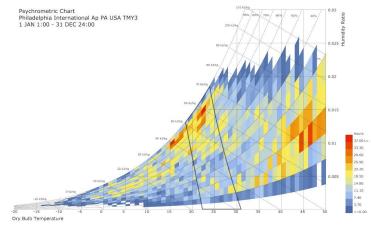
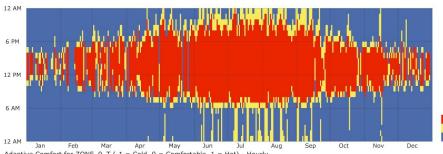
Energy Simulation
Philadelphia Apartment
Generic Geometry

Step 1 = 12.74%

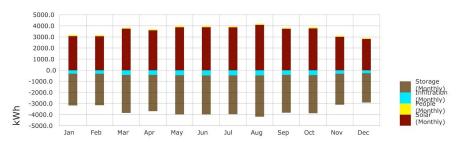
Orientation - 90°

Shading - None Wall R - 5.50 Window R - 1.00 Window SHGC - 0.70 Roof R - 9.20 Air Change Rate - 2.00 Thermal Massing - Regular concrete slab





Adaptive Comfort for ZONE_0_T (-1 = Cold, 0 = Comfortable, 1 = Hot) - Hourly Philadelphia International Ap PA USA TMY3 1 JAN 1:00 - 31 DEC 24:00



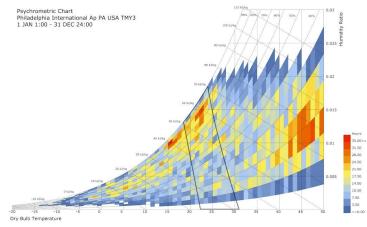
Energy Balance

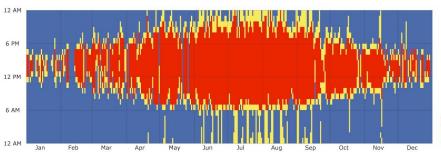
Comfortable (%): 12.74

Step 2 = 12.95% (+0.21)

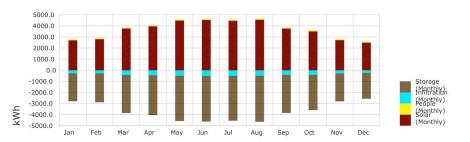
Orientation - 45°

Shading - None Wall R - 5.50 Window R - 1.00 Window SHGC - 0.70 Roof R - 9.20 Air Change Rate - 2.00 Thermal Massing - Regular concrete slab





Adaptive Comfort for ZONE_0_T (-1 = Cold, 0 = Comfortable, 1 = Hot) - Hourly Philadelphia International Ap PA USA TMY3 1 JAN 1:00 - 31 DEC 24:00



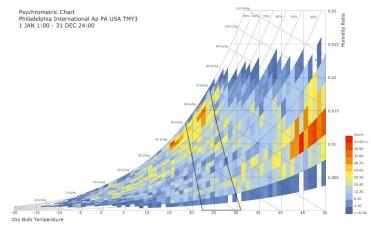
Energy Balance

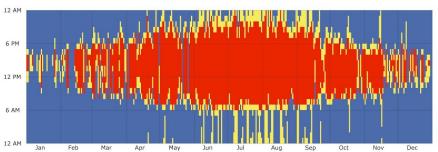
Comfortable (%): 12.95

Step 3 = 12.97% (+0.02)

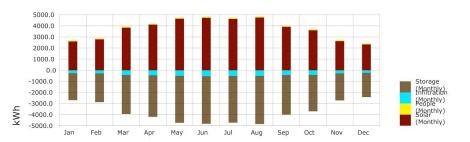
Orientation - 0°

Shading - None Wall R - 5.50 Window R - 1.00 Window SHGC - 0.70 Roof R - 9.20 Air Change Rate - 2.00 Thermal Massing - Regular concrete slab





Adaptive Comfort for ZONE_0_T (-1 = Cold, 0 = Comfortable, 1 = Hot) - Hourly Philadelphia International Ap PA USA TMY3 1 JAN 1:00 - 31 DEC 24:00



Energy Balance

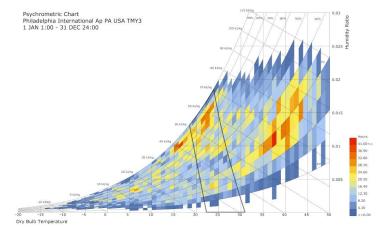
Comfortable (%): 12.97

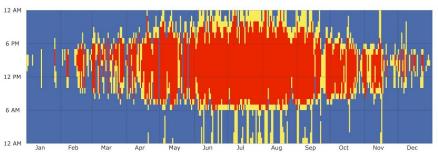
Step 4 = 14.38% (+1.41)

Shading - 0.50 depth (x3)* Wall R - 5.50 Window R - 1.00 Window SHGC - 0.70 Roof R - 9.20 Air Change Rate - 2.00 Thermal Massing - Regular concrete slab

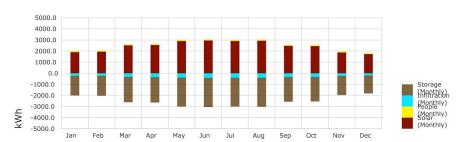
Orientation - 0°

* Adding shade dramatically increases comfortable hours and balances the energy gains and losses.





