ENVIRONMENTAL SYSTEMS I

ASSIGNMENT 08: Natural Ventilation-Meyerson Hall

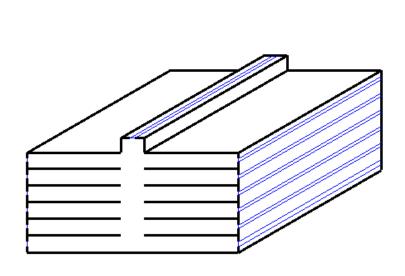
Ting Su

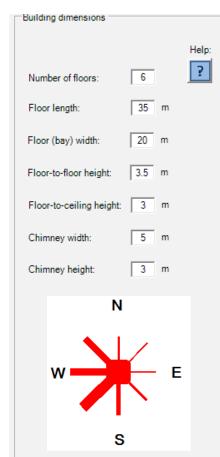
OPTION 1-CENTRAL ATRIUM

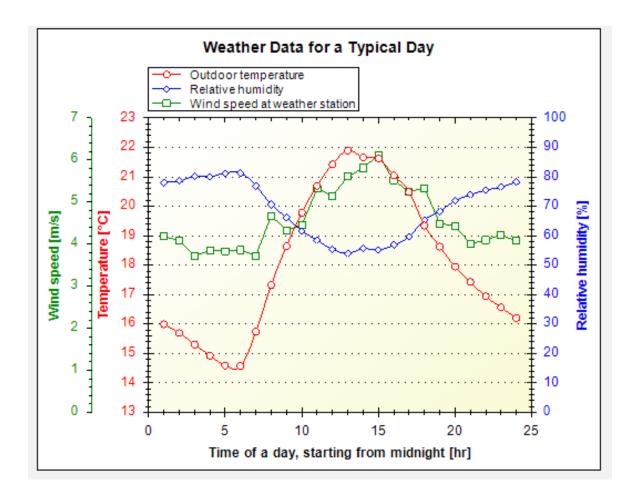
General description

In September Philadelphia, wind is mainly from south west direction, wind speed together with temperature become relatively high in noon time.

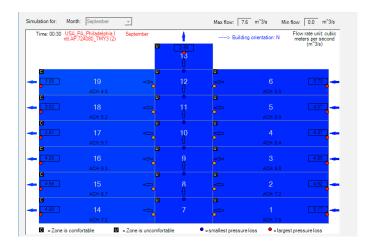
Put a central atrium in the middle of the building help natural wind go through the building and carry out the heat from the central atrium.

