# International Rectifier

#### **SMPS IGBT**

## IRGP50B60PD

# WARP2 SERIES IGBT WITH ULTRAFAST SOFT RECOVERY DIODE

#### **Applications**

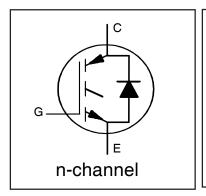
- Telecom and Server SMPS
- PFC and ZVS SMPS Circuits
- Uninterruptable Power Supplies
- Consumer Electronics Power Supplies

#### **Features**

- NPT Technology, Positive Temperature Coefficient
- Lower V<sub>CE</sub>(SAT)
- Lower Parasitic Capacitances
- Minimal Tail Current
- HEXFRED Ultra Fast Soft-Recovery Co-Pack Diode
- Tighter Distribution of Parameters
- · Higher Reliability

#### **Benefits**

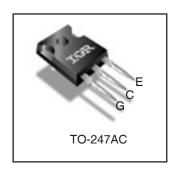
- Parallel Operation for Higher Current Applications
- Lower Conduction Losses and Switching Losses
- Higher Switching Frequency up to 150kHz



 $V_{CES} = 600V$   $V_{CE(on)}$  typ. = 2.00V @  $V_{GE} = 15V$  I<sub>C</sub> = 33A

# Equivalent MOSFET Parameters ①

 $R_{CE(on)}$  typ. = 61m $\Omega$  $I_D$  (FET equivalent) = 50A



**Absolute Maximum Ratings** 

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V <sub>CES</sub>	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	600	V
I <sub>C</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	Continuous Collector Current	75	
<sub>C</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C	Continuous Collector Current	42	
СМ	Pulse Collector Current (Ref. Fig. C.T.4)	150	
LM	Clamped Inductive Load Current ②	150	Α
<sub>F</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	Diode Continous Forward Current	50	
<sub>F</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C	Diode Continous Forward Current	25	
FRM	Maximum Repetitive Forward Current ③	100	
/ <sub>GE</sub>	Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	±20	V
P <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	Maximum Power Dissipation	370	W
P <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C	Maximum Power Dissipation	150	
Гл	Operating Junction and	-55 to +150	
Г <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature Range		°C
	Soldering Temperature for 10 sec.	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case)	
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 Screw	10 lbf·in (1.1 N·m)	

#### Thermal Resistance

1

	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	
$R_{\theta JC}$ (IGBT)	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case-(each IGBT)			0.34	°C/W	
$R_{\theta JC}$ (Diode)	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case-(each Diode)			0.64		
$R_{\theta CS}$	Thermal Resistance, Case-to-Sink (flat, greased surface)		0.24			
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (typical socket mount)			40		
	Weight		6.0 (0.21)		g (oz)	

#### Electrical Characteristics @ T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions	Ref.Fig
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	600	_	_	٧	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_{C} = 500\mu A$	
$\Delta V_{(BR)CES}/\Delta T_J$	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	_	0.61	_	V/°C	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_{C} = 1mA (25^{\circ}C-125^{\circ}C)$	
$R_G$	Internal Gate Resistance	_	1.2	_	Ω	1MHz, Open Collector	
		_	2.0	2.2		$I_C = 33A, V_{GE} = 15V$	4, 5,6,8,9
$V_{CE(on)}$	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	_	2.4	2.6	V	$I_C = 50A, V_{GE} = 15V$	
		_	2.6	2.9		$I_C = 33A$ , $V_{GE} = 15V$ , $T_J = 125$ °C	
		_	3.2	3.6		$I_C = 50A$ , $V_{GE} = 15V$ , $T_J = 125$ °C	
$V_{GE(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	4.0	5.0	٧	I <sub>C</sub> = 250μA	7,8,9
$\Delta V_{GE(th)}/\Delta TJ$	Threshold Voltage temp. coefficient	_	-7.07	_	mV/°C	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$ , $I_C = 1.0 \text{mA}$	
gfe	Forward Transconductance	_	42	_	S	$V_{CE} = 50V, I_{C} = 33A, PW = 80\mu s$	
I <sub>CES</sub>	Collector-to-Emitter Leakage Current	_	5.0	500	μΑ	$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 600V$	
		_	1.0	_	mA	$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 600V, T_{J} = 125^{\circ}C$	
		_	1.3	1.7		$I_F = 25A, V_{GE} = 0V$	
$V_{FM}$	Diode Forward Voltage Drop	_	1.5	2.0	٧	$I_F = 50A, V_{GE} = 0V$	10
		_	1.3	1.7		$I_F = 25A, V_{GE} = 0V, T_J = 125^{\circ}C$	
I <sub>GES</sub>	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	_	_	±100	nA	$V_{GE} = \pm 20V, V_{CE} = 0V$	