Adaptive Comfort for ZONE_0_T (-1 = Cold, 0 = Comfortable, 1 = Hot) - Hourly Philadelphia International Ap PA USA TMY3 1 JAN 1:00 - 31 DEC 24:00

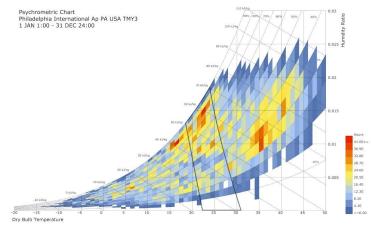


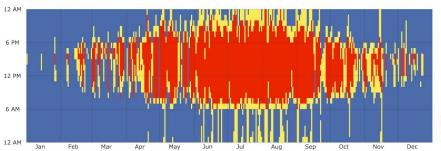
Energy Balance

Comfortable (%): 14.38

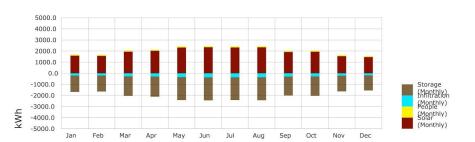
Step 5 = 15.24% (+0.86)

Orientation - 0° Shading - 0.80 depth (x3) Wall R - 5.50 Window R - 1.00 Window SHGC - 0.70 Roof R - 9.20 Air Change Rate - 2.00 Thermal Massing - Regular concrete slab





Adaptive Comfort for ZONE_0_T (-1 = Cold, 0 = Comfortable, 1 = Hot) - Hourly Philadelphia International Ap PA USA TMY3 1 JAN 1:00 - 31 DEC 24:00

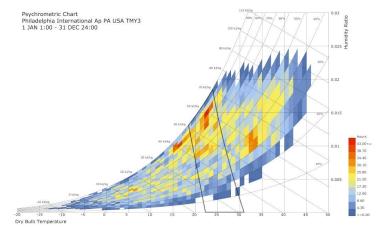


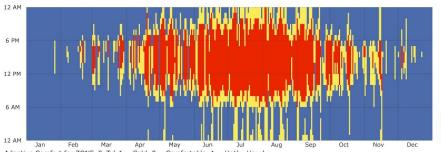
Energy Balance

Comfortable (%): 15.24

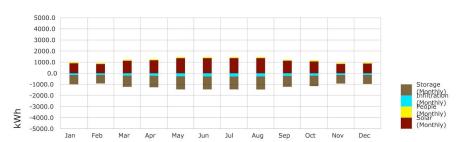
Step 6 = 16.02% (+0.78)

Orientation - 0° Shading - 0.80 depth (x6) Wall R - 5.50 Window R - 1.00 Window SHGC - 0.70 Roof R - 9.20 Air Change Rate - 2.00 Thermal Massing - Regular concrete slab





Adaptive Comfort for ZONE_0_T (-1 = Cold, 0 = Comfortable, 1 = Hot) - Hourly Philadelphia International Ap PA USA TMY3 1 JAN 1:00 - 31 DEC 24:00



Energy Balance

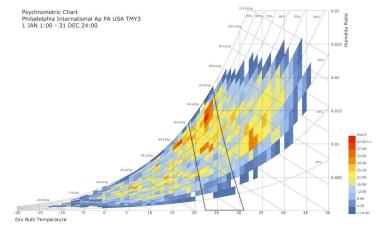
Comfortable (%): 16.02

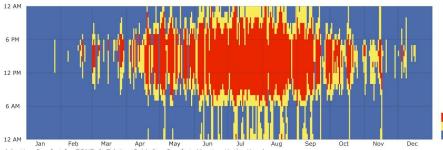
Step 7 = 16.87% (+0.85)

Shading - 0.80 depth (x6) Wall R - 34.40* Window R - 1.00 Window SHGC - 0.70 Roof R - 9.20 Air Change Rate - 2.00 Thermal Massing - Regular concrete slab

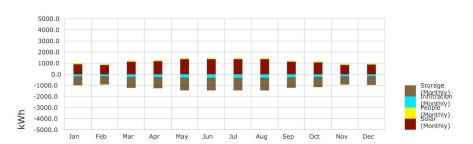
Orientation - 0°

*Even though the Wall Thermal Resistance Coefficient increased almost sixfold, comfortable hours did not increase as much, and gains/losses remain mostly unchanged.





