ufafuyvpm

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[]: #functions
     #if "main"=main:
       #__init__()
[]: #program to ask user for a price and return the price after discount
     def price(price, vat=13):
      return price+(vat/100)*price,price
     x,y=price(1000)
     print(x,y)
    1130.0 1000
[]: #args and kwargs
     def sample_func(*args,**kwargs):#args takes tuple vakues
       print(args) #kwargs takes dictionary values
      print(kwargs)
     sample_func(1,2,3,4,x=2,y=3)
    (1, 2, 3, 4)
    {'x': 2, 'y': 3}
[]: #exceptiton handling
     def func():
      y=2
       x=input("Enter the value")
      try:
        return x+y
      except TypeError:
         print("Type error occured")
       except ValueError:
         print("Value out of scope")
         print("No errors encountered")
      finally:
         print("This is always executed")
```

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func()
    Enter the valuea
    Type error occured
    This is always executed
[ ]: def func(*args,**raman):
       z= raman.get('dis',0)
       if args[0]>args[1]:
         return (args[0]-args[1])/args[0]*100,(z/100)*args[1]
       else:
         return (args[1]-args[0])/args[0]*100,(z/100)*args[1]
     x=int(input("Enter cp"))
     y=int(input("Enter sp"))
     a,b=func(x,y,dis=2)
     print(a,b)
    Enter cp100
    Enter sp120
    20.0 2.4
[]: #from math import * #using this we dont need to call the math module evey time
[]: '''print(ceil(2.4))
     print(floor(2.4))
     print(sqrt(9))'''
    3
    2
    3.0
[]: #recursion function
     def funcn(n):
       if n==0 or n==1:
         return 1
       else:
         return n*funcn(n-1)
     funcn(5)
[]: 120
[]: def suum(n):
       if n==1:
         return 1
       else:
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return n+suum(n-1)
suum(10)
```

[]: 55

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[]: def lst(n):
    even=[]
    odd=[]
    for i in range(1,n+1):
        if i%2==0:
            even.append(i)
        else:
            odd.append(i)
        return even,odd
        a,b=lst(10)
    print(a,b)
```

[2, 4, 6, 8, 10] [1, 3, 5, 7, 9]

Modules

[]: