



# basic education

Department: **Basic Education** REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

SENIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATIONS/ NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATIONS SENIORSERTIFIKAAT-EKSAMEN/ NASIONALE SENIORSERTIFIKAAT-EKSAMEN

> PHYSICAL SCIENCES: PHYSICS (P1) FISIESE WETENSKAPPE: FISIKA (V1)

> > 2021

MARKING GUIDELINES/NASIENRIGLYNE

MARKS/PUNTE: 150

DBE IM

Uniakesi mod 22/06/2021

Approved

Umalusi Moderator 2021-06-22

These marking guidelines consist of 24 pages JEPARTMENT OF BASIC Hierdie nasienriglyne bestaan wit 24 to

PRIVATE BAG XSS5, PRETORIA 600 2021 -06- 22

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Physical Sciences P1/Fisiese Wetenskappe V1

	SC/NSC/SS/NSS – Marking Guidelines/Nasienriglyne	DDL/2021
QUES	TION 1/VRAAG 1	
1.1	C✓✓	(2)
1.2	A✓✓	(2)
1.3	D✓✓	(2)
1.4	D✓✓	(2)
1.5	B✓✓	(2)
1.6	B✓✓	(2)
1.7	A✓✓	(2)
1.8	C✓✓	(2)
1.9	C ✓✓	(2)
1.10	C✓✓	(2) <b>[20]</b>

DEPARTMENT OF BASIC EDUCATION

PRIVATE BAS X895, PRETORIA 5061

2021 -06- 2 2

APPROVED MARKING GUIDELINE PUBLIC EXAMINATION

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Physical Sciences P1/Fisiese Wetenskappe V1 3 SC/NSC/SS/NSS – Marking Guidelines/Nasienriglyne

DBE/2021

#### **QUESTION 2/VRAAG 2**

#### 2.1 **NOTE/LET WEL**

-1 mark for each key word/phrase omitted in the correct context.

-1 punt vir elke sleutel woord/frase in die korrekte konteks weggelaat.

The word "resultant/net force" has to be mentioned at least once

Die woord "resultante/netto krag" moet ten minste een keer genoem word

When a (non-zero) resultant/net force acts on an object, the object will accelerate in the direction of the force with an <u>acceleration that is directly proportional to the force</u>  $\checkmark$  and <u>inversely proportional to the mass of the object</u>.  $\checkmark$ 

Wanneer 'n (nie-nul) resultante/netto krag op 'n voorwerp inwerk, sal die voorwerp in die rigting van die krag versnel teen 'n <u>versnelling wat direk eweredig is aan die krag</u> en <u>omgekeerd eweredig aan die massa van die voorwerp.</u>

## OR/OF

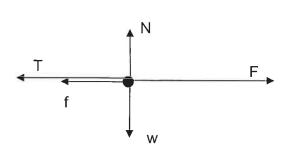
The (non-zero) resultant/net force acting on an object is <u>equal to the rate of change of momentum of the object</u> in the direction of the resultant/net force.  $\checkmark$ 

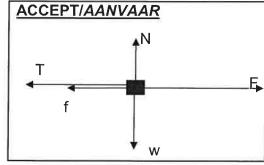
Die (nie-nul) resultante/netto krag wat op 'n voorwerp inwerk <u>is gelyk aan die tempo van verandering van momentum van die voorwerp</u> in die rigting van die resultante/netto krag.

(2)

2.2







Accept the following symbols./Aanvaar die volgende simbole:					
N 🗸	F <sub>N</sub> / Normal / Normal / Normal force / Normalkrag / 78,4 N				
f✓	F <sub>f</sub> / f <sub>k</sub> / f <sub>r</sub> / / F <sub>w</sub> / frictional force/wrywingskrag/kinetic frictional force / kinetiese wrywingskrag				
w 🗸	F <sub>g</sub> / mg / weight / F <sub>Earth on block</sub> / 78,4 N / gravitational force / gewig / F <sub>aarde op blok</sub> / gravitasiekrag/ gravity / gravitasie				
T✓	Tension / Spanning / F <sub>T</sub> / F <sub>s</sub>				
F <sub>applied/toegepas</sub> ✓	F / F <sub>A</sub> / F <sub>app</sub> / F <sub>toeg</sub> / 29,6 N / Applied force / <i>Toegepaste krag</i>				

#### Notes/Aantekeninge

- Mark is awarded for label and arrow. /Punt word toegeken vir byskrif en pyltjie
- Do not penalise for length of arrows.
   Moenie vir die lengte van die pyltjies penaliseer nie.
- Deduct 1 mark for any additional force. /Trek 1 punt af vir enige addisionele krag.
- If force(s) do not make contact with body/dot /Indien krag(te) nie met die voorwerp / kolletjie kontak maak nie: Max./Maks: 4/5
- If arrows missing/Indien pyltjies uitgelaat is: Max./Maks: 4/5

(5)

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# 2.3 **OPTION 1/OPSIE 1**

8 kg block/blok:

√Any one/Enige een

$$F - (f + T) = ma$$

29.6 - 10 - T = 0  $\checkmark$  T = 19.6 N  $\checkmark$ 

# OPTION 2/OPSIE 2

2 kg block/blok:

$$F_{net} = ma$$

\_ √ Any one/*Enige een* 

APPROVED MARKING GV

$$F_{\text{net}} = 0$$
$$T - w = 0$$

 $T = w = mg = (2)(9.8) \checkmark$ 

T = 19,6 N ✓

# OPTION 3/OPSIE 3

$$W_{net} = \Delta E_k \checkmark$$

 $W_w + W_N + W_F + W_f + W_T = 0$ 

 $0 + 0 + F\Delta x \cos\theta + f\Delta x \cos\theta + T\Delta x \cos\theta = 0$ 

 $(29.6)\cos 0^{\circ} + (10)\cos 180^{\circ} + T\cos 180^{\circ} = 0$ 

29,6 - 10 - T = 0

 $T = 19,6 N \checkmark$ 

# OPTION 4/OPSIE 4

$$W_{nc} = \Delta E_p + \Delta E_k \checkmark$$

 $W_F + W_f + W_T = 0 + 0$ 

 $F\Delta x \cos\theta + f\Delta x \cos\theta + T\Delta x \cos\theta = 0$ 

 $(29.6)\cos 0^{\circ} + (10)\cos 180^{\circ} + T\cos 180^{\circ} = 0$ 

29.6 - 10 - T = 0

 $T = 19,6 \text{ N} \checkmark$ 

(3)

CELINE

# 2.4.1 8 kg block/blok

$$F_{net} = ma$$

F- (f + T) = ma  $\Rightarrow$  Any one/Enige een

50 - 10 - T ✓= 8a ✓

40 - T = 8a

## 2 kg block/blok

 $F_{net} = ma$ 

T - mg = ma

 $T - 2(9,8) \checkmark = 2a$ 

40 - 19.6 = 10a

20.4 = 10a

 $a = 2.04 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-2} \checkmark$ 

# Marking criteria/Nasienkriteria

- Appropriate formula / Geskikte formule ✓
- Substitution for forces on 8 kg / Vervanging van kragte op die 8 kg ✓
- 2a **OR/OF** 8a ✓
- Substitution of forces on 2 kg / Vervanging van kragte op die 2 kg ✓
- Final answer/Finale antwoord 2,04 m·s<sup>-2</sup> ✓

# 2.4.2 POSITIVE MARKING FROM QUESTION 2.4.1 POSITIEWE NASIEN VANAF VRAAG 2.4.1

Substitute/Vervang a

T - 2(9,8) = 2a

 $T - 19.6 = 2(2.04) \checkmark$ 

 $T = 23.68 N \checkmark$ 

#### OR/OF

40 - T = 8a

 $T = 40 - 8(2.04) \checkmark$ 

 $T = 23,68 \text{ N} \checkmark$ 

## Marking criteria/Nasienkriteria

- Substitution of a/Vervanging van a ✓
- Final answer/Finale antwoord:
   23.68 N ✓

# Notes/Aantekeninge

If substitution into incorrect equation for T / Indien vervanging in verkeerde

vergelyking vir T: Max/Maks 1/2

(2) **[17]** 

(5)

Physical Sciences P1/Fisiese Wetenskappe V1 5 SC/NSC/SS/NSS – Marking Guidelines/Nasienriglyne

DBE/2021

#### QUESTION 3/VRAAG 3

3.1 Weight / gravitational force / Gewig / Gravitasiekrag ✓

# Accept/Aanvaar:

Gravity / Gravitasie (1)