Adaptive Comfort for ZONE_0_T (-1 = Cold, 0 = Comfortable, 1 = Hot) - Hourly Philadelphia International Ap PA USA TMY3 1 JAN 1:00 - 31 DEC 24:00



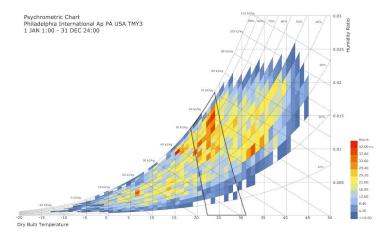
Energy Balance

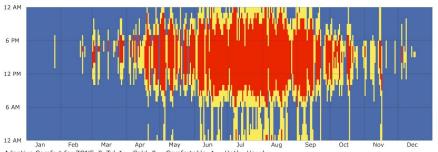
Comfortable (%): 16.87

Step 8 = 17.65% (+0.78)

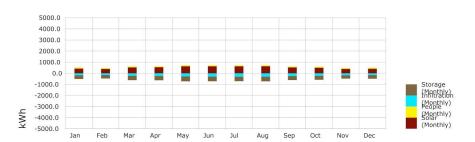
Orientation - 0° Shading - 0.80 depth (x6) Wall R - 34.40 Window R - 0.17* Window SHGC - 0.39* Roof R - 9.20 Air Change Rate - 2.00 Thermal Massing - Regular concrete slab

*Compared to the walls, windows do reduce gains an losses greatly, and comfortable hours are slightly increased.





Adaptive Comfort for ZONE_0_T (-1 = Cold, 0 = Comfortable, 1 = Hot) - Hourly Philadelphia International Ap PA USA TMY3 1 JAN 1:00 - 31 DEC 24:00



Energy Balance

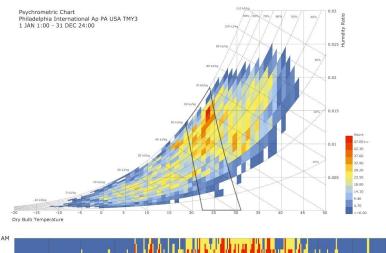
Comfortable (%): 17.65

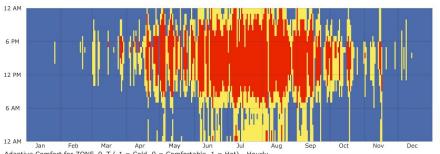
Step 9 = 19.47% (+1.82)

Orientation - 0°

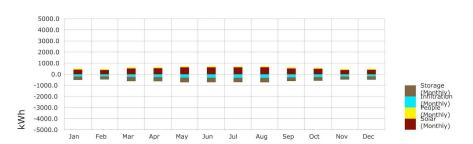
Shading - 0.80 depth (x6) Wall R - 34.40 Window R - 0.17 Window SHGC - 0.39 Roof R - 34.40* Air Change Rate - 2.00 Thermal Massing - Regular concrete slab

*Increasing the Roof Thermal Resistance Coefficient dramatically improves thermal comfortable hours. Gains/losses remain stable.





Adaptive Comfort for ZONE_0_T (-1 = Cold, 0 = Comfortable, 1 = Hot) - Hourly Philadelphia International Ap PA USA TMY3 1 JAN 1:00 - 31 DEC 24:00



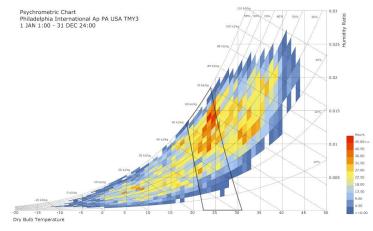
Energy Balance

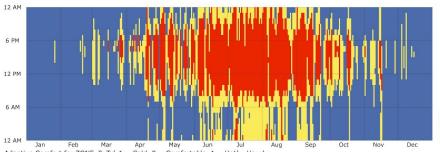
Comfortable (%): 19.47

Step 10 = 20.01% (+0.54)

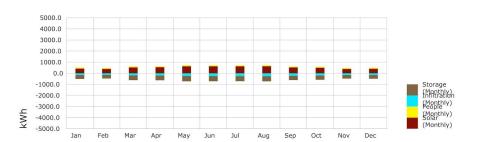
Shading - 0.80 depth (x6) Wall R - 34.40 Window R - 0.17 Window SHGC - 0.39 Roof R - 34.40 Air Change Rate - 1.30 Thermal Massing - Regular concrete slab

