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## **Exercise Sheet 10**

Prepare a script that computes the numerical approximation of the Cauchy problem

$$\dot{y}(t) = f(t, y(t)), \quad t \in I$$
$$y(t_0) = y_0$$

using Adam's methods (both implicit and explicit) and BDF of order 2 and 3.

## INPUT:

- f, the function which describes the vectorial field
- $t_0, y_0$  initial conditions;
- ullet T final time
- $\Delta t$  temporal step size;

## OUTPUT:

- Absolute error when the solution is known,
- the plot of the numerical approximation and the exact solution (when known) with different colors,
- Order of convergence of the scheme,
- Compute order of convergence using different *taking off* methods (e.g. euler, heun, etc) for the multi-step schemes.

You might test your code on the following ODEs

- a)  $\dot{y} = -y \log y$ , y(0) = 0.5, exact solution  $y(t) = e^{-e^{\log \log(2) t}}$
- b)  $\dot{y} = -e^{-(t+y)}$ , y(0) = 1, exact solution  $y(t) = \log(e + e^{-t} 1)$
- c)  $\dot{y} = y(1-y), y(0) = 0.5,$  exact solution  $y(t) = e^t/(1+e^t)$
- d)  $\dot{y} = 16y(1-y)\,y(0) = 1/1024$ , exact solution  $y(t) = e^{16t \log 1023}/\left(1 + e^{16t \log 1023}\right)$
- e) Harmonic oscillator

$$y'' = -\omega^2 y, y(0) = x_0, y'(0) = y_0 \omega,$$

exact solution:  $y(t) = x_0 \cos(\omega t) + y_0 \sin(\omega t)$ 

f) Lotka-Volterra

$$y_1' = \alpha y_1 - \beta y_1 y_2$$
  
$$y_2' = -\gamma y_2 + \delta y_1 y_2$$

For example:  $\alpha = 0.25, \beta = 0.01, \gamma = 1, \delta = 0.01, y_1(0) = 80, y_2(0) = 30, t_0 = 0, T = 30.$ 

## g) Van der Pol

$$y'_1 = y_2 - f(y_1)$$
  
 $y'_2 = -y_1$ 

with 
$$f(x) = x^3 - x$$
,  $y_1(0) = x_1$ ,  $y_2(0) = x_2$ .