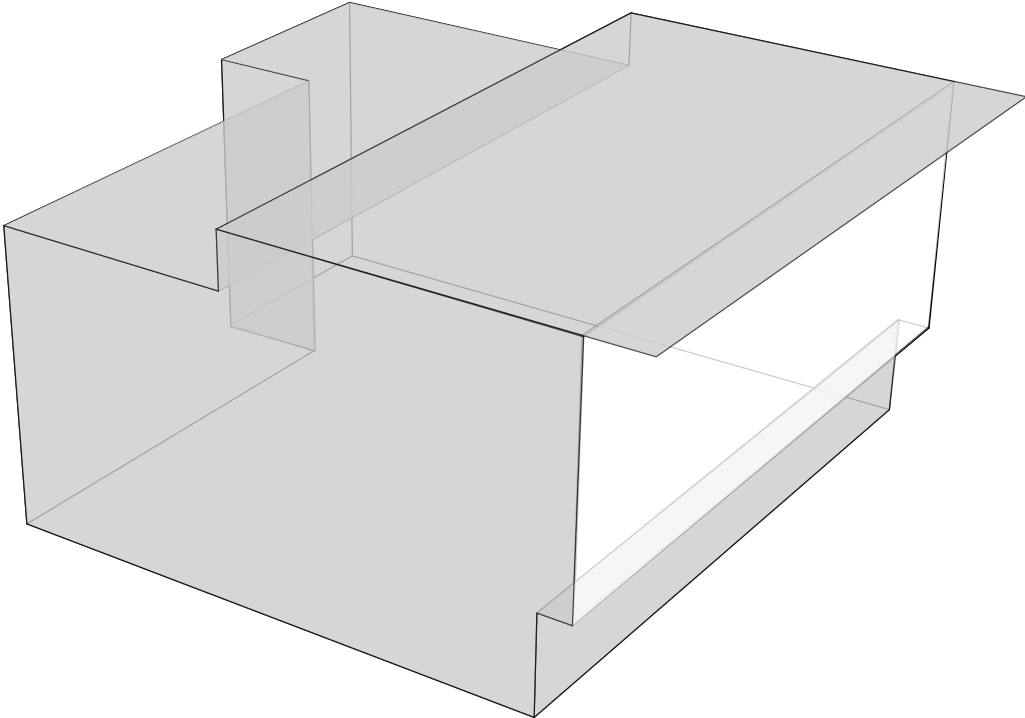
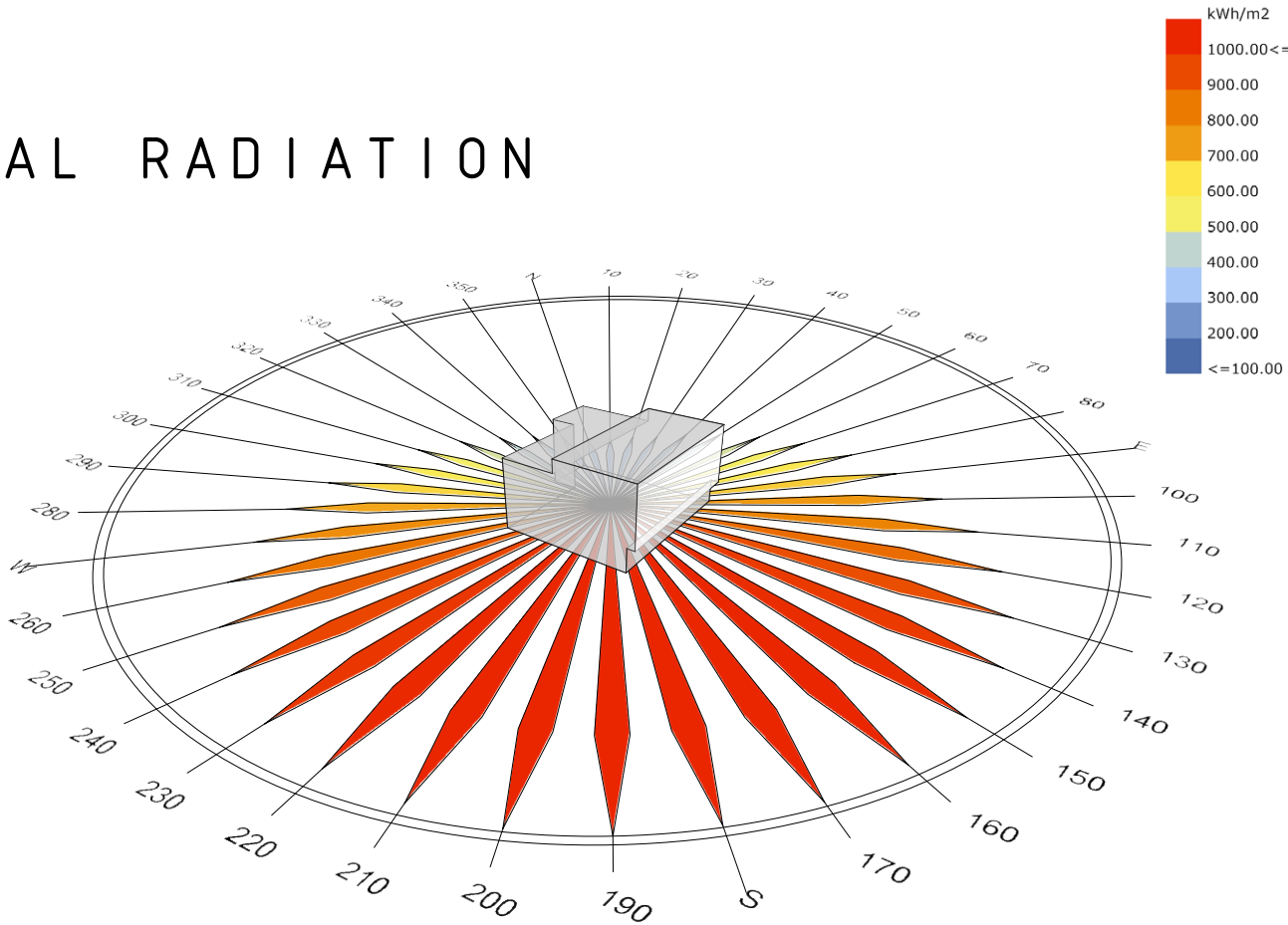