3.2 9,8 m·s<sup>-2</sup>  $\checkmark$  downwards / afwaarts  $\checkmark$  (2)

3.3 3 (m)  $\checkmark$  (1)

# 3.4.1 **OPTION 1/OPSIE 1**

Gradient/Gradient = 
$$\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$-9.8 \checkmark = \left(\frac{0 - v_i}{1,02 - 0}\right) \checkmark$$

$$v_i = 10 \text{ m·s}^{-1} \checkmark (9,996)$$



# OPTION 2/OPSIE 2 UPWARDS AS POSITIVE/ OPWAARTS AS POSITIEF

 $v_f = v_i + a\Delta t \checkmark$   $0 = v_i + (-9.8)(1.02) \checkmark$  $v_i = 10 \text{ m·s}^{-1} \checkmark (9.996)$ 

# DOWNWARDS AS POSITIVE/ AFWAARTS AS POSITIEF

 $v_f = v_i + a\Delta t \checkmark$   $0 = v_i + (9.8)(1.02) \checkmark$   $v_i = -10$  $v_i = 10 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \checkmark (9.996)$ 

# OPTION 3/OPSIE 3 UPWARDS AS POSITIVE/ OPWAARTS AS POSITIEF

 $v_f = v_i + a\Delta t \checkmark$   $-\underline{v} = v + (-9.8)(2.04) \checkmark$  $v = 10 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \checkmark (9.996)$ 

# DOWNWARDS AS POSITIVE/ AFWAARTS AS POSITIEF

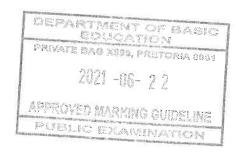
 $v_f = v_i + a\Delta t \checkmark$   $v = -v + (9.8)(2.04) \checkmark$  v = -10 $v = 10 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \checkmark (9.996)$ 

# OPTION 4/ OPSIE 4 UPWARDS AS POSITIVE/ OPWAARTS AS POSITIEF

 $\Delta y = v_i \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t^2 \checkmark$  $\frac{0}{v_i} = \frac{v_i(2,04) + \frac{1}{2}(-9,8)(2,04)^2}{(9,996)} \checkmark$ 

# DOWNWARDS AS POSITIVE/ AFWAARTS AS POSITIEF

 $\Delta y = v_i \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t^2 \checkmark$   $0 = v_i (2.04) + \frac{1}{2} (9.8) (2.04)^2 \checkmark$   $v_i = -10$  $v_i = 10 \text{ m·s}^{-1} \checkmark (9.996)$ 



Physical Sciences P1/Fisiese Wetenskappe V1 6 SC/NSC/SS/NSS – Marking Guidelines/Nasienriglyne

DBE/2021

# OPTION 5/OPSIE 5 UPWARDS POSITIVE/ OPWAARTS POSITIEF:

$$\Delta y = \left(\frac{v_i + v_f}{2}\right) \Delta t$$

$$= \left(\frac{v_i + 0}{2}\right) (1,02)$$

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta y \checkmark$$

$$0^2 = v_i^2 + 2(-9.8) \left(\frac{v_i + 0}{2}\right) (1,02) \checkmark$$

$$v_i = 10 \text{ m·s}^{-1} \checkmark (9,996)$$

# DOWNWARDS POSITIVE/ AFWAARTS POSITIEF:

$$\Delta y = \left(\frac{v_i + v_f}{2}\right) \Delta t$$

$$= \left(\frac{v_i + 0}{2}\right) (1,02)$$

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta y \checkmark$$

$$0^2 = v_i^2 + 2(9,8) \left(\frac{v_i + 0}{2}\right) (1,02) \checkmark$$

$$v_i = -10 \text{ m·s}^{-1}$$

$$v_i = 10 \text{ m·s}^{-1} \checkmark (9,996)$$

# From maximum height to projection point/

Vanaf maksimum hoogte tot punt van projeksie:

# OPTION 6/OPSIE 6 UPWARDS POSITIVE/ OPWAARTS POSITIEF

 $v_f = v_i + a\Delta t \checkmark$  $v_f = 0 + (-9.8)(1.02)$ 

 $v_f = 10 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$  $v_i = 10 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$ 

# DOWNWARDS AS POSITIVE/ AFWAARTS POSITIEF

 $v_f = v_i + a\Delta t \checkmark$ 

 $v_f = 0 + (9.8)(1.02) \checkmark$ 

 $v_f = 10 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$  $v_i = 10 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$ 

# **OPTION 7/OPSIE 7**

 $(E_p + E_k)_{top/bo} = (E_p + E_k)_{bottom/onder} \checkmark$   $mgh + 0 = 0 + \frac{1}{2} mv^2$   $(9.8)(5.09796) = \frac{1}{2} v^2 \checkmark$   $(2) (9.8)(5.09796) = v^2$  $v_i = 10 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \checkmark (9.996)$ 

# **OPTION 8/OPSIE 8**

 $W_{\text{net}} = \Delta E_k \checkmark$   $F_{\text{net}} \Delta y \cos \theta = \frac{1}{2} m(v_f^2 - v_i^2)$  $ma \Delta y \cos \theta = \frac{1}{2} m(v_f^2 - v_i^2)$ 

 $(0.06)(9.8)(5.09796) = \frac{1}{2}(0.06)(v_f^2 - 0^2)$  $v_i = 10 \text{ m·s}^{-1} \checkmark (9.996)$ 

# **OPTION 9/OPSIE 9**

 $\overline{W_{nc}} = \Delta E_p + \Delta E_k \checkmark$ 

 $0 = mg(h_f - h_i) + \frac{1}{2} m(v_f^2 - v_i^2)$ 

 $0 = (0.06)(9.8)(h_f - 0) + \frac{1}{2}(0.06)(0^2 - v_i^2)$ 

 $v_i = 10 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \checkmark (9,996)$ 

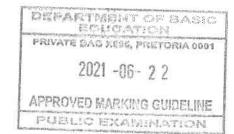
## **OPTION 10/OPSIE 10**

 $F_{net}\Delta t = m\Delta v \checkmark$ 

 $(0.06)(-9.8)(1.02) = (0.06)(0 - v_i)$ 

 $v_i = 10 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \checkmark (9,996)$ 

(3)



Physical Sciences P1/Fisiese Wetenskappe V1 7 SC/NSC/SS/NSS – Marking Guidelines/Nasienriglyne DBE/2021

# 3.4.2 POSITIVE MARKING FROM QUESTION 3.4.1 / POSITIEWE NASIEN VANAF VRAAG 3.4.1

# Marking criteria OPTIONS 1-5/Nasienkriteria OPSIES 1-5

- Appropriate formula / Geskikte formule√
- Substitution / Vervanging ✓
- Adding answer to 3/Tel 3 by antwoord ✓
- Final answer/ Finale antwoord 8,1 m ✓ (8,098 8,102)

# OPTION 1/ OPSIE 1 UPWARDS AS POSITIVE/ OPWAARTS AS POSITIEF

$$\begin{vmatrix} v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta y \checkmark \\ \frac{0^2 = (10)^2 + 2(-9.8)\Delta y}{\Delta y} \checkmark \\ \Delta y = -5.1 \text{ m } (-5.102) \end{vmatrix}$$

h = 5,1 
$$\pm 3$$
  $\checkmark$   
= 8,1 m $\checkmark$  (8,102)

# DOWNWARDS AS POSITIVE/ AFWAARTS AS POSITIEF

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta y \checkmark$$
  
 $0^2 = (-10)^2 + 2(9.8) \Delta y \checkmark$   
 $\Delta y = 5.1 \text{ m } (5.102)$ 

h = 
$$5,1 + 3$$
  
=  $8,1 \text{ m} \times (8,102)$ 

# OPTION 2/ OPSIE 2 UPWARDS AS POSITIVE/ OPWAARTS AS POSITIEF

$$\Delta y = v_i \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t^2 \checkmark$$
=\frac{(10)(1,02) + \frac{1}{2}(-9,8)(1,02)^2}{\Delta y = 5,1 m (5,102)}

$$h = 5,1 + 3 \checkmark = 8,1 m \checkmark (8,102)$$

# DOWNWARDS AS POSITIVE/ AFWAARTS AS POSITIEF

$$\Delta y = v_i \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t^2 \checkmark$$
  
=  $(-10)(1,02) + \frac{1}{2} (9,8)(1,02)^2 \checkmark$   
 $\Delta y = -5,1 \text{ m } (-5,102)$ 

h = 5,1 
$$\pm 3$$
  $\checkmark$   
= 8,1 m  $\checkmark$  (8,102)

# OPTION 3/OPSIE 3 UPWARDS POSITIVE/ OPWAARTS POSITIEF:

$$\Delta y = \left(\frac{V_i + V_f}{2}\right) \Delta t \checkmark$$

$$= \left(\frac{0 - 10}{2}\right) (1,02) \checkmark$$

$$h = 5,1 + 3$$
  
= 8,1 m  $\checkmark$ 

# DOWNWARDS POSITIVE/ AFWAARTS POSITIEF:

$$\Delta y = \left(\frac{V_i + V_f}{2}\right) \Delta t \checkmark$$
$$= \left(\frac{0 + 10}{2}\right) (1,02) \checkmark$$
$$\Delta y = 5,1 \text{ m}$$

$$h = 5,1 + 3$$
  
= 8,1 m  $\checkmark$ 

# OPTION 4/ OPSIE 4 UPWARDS AS POSITIVE/ OPWAARTS AS POSITIEF

$$\Delta y = v_i \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t^2 \checkmark$$

$$= \frac{0 + \frac{1}{2} (-9.8)(1.02)^2}{\Delta y = -5.1 \text{ m } (-5.098)}$$

$$\downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow$$

$$h = 5.1 + \frac{3}{4} \checkmark$$

$$= 8.1 \text{ m } \checkmark (8.098)$$

# DOWNWARDS AS POSITIVE/ AFWAARTS AS POSITIEF

$$\Delta y = v_i \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t^2 \checkmark$$

$$= \frac{0 + \frac{1}{2} (9.8)(1.02)^2}{\Delta y = 5.1 \text{ m } (5.098)}$$

$$\Delta y = \frac{1}{2} (5.098)$$

$$\Delta y = \frac{1}{2} (5.098)$$

$$\Delta y = \frac{1}{2} (5.098)$$

Physical Sciences P1/Fisiese Wetenskappe V1 8 SC/NSC/SS/NSS – Marking Guidelines/Nasienriglyne

DBE/2021

# OPTION 5/OPSIE 5

$$\begin{array}{l} W_{net} = \Delta E_k \\ w \Delta y \cos 180^\circ = \frac{1}{2} m (v_f^2 - v_i^2) \end{array} \\ \hline & \langle Any \ one/Enige \ een \\ \underline{(0,06)(9,8)(\Delta y) \cos 180^\circ} = \frac{1}{2} \underline{(0,06)(0-10^2)} \checkmark \\ \Delta y = 5,1 \ m \\ \hline & h = 5,1 \ \underline{+3} \checkmark \\ = 8,1 \ m \checkmark$$

### OPTION 6/ OPSIE 6

```
\begin{array}{ll}
\overline{(E_{mech})_{3 \, m(ref/verw)}} &= (E_{mech})_{Top/Bo} \\
(E_{P} + E_{K})_{3 \, m(ref/verw)} &= (E_{P} + E_{K})_{Top/Bo} \\
(mgh + \frac{1}{2} \, mv^{2})_{3 \, m \, (ref/verw)} &= (mgh + \frac{1}{2} \, mv^{2})_{Top/Bo}
\end{array}

\begin{array}{ll}
\overline{(0) + \frac{1}{2}(0.06)(10)^{2}} &= \underline{(0.06)(9.8)(h) + 0} \\
\hline
h = 5.1 \, m \\
h = 5.1 \, m

\begin{array}{ll}
h = 5.1 \, m \\
\hline
h = 5.1 \, \frac{+3}{m} \\
\hline
= 8.1 \, m
\end{array}
```

## Marking criteria OPTIONS 7 to 9/Nasienkriteria OPSIES 7 tot 9

- Appropriate formula / Geskikte formule√
- Substitution / Vervanging ✓ ✓
- Final answer/ Finale antwoord: 8,1 m ✓

## OPTION 7/ OPSIE 7 UPWARDS AS POSITIVE/

# OPWAARTS AS POSITIEF

$$\Delta y = v_i \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t^2 \checkmark$$
  
 $-3 = \frac{10}{5} \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} (-9.8) \Delta t^2 \checkmark$   
 $\Delta t = 2.31 \underline{s} (2.306)$ 

$$\Delta y = v_i \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t^2$$

$$= \frac{0 + \frac{1}{2} (-9.8)(2.31 - 1.02)^2}{\Delta y = -8.15 \text{ m } (8.1)}$$

$$h = 8.15 \text{ m } (8.1) \checkmark$$

# DOWNWARDS AS POSITIVE/ AFWAARTS AS POSITIEF

$$\Delta y = v_1 \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t^2 \checkmark$$
  
+3 = -10  $\Delta t + \frac{1}{2} (9.8) \Delta t^2 \checkmark$   
 $\Delta t = 2.31 \text{ s} (2.306)$ 

$$\Delta y = v_i \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t^2$$
  
=  $\frac{0 + \frac{1}{2} (9.8)(2.31 - 1.02)^2}{\Delta y = 8.15 \text{ m } (8.1)}$   
h = 8.15 m (8.1) \(\sqrt{}

#### **OPTION 8/ OPSIE 8**

$$(E_{\text{mech}})_{3 \, m \, (\text{ref/verw})} = (E_{\text{mech}})_{Top/Bo}$$

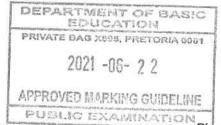
$$(E_{\text{P}} + E_{\text{K}})_{3 \, m \, (\text{ref/verw})} = (E_{\text{P}} + E_{\text{K}})_{Top/Bo}$$

$$(mgh + \frac{1}{2} \, mv^2)_{3 \, m \, (\text{ref/verw})} = (mgh + \frac{1}{2} \, mv^2)_{Top/Bo}$$

$$(0.06)(9.8)(3) + \frac{1}{2}(0.06)(10)^2 \checkmark = (0.06)(9.8)(h) + 0 \checkmark$$

$$h = 8.1 \, m \checkmark$$

## **OPTION 9/OPSIE 9**





Physical Sciences P1/Fisiese Wetenskappe V1 SC/NSC/SS/NSS - Marking Guidelines/Nasienriglyne

DBE/2021

#### Marking criteria Options 10 to 11/Nasienkriteria Opsies 10 tot 11

- Formula / Formule /
- Substitution to calculate v<sub>f</sub>/ Vervanging om v<sub>f</sub> te bereken✓
- Substitution to calculate ∆y/ Vervanging om ∆y te bereken√
- Final answer / Finale antwoord: 8,1 m ✓

## OPTION 10/OPSIE 10

**UPWARDS AS POSITIVE/** OPWAARTS AS POSITIEF MAXIMUM HEIGHT TO GROUND/ MAKSIMUM HOOGTE TOT GROND

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta y \checkmark$$
  
 $= (10)^2 + 2(-9.8)(-3) \checkmark$   
 $v_f = -12.60$   
 $v_f = 12.6 \text{ m·s}^{-1} (12.62)$   
 $v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta y$   
 $(-12.60)^2 = (0)^2 + 2(-9.8)\Delta y \checkmark$   
 $\Delta y = -8.1 \text{ m}$   
 $\Delta y = 8.1 \text{ m} \checkmark (8.102 - 8.103)$ 

# DOWNWARDS AS POSITIVE/ AFWAARTS AS POSITIEF MAXIMUM HEIGHT TO GROUND/ MAKSIMUM HOOGTE TOT GROND

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta y \checkmark$$

$$= (-10)^2 + 2(9.8)(3) \checkmark$$

$$v_f = 12,60 \text{ m·s}^{-1}(12,62)$$

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta y$$

$$(12,60)^2 = (0)^2 + 2(9.8) \Delta y \checkmark$$

$$\Delta y = 8.1 \text{ m} \checkmark (8,102 - 8,103)$$

# OPTION 11/OPSIE 11

**UPWARDS AS POSITIVE/** OPWAARTS AS POSITIEF FROM BALCONY TO GROUND/ VANAF BALKON TOT GROND

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta y \checkmark$$

$$= (-10)^2 + 2(-9.8)(-3) \checkmark$$

$$v_f = -12.60$$

$$v_f = 12.6 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$$

$$V_f = v_i + a\Delta t$$

$$-12.60 = 0 + (-9.8)\Delta t$$

$$\Delta t = 1.29 \text{ s} (1.286)$$

$$\Delta y = v_i \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a\Delta t^2$$

$$= 0 + \frac{1}{2} (-9.8) (1.29)^{2} \checkmark$$

$$\Delta y = -8.1 \text{ m } (-8.098)$$

$$h_1 = 8.1 \text{ m} \checkmark (8.098 - 8.102)$$

# DOWNWARDS AS POSITIVE/ AFWAARTS AS POSITIEF FROM BALCONY TO GROUND/ VANAF BALKON TOT GROND

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta y \checkmark$$
  
 $= (10)^2 + 2(9.8)(3) \checkmark$   
 $v_f = 12.6 \text{ m·s}^{-1}$   
 $v_f = v_i + a\Delta t$   
 $12.60 = 0 + (9.8)\Delta t$   
 $\Delta t = 1.29 \text{ s} (1.286)$   
 $\Delta y = v_i\Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a\Delta t^2$   
 $= 0 + \frac{1}{2} (9.8)(1.29)^2 \checkmark$   
 $\Delta y = 8.1 \text{ m} (8.098)$ 

 $h_1 = 8.1 \text{ m} \checkmark (8.098 - 8.102)$ 

# OPTION 12/OPSIE 12

Displacement = Area between the graph and the t-axis

Verplasing = Area tussen die grafiek en die t-as

- = Area of a triangle/Area van 'n driehoek
- $= \frac{1}{2} bh$
- $= \frac{1}{2} (1,02)(9,996) \checkmark$
- = 5.09796 m

Height h/*Hoogte h* =  $3 + 5,09796 \checkmark$ 

 $= 8,09796 \text{ m} \sqrt{(8,09796 - 8,102)}$ 

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# 3.5 **POSITIVE MARKING FROM QUESTIONS 3.4.1 and 3.4.2 POSITIEWE NASIEN VANAF VRAE 3.4.1 en 3.4.2**

#### Marking criteria/Nasienkriteria

Calculation of / Berekening van 10,78 m·s<sup>-1</sup> or/of 12,60 m·s<sup>-1</sup> or/of 5,93 m:

- Any suitable formula/Enige geskikte formule√
- Any correct substitution/Enige korrekte vervanging√

#### W calculation/berekening:

- Formula/Formule ✓
- Difference in calculated velocities/height/Verskil in berekende snelhede/hoogtes√
- Correct substitution/Korrekte vervanging√
- Final answer/Finale antwoord: -1,28 J √

# OPTION 1/OPSIE 1

When ball is on ground/Wanneer bal op grond is:

Work done by the floor = change in  $E_k$  ( $\Delta E_p = 0$ )

Arbeid verrig deur vloer = verandering in  $E_k$  ( $\Delta E_p = 0$ )

# UPWARDS AS POSITIVE/ OPWAARTS AS POSITIEF

# $v_f = v_i + a\Delta t \checkmark$

$$0 = v_i + (-9.8)(1.1) \checkmark v_i = 10.78 \text{ m·s}^{-1}$$

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta y$$
  
=  $(10)^2 + 2(-9.8)(-3)$ 

$$v_f = -12,60$$

$$v_f = 12.6 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} (12.62)$$

#### OR

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta y$$

$$= (0)^2 + 2(-9.8)(-8.1)$$

$$v_f = -12,60$$

$$v_f = 12.6 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} (12.62)$$

# DOWNWARDS AS POSITIVE/ AFWAARTS AS POSITIEF —

$$v_f = v_i + a\Delta t \checkmark$$

$$0 = v_i + (9.8)(1.1)$$

$$v_i = -10,78$$

$$v_i = 10.78 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$$

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta y$$
  
=  $(-10)^2 + 2(9.8)(3)$ 

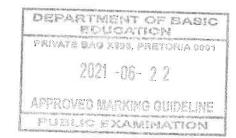
$$v_f = 12,60 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} (12,62)$$

$$W_{\text{net}} = \Delta E_k$$
  
 $W_{\text{nc}} = \Delta E_p + \Delta E_k$  \(\times \text{Any one} \) \(\text{Enige een}

$$= 0 + \frac{1}{2}(0.06)(10.78^2 - 12.60^2) \checkmark$$

$$= -1.28 \text{ J} \checkmark (-1.2785)$$





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# **OPTION 2/OPSIE 2** Comparing differences in heights/vergelyk verskil in hoogtes: Work done by the floor = change in $E_k (\Delta E_p = 0)$ Arbeid verrig deur vloer = verandering in $E_k (\Delta E_p = 0)$ **UPWARDS AS POSITIVE** OPWAARTS AS POSITIEF $W_{nc} = \Delta E_p + \Delta E_k \checkmark$ $\Delta y = v_i \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t^2 \checkmark$ = mg(h<sub>f</sub> - h<sub>i</sub>)+ $\frac{1}{2}$ m(v<sub>f</sub><sup>2</sup> - v<sub>i</sub><sup>2</sup>) $= 0 + \frac{1}{2}(-9.8)(1.1)^2$ = -5.93 m $= (0.06)(9.8)(5.93 \le 8.10) + 0 \checkmark$ $\Delta v = 5.93 \text{ m} (5.929)$ **DOWNWARDS AS POSITIVE** = - 1,28 J ✓ AFWAARTS AS POSITIEF $\Delta y = v_i \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t^2 \checkmark$ $= 0 + \frac{1}{2}(9.8)(1.1)^2 \checkmark$ = -5.93 m $\Delta y = 5,93 \text{ m}$ **OPTION 3/OPSIE 3** Comparing differences in heights/vergelyk verskil in hoogtes: Work done by floor/arbeid verrig deur vloer = Change/Verandering in En **UPWARDS AS POSITIVE** OPWAARTS AS POSITIEF $v_f = v_i + a\Delta t$ $0 = v_i + (-9.8)(1.1)$ $v_i = 10.78 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$ $\Delta y = 5,93 \text{ m}$ OR/OF $v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta y \checkmark$ $0 = (10.78)^2 + 2(-9.8) \Delta v$ $W_{nc} = \Delta E_p + \Delta E_k \checkmark$ = mg(h<sub>f</sub> - h<sub>i</sub>)+ $\frac{1}{2}$ m(v<sub>f</sub><sup>2</sup> - v<sub>i</sub><sup>2</sup>) $\Delta y = 5.93 \text{ m}$ **DOWNWARDS AS POSITIVE** AFWAARTS AS POSITIEF = (0.06)(9.8)(5.93 - 8.10) + 0 $v_f = v_i + a\Delta t$ $0 = v_i + (9.8)(1.1)$ = - 1.28 J ✓ $v_i = -10,78$ $v_i = 10,78 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$ PRIVATE BAG XRES, PRETORIA 9801 2021 -06- 22 $\Delta y = -5,93 \text{ m}$ OR/OF $v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta y \checkmark$ $0 = (-10.78)^2 + 2(9.8) \Delta v \checkmark$ $\Delta y = -5.93 \text{ m}$ $\Delta y = 5,93 \text{ m}$

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#### **QUESTION 4/VRAAG 4**

4.1 **NOTE:** -1 mark for each key word/phrase omitted in the correct context. **LET WEL:** -1 punt vir elke sleutelwoord/frase weggelaat in die korrekte konteks.

The <u>total</u> (linear) <u>momentum</u> of an isolated/closed <u>system remains constant</u> (is conserved).  $\checkmark\checkmark$ 

Die <u>totale (liniêre) momentum</u> in 'n geïsoleerde/ <u>geslote sisteem bly konstant</u> (behoue).

# Accept/Aanvaar

The total (linear) momentum before a collision is equal to the total linear momentum after collision in an isolated/closed system.

Die totale (lineêre) momentum voor botsing is gelyk aan die totale lineêre momentum na botsing in 'n geïsoleerde/geslote sisteem.

(2)

4.2 OPTION 1/OPSIE 1
UPWARDS AS POSITIVE/
OPWAARTS AS POSITIEF

 $\sum_{i} p_{i} = \sum_{i} p_{f}$   $(m_{1} + m_{2})v_{i} = m_{1}v_{2f} + m_{2}v_{Bf}$  Enige een  $(2m + 3m)v = (3m)(-\frac{1}{3}v) + 2mv_{Bf}$ 

v<sub>Bf</sub> = 3v ✓upwards/*opwaarts* ✓

DOWNWARDS AS POSITIVE/ AFWAARTS AS POSITIEF

 $\sum p_{i} = \sum p_{f}$   $(m_{1} + m_{2})v_{i} = m_{1}v_{2f} + m_{2}v_{Bf}$   $(2m + 3m)(-v) \checkmark = (3m)(\frac{1}{3}v) + 2mv_{Bf}$   $\checkmark Any one,$  Enige een

 $v_{Bf} = -3v$   $v_{Bf} = 3v \checkmark upwards/opwaarts \checkmark$ 

OPTION 2/OPSIE 2 UPWARDS AS POSITIVE/ OPWAARTS AS POSITIEF

 $\Delta p_{iA} = -\Delta p_{iB}$   $M_A(v_{Af} - v_{Aif}) = -M_A(v_{Bf} - v_{Bi})$   $M_A(v_{Af} - v_{Aif}) = -M_A(v_{Bf} - v_{Bi})$   $M(-\frac{1}{3}v - v)$   $M = -(2m)(v_{Bf} - v)$ 

v<sub>Bf</sub> = 3v ✓ upwards/opwaarts ✓

DOWNWARDS AS POSITIVE/ AFWAARTS AS POSITIEF

 $\Delta p_{iA} = -\Delta p_{iB}$   $M_A(v_{Af} - v_{Aif}) = -m_A(v_{Bf} - v_{Bi})$   $\Delta p_{iA} = -\Delta p_{iB}$  Enige een  $\Delta m_A(v_{Af} - v_{Aif}) = -m_A(v_{Bf} - v_{Bi})$   $\Delta p_{iA} = -\Delta p_{iB}$   $\Delta p_{iA} = -\Delta p_{iB}$ 

v<sub>Bf</sub> = 3v ✓ upwards/opwaarts√

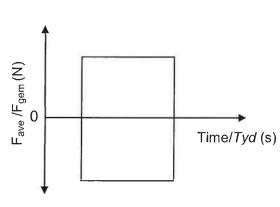
4.3 Impulse/Impuls ✓

(1)

(5)

4.4

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Marking criteria/Nasienkriteria

Exact mirror image Presiese spieëlbeeld ✓ ✓

IF/INDIEN

Mirror image at different times / Spieëlbeeld by verskillende tye

Max/maks 1/2

Note/Let wel:

If graph is drawn as given in question paper – no mirror image/Indien grafiek geteken word soos in vraestel

– geen spieëlbeeld: Max/Maks: ½

(2) [**10**] Physical Sciences P1/Fisiese Wetenskappe V1 13 SC/NSC/SS/NSS – Marking Guidelines/Nasienriglyne DBE/2021

#### **QUESTION 5/VRAAG 5**

5.1 The rate at which work is done/energy is expended. ✓ ✓ (2 or 0)

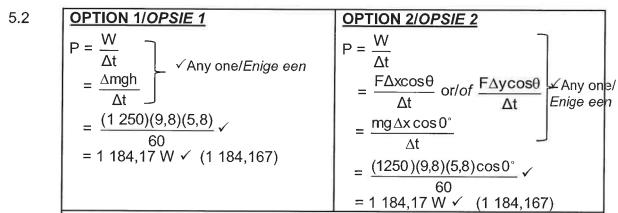
Die tempo waarteen arbeid/werk verrig word/energie verkwis word. (2 of 0)

### Accept/Aanvaar

Work done per unit time / energy expended per unit time.

Arbeid verrig per eenheidstyd / energie verkwis per eenheidstyd.

(2)



**OPTION 3/OPSIE 3** 

$$P = \frac{V}{\Delta t}$$

$$= \frac{F\Delta x \cos \theta}{\Delta t} \text{ or/of } \frac{F\Delta y \cos \theta}{\Delta t}$$

$$= \frac{mg\Delta x \cos 180^{\circ}}{\Delta t}$$

$$= \frac{(1250)(9,8)(5,8)\cos 180^{\circ}}{60}$$

$$= -1 184,17 \text{ W} \qquad (-1 184,167)$$
Power dissipated by the crane/Drywing verkwis deur hyskraan =1 184,17 W

OPTION 4/OPSIE 4

$$P_{ave} = Fv_{ave} \checkmark$$
  
= 1 250(9,8) $\frac{5,8}{60} \checkmark$   
= 1 184,17 W \( \sqrt{}

(3)

(2)

5.3 **Note:** -1 mark for each key word/phrase omitted in the correct context.

Let Wel: -1 punt vir elke sleutelwoord/frase weggelaat in die korrekte konteks.

IF: The word 'work' is omitted - 0 marks.

INDIEN: Die woord 'arbeid' uitgelaat is - 0 punte.

A conservative force is a force for which the work done (in moving an object between two points) is independent of the path taken.

'n Konserwatiewe krag is 'n krag waarvoor <u>die arbeid wat verrig is</u> (om 'n voorwerp tussen twee punte te beweeg) <u>onafhanklik is van die pad wat gevat</u> word.

#### OR/OF

A conservative force is a force for which the <u>work done</u> in moving an object <u>in a closed path is zero.</u>

'n Konserwatiewe krag is 'n krag waarvoor die <u>arbeid verrig</u> om 'n voorwerp <u>in</u> 'n geslote pad te beweeg, nul is.

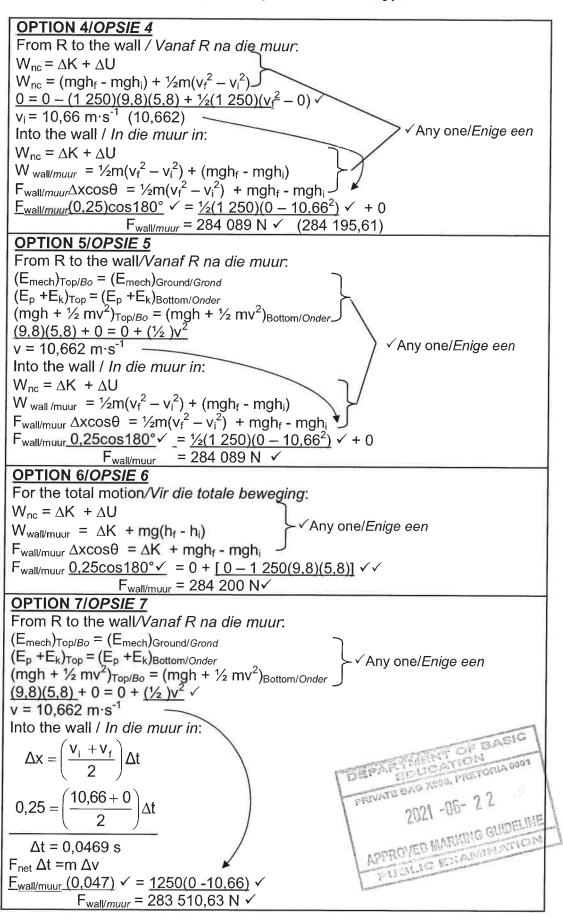
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5.4
            Non-conservative/ Nie-konserwatief ✓
                                                                                                                                 (1)
5.5
            (Gravitational) potential to kinetic (energy)
             (Gravitasie)potensiële na kinetiese (energie) ✓
                                                                                                                                 (1)
5.6
            Marking criteria/ Nasienkriteria
                Any one of the following formulae/ Enigeen van die volgende formules:
                W_{net} = \Delta E_k / W_{nc} = \Delta E_k + \Delta E_p \checkmark
                Substitution to calculate the \Delta E_k or initial velocity. \checkmark
                Vervanging om \Delta E_k of begin snelheid te bereken.
               Correct substitution of \Delta E_k in: / Korrekte vervangings van \Delta E_k in:
                W_{net} = \Delta E_k / W_{nc} = \Delta E_k + \Delta E_p \checkmark
               Correct substitution into / Korrekte vervangings in F∆xcosθ. ✓
               Final answer / Finale antwoord: 284 089 N ✓
                                                                            (283 510,63 N to/tot 284 200 N)
            OPTION 1/OPSIE 1
            From R to the wall / Vanaf R na die muur.
            \Delta U = mg(h_f - h_i)
                 = 1250(9.8)(0 - 5.8) \checkmark
                 = -71 050 J
            \Delta K = - \Delta U = 71 050 J
            Into the wall:/ In die muur in
                  W_{net} = \Delta K
            W_{\text{wall/muur}} = K_f - K_i
                                                     √Any one/Enige een
            F_{\text{wall /muur}} \Delta x \cos \theta = K_f - K_i
            F_{\text{wall/muur}}(0.25)\cos 180^{\circ} \checkmark = 0 - 71\ 050 \checkmark
                                   F_{\text{wall/muur}} = 284\ 089\ \text{N}\ \checkmark
            OPTION 2/OPSIE 2
            From R to the wall / Vanaf R na die muur
            W_{nc} = \Delta K + \Delta U
                                                                                              Any one/Enige een
            W_{nc} = (mgh_f - mgh_i) + \frac{1}{2}m(v_f^2 - v_i^2)
           0 = 0 - (1.250)(9.8)(5.8) + \frac{1}{2}(1.250)(v_f^2 - 0)
           v_i = 10,66 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} (10,662)
           Into the wall / In die muur in:
                  W_{net} = \Delta K
           W_{\text{wall/muur}} = K_f - K_i
           F_{wall / muur} \Delta x cos \theta = K_f - K_i
           \underline{F}_{\text{wall/muur}}(0,25)\cos 180^{\circ} \checkmark = 0 - \frac{1}{2}(1\ 250)(10,66)^{2} \checkmark
                                  F<sub>wall/muur</sub> = 284 089 N ✓
                                                                       (284 195,61 N)
           OPTION 3/OPSIE 3
           With ground as reference/ Met grond as verwysing
           From R to the wall / Vanaf R na die muur.
           W_{nc} = \Delta K + \Delta U
                                                                                               ✓ Any one/
           W_{nc} = (mgh_f - mgh_i) + \frac{1}{2}m(v_f^2 - v_i^2)
                                                                                               Enige een
           0 = (1 \ 250)(9.8)[h - (5.8+h)] + \frac{1}{2}(1 \ 250)(v_f^2 - 0)
           v_i = 10,66 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} (10,662)
           Into the wall / In die muur in:
                  W_{net} = \Delta K
                                                         Any one/Enige een
           W_{\text{wall/muur}} = K_f - K_i
           F_{\text{wall/muur}} \Delta x \cos \theta = K_f - K_i
           F_{\text{wall/muur}}(0,25)\cos 180^{\circ} \checkmark = 0 - \frac{1}{2}(1\ 250)(10.66)^{2}
                                 F_{\text{wall/muur}} = 284\,089\text{N} \checkmark (284\,195,61\,\text{N})
```

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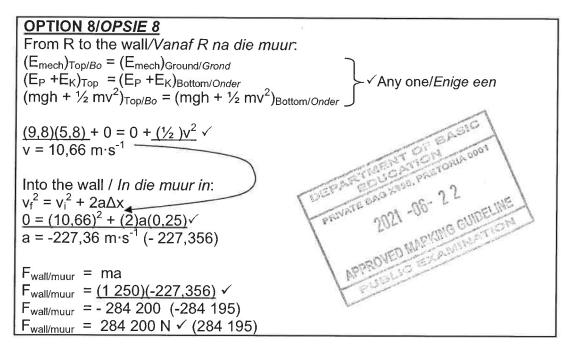
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(5) **[14]** 



#### **QUESTION 6/VRAAG 6**

6.1 **NOTE:** -1 mark for each key word/phrase omitted in the correct context. *LET WEL:* -1 punt vir elke sleutelwoord/frase weggelaat in die korrekte konteks.

The change in frequency (or pitch) of the sound detected by a listener because the sound source and the listener have different velocities relative to the medium of sound propagation.

<u>Die verandering in frekwensie (of toonhoogte) van die klank</u> waargeneem deur 'n luisteraar <u>omdat die klankbron en die luisteraar verskillende snelhede relatief tot die medium waarin die klank voortgeplant word, het</u>.

# OR

An (apparent) change in observed/detected frequency (pitch), as a result of the <u>relative motion</u> between a source and an observer (listener).

'n Skynbare verandering in waargenome frekwensie (toonhoogte), as gevolg van die relatiewe beweging tussen die bron en 'n waarnemer/luisteraar.

6.2.1 700 Hz ✓
Learner/observer/listener velocity/speed = zero.

Luisteraar/waarnemer/leerder se spoed/snelheid = nul

### OR/OF

No relative motion between source and listener. ✓ Geen relatiewe beweging tussen bron en luisteraar nie.

#### OR/OF

Listener and source both stationary. Luisteraar en bron altwee in rus.

(2)

(2)

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6.2.2 Away √/ Weg

> Observed frequency smaller (than actual frequency / frequency of source.) < Waargenome frekwensie is kleiner as die werklike frekwensie/ frekwensie van die bron.

OR/OF

 $f_L < f_s$ 

OR/OF

The (observed) frequency decreases / Die (waargenome) frekwensie neem af (2)

6.2.3 **OPTION 1/OPSIE 1** 

$$f_{L} = \frac{v \pm v_{L}}{v \pm v_{s}} f_{s}$$

$$OR/OF f_{L} = \frac{v - v_{L}}{v} f_{s}$$

$$679,1 = \underbrace{v - 10}_{v} (700) \checkmark$$

$$\therefore v = 334,93 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \checkmark (333,33 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1})$$

**OPTION 2/OPSIE 2** 

$$f_{L} = \frac{v \pm v_{L}}{v \pm v_{s}} f_{s} \checkmark OR/OF \quad f_{L} = \frac{v - v_{L}}{v} f_{s}$$

$$658,2 = (v - 20)(700) \checkmark$$

$$\therefore v = 334,93 \text{ m·s}^{-1} \checkmark (333,33 \text{ m·s}^{-1})$$

**OPTION 3/OPSIE 3** 

$$f_{L} = \frac{v \pm v_{L}}{v \pm v_{s}} f_{s} \checkmark OR/OF \quad f_{L} = \frac{v - v_{L}}{v} f_{s}$$

$$\frac{679,1}{658,2} = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{-10}}{v} f_{s}}{\frac{v-20}{v} f_{s}} \checkmark$$

$$1,032 = \frac{V - 10}{V - 20}$$
$$V = 332,50 \text{ m·s}^{-1} \checkmark$$

Note/Aantekening:

If ratio is used/Indien verhoudings gebruik:

- Any correct formula/Enige korrekte formule ✓
- Any correct f value/Enige korrekte f waarde ✓
- Any correct substitution/Enige korrekte vervanging - v<sub>L</sub> ✓
- Correct ratio/Regte verhouding
- Final answer/Finale antwoord: 332,50 m·s<sup>-1</sup>√

**OPTION 4/OPSIE 4** 

$$f_{L} = \frac{V - V_{L}}{V} f_{s} \checkmark$$

$$f_{L} = -\frac{f_{s}}{V} V_{L} + f_{s}$$
Gradient =  $-\frac{f_{s}}{V} \checkmark$ 

$$\frac{658,2 - 679,1}{20 - 10} \checkmark = -\frac{700}{V} \checkmark$$

$$V = 334,93 \text{ m·s}^{-1} \checkmark$$



[11]

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#### **QUESTION 7/VRAAG 7**

7.1 **NOTE**: -1 mark for each key word/phrase omitted in the correct context. If the word "force" is omitted 0 marks

**LET WEL**: -1 punt vir elke sleutel woord/frase in die korrekte konteks weggelaat. Indien die woord "krag" uitgelaat word 0 punte.

The magnitude of the electrostatic <u>force</u> exerted by one point charge  $(Q_1)$  on another point charge  $(Q_2)$  <u>is directly proportional to the product of the (magnitudes) of the charges</u>  $\checkmark$  and <u>inversely proportional to the square of the distance (r) between them  $\checkmark$ </u>

Die grootte van die elektrostatiese <u>kraq</u> wat een puntlading  $(Q_1)$  op 'n ander puntlading  $(Q_2)$  uitoefen, is <u>direk eweredig aan die produk van die ladings</u> en <u>omgekeerd eweredig aan die kwadraat van die afstand (r) tussen hulle.</u>

7.2 
$$F = \frac{kQ_1Q_2}{r^2} \checkmark$$

$$1,2 \times 10^{-3} = \frac{(9 \times 10^9)(6 \times 10^{-9})(5 \times 10^{-9})}{r^2} \checkmark$$

$$r = 0,015 \text{ m} \checkmark (0,02 \text{ m})$$

Note /Aantekening:

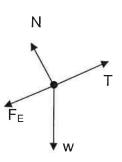
- 1 mark for all substitutions/
   1 punt vir alle vervangings
- If negative charge substituted / Indien negatiewe lading vervang is Max / Maks 2/3

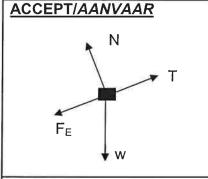
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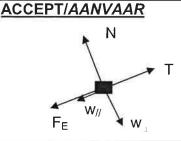
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7.3







Ac	cept	the	foll	owing	S	ymbols://	Aanvaar	die volg	gende sim	bole:
	,	_								

N	F <sub>N</sub> / Normal / <i>Normaal</i> / Normal force / <i>Normaalkrag</i>				
w 🗸	F <sub>g,</sub> /mg / weight / F <sub>Earth on sphere</sub> / 0,098 N / <i>g</i> ravitational force / gewig / F <sub>aarde op</sub>				
	<sub>sfeer</sub> / gravitasiekrag				
T✓	Tension / Spanning / F <sub>T</sub> / F <sub>A</sub> / F <sub>s</sub> /F <sub>p</sub>				
F <sub>E</sub> ✓	F <sub>E</sub> ✓ F <sub>R</sub> / F/ Coulombic Force / Electrostatic force / Coulombkrag / elektrostatiese				

krag

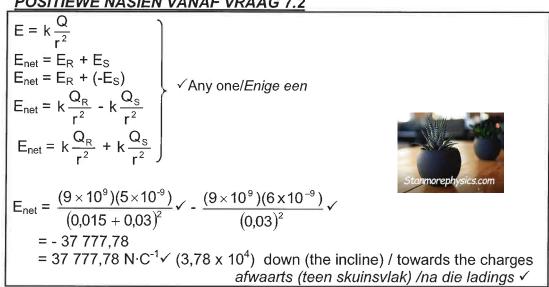
Physical Sciences P1/Fisiese Wetenskappe V1 19 SC/NSC/SS/NSS – Marking Guidelines/Nasienriglyne

DBE/2021

#### Notes/Aantekeninge

- Mark awarded for label and arrow / Punt toegeken vir benoeming en pyltjie
- Do not penalise for length of arrows since drawing is not to scale. /Moenie vir die lengte van die pyltjies penaliseer nie aangesien die tekening nie volgens skaal is nie
- Any other additional force(s) / Enige ander addisionale krag(te) Max/Maks <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>
   If force(s) do not make contact with body / Indian krag(te) nie met die voorwerp kontak maak nie: Max/Maks: <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>
- If w is not shown but w<sub>||</sub> and w<sub>||</sub> are shown give 1 mark for both.
   Indien w nie aangetoon is nie maar w<sub>||</sub> and w<sub>||</sub> is getoon, ken 1 punt toe vir beide (4)
- 7.4.1  $F_{\text{net}} = \text{ma}$   $T F_{\text{E}} w_{\text{II}} = 0$   $T 1.2 \times 10^{-3} \checkmark (0.01)(9.8)\sin 25^{\circ} \checkmark = 0$   $T = 0.04 \text{ N} \checkmark (0.0426 \text{ N})$  OR/OF  $F_{\text{net}} = \text{ma} \checkmark$   $T F_{\text{E}} w_{\text{II}} = \text{ma}$   $T F_{\text{E}} w_{\text{II}} = \text{ma}$   $T F_{\text{E}} w_{\text{II}} = 0$   $T 1.2 \times 10^{-3} \checkmark (0.01)(9.8)\cos 65^{\circ} \checkmark = 0$   $T = 0.04 \text{ N} \checkmark (0.0426 \text{ N})$ (4)

# 7.4.2 POSITIVE MARKING FROM QUESTION 7.2 POSITIEWE NASIEN VANAF VRAAG 7.2





(5) **[18]** 

Physical Sciences P1/Fisiese Wetenskappe V1 20 SC/NSC/SS/NSS – Marking Guidelines/Nasienriglyne

DBE/2021

## **QUESTION 8/VRAAG 8**

- 8.1 (a) (Electrical) energy/work (Elektriese) energie/arbeid ✓
  - (b) <u>Unit charge/eenheids/ading</u> ✓ (Accept/ Aanvaar coulomb)

(2)

8.2	OPTION 1/OPSIE 1	OPTION 2/OPSIE 2	
	$R_s = R_1 + R_2$	$R_s = R_1 + R_2$	
	= 4 + 3√	= 4 + 3 \(	
	= 7 Ω	= 7 Ω	
	$\frac{1}{R_p} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} \checkmark$	$R_{p} = \frac{R_{1}R_{2}}{R_{1} + R_{2}} \checkmark$	
	$\frac{1}{R_p} = \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{7} \checkmark$	$R_{p} = \frac{(7)(7)}{7+7} \checkmark$	
	$R_p = 3.5 \Omega \checkmark$	= 3,5 Ω √	(4)

# 8.3.1 POSITIVE MARKING FROM QUESTION 8.2/POSITIEWE NASIEN VANAF VRAAG 8.2

# Marking criteria/Nasienkriteria

Calculation of current when switch is open and when closed/ Berekening van stroom wanneer skakelaar S oop is en gesluit is:

- Suitable formula for opem or closed switch /Geskikte formule vir geslote of oop skakelaar√
- Correct substitution when switch is open /Korrekte vervanging wanneer skakelaar oop is ✓
- Correct substitution when switch is closed /Korrekte vervanging wanneer skakelaar gesluit is ✓

Substitution into formula  $\mathcal{E} = I(R + r)$  or  $\mathcal{E} = V_{ext} + Ir$ :

Vervanging in formule  $\mathcal{E} = I(R + r)$  of  $\mathcal{E} = V_{eks} + Ir$ :

- Formula/Formule ✓
- Substitution in formula for open switch/ Vervanging in formule vir oop skakelaar ✓
- Substitution in formula for closed switch/ Vervanging in formule vir geslote skakelaar √

#### Calculating r / Berekening van r

- Equating the equations / Stel twee vergelykings gelyk aan mekaar ✓
- Final answer/Finale antwoord: 0,49 Ω ✓

#### When the switch is OPEN/Wanneer When the switch is CLOSED/Wanneer die skakelaar OOP is die skakelaar GESLUIT is −(Any one / *Enige een) →* I= $1 = \frac{2,8}{1}$ $I = \frac{2,63}{3,5}$ = 0.4 A= 0.75 A $\varepsilon = I(R + r)$ = 0.75(3.5 + r) $= 0.4(7 + r)^{\checkmark}$ OR OR $\varepsilon = V_{ext} + Ir$ $\varepsilon = V_{\text{ext}} + Ir$ $\varepsilon = 2.63 + (0.75)r$ $\varepsilon = 2.8 + (0.4)r$ 2.8 + (0.4)r = 2.63 + (0.75)r0.4(7 + r) = 0.75(3.5 + r)OR/OF $= 0.49 \Omega \checkmark$ $r = 0.49 \Omega \checkmark$

(8)

Physical Sciences P1/Fisiese Wetenskappe V1 21 SC/NSC/SS/NSS – Marking Guidelines/Nasienriglyne

DBE/2021

# 8.3.2 **POSITIVE MARKING FROM QUESTION 8.3.1**/

POSITIEWE NASIEN VANAF VRAAG 8.3.1

Option depends on the equation in which r is substituted/

Opsie hang af van die vergelyking waarin r vervang is

OPTION 1/OPSIE 1	OPTION 2/OPSIE 2
$\varepsilon = V_{\text{ext}} + Ir$	$\varepsilon = V_{\text{ext}} + Ir$
$\varepsilon = 2.8 + (0.4)r$	$\varepsilon = 2.63 + (0.75)r$
= 2,8 + (0,4)(0,49) ✓	= 2,63 + (0,75)(0,49)
= 3 V 🗸	= 3 V 🗸
OPTION 3/OPSIE 3	OPTION 4/OPSIE 4
$\epsilon = I(R + r)$	$\varepsilon = I(R + r)$
= 0.4(7 + 0.49)	= 0,75(3,5 + 0,49)
= 3 V ✓	= 2,99 V ✓

#### QUESTION 9/VRAAG 9

9.1 Slip rings/sleepringe ✓

(1)

(2) [16]

9.2 Allows the slips rings to rotate while <u>maintaining contact with the external circuit.</u>

Laat die sleepringe toe om te roteer terwyl dit kontak met die eksterne stroombaan behou.

#### OR/OF

Transfer/conduct current to the external circuit, ✓

Dra stroom oor/Gelei stroom na eksterne stroombaan.

#### OR/OF

Connection between external circuit and coil/slip rings/internal circuit.

Verbinding tussen eksterne stroombaan en spoel/sleepringe/interne stroombaan.

(1)

9.3 According to the principle of electromagnetic induction, an emf/current is induced as a result of the change in the magnetic flux linkage 
with the coil. (2 or 0)

Volgens die beginsel van elektromagnetiese induksie word 'n emk/stroom geïnduseer as gevolg van die <u>verandering in magnetiese-vloedkoppeling</u> met die spoel. (2 of 0)

### Accept/Aanvaar

When the coil rotates there is a <u>change of magnetic flux</u> linked/associated with the coil and according to the principle of electromagnetic induction, an emf/current is induced in the coil. (2 or 0)

Wanneer die spoel roteer is daar 'n <u>verandering in magnetiese-vloed</u>koppeling met die spoel en volgens die beginsel van elektromagnetiese induksie word 'n stroom/emk in die spoel geïnduseer. (2 of 0)

#### Accept/Aanvaar

There is relative motion between the conductor and the magnetic field.(2 or 0)

Daar is relatiewe beweging tussen die geleier en die magneetveld . (2 of 0)

9.4 **P** to/na **Q** ✓ ✓

(2) (2)

Physical Sciences P1/Fisiese Wetenskappe V1 22 SC/NSC/SS/NSS – Marking Guidelines/Nasienriglyne

DBE/2021

9.5 OPTION 1/OPSIE 1  $T = \frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{50} \checkmark$  = 0.02 s  $t = (1.5)(0.02) \checkmark$   $= 0.03 \text{ s} \checkmark$ OPTION 2/OPSIE 2  $50 \text{ waves/golwe} = 1 \text{ s} \checkmark$   $1.5 \text{ waves/golwe} \checkmark = 0.03 \text{ s} \checkmark$   $t = \frac{1.5}{50} \checkmark \checkmark = 0.03 \text{ s} \checkmark$ OPTION 3/OPSIE 3  $t = \frac{1.5}{50} \checkmark \checkmark = 0.03 \text{ s} \checkmark$ OPTION 4/OPSIE 4  $t = \frac{3}{4}(0.04) \checkmark \checkmark = 0.03 \text{ s} \checkmark$ 

(3)

9.6

$$V_{rms} = \frac{V_{max}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$= \frac{311}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$= 219.91 \text{ V}$$

$$\frac{OPTION 1/OPSIE 1}{R}$$

$$= \frac{(219.11)^2}{100} (60)$$

$$= 29.016,24 \text{ J} \checkmark$$

$$= (219.11)(2.2) \checkmark$$

$$= 483,605 \text{ W}$$

$$P = \frac{W}{\Delta t}$$

$$= \frac{W}{\Delta t}$$

$$= \frac{V_{max}}{100}$$

$$= 29.016,24 \text{ J} \checkmark$$

$$= (219.11)^2 (60)$$

$$= 29.016,24 \text{ J} \checkmark$$

$$= (219.11)^2 (60)$$

$$= 29.016,24 \text{ J} \checkmark$$

$$= (219.11)^2 (29.013,61 - 29.028,12) \checkmark$$

$$= (219.11)^2 (29.013,61 - 29.040)$$

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$$= (219.11)^2 (29.013,61 - 29.040)$$

$$= (219.11)$$

 $483,605 = \frac{W}{60} \checkmark$ 

W = 29 016,30 J <

(5) **[14]** 



 $W = 29016.30 J \checkmark$ 

 $W = 29 016,30 J \checkmark$ 

Physical Sciences P1/Fisiese Wetenskappe V1 23 SC/NSC/SS/NSS – Marking Guidelines/Nasienriglyne

DBE/2021

(2)

# QUESTION 10/VRAAG 10

10.1 
$$11.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J} \checkmark$$
 
$$\frac{\text{ACCEPT/AANVAAR}}{11.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ to/tot } 11.8 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J} \checkmark}$$
 (1)

As the <u>wavelength</u> of the incident radiation/light <u>increases</u> the maximum <u>kinetic energy of the emitted electrons decreases</u>. ✓✓/

Soos die <u>golflengte</u> van die invallende straling/lig <u>toeneem</u> <u>verminder die</u> maksimum <u>kinetiese energie van die vrygestelde elektrone</u>.

#### OR/OF

As the <u>wavelength</u> of the incident radiation/light <u>decreases</u> the maximum <u>kinetic energy of the emitted electrons increases</u>. /
Soos die <u>golflengte</u> van die invallende straling/lig <u>afneem</u> <u>vermeerder die</u> maksimum <u>kinetiese energie van die vrygestelde elektrone</u>.

#### OR/OF

The maximum kinetic energy is <u>inversely proportional</u> to the wavelength./ Die maksimum kinetiese energie is <u>omgekeerd eweredig</u> aan die golflengte.

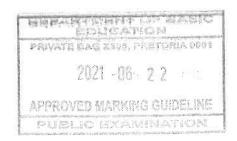
#### OR/OF

$$\mathsf{E}_{\mathsf{k}(\mathsf{max})} \; \alpha \; \frac{1}{\lambda}$$
 (2)

10.3 **NOTE:** -1 mark for each key word/phrase omitted in the correct context. **LET WEL:** -1 punt vir elke sleutelwoord/frase weggelaat in die korrekte konteks.

The work function of a metal/surface is the <u>minimum energy needed</u> to remove/release an <u>electron from a</u> (metal) <u>surface.</u>  $\checkmark$   $\checkmark$  Die werksfunksie van 'n metaal/oppervlak is die <u>minimum energie</u> wat <u>benodig</u> word om 'n <u>elektron vanaf die</u> (metaal) <u>oppervlak vry te stel.</u>





Physical Sciences P1/Fisiese Wetenskappe V1 24 SC/NSC/SS/NSS – Marking Guidelines/Nasienriglyne

DBE/2021

Accept any set of co-ordinates for calculation of W<sub>o</sub> see table below Aanvaar enige stel ko-ordinate vir die berekening van W<sub>o</sub> sien tabel hieronder

$$E = W_o + E_{k(max)}$$

$$\frac{hc}{\lambda} = W_o + E_{k(max)}$$

$$\frac{(6,63 \times 10^{-34})(3 \times 10^8)}{1,5 \times 10^{-7}} \checkmark = W_o + 8 \times 10^{-19} \checkmark$$

$$W_o = 5,26 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J} \checkmark$$

# Table of values for Wo / Tabel van waardes vir Wo

		Q 10.4	Q 10.5
λ	E <sub>K(max)</sub>	W <sub>o</sub>	E <sub>K(max)</sub>
4,9 x 10 <sup>-7</sup>	0	4,06 x 10 <sup>-19</sup>	3,572 x 10 <sup>-18</sup>
$0.75 \times 10^{-7} - 0.8 \times 10^{-7}$	14,0 x 10 <sup>-19</sup>	1,252 x 10 <sup>-18</sup> – 1,08625 x 10 <sup>-18</sup>	2,726 x 10 <sup>-18</sup>
1,5 x 10 <sup>-7</sup>	8 x 10 <sup>-19</sup>	5,26 x 10 <sup>-19</sup>	3,452 x 10 <sup>-18</sup>
2 x 10 <sup>-7</sup>	$6.0 \times 10^{-19} - 6.2 \times 10^{-19}$	3,745 x 10 <sup>-19</sup> – 3,95 x 10 <sup>-19</sup>	3,6035 x 10 <sup>-18</sup> – 3,945 x 10 <sup>-18</sup>
3 x 10 <sup>-7</sup>	3,6 x 10 <sup>-19</sup>	3,03 x 10 <sup>-19</sup>	3,675 x 10 <sup>-18</sup>
4 x 10 <sup>-7</sup>	1,6 x 10 <sup>-19</sup>	3,3725 x 10 <sup>-19</sup>	3,64075 x 10 <sup>-18</sup>

# 10.5 <u>POSITIVE MARKING FROM QUESTION 10.4</u> <u>POSITIEWE NASIEN VANAF VRAAG 10.4</u>

$$E = W_0 + E_{k(max)}$$

$$\frac{hc}{\lambda} = W_0 + E_{k(max)}$$

$$\frac{(6,63 \times 10^{-34})(3 \times 10^8)}{0.5 \times 10^{-7}} \checkmark = 4,06 \times 10^{-19} \checkmark + E_{k(max)}$$

$$E_{k(max)} = 3,57 \times 10^{-18} \text{ J} \checkmark (3,572 \times 10^{-18} \text{ or/of } 35,72 \times 10^{-19})$$

[13] TOTAL/*TOTAAL*: 150

(4)



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(4)