#### Switching Characteristics @ T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions	Ref.Fig
Qg	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	_	240	360		I <sub>C</sub> = 33A	17
$Q_{gc}$	Gate-to-Collector Charge (turn-on)	_	41	82	nC	V <sub>CC</sub> = 400V	CT1
$Q_{ge}$	Gate-to-Emitter Charge (turn-on)	_	84	130		$V_{GE} = 15V$	
E <sub>on</sub>	Turn-On Switching Loss	_	360	590		$I_C = 33A, V_{CC} = 390V$	СТ3
E <sub>off</sub>	Turn-Off Switching Loss	_	380	420	μJ	$V_{GE} = +15V, R_G = 3.3\Omega, L = 210\mu H$	
E <sub>total</sub>	Total Switching Loss	_	740	960		TJ = 25°C	
t <sub>d(on)</sub>	Turn-On delay time	_	34	44		$I_C = 33A, V_{CC} = 390V$	СТ3
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise time	_	26	36	ns	$V_{GE} = +15V$ , $R_{G} = 3.3\Omega$ , $L = 210\mu H$	
t <sub>d(off)</sub>	Turn-Off delay time	_	130	140		T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C	
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall time	_	43	56			
E <sub>on</sub>	Turn-On Switching Loss	_	610	880		$I_C = 33A, V_{CC} = 390V$	СТЗ
E <sub>off</sub>	Turn-Off Switching Loss	_	460	530	μJ	$V_{GE} = +15V, R_G = 3.3\Omega, L = 210\mu H$	11,13
E <sub>total</sub>	Total Switching Loss	_	1070	1410		T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C	WF1,WF2
t <sub>d(on)</sub>	Turn-On delay time	_	33	43		$I_C = 33A, V_{CC} = 390V$	СТЗ
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise time	_	26	36	ns	$V_{GE} = +15V, R_G = 3.3\Omega, L = 200\mu H$	12,14
t <sub>d(off)</sub>	Turn-Off delay time	_	140	160		T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C	WF1,WF2
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall time	_	50	65			
C <sub>ies</sub>	Input Capacitance	_	4750	_		$V_{GE} = 0V$	16
C <sub>oes</sub>	Output Capacitance	_	390	_	1	$V_{CC} = 30V$	
C <sub>res</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	_	58	_	pF	f = 1Mhz	
C <sub>oes</sub> eff.	Effective Output Capacitance (Time Related) ©	_	280	_		$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 0V \text{ to } 480V$	15
C <sub>oes</sub> eff. (ER)	Effective Output Capacitance (Energy Related) ⑤	_	190	_			
						$T_J = 150$ °C, $I_C = 150$ A	3
RBSOA	Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area	FUL	L SQUA	RE		V <sub>CC</sub> = 480V, Vp =600V	CT2
						Rg = $22\Omega$ , $V_{GE} = +15V$ to $0V$	
t <sub>rr</sub>	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	_	50	75	ns	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ $I_F = 25A$ , $V_R = 200V$ ,	19
		_	105	160	1	$T_{\rm J} = 125^{\circ}{\rm C}$ di/dt = 200A/µs	
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	_	112	375	nC	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ $I_F = 25A$ , $V_R = 200V$ ,	21
		_	420	4200	1	T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C di/dt = 200A/µs	
I <sub>rr</sub>	Peak Reverse Recovery Current	_	4.5	10	Α	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ $I_F = 25A$ , $V_R = 200V$ ,	19,20,21,22
		_	8.0	15	1	T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C di/dt = 200A/µs	CT5

①  $R_{CE(on)}$  typ. = equivalent on-resistance =  $V_{CE(on)}$  typ./  $I_C$ , where  $V_{CE(on)}$  typ.= 2.00V and  $I_C$  =33A.  $I_D$  (FET Equivalent) is the equivalent MOSFET  $I_D$  rating @ 25°C for applications up to 150kHz. These are provided for comparison purposes (only) with equivalent MOSFET solutions.

 $<sup>2</sup> V_{CC} = 80\% (V_{CES}), V_{GE} = 20V, L = 28 \mu H, R_G = 22 \Omega.$ 

<sup>3</sup> Pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.

④ Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery, Data generated with use of Diode 30ETH06.

<sup>©</sup>  $C_{oes}$  eff. is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{oes}$  while  $V_{CE}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{CES}$ .  $C_{oes}$  eff.(ER) is a fixed capacitance that stores the same energy as  $C_{oes}$  while  $V_{CE}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{CES}$ .

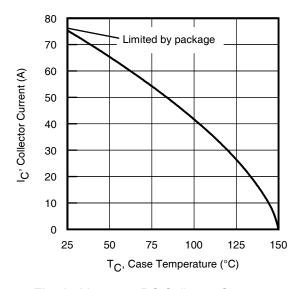


Fig. 1 - Maximum DC Collector Current vs.

Case Temperature

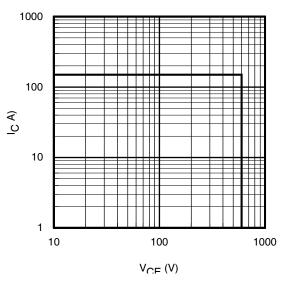


Fig. 3 - Reverse Bias SOA  $T_J = 150$ °C;  $V_{GE} = 15$ V

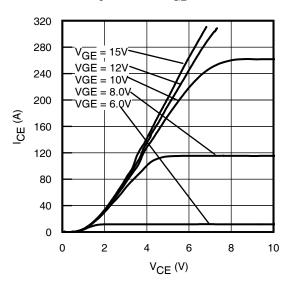
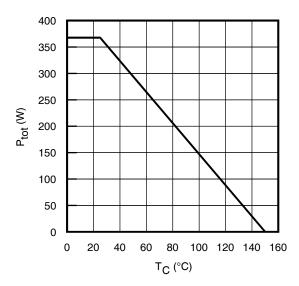
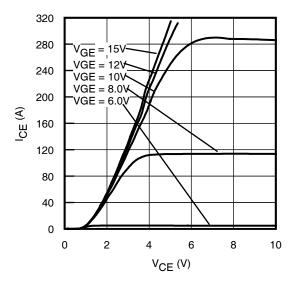


Fig. 5 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics  $T_J = 25$ °C; tp = 80 $\mu$ s



**Fig. 2** - Power Dissipation vs. Case Temperature



**Fig. 4** - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics  $T_{,l} = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ ;  $tp = 80\mu\text{s}$ 

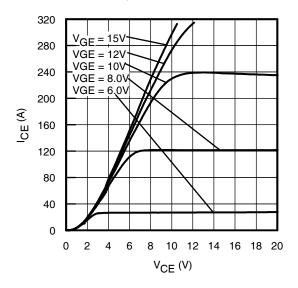


Fig. 6 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ; tp = 80µs

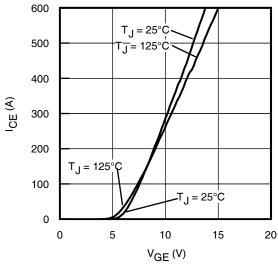


Fig. 7 - Typ. Transfer Characteristics  $V_{CE} = 50V$ ; tp = 10 $\mu$ s

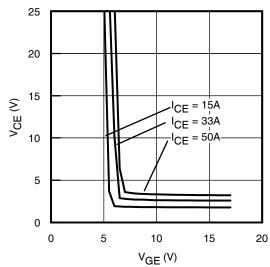


Fig. 9 - Typical  $V_{CE}$  vs.  $V_{GE}$   $T_J = 125^{\circ}C$ 

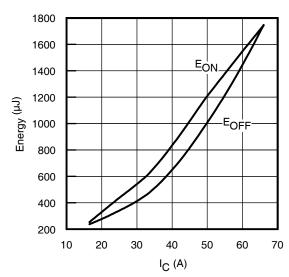


Fig. 11 - Typ. Energy Loss vs.  $I_C$ T<sub>J</sub> = 125°C; L = 200 $\mu$ H; V<sub>CE</sub> = 390V, R<sub>G</sub> = 3.3 $\Omega$ ; V<sub>GE</sub> = 15V. Diode clamp used: 30ETH06 (See C.T.3)

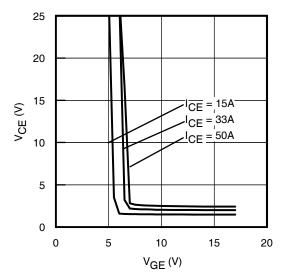
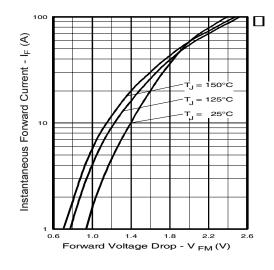


Fig. 8 - Typical  $V_{CE}$  vs.  $V_{GE}$  $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ 



**Fig. 10** - Maximum. Diode Forward Characteristics tp = 80µs

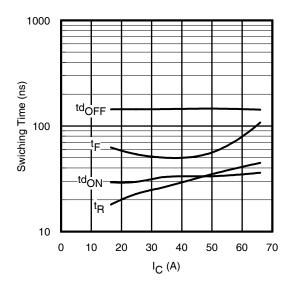


Fig. 12 - Typ. Switching Time vs. I $_{C}$  T $_{J}$  = 125°C; L = 200 $\mu$ H; V $_{CE}$  = 390V, R $_{G}$  = 3.3 $\Omega$ ; V $_{GE}$  = 15V. Diode clamp used: 30ETH06 (See C.T.3)

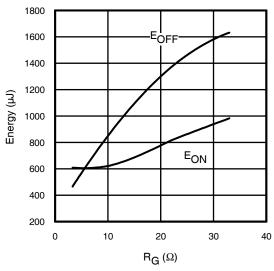
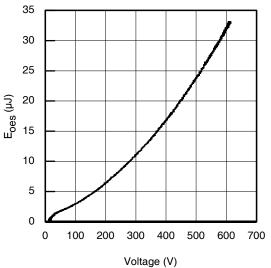


Fig. 13 - Typ. Energy Loss vs.  $R_G$   $T_J$  = 125°C; L = 200 $\mu$ H;  $V_{CE}$  = 390V,  $I_{CE}$  = 33A;  $V_{GE}$  = 15V Diode clamp used: 30ETH06 (See C.T.3)



**Fig. 15**- Typ. Output Capacitance Stored Energy vs. V<sub>CE</sub>

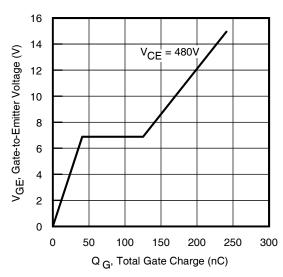


Fig. 17 - Typical Gate Charge vs.  $V_{GE}$  $I_{CE} = 33A$ 

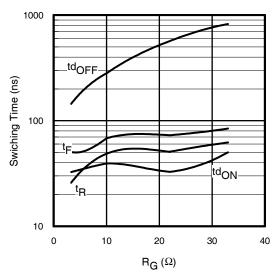


Fig. 14 - Typ. Switching Time vs.  $R_G$  T<sub>J</sub> = 125°C; L = 200 $\mu$ H;  $V_{CE}$  = 390V,  $I_{CE}$  = 33A;  $V_{GE}$  = 15V Diode clamp used: 30ETH06 (See C.T.3)

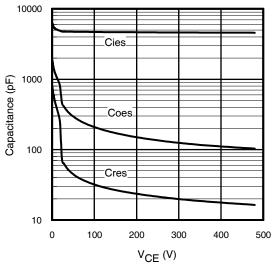


Fig. 16- Typ. Capacitance vs.  $V_{CE}$  $V_{GE} = 0V$ ; f = 1MHz

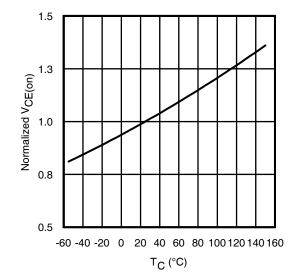


Fig. 18 - Normalized Typ.  $V_{CE(on)}$  vs. Junction Temperature  $I_C = 33A$ ,  $V_{GE} = 15V$ 

# IRGP50B60PD

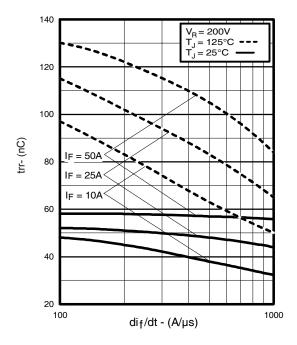


Fig. 19 - Typical Reverse Recovery vs. di<sub>f</sub>/dt

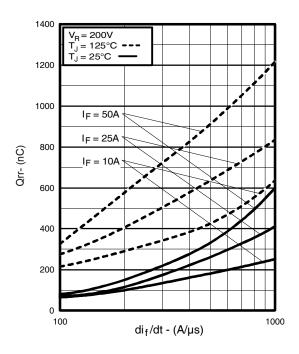


Fig. 21 - Typical Stored Charge vs. dif/dt

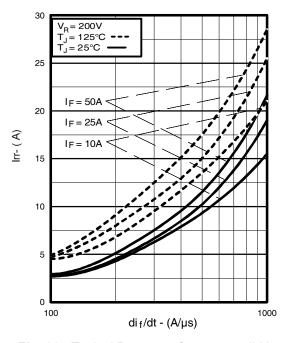
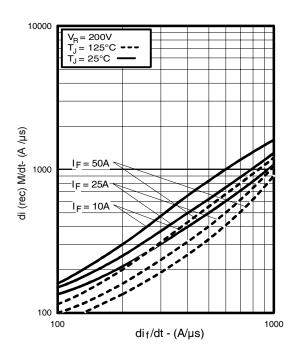


Fig. 20 - Typical Recovery Current vs. di<sub>f</sub>/dt



 $\textbf{Fig. 22} \text{ - Typical } \text{di}_{(\text{rec})\text{M}}/\text{dt vs. } \text{di}_{\text{f}}/\text{dt},$ 

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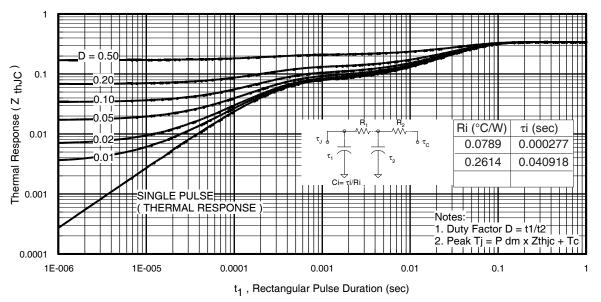


Fig 23. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (IGBT)

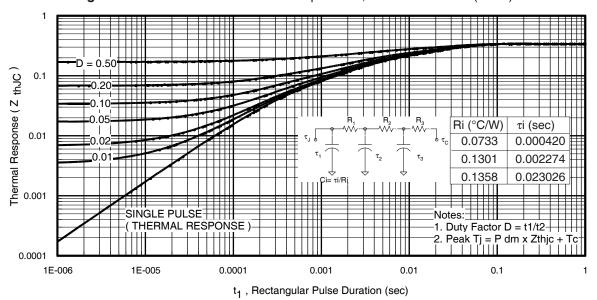
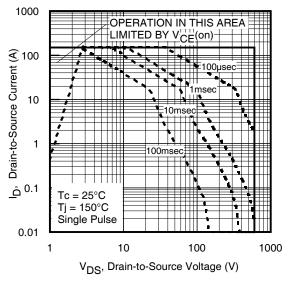


Fig. 24. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (DIODE)



**Fig. 25** - Forward SOA,  $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$ ;  $T_J \le 150^{\circ}C$ 

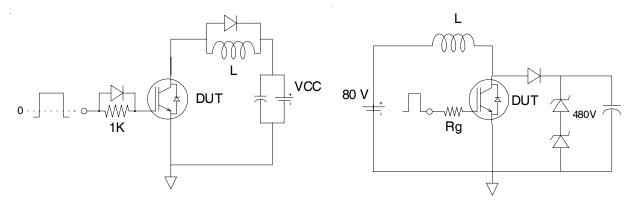


Fig.C.T.1 - Gate Charge Circuit (turn-off)

Fig.C.T.2 - RBSOA Circuit

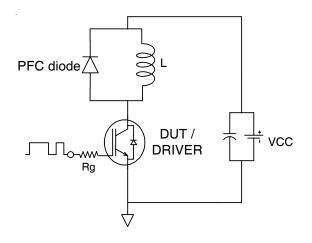


Fig.C.T.3 - Switching Loss Circuit

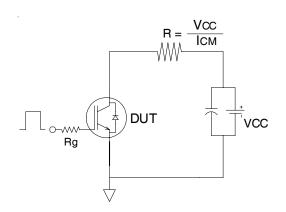


Fig.C.T.4 - Resistive Load Circuit

#### REVERSE RECOVERY CIRCUIT

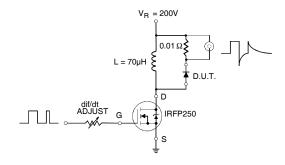


Fig. C.T.5 - Reverse Recovery Parameter Test Circuit

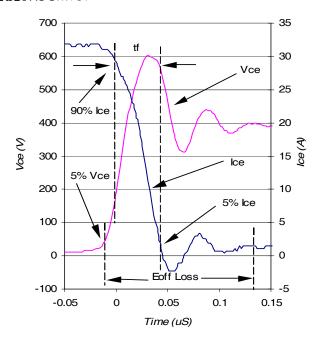


Fig. WF1 - Typ. Turn-off Loss Waveform @  $T_J = 25$ °C using Fig. CT.3

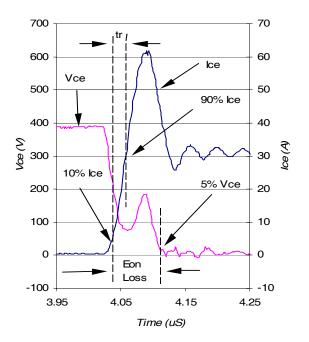
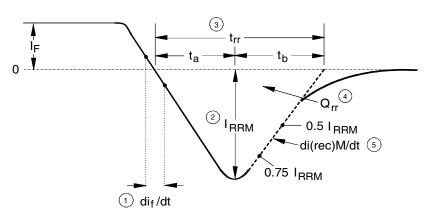


Fig. WF2 - Typ. Turn-on Loss Waveform @  $T_J = 25$ °C using Fig. CT.3



- dif/dt Rate of change of current through zero crossing
- 2. I<sub>RRM</sub> Peak reverse recovery current
- 3. trr Reverse recovery time measured from zero crossing point of negative going I<sub>F</sub> to point where a line passing through 0.75 I<sub>RRM</sub> and 0.50 I<sub>RRM</sub> extrapolated to zero current
- 4.  $Q_{rr}$  Area under curve defined by  $t_{rr}$  and  $I_{RRM}$

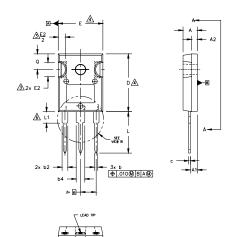
$$Q_{rr} = \frac{t_{rr} X I_{RRM}}{2}$$

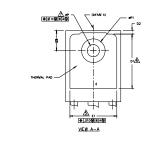
5. di<sub>(rec)M</sub>/dt - Peak rate of change of current during t<sub>b</sub> portion of t<sub>rr</sub>

Fig. WF3 - Reverse Recovery Waveform and Definitions

### TO-247AC Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)









#### NOTES:

- 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5M 1994.
- 2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES.

CONTOUR OF SLOT OPTIONAL.

DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005" (0.127)
PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.

THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS D1 & E1.

LEAD FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1.

ØP TO HAVE A MAXIMUM DRAFT ANGLE OF 1.5 \* TO THE TOP OF THE PART WITH A MAXIMUM HOLE DIAMETER OF .154 INCH.

8. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-247AC

	DIMENSIONS					
SYMBOL	INC	HES	MILLIM			
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	NOTES	
A	.183	.209	4.65	5.31		
A1	.087	.102	2.21	2.59		
A2	.059	.098	1.50	2.49		
ь	.039	.055	0.99	1,40		
b1	.039	.053	0.99	1.35		
b2	.065	.094	1.65	2.39		
b3	.065	.092	1.65	2.34		
b4	.102	.135	2.59	3.43		
b5	.102	.133	2.59	3.38		
c	.015	.035	0.38	0.89		
c1	.015	.033	0.38	0.84		
D	.776	.815	19,71	20.70	4	
D1	.515	-	13.08	_	5	
D2	.020	.053	0.51	1.35		
E	.602	.625	15.29	15.87	4	
E1	.530	-	13.46	-		
E2	.178	.216	4.52	5.49		
e	.215	BSC	5.46	5.46 BSC		
Øk	.0	10	0.	0.25		
L	.559	.634	14.20	16.10		
L1	.146	.169	3.71	4.29		
ØΡ	.140	.144	3.56	3.66		
øP1	-	.291	-	7.39		
Q	.209	.224	5.31	5.69		
S	.217 BSC		5.51	BSC		
1					l	

#### LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

#### **HEXFET**

- 1.- GATE 2.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE
- 4.- DRAIN

#### IGBTs, CoPACK

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- COLLECTOR 3.- EMITTER
- 4. COLLECTOR

#### DIODES

- 1.- ANODE/OPEN
- 2.- CATHODE
- 3.- ANODE

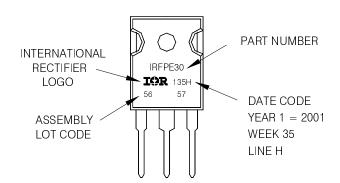
### TO-247AC Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFPE30 WITH ASSEMBLY

LOT CODE 5657

ASSEMBLED ON WW 35, 2001 IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "H"

Note: "P" in assembly line position indicates "Lead-Free"



TO-247AC package is not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at http://www.irf.com/package/

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.

This product has been designed and qualified for Industrial market.

Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

Visit us at www.irf.com for sales contact information. 07/07



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