# ENERGY SIMULATION

BASE CASE



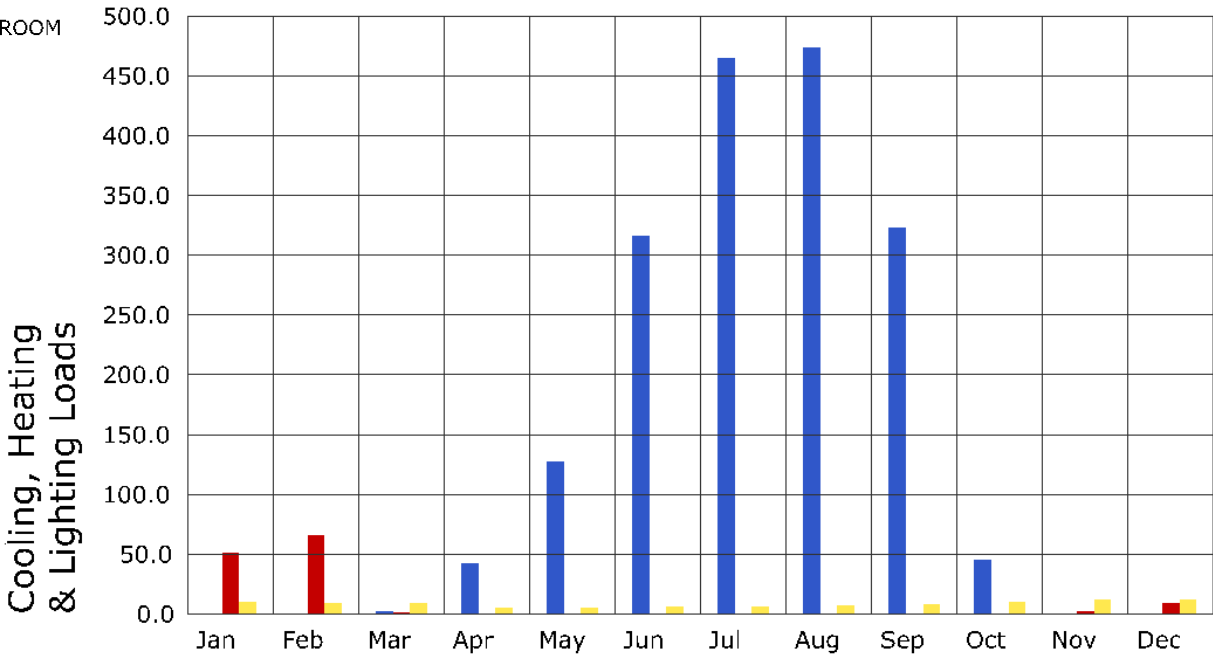
TOTAL RADIATION



TOTAL HEATING : 131  
TOTAL COOLING : 1796  
TOTAL LIGHTING : 102  
TOTAL LOAD : 2029

MONTHLY ENERGY LOADS PHILADELPHIA, PA

Electric Lighting Energy for TEST\_ROOM (Monthly)  
Heating Energy for TEST\_ROOM (Monthly)  
Cooling Energy for TEST\_ROOM (Monthly)

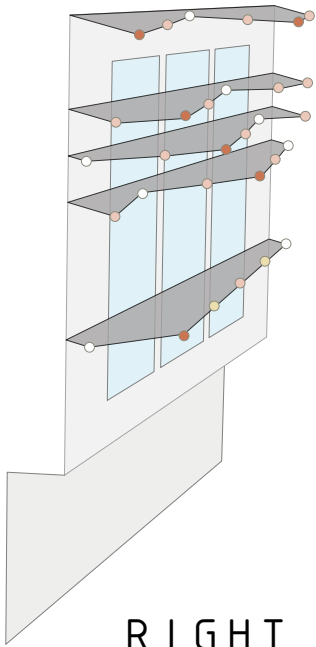
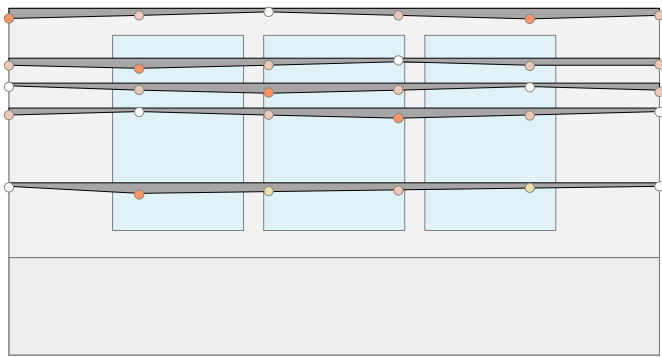
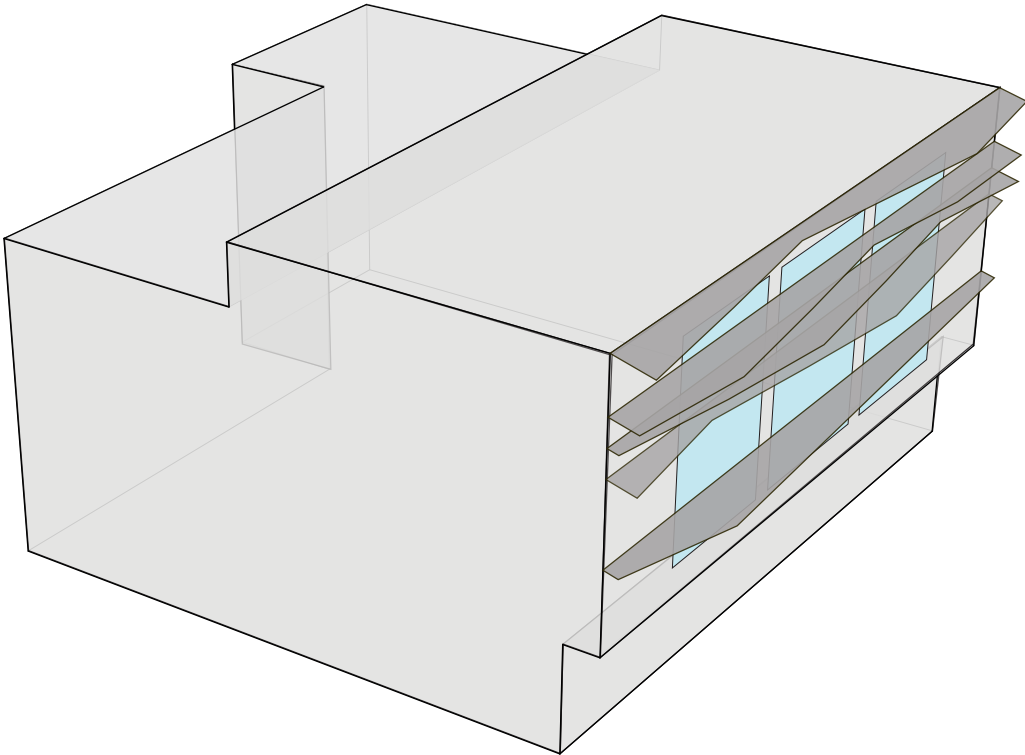


MAJORITY OF RADIATION IS COMING FROM SW SIDE OF THE FACADE

SHADING DESIGN NEEDS TO BE ABLE TO MINIMIZE SUNLIGHT IN SUMMER TO LOWER COOLING ENERGY USE, AND MAXIMIZE SUNLIGHT IN WINTER TO LOWER HEATING ENERGY USE

# ENERGY SIMULATION

## SHADING CASE



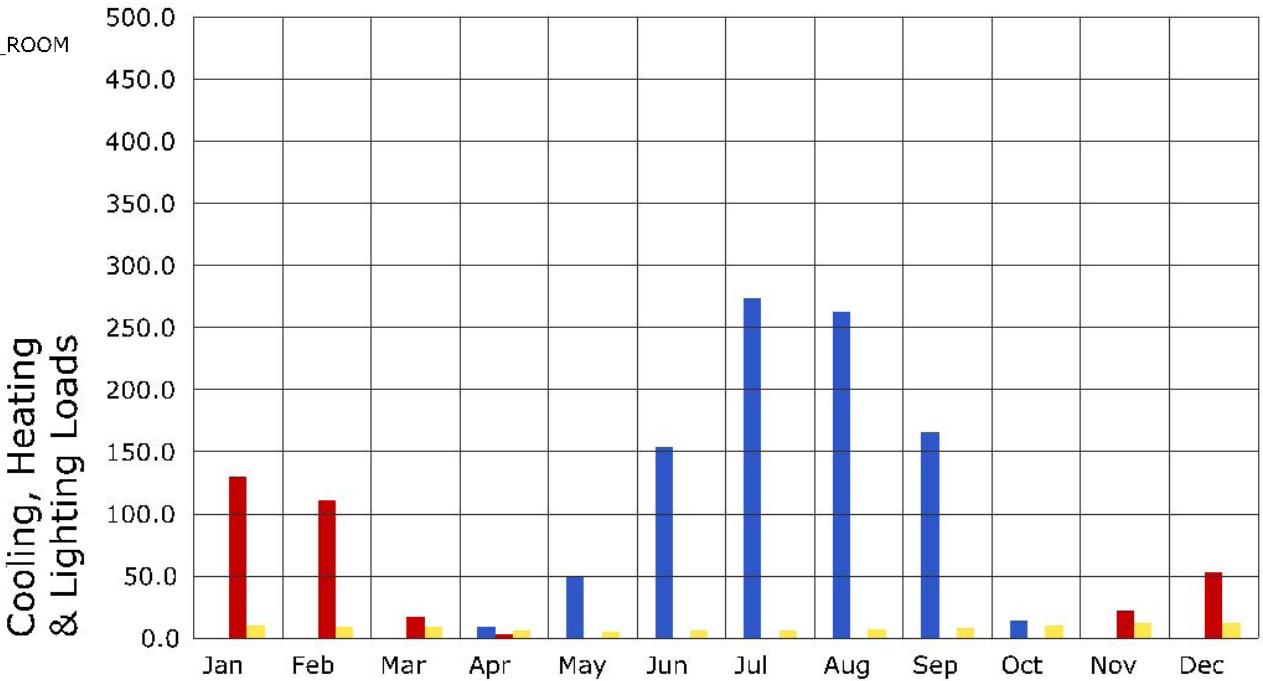
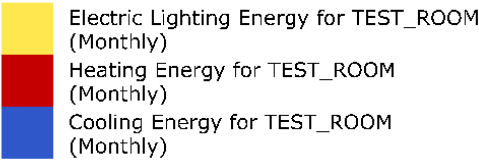
EXTRUSION DISTANCE ○ ● ● ●