Orientation - 0°





Adaptive Comfort for ZONE_0_T (-1 = Cold, 0 = Comfortable, 1 = Hot) - Hourly Philadelphia International Ap PA USA TMY3 1 JAN 1:00 - 31 DEC 24:00



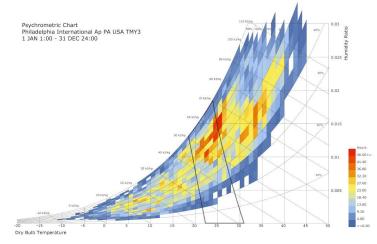
Energy Balance

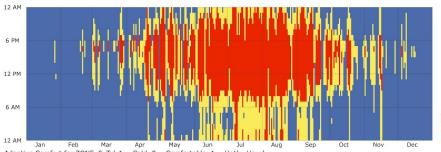
Comfortable (%): 20.01

Step 11 = 20.15% (+0.14)

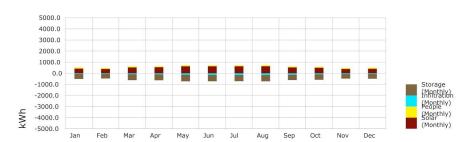
Shading - 0.80 depth (x6) Wall R - 34.40 Window R - 0.17 Window SHGC - 0.39 Roof R - 34.40 Air Change Rate - 0.40 Thermal Massing - Regular concrete slab

Orientation - 0°





Adaptive Comfort for ZONE_0_T (-1 = Cold, 0 = Comfortable, 1 = Hot) - Hourly Philadelphia International Ap PA USA TMY3 1 JAN 1:00 - 31 DEC 24:00



Energy Balance

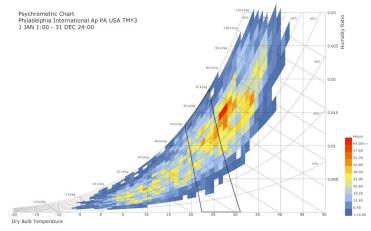
Comfortable (%): 20.15

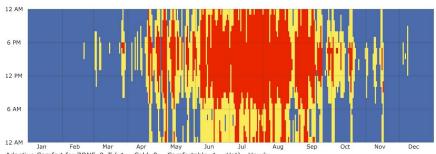
Step 12 = 21.14% (+0.99)

Shading - 0.80 depth (x6)
Wall R - 34.40
Window R - 0.17
Window SHGC - 0.39
Roof R - 34.40
Air Change Rate - 0.40

Orientation - 0°

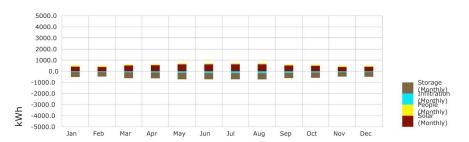
Thermal Massing - Regular concrete slab + 4" Concrete





Adaptive Comfort for ZONE_0_T (-1 = Cold, 0 = Comfortable, 1 = Hot) - Hourly Philadelphia International Ap PA USA TMY3

1 JAN 1:00 - 31 DEC 24:00



Energy Balance

Comfortable (%): 21.14 hot (%): 23.14 cold (%): 55.72

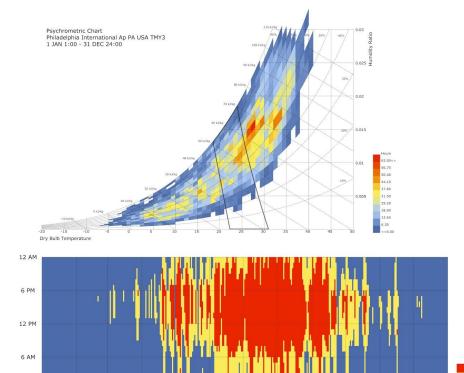
Step 13 = 21.37% (+0.23)

Orientation - 0° Shading - 0.80 depth (x6) Wall R - 34.40 Window R - 0.17 Window SHGC - 0.39 Roof R - 34.40

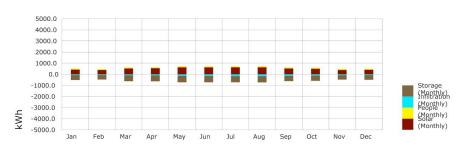
Air Change Rate - 0.40

Thermal Massing - Regular concrete slab + 8" Concrete*

*Adding the first extra 4" of concrete seems to have a more effective ratio of mass to comfort achieved than adding double that amount.



Adaptive Comfort for ZONE $_0$ T (-1 = Cold, 0 = Comfortable, 1 = Hot) - Hourly Philadelphia International Ap PA USA TMY3 1 JAN 1:00 - 31 DEC 24:00



Energy Balance

Comfortable (%): 21.37 hot (%): 22.82 cold (%): 55.81