Unit 1

Welcome

Lesson 1

Date:.....

New words:

welcome

مرحبا

pretty

جميل

ugly

قبيح

straight hair

شعر ناعم

curly hair

شعر مجعد

blond hair

شعر أشقر

purple

اللون القرمزى

Look and match:

pretty

ugly

straight hair

curly hair









الضمائر <u>Personal pronouns:</u>

أنا

هو (مع الولد)

هى (مع البنت)

غير العاقل غير العاقل

We نحن

أنت /أنتم 🗸 🗸 أنت /أنتم

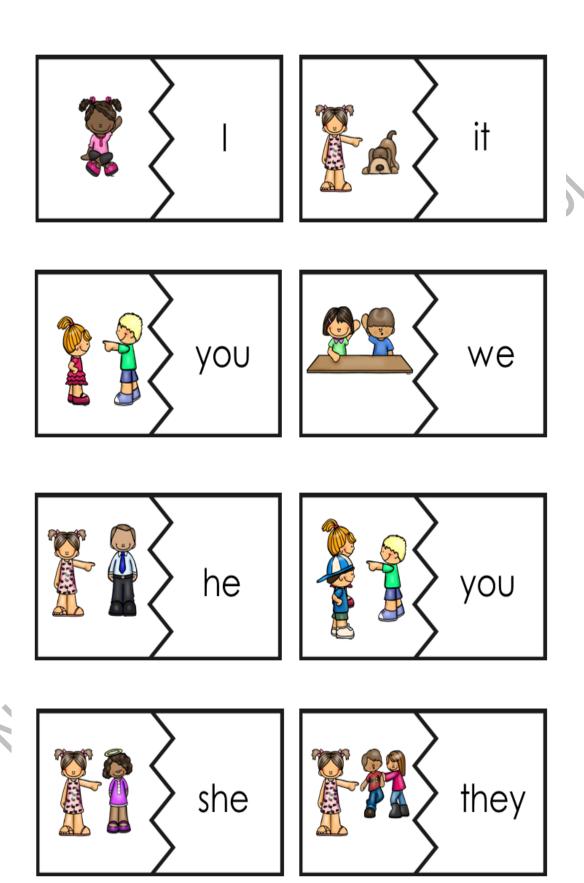
هم They

Examples:

Eman – Sara – Fatema — She

Car – ball – lion -book → It

Ahmed and Fatema —— They



V. to have:





Examples:

- 1-I have got green eyes.
- 2-You have got short hair.
- 3-They have got brown eyes.
- 4-He has got short hair.
- 5-She has got straight hair.
- 6-It has got small head.
- 7-I haven't got curly hair.
- 8-She hasn't got blond hair.

Exercises:

Choose (has - have)

1-Ahmed got blue eyes.
2-You got a bike.

3-Fatema and Eman got shells.

4-The lion got big teeth.

5-She got straight hair.

6-I got brown eyes.

Choose (haven't - hasn't)

7-They got big ears.

8-Sarah got green eyes.

9-I got dolls.

10-Salem..... got shells.

11-My cat got short tail.

12-Yougot curly hair.

Lesson 2

Date:.....

Numbers:

10

ten

60

sixty

20

twenty

70

seventy

30

thirty

80

eighty

40

forty

90

ninety

50

fifty

100

hundred

Look and write:

30

50

90

40

40

70

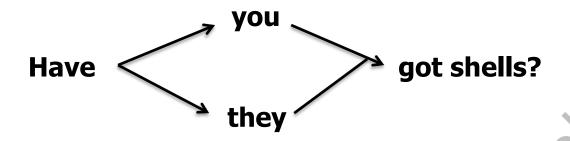
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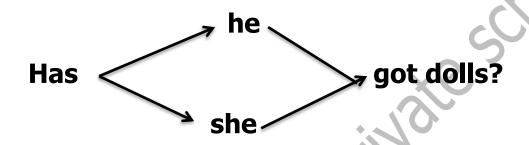
80

20

......

V. to have (questions)





Ex: Have you got curly hair?

Yes, I have.

No, I haven't.

Ex: Have they got short legs?

Yes, they have.

No, they haven't.

Ex: Has he (she) got curly hair?

Yes, he (she) has. No, he (she) hasn't.

Lesson 3

Date:.....

New words:

do karate يلعب كاراتيه

يغوص

یلون paint

swim

یجری کی run

read يقرأ

write

play

ینام

ride a bike یرکب دراجة

یمشی

يأكل

ىشىر ب drink

یستطیع

can't = cannot لا يستطيع

<u>H.W</u> Write: do karate paint dive **Swim** jump

read	write	play	
		.	
	.	-	
	.	.	00,
	.	.	
	.	· - 	·
	.		
Sleep	eat	drink	ride
Sleep	eat	drink 	ride
Sleep 	eat	drink 	ride
Sleep 	eat	drink 	ride
Sleep	eat	drink	ride
Sleep	eat	drink	ride
Sleep	eat	drink	ride

Lesson 4

Date:----

New words:

الوقت

يالظبط o'clock. يالظبط

و نصف It's half past





It's half past two.

It's three o'clock.





It's one o'clock.

It's half past six.

Look and write:











<u>H.W</u>

Write:

It's	o'clock	half past
		<u> </u>

Draw:









5:30

4:00

9:30

6:00

<u>Unit 1</u>

Revision

1-Look and answer questions:





1-Can he climb the tree? 2-Can she dive?





3-Can he swim? 4-Can she ride a bike?





5-Can he do karate? 6-Can she fly?

2-Look and match:

1-She can paint.



2-He has got curly hair.



3-She has got straight hair.



4-They can play football.



5-She is pretty.



6-He can do karate.



7-She can dive.



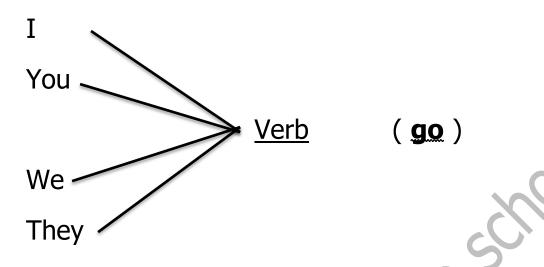
<u>Unit 2</u>

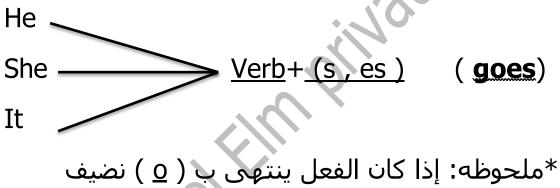
Every day

Lesson 1	Date:
New words:	
do my homework	يعمل الواجب
brush my teeth	يغسل أسنانه
have a shower	یستحم
get dressed	يرتدى ملابسة
comb my hair	يمشط شعرة
go to school	يذهب إلى المدرسة
get up	يستيقظ من النوم
play football	يلعب كرة القدم
everyday	کل یوم
always	دائما
sometimes	أحيانا
never	ابدا

Present simple

زمن المضارع البسيط





(<u>es</u>)

Examples:

- 1-I go to school every day.
- 2-They sometimes do their homework.
- 3-She goes to school every day.
- 4-He never does his homework.
- 5-You always brush your teeth.

Exercises:

Choose the correct answer:

- 1-I always (have has) a shower after school.
- 2-He (play plays) football every day.
- 3-You sometimes (do does) your homework.
- 4-She never (take takes) the bus to school.
- 5-Sarah always (comb combs) her hair.
- 6-Ahmed and Hamad (go goes) to school.
- 7-They never (get gets) up late.
- 8-Adham always (have has) lunch after school.
- 9-I sometimes (play plays) football.
- 10-Aesha and Sehaj always (brush brushes) their teeth.

<u>H.W</u>	
do my homework	brush my teeth
have a shower	comb my hair
get dressed	

Lesson 2

Date:....

New words:

take the bus

drive

Walk

take the train

have lunch

have breakfast

ride a bike

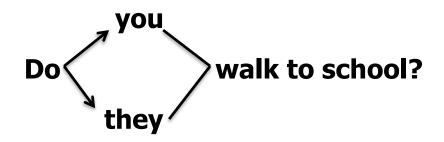
يركب الباص

يقود السيارة

يمشى يركب القطار

يتناول الغذاء يتناول الفطور يركب دراجة

Present simple (Questions)





Examples:

1-Do you always take the bus to school?