FRONT VIEW

RIGHT VIEW

## MONTHLY ENERGY LOADS

TOTAL HEATING : 337  
TOTAL COOLING : 929  
TOTAL LIGHTING : 102  
TOTAL LOAD : 1368



GLAZING REDUCED FROM ENTIRE WALL TO THREE SMALLER WINDOWS TO REDUCE SOLAR GAIN

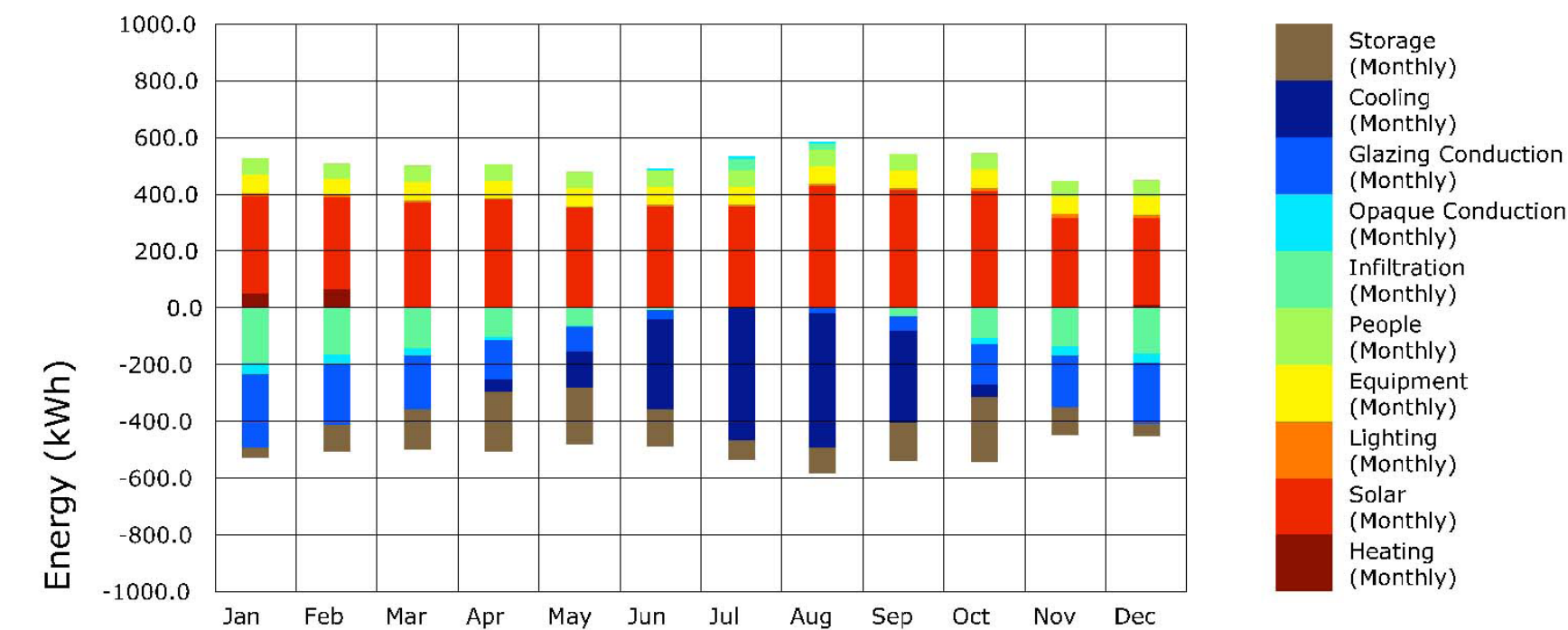
LOUVERS BROKEN INTO FIVE PARTS TO PUSH AND PULL SHAPE TO FOLLOW THE DECLINING AFTERNOON SUN

MAXIMUM EXTRUSION OF LOUVER SHIFTS OVER WITH EACH LOUVER

ADDING MANY LOUVERS PROVES TO BE BENEFICIAL IN SUMMER BUT COSTLY IN WINTER

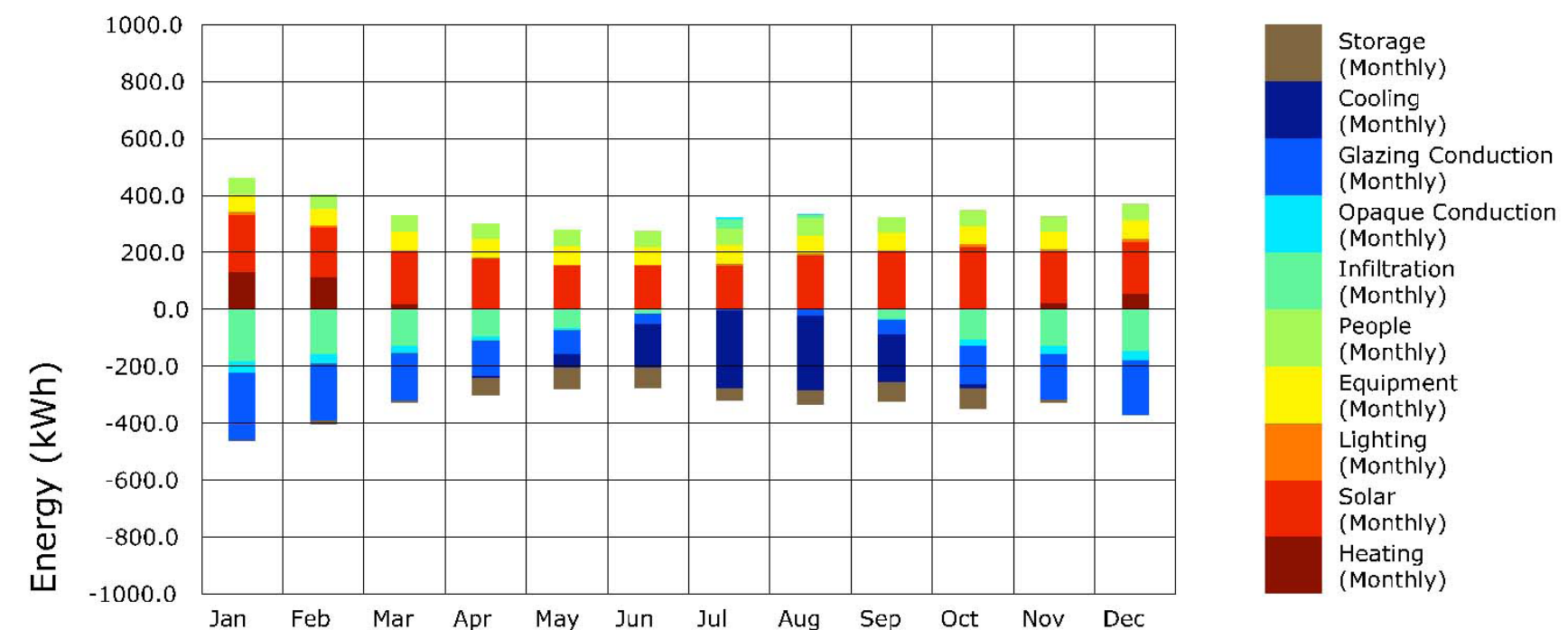
# ENERGY BALANCE

## BASE CASE



—x MidriseApartment::Apartment

## WITH SHADING



\* MidriseApartment::Apartment