Philadelphia Climate Report

Building Performance Simulation Assignment 1 Yuchi Wang

epw file information : Location : Philadelphia International Airport Data Type : TWY 3

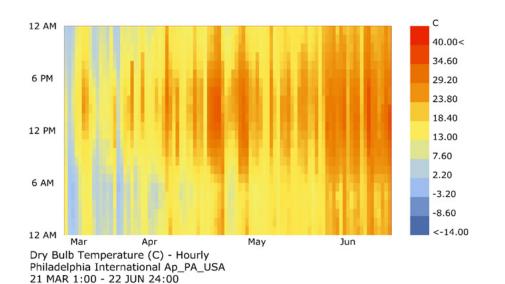
Overall Dry Bulb Temperature Analysis

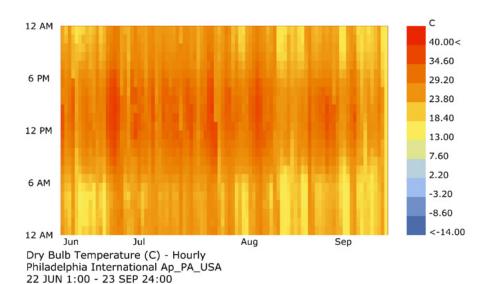
Philadelphia locates in east coast of United States. Greater Philadelphia lies at the southernmost tip of the humid continental climate zone, with some characteristics of the humid subtropical climate.

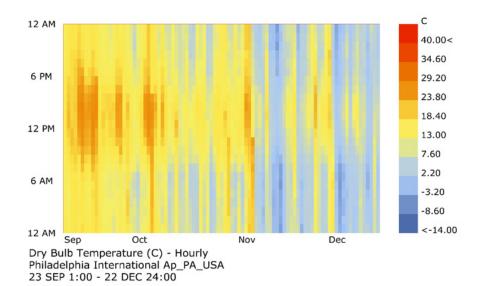
The graph on the right shows that from June to late September, Philadelphia is in high temperature all day, with 20 degree or higher. While from December to late February, the temperature is around or below 0 degree for most of time.

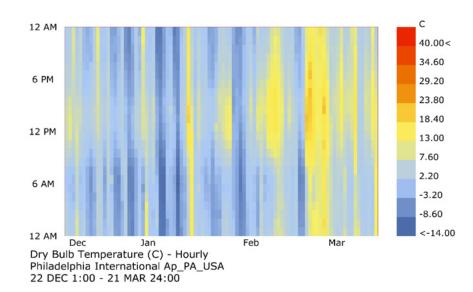
After calculation, the average temperature in these four seasons are as follows:

Spring: 16.1 degree Summer: 23.7 degree Fall: 9.2 degree Winter: 1.31 degree









.epw file information:

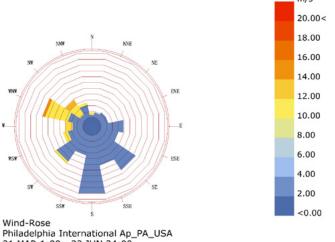
Location: Philadelphia International Airport

Uncomfortable Wind Directions Analysis

During different seasons, we define different comfortable threshold for wind velocity.

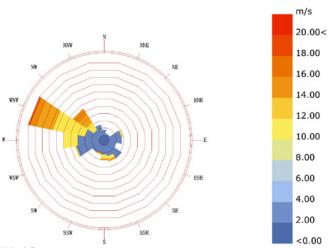
Normally, the preferred wind speed for good ventilation should between 2m/s and 10m/s. As a result, during the cold seasons, the larger the wind velocity, the more heat a house will lose when there is natural ventilation. During the hot seasons, large wind velocity will help reduce the heat inside but slow wind does no good for heat reducing.

In spring, although there are a lot of slow wind from south, the strong wind are mostly from northwest. During summer, we can see that the overall uncomfortable wind and from south with a low velocity. In autumn, uncomfortable winds are mostly the strong wind, which come from northwest. In winter, the uncomfortable winds are also mostly from northeast, including the strong wind and slow wind.

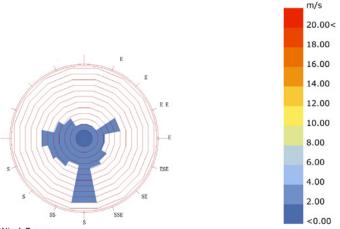


Philadelphia International Ap_PA_USA
21 MAR 1:00 - 22 JUN 24:00
Hourly Data: Wind Speed (m/s)
Calm for 2.53% of the time = 57 hours.
Each closed polyline shows frequency of 0.1%. = 2 hours.

Conditional Selection Applied:
Wind Speed < 2
or Wind Speed > 10
203.0 hours of total 8760.0 hours (2.32%).
203.0 hours of analysis period 2256.0 hours (9.00%).