Yes, I do.

No, I don't.

2-Do they go to school?

Yes, they do

No, they don't.

3-Does he / she walk to school?

Yes, he / she does.

No, he / she doesn't.

take the bus	drive	walk
		<u> </u>
take the train	have break	fast lunch
A. (

Lesson 3 Date:....

New words:

وظائف وظائف

رجل إطفاء الحرائق

يطفئ الحرائق يطفئ الحرائق

حارس إنقاذ حارس إنقاذ

ينقذ الناس على save people

طبیب أسنان کا طبیب أسنان

fix teeth

doctor

شيف chef

معلم ask

شرطی police officer

مستشفی hospital

مطعم restaurant

مركز الشرطة police station

Look and match:

doctor

firefighter

lifeguard

dentist

teacher

chef

police officer















doctor	dentist	teacher
Chef	school	hospital
	······································	
	.)	

Lesson 4 Date:....

New words:

طیار

fly helicopter بقود طیارة

مزارع وزارع

grow fruit and vegetables يزرع الفواكه و الخضروات

مصور مصور

I want to be

Read and match

Pilot take pictures.

doctor work in a restaurant.

farmer fix teeth.

Photographer fly helicopter.

Chef work in a hospital.

dentist grow vegetables.

lifeguard save people.

Pilot	photographer
Farmer	I want to be
	······································

Lesson 5	Date:
New words:	
In the morning	فى الصباح
After school	بعد المدرسة
Before bedtime	بعد المدرسـة قبل النوم
Then	بعد ذلك
my day	یومی

Write about vour		
Write about your	In the	get up – have
day:	morning	breakfast – go to
		school.
	After	do my homework-
	school	watch TV
	Before	have a shower –
	bedtime	brush my teeth.
		_

Unit 2

Revision

1-Read and match:

- 1-She does her homework.
- 2-He brushes his teeth.
- 3-She combs her hair.
- 4-He has a shower.
- 5-I get dressed
- 6-They play football.
- 7-They take the bus to school.
- 8-They walk to school.















2-Choose the correct answer:

- 1-Ahmed always (walk / walks) to school.
- 2-They sometimes (play / plays) football.
- 3-Fatema (go / goes) to school every day.
- 4-He always (drive / drives) to school.
- 5-I never (take / takes) the train.
- 6-Omar and Hassan always (take / takes) the bus to school.
 - 7-Does he go to school?

 No, he (does / doesn't).
- 8-Do you ride a bike? Yes, I (do / don't).
- 9-Does Sarah brush her teeth?

Yes, She (does/doesn't).

- 10-They (don't / doesn't) do their homework.
- 11-Adham (don't / doesn't) walk to school.
- 12-She (don't / doesn't) comb her hair.
- 13-I (don't / doesn't) like apples.

3-Rearrange:

1-walks - He - to - school. 2-her - hair - Reem - combs 3-Ahmed – the bus – takes – to – school. 4-play – <u>They</u> – football. 5-is –<u>He</u> – a doctor. 6- are – <u>They</u> – teachers. 7- <u>He</u> – in – a restaurant – works 8- is – a dentist – <u>She</u>

<u>Unit 3</u>

Right now

<u>Lesson 1</u>	Date:
New words:	
Kicking the ball	يشوط الكرة
Playing volley ball	يلعب الكرة الطائرة
Playing tennis	يلعب تنس
hitting the ball	يضرب الكرة
throwing the ball	يرمى الكرة
Look and write:	
1-He is	
2-They are	
3-They are	
4-She is	
5-She is	

Grammar

Present continuous tense:

Form Positive negative I am (am not) He She is (isn't) It You We are (aren't) They

Examples:

- 1-I'm playing football.
- 2-He's playing football.
- 3-They're playing football.

LI VAZ	
<u>H.W</u>	
I'm = I am	He's = He is
She's = She is	They're = They are
	······
	V
We're = we are	You're = You are
Welet we are	Toure – Tourale
	··· ·······
	24

Lesson 2 Date:.... **New words:** making a cake cleaning يغسل الأواني doing the washing up watering the plants making the bed Look an write a sentence:

making a cake	making the bed
making a cake	making the bea
cleaning	watering the plants
	y are plants

Grammar

Present continuous (Wh. questions)

Examples:

1-What <u>are you</u> doing?

<u>I'm</u> watering the plants.



2-What <u>is she</u> doing?

<u>She's</u> making a cake.



3-What <u>is he</u> doing?

<u>He's</u> making the bed.



4-What <u>are they</u> doing?

<u>They're</u> playing tennis.



<u>H. W</u>

Look and answer the questions:

1-What are you doing?	
2-What is he doing?	
3-What is she doing?	
4-What are they doing?	
5-What is Ahmed doing?	
6-What is Soha doing?	

Lesson 3

Date:.....

New words:

exercising
playing baseball
skateboarding
playing table tennis
doing gymnastics

يمارس التمارين الرياضية يلعب كرة البيسبول يتزلج يلعب تنس طاولة يمارس رياضة الجمباز

Present continuous (Negative)

I'm I'm not

is isn't = is not

are are not

Examples:

- 1-I'm not exercising.
- 2-He isn't skateboarding.
- 3-They aren't playing baseball.

<u>H.W</u>

Look and write what are they doing:

Look and Write What are they doing!
1-I'm not
I'm
2-He isn't
He is
3
4-

Lesson 4

Date:.....

Grammar

Present continuous (Yes/No questions)

Is he / she exercising?

Yes, he/she is.

No, he/she isn't.

Are they playing tennis?

Yes, they are.

No, they aren't.

Examples:



1-Is she making a cake?

No, she isn't.

2-Is she doing gymnastics?

Yes, she is.



3-Are they playing

football?

No, they aren't.

4-Are they playing table tennis?

Yes, they are.

exercising	playing baseball
Skateboarding	playing table tennis
(2)	
19/	I

Unit 3

Revision

1-Read and match:

- 1-She is making a cake.
- 2-She is doing gymnastics.
- 3-They are playing table tennis.
- 4-I'm skateboarding
- 5-He is watering the plants.
- 6-They are doing the washing up.













2-Look and write what are the doing:

1-	 	 	 	 	







4-,



5-



6-



7-



8-



9-



Unit 4

Year in, year out

<u>Lesson 1</u> Date:....

New words:

فصول السنه seasons

الصيف

الشتاء 🔷 الشتاء

spring

autumn

tree شجرة

snowman رجل الثلج

وردة

شاطئ beach

حدیقة حدیقة

my favourite season فصلى المفضل

Read and match:

summer	
winter	
spring	****
autumn	
snowman	
flowers	
write the four seasons:	

,	 	 	 	

•••••

summer	winter	spring
autumn	snowman	beach
	•	•
allo		
70.		

Lesson 2

Date:.....

New words:

أيام الأسبوع <u>Days of the week</u>

لأحد Sunday

الأثنين Monday

الثلاثاء Tuesday

الجمعة

السبت Saturday

Months of the year

شهور السنه

أغسطس August يناير

سبتمبر September فبراير

أكتوبر October مارس

نوفمبر November أبريل April

دیسمبر December مایو

June يونيو

July يوليو

1-Days of the weel	<u>k:</u>
	SCI.,
2-Months of the ye	ear:
2-Months of the ye	ear:
	ear:
	ear:
	ear:

Lesson 3

Date:.....

New words:

go windsurfing

يطير طائرة شراعية

go skiing

يتزلج

go sailing

يبحر

It's warm

دافی

It's cool

رائع

It's windy

عاصف

It's raining

ممطر

It's snowing

تمطر ثلج

It's hot

حر

It's cold •

برد

Note:

1-عندما نستخدم فعل أخر بعد الفعل **go** لابد من إضافة **ing** .

> 2- نستخدم **go** مع (**I – They)** و 2 (**He - She**) مع **goes**

Examples:

- 1-I **go** windsurf**ing**.
- 2-He **goes** swim**ming.**
- 3-She **goes** ski**ing.**
- 4-They **go** sailing.

