The Alire Package Manager - Exercises

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Getting started

Visit the following repository to get the materials:

• https: //github.com/mosteo/2022-AEiC-alire-tutorial



Installation



Installation

- From binaries
 - https://github.com/alire-project/alire/releases
 - Scroll down to Assets section and expand
 - Grab latest stable release (1.2) for your platform
 - · For Windows, the installer is recommended
 - Ubuntu recommended for minimal friction



Installation from sources

Useful to experiment with the latest features in the master branch

- git clone --recurse-submodules https://github.com/alire-project/alire.git
- 2. cd alire
- 3. On macOS only:
 - export OS=macOS
- 4. gprbuild -j0 -P alr_env
- Executable generated at bin/alr
- 6. Run e.g. alr version



alr version **Output**

\$ alr version

APPLICATION

alr version: 1.2.0

libalire version: 1.2.0

compilation date: 2022-06-03 17:32:24

compiler version: Community 2021 (20210519-103)

CONFIGURATION

config folder: /home/jano/.config/alire

. . .



Toolchain selection (interactive)

```
$ alr toolchain --select
1. gnat native=11.2.4
2. None
gnat external=9.4.0 [Detected at /usr/bin/gnat]
4. gnat arm elf=11.2.4
5. gnat avr elf=11.2.4
gnat riscv64 elf=11.2.4
a. (See more choices...)
Enter your choice index (first is default):
>
```



Toolchain selection (headless)

```
# Latest compiler and builder
$ alr toolchain --select gnat native gprbuild
# Latest within a major version
$ alr toolchain --select gnat native^11 gprbuild
                                    ^^^
# Precise version
$ alr toolchain --select gnat native=10.3.2 gprbuild
                                    ^^^^
```



Toolchain selection (distro compiler)

- · Choosing 'None' will use gprbuild blindly
 - You must ensure there is one gprbuild/gnat in \$PATH
- Why choose a gnat_external?
 - The selected compiler takes precedence, as long as it is compatible with dependencies.
 - This may prevent a large download in some cases



Toolchain inspection

```
$ alr toolchain
CRATE
             VERSION
                      STATUS
                               NOTES
gprbuild
             22.0.1
                      Default
aprbuild
             2019.0.0 Available Detected at /usr/bin/gprbuild
gnat_arm_elf 11.2.3 Available
                     Available
gnat native 10.3.2
gnat native 11.2.4
                     Default
gnat external 9.4.0
                     Available Detected at /usr/bin/gnat
```

- Available compilers take precedence over uninstalled ones
 - May avoid a large download



Testing the (ecosystem) waters



Retrieve and run a release

```
$ alr get hangman
$ ls
hangman_1.0.0_be628ad5
$ cd hangman*
$ alr run --list
Crate hangman builds these executables:
    hangmain (not found)
$ alr run
```

Other executable crates to experiment with:

ansiada, eagle_lander, lace_gel_full_demo, mathpaqs,
play_2048, rsfile, septum, shoot_n_loot, zipada



Look up by name

- Look up crates by name/description:
 - alr search --crates [<substring>]
- look up releases by name/description:
 - alr search <substring> [--full]
 - alr search --list [--full]

Without --full, only the last release of a crate will be returned.

Experiment with these commands to locate some crate related to a topic of your interest: toml, yaml, py, math, ...



Look up by tag/other

Looking into names/descriptions sometimes is not enough:

```
$ alr search --property <substring>
```

Identify releases related to a person

Locate crates with tags: embedded, game, spark, terminal, ...

Check out most popular tags at https://alire.ada.dev/tags/



Showing details before retrieving

```
$ alr show <crate>[version subset]
It:
```

- alr show hello
- alr show gnat_native^10

Details about dependencies:

- alr show hello --solve
- alr show hello --tree
- alr show hello --graph

Iry these with a crate with more dependencies: lace_gel_full_demo, septum, shoot_n_loot



Showing details after retrieving

From within a local crate folder, you can simply issue:

\$ alr show

Useful to display your work-in-progress manifest

It inside the own Alire source tree.



Starting crates



Starting from scratch

At the parent location:

- \$ alr init --lib <crate name>
- \$ alr init --bin <crate name>

Naming rules:

• \$ alr help identifiers



Starting from preexisting code

Inside the root of your existing code:

• \$alr init --lib --in-place --no-skel <crate name>



Generated disk structure



Generated disk structure (after build)

```
$ cd demo && alr build
Build finished successfully in 0.27 seconds.
$ tree ../demo
demo
  alire
     — alire.lock # Dependency solution
                          # Local configuration
       config.toml
   bin
    L— demo
                          # Built executable
   config
       demo config.ads
                         # Generated metadata & config
       demo config.gpr # Generated project file
       demo confia.h
                          # C equivalent to Ada spec
   obi
       development
                         # Intermediate build artifacts
           demo.ali
           demo.o
```



Working with dependencies



🖾 The goal

- Create a new binary crate (or reuse demo)
- Add the 'libhello' dependency
- Call its Libhello.Hello_World procedure from your main subprogram
- Run it



Adding a dependency via alr

Inside your crate:

\$ alr with libhello

Verify new code is being built:

\$ alr build Compile

[Ada] demo.adb

[Ada] libhello.adb



Changes caused by adding a dependency

- Inspect the alire.toml manifest contents
 Inspect the config/demo_config.gpr project file
 Edit the main subprogram to obtain this output, using the library instead of Ada.Text IO:
- \$ alr run
 Hello, world!



Adding a dependency manually

Iry to remove the [[depends-on]] section from alire.toml and build again

Re-add the dependency manually, by editing alire.toml:

```
[[depends-on]]
libhello = "*" # This means any version whatsoever
```

Observe the feedback from alr when the manifest is edited by hand



Conditional expressions in the manifest

Alire supports dynamic expressions in some properties:

```
property = value becomes
property.'case(var)'.var_case = value
```

Available variables: distribution, host-arch, os,

word-size

Valid values: alire-platforms.ads¹

https://github.com/alire-project/alire/blob/master/src/alire/alire-platforms.ads



Conditional expression examples

```
available = true  # Implicit in all manifests unless...

[available.'case(os)']
linux = true
'...' = false

[[depends-on.'case(os)'.linux]
libhello = "*"
```

Edit your manifest so the dependency on libhello is only for your operating system.



Verifying a conditional expression

```
$ alr show
demo=0.1.0-dev: Shiny new project
Origin: path /tmp/demo
Properties:
   Author: Alejandro R. Mosteo
   ...
Dependencies (direct):
   case 0S is
    when Linux => libhello*
```



Build profiles



Basics of build profiles

https://github.com/alireproject/alire/blob/master/doc/catalog-formatspec.md

- Predefined build profiles:
 - Development
 - Validation
 - Release
- Each defines a set of predefined switches
- You can totally override in your main project file
 - There are ways to avoid needing to do so



Building with default profiles

- · Dependencies by default use release mode
- For the root crate:
 - alr build [--release|--validation|--development]
 - Defaults to development
- Query last build mode with:
 - alr config last_build_profile
 - Contents of config/<crate>_config.ads



Overriding defaults via the manifest

```
[build-profiles]
"*" = "development"  # Applies to non-explicit crates
libhello = "release"
demo = "validation"  # The root crate may appear here
```

Iry it and verify via config/demo_config.gpr



Adjusting switches of a profile

Alire has collections of switches grouped by topic. E.g.:

- Optimization
 - Performance
 - Size
 - Debug

Then, for the own crate, you can:

```
[build-switches]
release.optimization = "performance"
"*".optimization = "debug"
```



Switches categories

https://alire.ada.dev/docs/#release-information

- Ada_Version
- Compile_Checks
- Contracts
- Debug_Info
- Optimization
- Runtime_Checks
- Style_Checks



Category overrides

```
[build-switches]
release.optimization = ["-02", "-gnatn"]
```