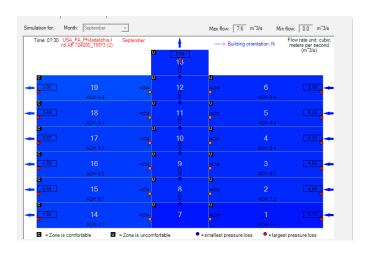


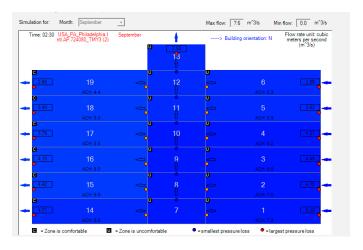


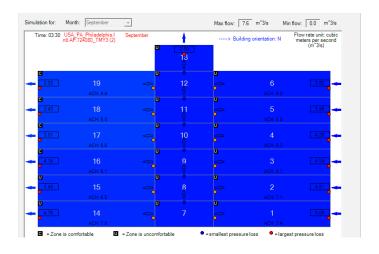


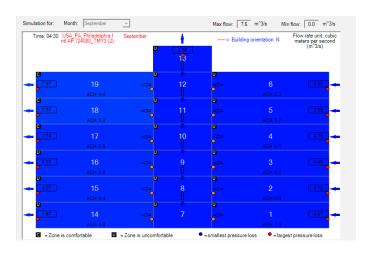
TEMPERATURE & AIRFLOW RESULT/hr



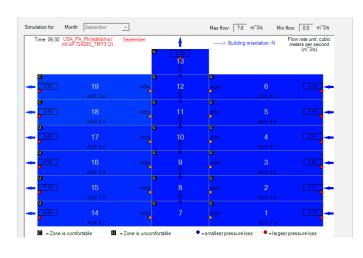


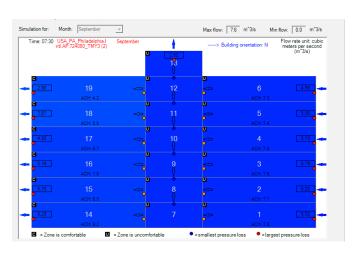


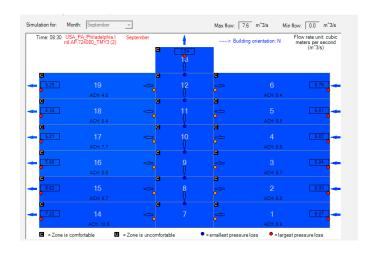


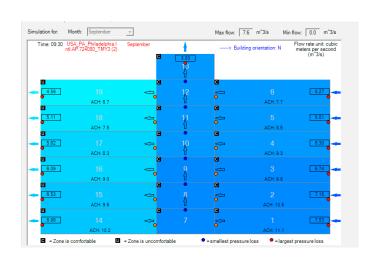


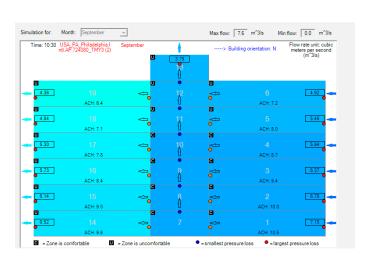


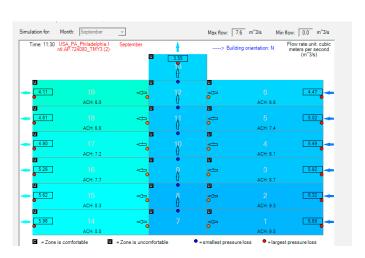




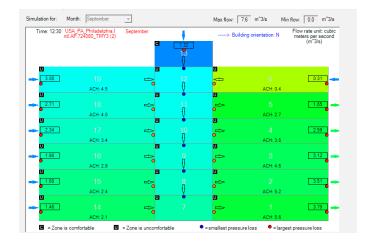






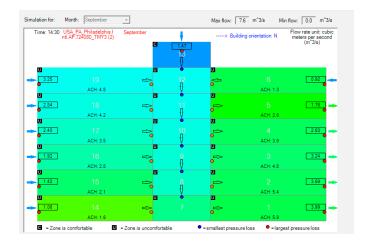


TEMPERATURE & AIRFLOW RESULT/hr

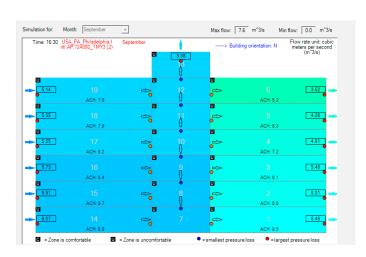


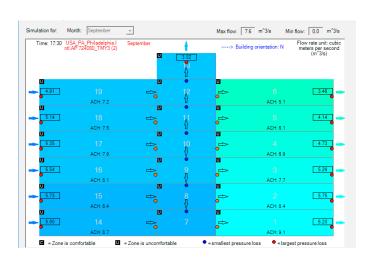


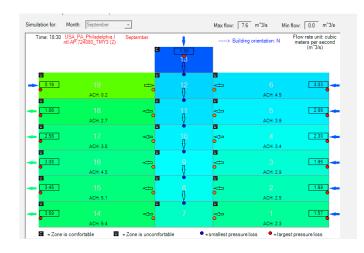


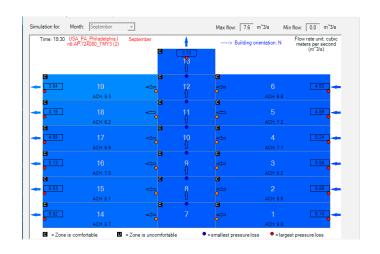




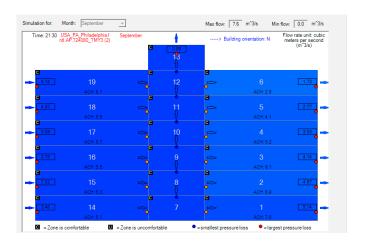


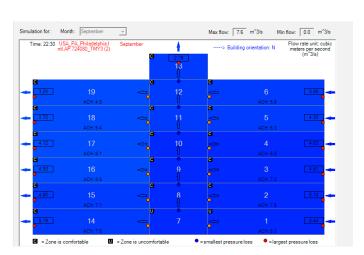










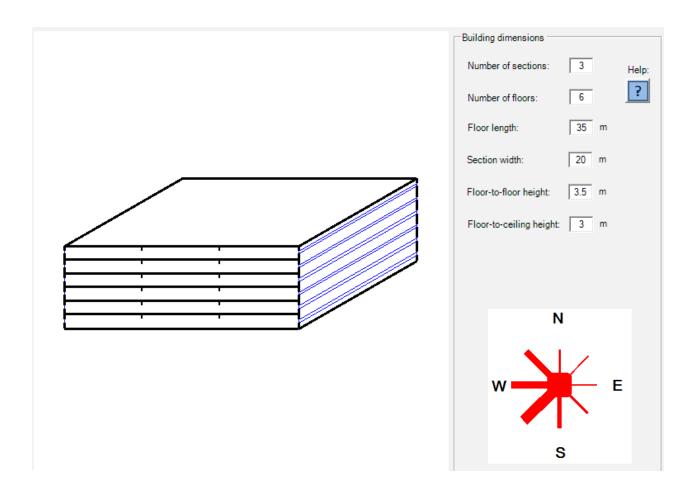


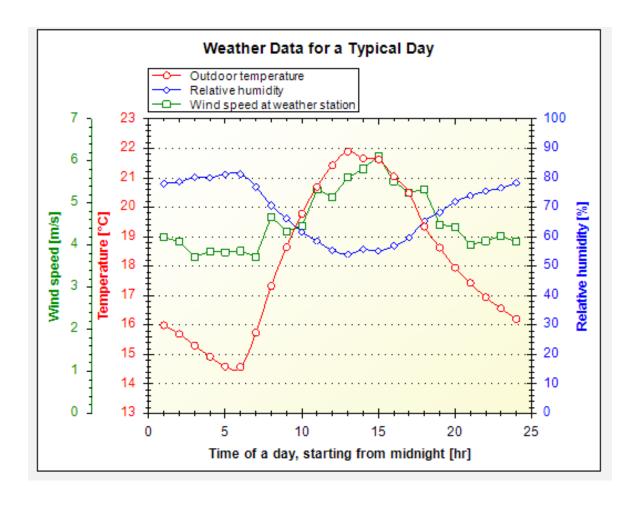
OPTION 2-CROSS VENTILATION

General description

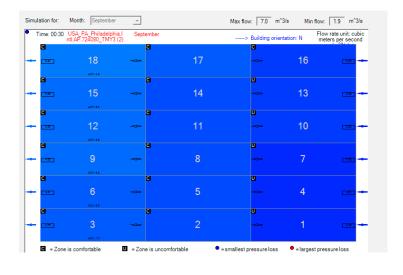
In September Philadelphia, wind are mainly from south west direction, wind speed together with tempreture become relatively high in noon time.

Cross ventilation enhance the airflow by allowing wind pass through the whole building. It's a effective passive ventilation method and can bring ventilation to each corner of the building.





TEMPRETURE & AIRFLOW RESULT/hr

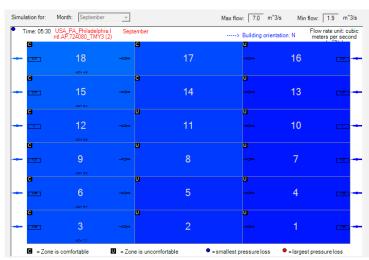


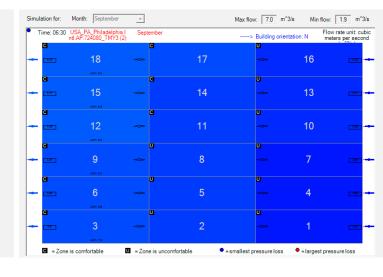




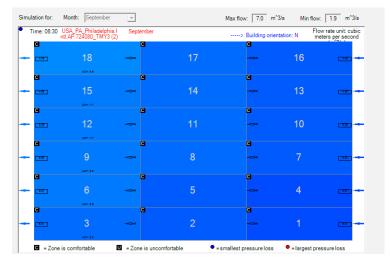


















TEMPRETURE & AIRFLOW RESULT/hr















	Month: September	¥		Max flow: 7.0 m^3		1.9 m^3/s
Time: 19:30	USA_PA_Philadelphia ntl.AP.724080_TMY3 (2	I September		> Building orient		w rate unit: cubic eters per second
<u> </u>	18	G	17	G -⇒-	16	<u> 187</u>
G	15	⊕	14	⊕	13	<u></u>
G	12	⊙	11	⊙ 	10	
G - ***	9			⊙	7	
G - 33	6	G		G	4	232
G - <u></u>	3 ACH 55		2	⊙		<u> </u>
C = Zone		U = Zone is uncomfo	rtable •	= smallest pressure loss	= largest pre	ssure loss

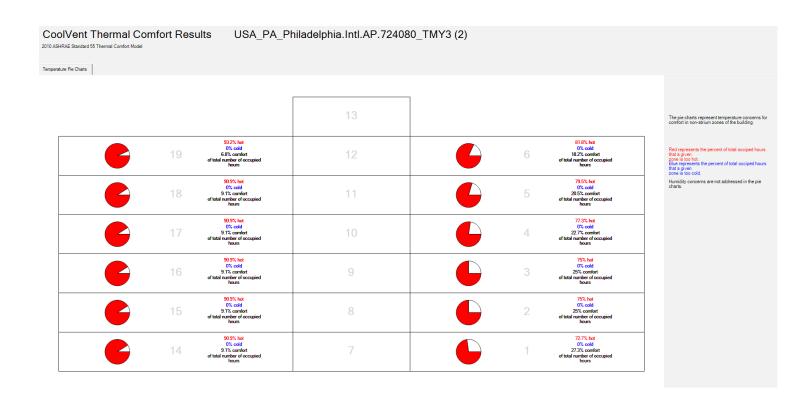








COMPARE AND COMPARISON



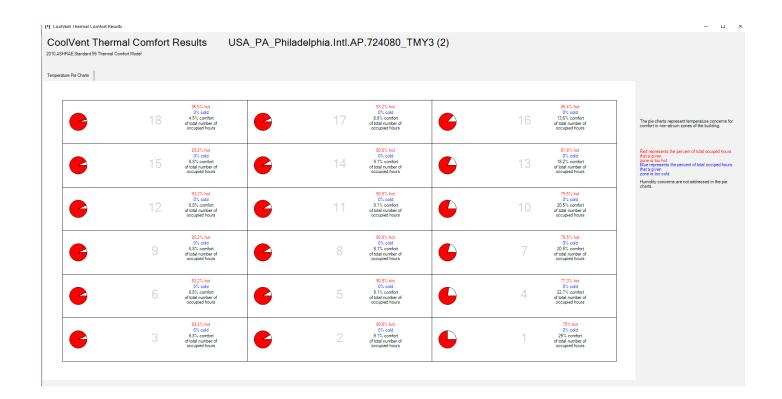
SIMILARITIES

Both of the two ventilation methods have more exceed hot thermal hours is because the time of the study is in September, the indoor temperature is relatively high without HVAC.

The higher floor has more exceed hot hours than lower floor. By using airflow, heat move vertically, the higher the level is, the more heat it will gain.

DIFFERENCES

Comparing the same zones in these two ventilation methods. The central atrium's comfort hours is better than cross ventilation.



CONCLUSION

Cross ventilation is a better choice for Meyerson Hall

Central atrium performs better then cross ventilation, central atrium has a void space in the middle of the building while cross ventilation still has those spaces. Thus, these two kinds of ventilation have almost same performance but, cross ventilation building's square footage is larger than central atrium, thus, from my point of view, cross ventilation is a better choice.