Look and write what are they doing:









<u>H.W</u> Write: go windsurfing go skiing go swimming go sailing

It's rainir	ng	It's	snowing	warm
Windy	coo	I	hot	cold

	\\-\·····			
	<u> </u>			
			'	

Lesson 4	Date:
Writing:	
Write about your	favourite season:
What is it?	
What is the weathe	er like?
What do you do?	
My favourite seasor	n is

<u>Unit 4</u>

Revision

1-Look an write what season is it:

It is hot and sunny . people go to the beach . children like to go swimming and windsurfing.
It is
XQ
It is cold. It is snowing.
Children like to play with snow and make
snowman. They like to go skiing. It is
It is cool. There is a lot of flowers. People like
to go to the parks and enjoy the fantastic
weather. It is

2-Choose the correct answer:

- 1-It's hot in (winter spring summer).
- 2- In the summer, I go (swim swimming).
- 3-In winter, He (go goes) skiing.
- 4-We make a snowman in the

(spring – winter - summer).

- 5-I (go goes) windsurfing in the summer.
- 6-They (go goes) sailing in the cool season.
- 7-She (go goes) windsurfing in the summer.
- 8-I go (sail sailing) in the summer.
- 9-They go (windsurf windsurfing) in the autumn.

3-Read and match:

1-It's raining.



2- It's hot.



3-It's cold.



4-It's windy.



5-It's snowing.



4-Look and write what season is it:





Unit 5

My new house

New words:

منزك

new

غرفة المعيشة غرفة المعيشة

غرفة النوم كالم في bed room

غرفة السفرة عرفة السفرة

المطبخ kitchen

upstairs الطابق الأعلى

الطابق الأسفل ldownstairs

خلف

in front of

next to

between

where's = where is + اسم مفرد

where're = where are + اسم جمع

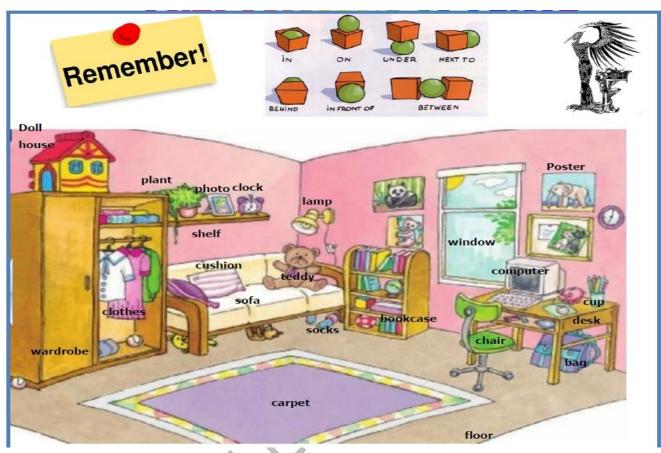
<u>Exercises : Choose (in – on – under – next to – in front of – behind – between)</u>



1-There is a parrot the cage.
2-The woman isthe dog and the cat.
3-The sofa is The woman.
4-The ball is the table.
5-The painting is the window.
6-The cage is the table.
7-The table is the wall.
8-The door is the table.
9-The dog is the woman.

10-The umbrella is the sofa.

H.W



- 1-The carpet is The floor.
- 2-The clothes is the wardrobe.
- 3-The chair is the table.
- 4-The bag is the table.
- 5-The bookcase is the wall.
- 6-the window is The table and the bookcase.
- 7-The wardrobe is the wall.

Lesson 2 Date:.... **New words:** door floor hall armchair bookcase fridge cupboard trainers Where's Where're .. They're. Ex: Where's the doll? It's on the wardrobe. Where're the trainers? They're next to the door.

door	floor	bookcase
hall	fridge	armchair
		······································
)	

	D. 1	_		
<u>Lesson 3</u>	Dat	:e:		
Grammar :				
Possessive	oronouns:	ضمائر الملكية		
I	my	mine		
You	your	yours		
Не	his	his		
She	her	hers		
Exercises:				
<u>Choose (mine – his – hers – yours)</u>				
1-This is my b	oike. It's			
2-This is Ahm	ed's house. Th	is house is		
3-These are A	Anne's books. T	hey're		
4-This is for y	ou . It's			
Noin				

Lesson 4 Date:.....

New words:

garden

حديقة المنزل نعال أريكة slippers

sofa

cushion

mat

wall

shoes

socks

إسم مفرد + There is

There is one sofa.

There is a cushion.

إسم جمع + There are

There are a lot of chairs in the dining room.

There are two beds in my bedroom.

Exercises:

Choose (There is - There are)

1-...... a big room upstairs.
2-...... three bed rooms.
3-....... a doll in the wardrobe.
4-...... a lot of toys downstairs.
5-..... two armchair in the living room.
6-..... a pink sofa.
7-..... a lot of slippers next to the door.
8-..... 5 cushions in the living room.
9-..... 2 beds in the bed room.
10-...... a mat on the floor.

garden	slipper	S		cushion
				
				
	 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
				2
house	sofa	ma	at	wall
	//			
0				

<u>Lesson 5</u> Date:....

New words:

ىلايە Clock

mirror

radio

painting

حمام

مفضل مفضل

Note: adjectives come before the noun

تأتى الصفة دائما قبل الإسم

Examples:

- 1-There is a brown mat.
- 2- I live in a big house.
- 3-The room has got pink walls.
- 4-There is a gig garden.

Exercises: 1-Rearrange:

1- in $-\underline{I}$ - live - house - big.

.....

2- has - got - <u>It</u>- pink - wall

.....

3- is - There - a - garden - big

4- is – red – <u>There</u> – a – sofa

5- My room – got – has – pink – walls

2-Correct:

1-There is a girl pretty.

......

2-There is a tree big in the garden.

3-I have got a bookcase brown.

.....

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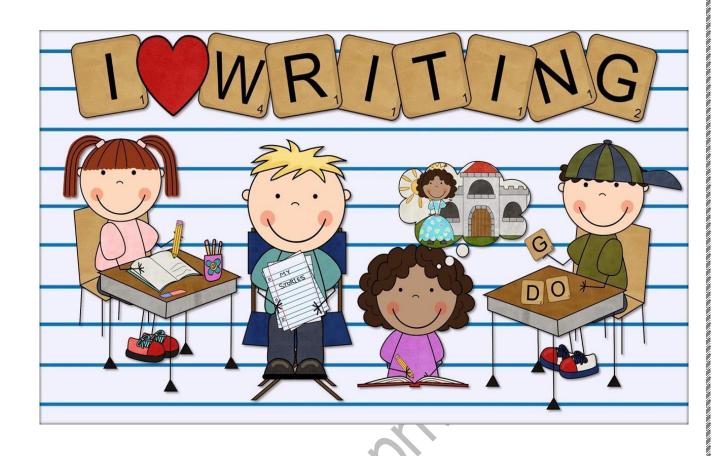
Clock		mirror	ı	radio
My house	}	favourite		painting
• (
	()			
	••••			

Unit 5

Revision

- 1-Write paragraph about your house by answering these questions:
- 1-Is your house big or small?
- 2-How many rooms of the house?
- 3-What's your favourite room?
- 4-What is/ are there in your favourite room?

I live in	
	_
	_
	•



Writing Section

Writing skills Grade 3

* عند التحدث عن صورة يمكنك استخدام:

1- I can see
2- There is / are
3-It is
4- He is
5- She is
6- They are
7- It can / can't
8- He / She / It can has got

Example 1:Look and write 3 sentences:

- 1- I can see a boy and a girl.
- 2- There is a sea.
- 3-There are birds.
- 4-They are on the beach.
- 5- They're making a sand castle.



1-Look and write 2 sentences:

She is a dentist.

She fixes teeth.



2-Look and write 2 sentences:



<u>3-Loo</u>	k and	write 2	<u> 2 senter</u>	ices:

......



4-Look and write 2 sentences:

I can see a boy and a girl. They are playing tennis.



5-Look and write 2 sentences:	cCI,
6-Look and write 2 sentences:	
	The state of the s
	1-8

7-Look and write:
8-Look and write:
9-Look and write: