

pm9c5t2o9

January 23, 2025

```
[ ]: import pandas as pd
```

```
[ ]: data={
      "Name": ["Raman", "Suresh", "Bikash"],
      "Age": [22, 23, 24],
      "city": ["Ktm", 'ltp', "pok"]
    }
    df=pd.DataFrame(data)
    df.info() #checks if dataframe is null or not
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 3 entries, 0 to 2
Data columns (total 3 columns):
 #   Column  Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
 0   Name    3 non-null        object
 1   Age     3 non-null        int64
 2   city    3 non-null        object
dtypes: int64(1), object(2)
memory usage: 200.0+ bytes
```

```
[ ]: #deleting specific row
    df.drop(1, axis=0, inplace=True)
    df.head()
```

```
[ ]:      Name  Age city
0   Raman   22  Ktm
2  Bikash   24  pok
```

```
[ ]: df.drop(['Name', 'Age'], axis=1)
```

```
[ ]:  city
0  Ktm
1  ltp
2  pok
```

```
[ ]: #accessing individual colums
    df[['city', 'Age']]
```

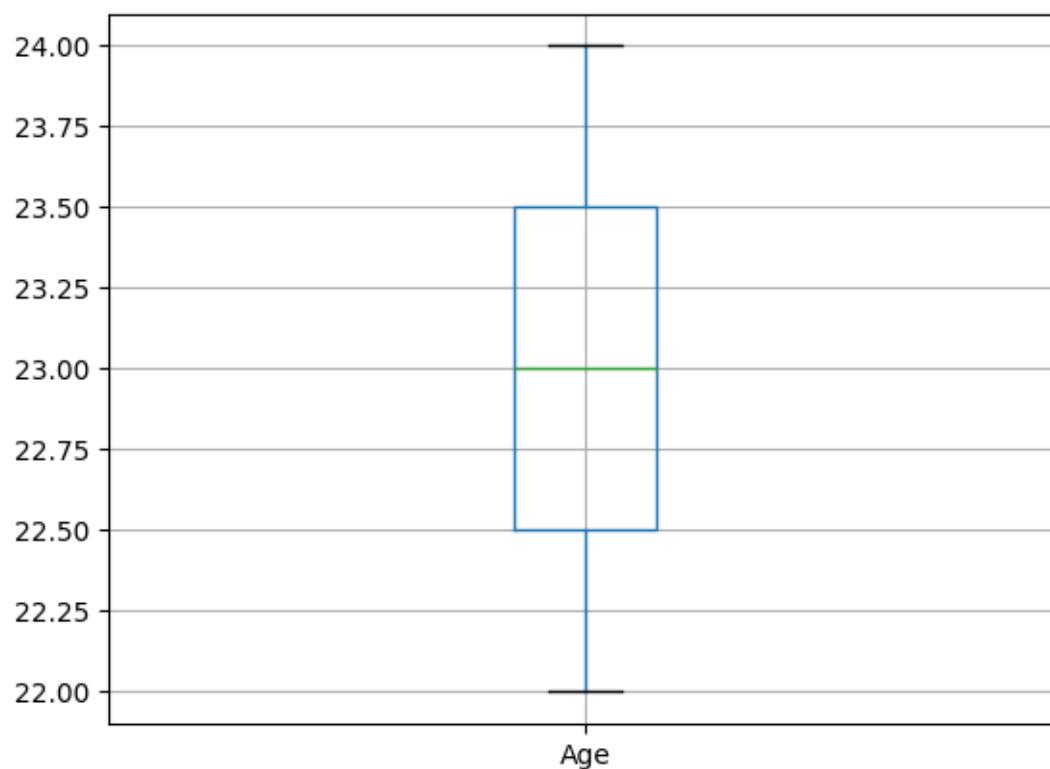
```
[ ]:  city  Age
      0  Ktm   22
      1  ltp   23
      2  pok   24
```

```
[ ]: #deleting a specific column
df.drop(['city'],axis=1)
```

```
[ ]:      Name  Age
      0  Raman   22
      2  Bikash  24
```

```
[ ]: df.boxplot()
```

```
[ ]: <Axes: >
```



```
[ ]: new=df[df['Age']>23]
      new[['Name']]
```

```
[ ]:      Name
      2  Bikash
```

```
[ ]: data={
    "Name":["Raman","Suresh","Bikash","Raman"],
    "Age": [22,23,24,33],
    "city":["Ktm",'ltp',"pok","Bhak"]
}
df=pd.DataFrame(data)
#more useful in case of categorical data for eg male and female
df['Name'].duplicated() #checks for duplicate
df['Name'].value_counts() #checks for duplicate values
```

```
[ ]: Name
Raman      2
Suresh     1
Bikash     1
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
[ ]: data={
    "Name":["Raman","Suresh","Bikash"],
    "Age": [22,23,24],
    "city":["Ktm",'ltp',"pok"]
}
df=pd.DataFrame(data)
df.to_csv("output.csv",sep=",")
```

```
[ ]: #create an excel data of your table mates with columns Name, Age, Gender(M/F).
#In one instance, filter out data of students whose age>19
#in another instance show all male and female student data deiiernetly
data1={
    "Name":["Raman","Salam","Suraj","Santosh","Sajin","Sajani"],
    "Age": [22,23,23,20,21,22],
    "Gender":["M",'m',"M","f","M","F"]
}
df=pd.DataFrame(data1)
df.to_csv("assignment.csv")
```

```
[ ]: pd.read_csv("assignment.csv")
```

```
[ ]:      Unnamed: 0      Name  Age  Gender
0           0      Raman   22      M
1           1      Salam   23      m
2           2      Suraj   23      M
3           3  Santosh   20      f
4           4      Sajin   21      M
5           5      Sajani   22      F
```

```
[ ]: df[df['Age']>19]
```

```
[ ]:      Name  Age Gender
0   Raman   22     M
1   Salam   23     m
2   Suraj   23     M
3  Santosh   20     f
4   Sajin   21     M
5  Sajani   22     F
```

```
[ ]: df[df['Gender'].str.upper() == 'F']
```

```
[ ]:      Name  Age Gender
3  Santosh   20     f
5  Sajani   22     F
```

```
[ ]: df[(df['Gender']=='F') | (df['Gender']=='f')]
```

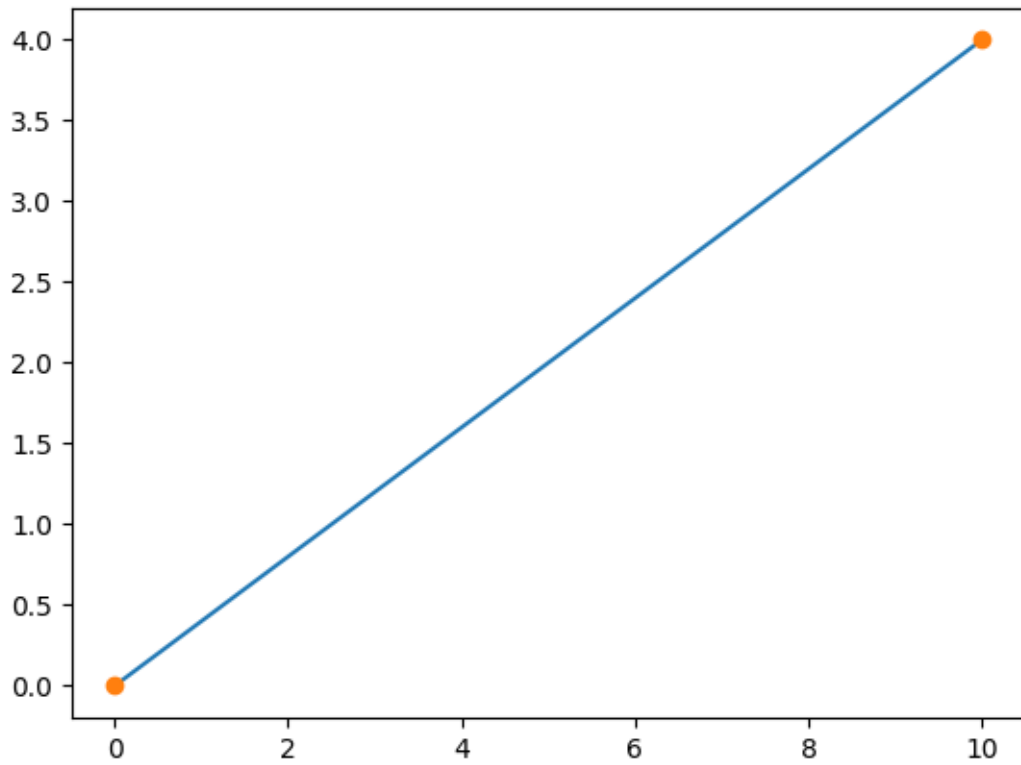
```
[ ]:      Name  Age Gender
3  Santosh   20     f
5  Sajani   22     F
```

```
[ ]: df[(df['Gender']=='M') | (df['Gender']=='m')]
```

```
[ ]:      Name  Age Gender
0  Raman   22     M
1  Salam   23     m
2  Suraj   23     M
4  Sajin   21     M
```

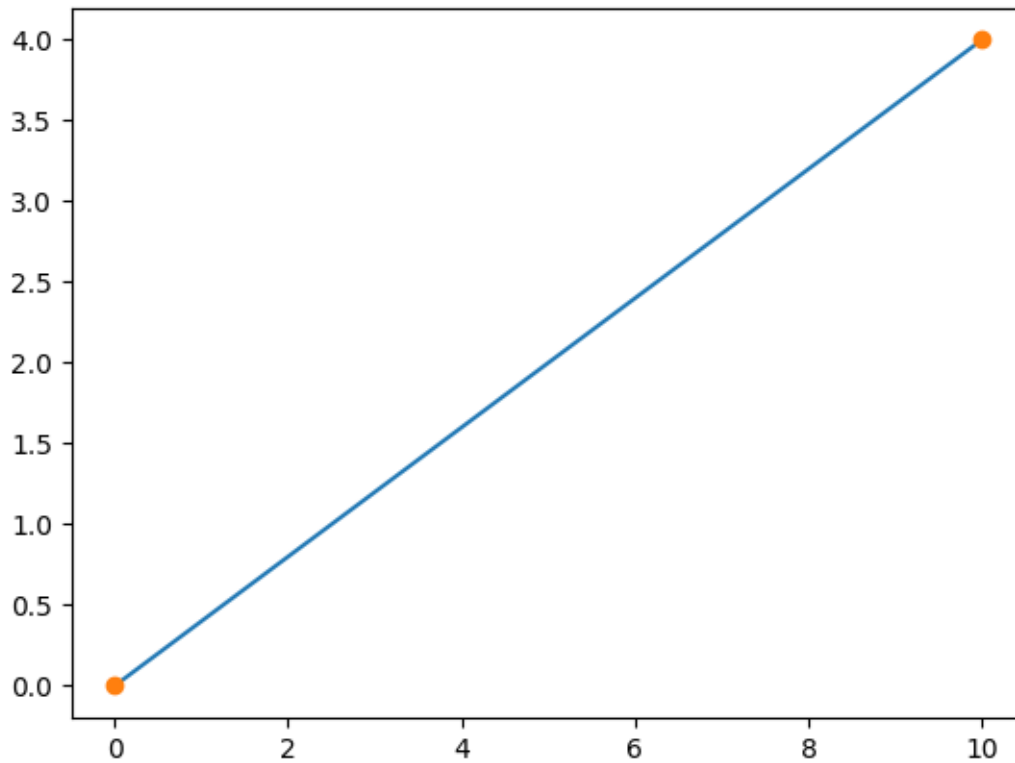
```
[ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np

xpoints=np.array([0,10])
ypoints=np.array([0,4])
plt.plot(xpoints,ypoints)
plt.plot(xpoints,ypoints,"o")
plt.show()
```



```
[ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np

xpoints=np.array([0,10])
ypoints=np.array([0,4])
plt.plot(xpoints,ypoints, marker="*")
plt.plot(xpoints,ypoints,"o")
plt.show()
```



```
[ ]: #create a numpy array of your class and percentage you scores (1,90),(2,85)...  
    #Display your academic progress in a graph using matplotlib  
  
xpoints=np.array([1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12])  
ypoints=np.array([92,93,92,95,88,86,89,96,89,90,90,85])  
plt.plot(xpoints,ypoints, marker="*")  
plt.plot(xpoints,ypoints,"o")  
plt.show()
```