Environment



Display and set the environment

- \$ alr printenv
 - --unix (default)
 - --powershell
 - --wincmd

✓ Use alr help printenv for ways to apply the output



Executing within the environment

- \$ alr edit
 - Defaults to gnatstudio
 - alr config --set editor.cmd <editor> \${GPR_FILE}
- \$ alr exec -- <command>



Publishing



Preliminaries

- · Have a github user
- Fork the community index repository:
 - https://github.com/alire-project/alire-index
- It is also possible to publish a tar/zip file hosted anywhere
 - No need to have fork of the index
 - GitHub account still needed



Publishing a git commit

Inside your up-to-date local repository:

```
$ alr publish [--skip-build]
```

Works only for trusted hostings:

```
$ alr publish --trusted-sites
```



Publishing a tarball

Source file already on-line:

```
$ alr publish https://url/of/file.zip
```

Create file on the go:

\$ alr publish --tar



Example of on-line manifest (commit)

https://github.com/alire-project/alire-index/blob/ stable-1.2/index/aa/aaa/aaa-0.2.5.toml

```
[origin]
commit = "521a8669cf8dbd0eeb71d22d2634421265d52f62"
url = "git+https://github.com/mosteo/aaa.git"
```



Example of on-line manifest (tarball)

https://github.com/alire-project/alire-index/blob/ stable-1.2/index/ap/apdf/apdf-5.0.3.toml

```
[origin]
url =
   "https://sourceforge.net/projects/apdf/files/apdf_005_r3.zip"
hashes =
   ["sha512:dbe27598986b1744b024803348350e48b9fe14a14b4..."]
```



Example of on-line manifest (monorepo commit)

https://github.com/alire-project/alire-index/blob/ stable-1.2/index/js/json/json-5.0.2.toml

```
[origin]
url = "git+https://github.com/onox/json-ada.git"
commit = "d429d7af880ab9ed38d58ac08c1c9a16e7697752"
subdir = "json"
```



Pinning dependencies



Inspecting pins

Pins are useful to substitute a dependency with a work-in-progress version, or with an unpublished commit.

List pins with \$ alr pin

Pins in alr v1.2:

- 1. git clone https://github.com/alire-project/alire
 --branch release/1.2
- 2. cd alire
- 3. alr pin



Pinning dependencies

- Pin to a local folder
 - alr with --use /path/to/folder
- Pin to a remote repository
 - alr with https://github.com/mosteo/wordlist

alr with will add dependency + pin

alr pin only works when the dependency already exists



Pins for testing/demo subcrates

Create a library crate and a binary demo subcrate

- 1. alr init --lib mylib
- 2. cd mylib
- 3. alr init --bin mylibdemo
- cd mylibdemo
- 5. alr with --use ..
- 6. alr edit



Structure of lib + demo subcrate

```
# tree mylib

mylib
    alire.toml
    mylibdemo
    alire.toml
    mylibdemo.gpr
    src
    mylibdemo.adb
    mylib.gpr
    src
    mylib.ads
```



File generation



Pre-build file generation

- In some restricted embedded environments, it is not feasible to use some ada dynamic constructs. This may difficult efficiently tailoring the code for a particular board.
- Alire allows to define variables that are generated into spec files before the build, and so can be used statically.



Variable types

https://github.com/alire-project/alire/blob/master/doc/catalog-format-spec.md#using-crate-configuration



Setting values

```
[configuration.values]
crate_name.Enable_Logs = true
```

Inspect the generated file in config/demo_config.ads



Indexes



Working with indexes

- Listing indexes:
 - \$ alr index
- Updating indexes:
 - \$ alr index --update-all
- Adding another index
 - \$ alr index --add <url> --name <name>
 - In the second of the second of
- Removing an index:
 - \$ alr index --del <name>
 - In the community index to see the contents of my index only



Configuration



Inspecting configuration

- \$ alr config
- \$ alr help config



Setting variables

```
$ alr config --set [--global] <key> <value>
```

This is the basis of the *aliases* mechanism:

\$ alr help aliases

Define the alr graph alias as suggested in the help output

