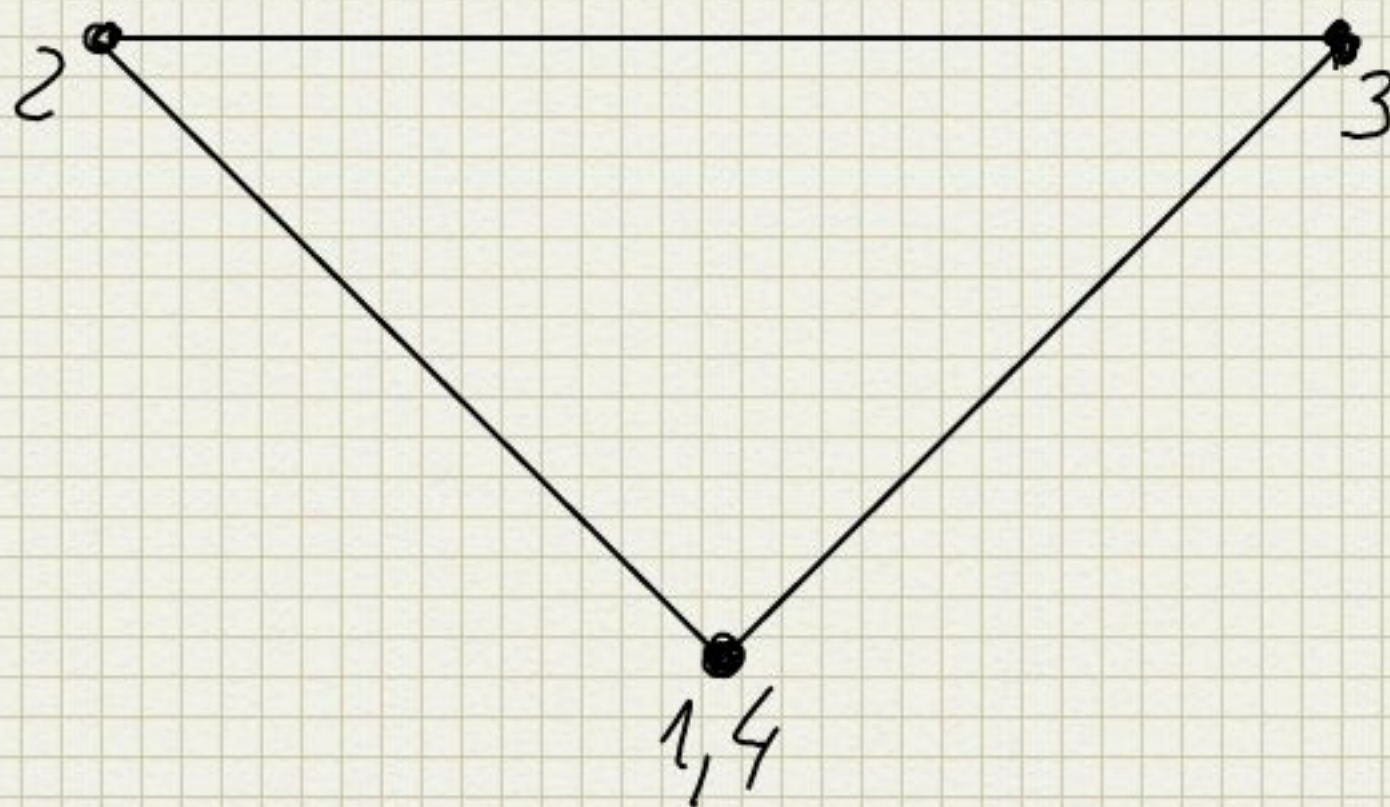
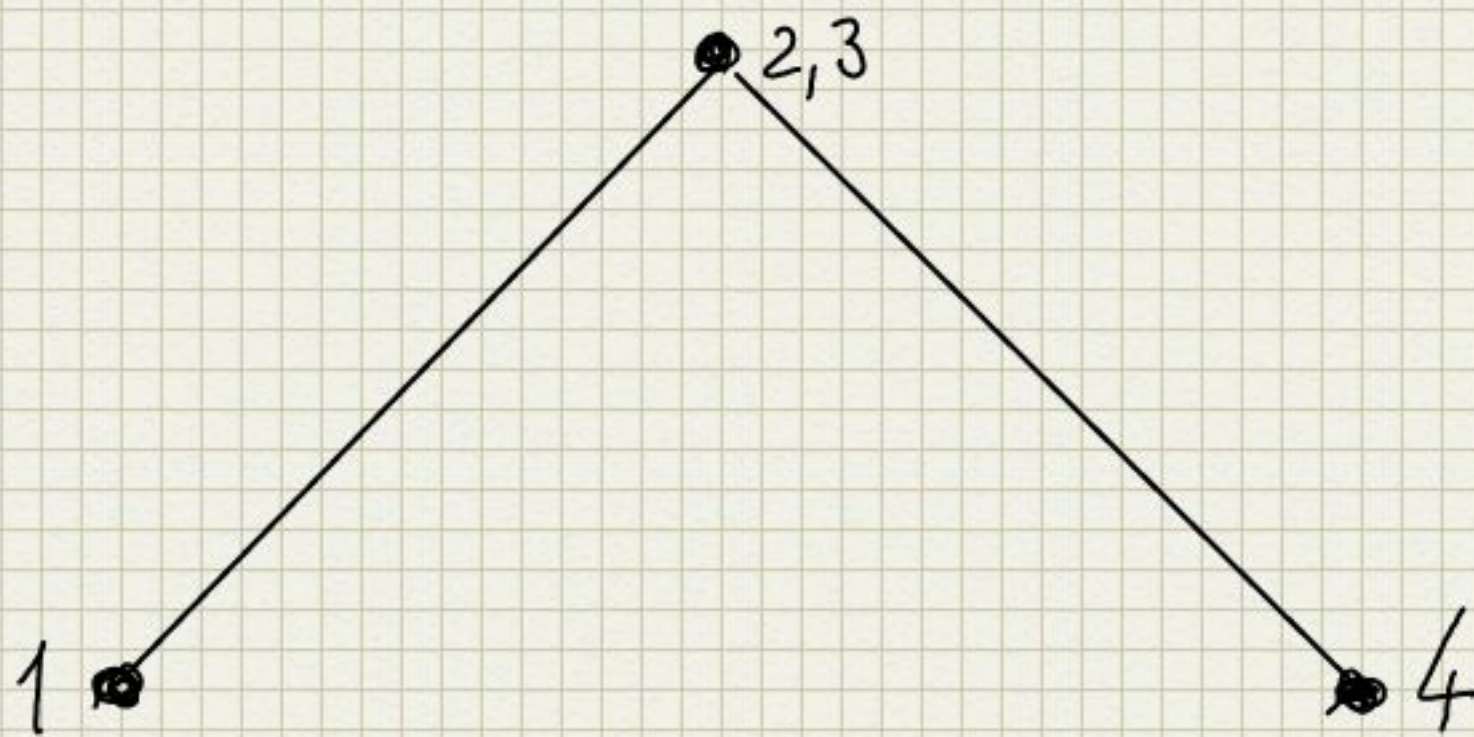
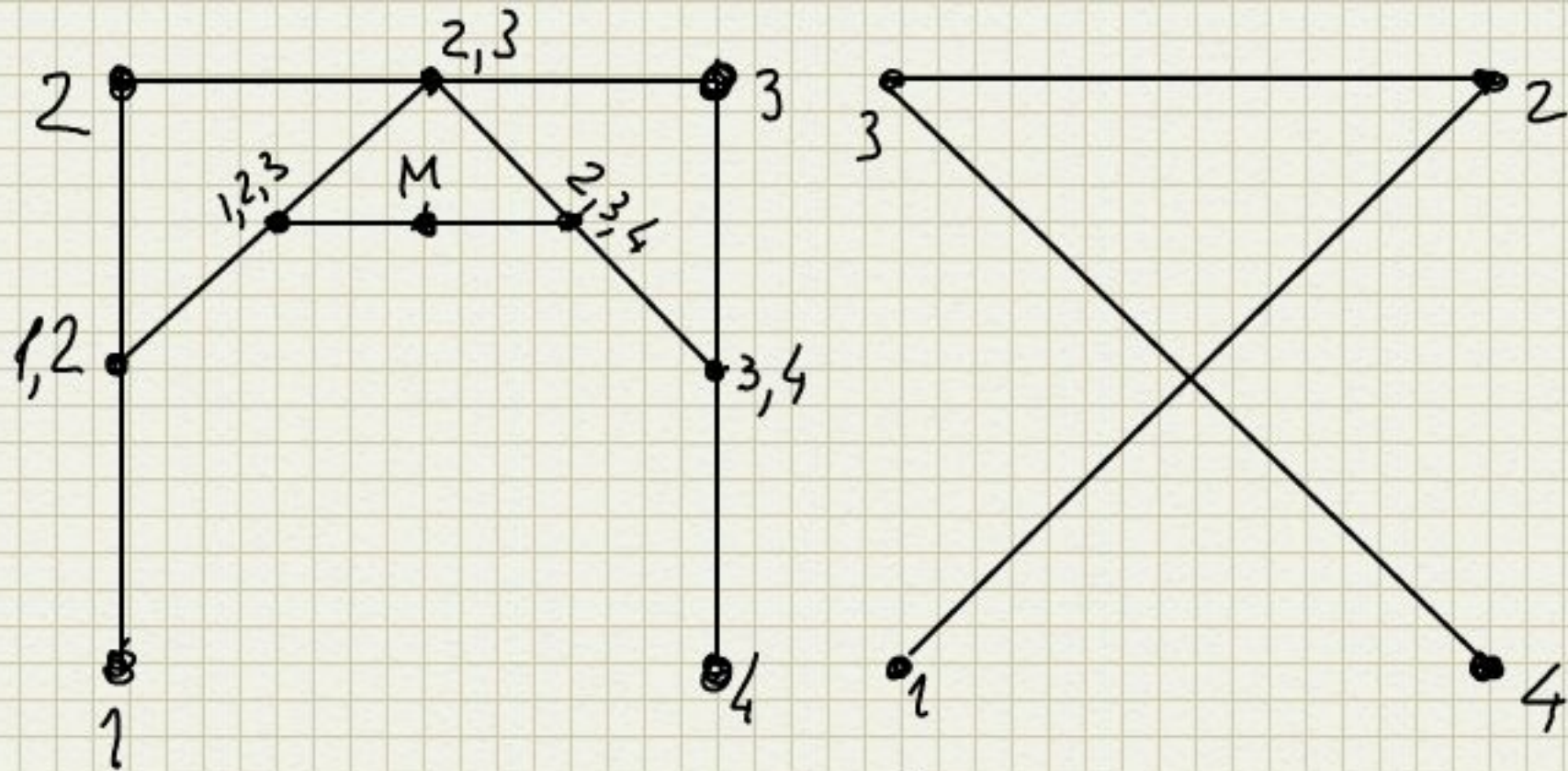


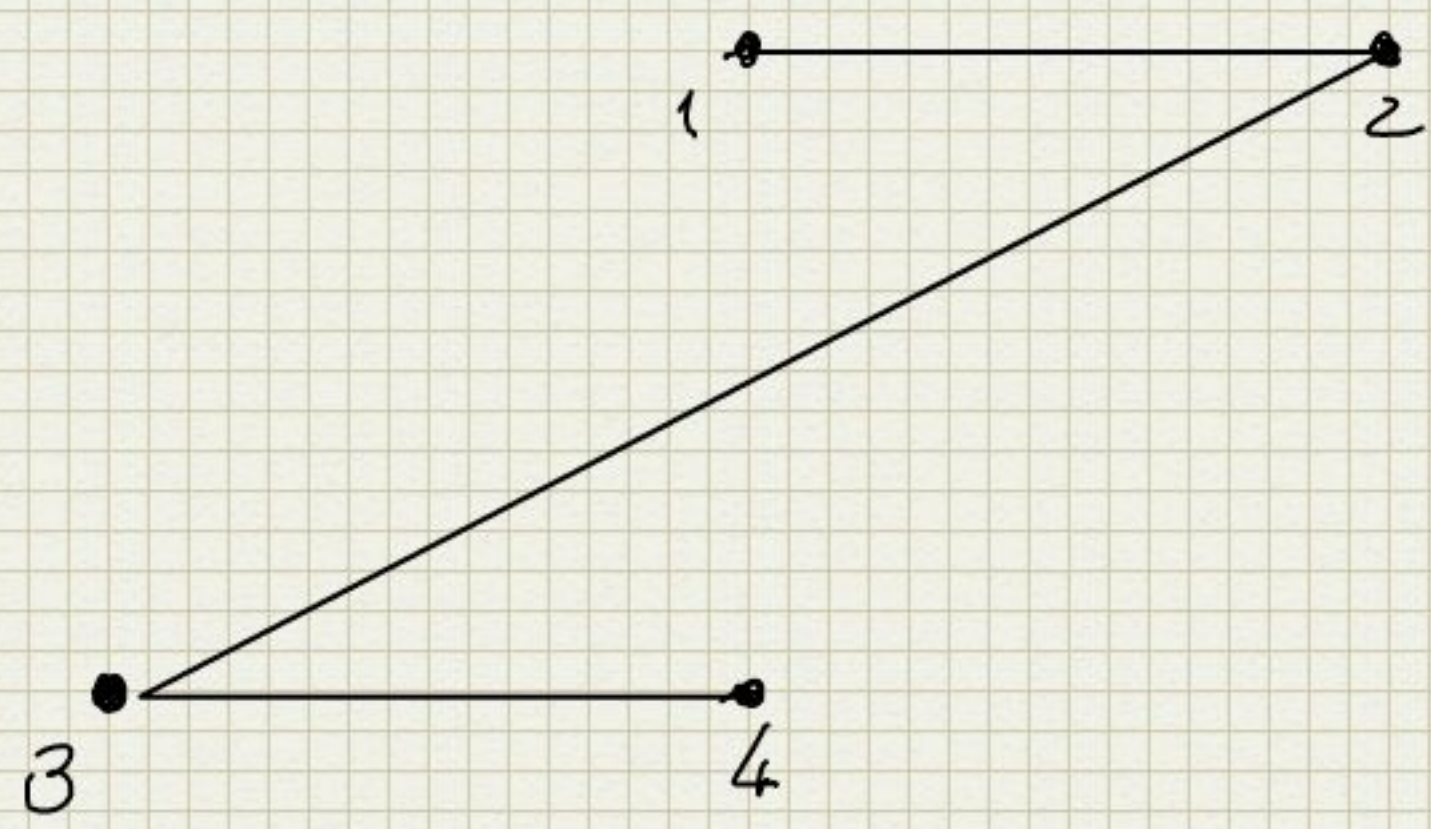
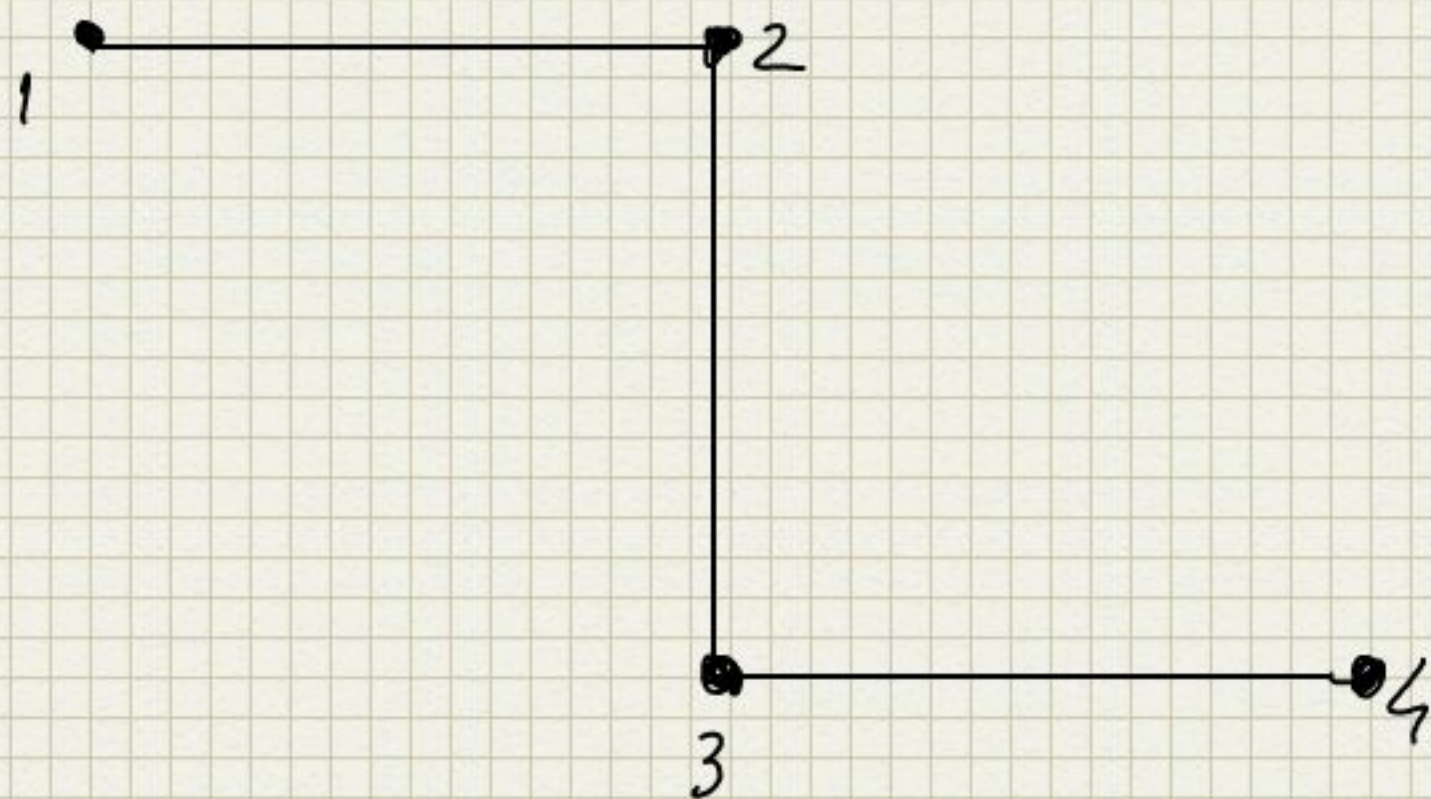
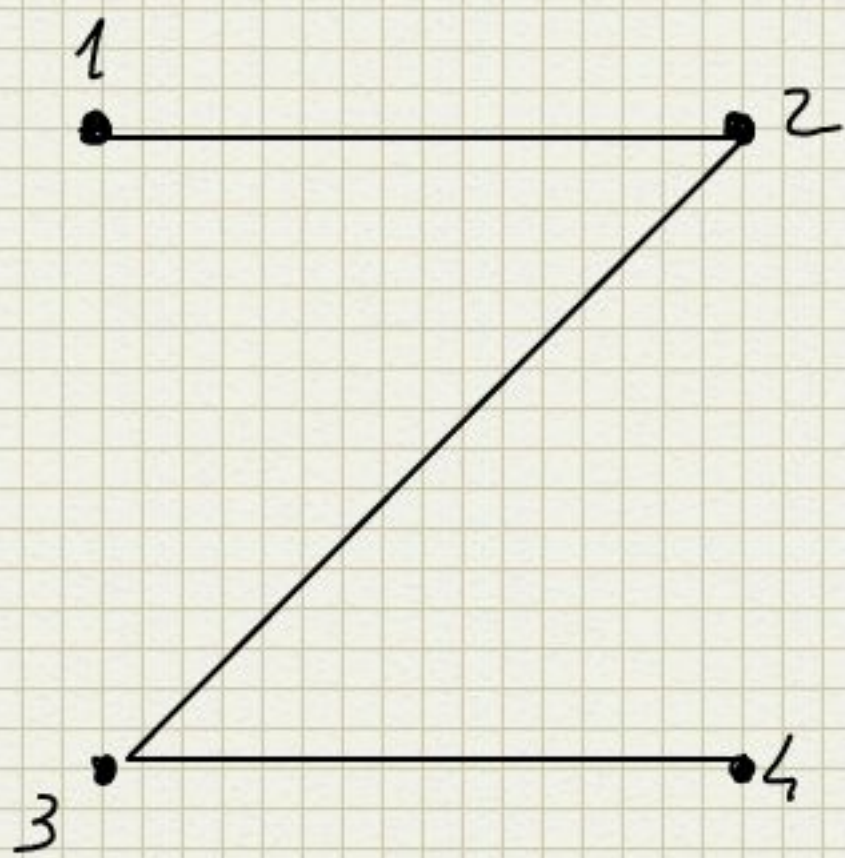
A curva inicial é "cortada",  
 no ponto  $M$ , em duas curvas  
 menores. A continuidade é  $C^1$

Ponto  $M$ : corresponde a  $t = 1/2$

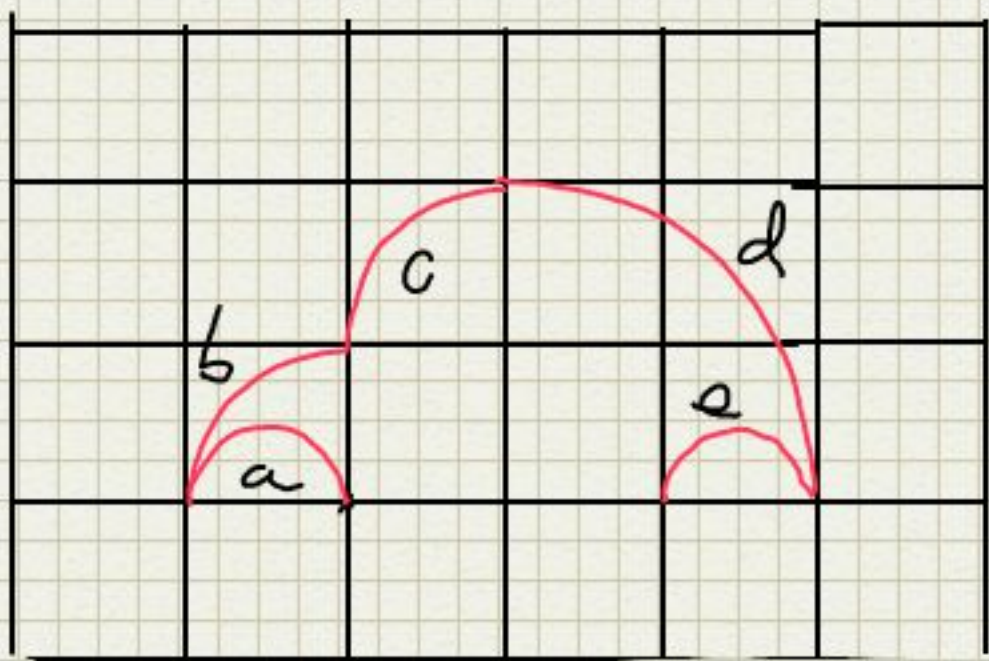












$a \equiv e \equiv$  arcos circulares,  $180^\circ$ , raio = 0.5  
 $b \equiv c \equiv$  arcos circulares,  $90^\circ$ , raio = 1  
 $d \equiv$  arco circular,  $90^\circ$ , raio = 2

a) Marcar aproximadamente o ponto de centros de todas as curvas.

b) Para todos os 4 pontos de junção: qual o tipo de continuidade  $G^0$ ,  $G^1$ ,  $C^1$ ?