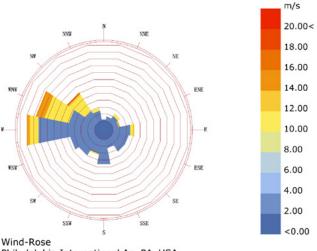


Wind-Rose
Philadelphia International Ap_PA_USA
23 SEP 1:00 - 22 DEC 24:00
Hourly Data: Wind Speed (m/s)
Calm for 2.06% of the time = 45 hours.
Each closed polyline shows frequency of 0.2%. = 3 hours.



Wind-Rose
Philadelphia International Ap_PA_USA
22 JUN 1:00 - 23 SEP 24:00
Hourly Data: Wind Speed (m/s)
Calm for 1.86% of the time = 42 hours.
Each closed polyline shows frequency of 0.1%. = 1 hours.

Conditional Selection Applied:
Wind Speed < 2
or Wind Speed > 10
144.0 hours of total 8760.0 hours (1.64%).
144.0 hours of analysis period 2256.0 hours (6.38%).



Philadelphia International Ap_PA_USA
22 DEC 1:00 - 21 MAR 24:00
Hourly Data: Wind Speed (m/s)
Calm for 4.72% of the time = 102 hours.
Each closed polyline shows frequency of 0.2%. = 4 hours.

Conditional Selection Applied:
Wind Speed < 2
or Wind Speed > 10
341.0 hours of total 8760.0 hours (3.89%).
341.0 hours of analysis period 2160.0 hours (15.79%).

.epw file information:

Location : Philadelphia International Airport

12 PM

6 AM

12 AM Sep

Relative Humidity (%) - Hourly

23 SEP 1:00 - 22 DEC 24:00

Philadelphia International Ap_PA_USA

Relative Humidity (%) - Hourly

Overall Humidity Analysis

From the seasonal humidity chart, we can find that most of time, Philadelphia is in a high humidity condition. Especially in summer and autumn, the humidity can reach above 80%. Winter and spring have a relatively low humidity level.

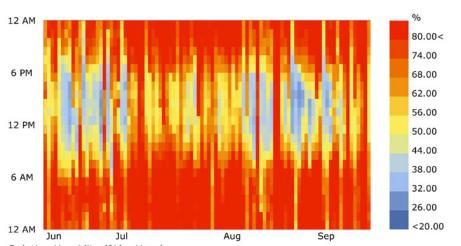
The chart at the bottom shows the humidity distribution throughout the whole year which is higher than 80% or lower than 20%, which is outside the comfort zone. We can find that Philadelphia is more likely to influenced by a high humidity level. When the sun sets, the humidity level tends to go up.

Now, we can calculate the percentage of over humidity level (more than 80%) according to seasons, and the result are shown as follows:

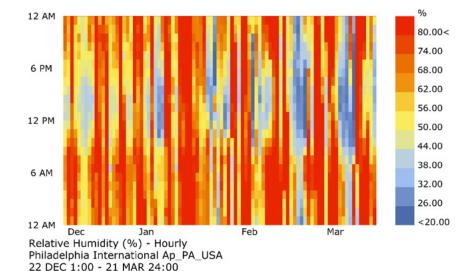
Spring: 26.6% Summer: 34.2% Fall: 30.0% Winter: 26.4%

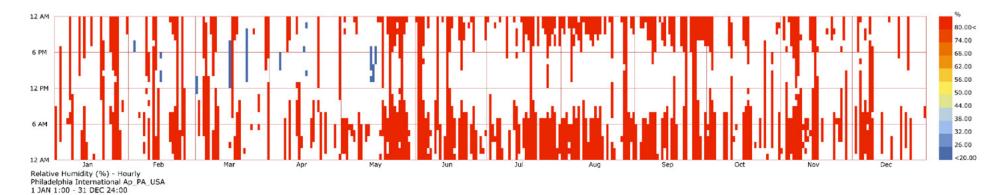
Now, we can conclude that the building should response to humidity to improve the interior experience.

Philadelphia International Ap_PA_USA 21 MAR 1:00 - 22 JUN 24:00 12 AM 80.00< 74.00 6 PM 68.00 62.00 56.00 12 PM 50.00 44.00 38.00 6 AM 32.00 26.00



Relative Humidity (%) - Hourly Philadelphia International Ap_PA_USA 22 JUN 1:00 - 23 SEP 24:00





80.00<

74.00

68.00

62.00

56.00

50.00

44.00

38.00

32.00

26.00

<20.00

.epw file information:

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Passive Strategies to Improve Interior Satisfaction

The passive strategies can be applied to improve the interior environment condition according to three factors: dry bulb temperature, natural ventilation and humidity. We can set a ideal interior condition as follows:

18 < temperature < 24 degree 2m/s < wind vilocity < 10m/s 20% < humidity < 80%

A) About Interior Overheat

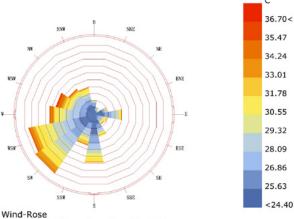
Natural ventilation is an efficient way to reduce interior overheat. When we overlay the overheat condition with wind rose diagram, we can find that when the temperature is high, the winds are mostly come from southwest. As a result, introducing natural ventilation from southwest is an efficient way to reduce interior overheat.

B) Strategies for Ventilation

From A, we can conclude that during the summer, we can introduce natural ventilation from southwest to cool interior down. During the winter, from the wind rose chart below, we can see that when the temperature is below 18 degree, the wind are mostly come from northwest and northeast. To avoid heat lose, we should block the wind from these two directions.

C) Avoid High Humidity

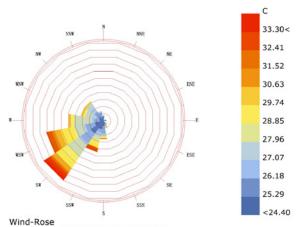
From the previous analysis, we can find that philadelphia is more easily to suffer from high humidity during summer and fall night. To solve this problem, we can cool down the interior temperature below the air's dewpoint, then use desiccants that adsorb or absorb water.



Philadelphia International Ap_PA_USA 1 JAN 1:00 - 31 DEC 24:00 Hourly Data: Dry Bulb Temperature (C) Calm for 0.06% of the time = 5 hours.

Calm for 0.06% of the time = 5 hours.
Each closed polyline shows frequency of 0.2%. = 18 hours.

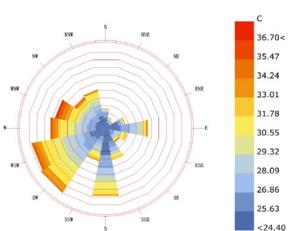
Conditional Selection Applied: Dry Bulb Temperature > 24 1255.0 hours of total 8760.0 hours (14.33%).



Philadelphia International Ap_PA_USA
21 MAR 1:00 - 22 JUN 24:00
Hourly Data: Dry Bulb Temperature (C)
Calm for 0.04% of the time = 1 hours.

Each closed polyline shows frequency of 0.3%. = 6 hours.
...
Conditional Selection Applied:

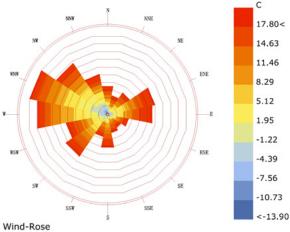
Dry Bulb Temperature > 24 270.0 hours of total 8760.0 hours (3.08%). 270.0 hours of analysis period 2256.0 hours (11.97%).



ARCH753 BUILDING PERFORMANCE SIMULATION

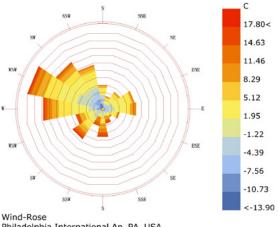
Wind-Rose
Philadelphia International Ap_PA_USA
22 JUN 1:00 - 23 SEP 24:00
Hourly Data: Dry Bulb Temperature (C)
Calm for 0.18% of the time = 4 hours.
Each closed polyline shows frequency of 0.5%. = 12 hours.

Conditional Selection Applied:
Dry Bulb Temperature > 24
984.0 hours of total 8760.0 hours (11.23%).
984.0 hours of analysis period 2256.0 hours (43.62%).



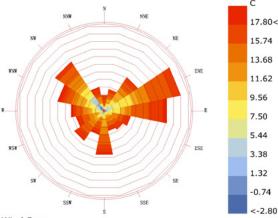
Philadelphia International Ap_PA_USA
1 JAN 1:00 - 31 DEC 24:00
Hourly Data: Dry Bulb Temperature (C)
Calm for 2.32% of the time = 203 hours.
Each closed polyline shows frequency of 0.8%. = 68 hours.

... Conditional Selection Applied:
Dry Bulb Temperature < 18
5540.0 hours of total 8760.0 hours (63.24%).



Wind-Rose
Philadelphia International Ap_PA_USA
22 DEC 1:00 - 21 MAR 24:00
Hourly Data: Dry Bulb Temperature (C)
Calm for 4.68% of the time = 101 hours.
Each closed polyline shows frequency of 1.4%. = 30 hours.

Conditional Selection Applied:
Dry Bulb Temperature < 18
2087.0 hours of total 8760.0 hours (23.82%).
2087.0 hours of analysis period 2160.0 hours (96.62%).



Wind-Rose
Philadelphia International Ap_PA_USA
21 MAR 1:00 - 22 JUN 24:00
Hourly Data: Dry Bulb Temperature (C)
Calm for 2.08% of the time = 47 hours.
Each closed polyline shows frequency of 0.8%. = 17 hours.

Conditional Selection Applied:
Dry Bulb Temperature < 18
1324.0 hours of total 8760.0 hours (15.11%).
1324.0 hours of analysis period 2256.0 hours (58.69%).

.epw file information:

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