No intermediate goods. -N locations. Vij = Cij Aj Vij Cij = (I SMk Ciky (w) oda). Pj = (I SMk (Pk (a) try) Tola) Fr. - Think of Knigman. No partits.

Lij = { bj Pi it is employed.

Lij = { bj Pi it is unemployed. KEN So PECW) Lej Cikj (a) da SIzj Ci.k.j (a) = (Pr(a) trej) (Tij BCy=Iy Pick up one (intinitesimal) time w in location j. Xj: expenditure in location j. Cky (a) = (Pk(a) this) (X). Jr(a) = I trej Cky (a). in location j. Ry (a): the revenue of firm a $R_{j}(\alpha) = \begin{cases} P_{kj}(\alpha) & \partial_{j}(\alpha) \end{cases}$ = Pg(a) Etak Gk(a).

1

$$F_{j}(\omega) = \frac{1}{2} P_{k}^{(-)} X_{k} + \frac{1}{2} P_{k}^{(-$$

Want:
$$w_j(l)$$
 as a function.
 $f(x) \leftarrow rewrite$.
 $-xf'(x) = 2f(x) - C \cdot x^{-\frac{1}{\sigma}}$.
 $C = \Phi_j z_j^{-\frac{1}{\sigma}} \left(\frac{\sigma-1}{\sigma}\right)$.

$$0r - xy' = 2y - C \cdot x^{-\frac{1}{2}}.$$

$$xy' = -2y + C \cdot x^{-\frac{1}{2}}.$$

$$x\frac{dy}{dx} = -2y + C \cdot x^{-\frac{1}{2}}.$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -2y + C \cdot x^{-\frac{1}{2}}.$$

$$x dy = (-2y + C \cdot x^{-1}) dx$$

 $(2y + Cx^{-1}) dx - x dy = 0$
 $(2x^{-1}y - C) dx - x^{-1}dy = 0$

Since I do not know how to solve this differential eg, verity (4.2) actually satisfies (4.1).

$$\begin{aligned} & = \frac{\partial R_{i}(l)}{\partial l} - w_{j}(l) - l \cdot \frac{\partial w_{j}(l)}{\partial l} \\ & = \frac{\sigma - l}{\sigma} \cdot \frac{\partial R_{i}(l)}{\partial l} - w_{j}(l) - l \cdot \left(\frac{\sigma - l}{2\sigma - l}\right) \cdot \frac{\partial R_{i}(l)}{\partial l} \cdot l - R_{j}(l) \\ & = \frac{\sigma - l}{\sigma} \cdot \frac{\partial R_{i}(l)}{\partial l} - w_{j}(l) - \left(\frac{\sigma - l}{2\sigma - l}\right) \cdot \frac{\sigma - l}{\partial l} \cdot \frac{\partial R_{i}(l)}{\partial l} \cdot l - \frac{\partial R_{i}(l)}{\partial l} \cdot \frac{\partial R_{i}(l)}{\partial l} \\ & = \frac{\sigma - l}{\sigma} \cdot \frac{\partial R_{i}(l)}{\partial l} - w_{j}(l) - \left(\frac{\sigma - l}{2\sigma - l}\right) \cdot \left[\frac{\sigma - l}{\sigma} \cdot \frac{\partial R_{i}(l)}{\partial l} - \frac{\partial R_$$

$$= \left[\frac{\sigma-1}{\sigma} + \frac{\sigma-1}{\sigma(2\sigma-1)}\right] \cdot z_{\sigma}^{-1} + \frac{\sigma}{\sigma} + \frac{\sigma}{$$

= o (o-1) -1 (20-1) - I dy = = 0 -20+1 - (0-1) (20-1) - Jody - 30-1 - J. P. = [o(o-1) o-1 (o-1) o] (20-1) of of of 20-1 - filty = (0-1) (20-1) - John 20-1 - 1 B Sub (6.2) into (6.0): $W_{j}(\omega) = \frac{\sigma-1}{2\sigma-1} \frac{2\sigma}{j} \frac{1}{\sigma} \cdot \left[\frac{\sigma-1}{2\sigma-1} \right] \cdot \left(\frac{1}{\sigma} \right) \frac{2\sigma-1}{\sigma} = \frac{\sigma-1}{\sigma} \cdot \frac{\sigma-1}{\sigma} \cdot \frac{\sigma-1}{\sigma} = \frac{\sigma-1}{\sigma} \cdot \frac{\sigma-1}{\sigma} \cdot \frac{\sigma-1}{\sigma} = \frac{\sigma-1}{\sigma}$ = 5-1 3-1 - 1 (5-1) - 1 - 1 - 1 - 3 - 5 = dy.Hy = Lyxytx. (or Hy = myLyxytx). Oj = Li - the probability that a worker find a job: xj = Hz' = Ljx-1 xj++ = (xz)+x = gj-x. - the probability that a firm finds a worker: $\phi_j = \frac{H_j}{V_j} = L_j V_j Y = \left(\frac{V_j}{L_j}\right)^{-\gamma} = \theta_j^{-\gamma}.$ - # the cust of posting a vacancy. Vj: vacanciès per firm. By dy = 3 vo ... (7.1). Vj = My Vj Hz = My Ly.

Die Sy Vz = endogenes

Hz = endogenes

endogenes.

$$\frac{H_{F}}{V_{g}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = 0^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = 0^{-\frac{1}{2}} = 0^{-\frac{1}{2}} = 0^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = 0^{-\frac{1}{2}} = 0^{-\frac{1}{2}} = 0^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = 0^{-\frac{1}{2}} = 0^{-\frac{1}{2}} = 0^{-\frac{1}{2}} = 0^{-\frac{1}{2}} = 0^{-\frac{1}{2}} = 0^{-\frac{1}{2}} = 0^{-\frac{$$

$$\begin{array}{lll}
& = & \sqrt{-1} \, L_{\frac{1}{2}} \, \theta_{\frac{1}{2}} \\
& = & (\sigma - 1)^{-6} \, (2\sigma - 1)^{6} \, \frac{1}{2}^{-6} \, \frac{1}{2}^$$

$$try C_{ij}(\omega) = f_{ij}(\omega)$$

$$= try \cdot f_{ij}(\omega) - \sigma f_{ij} - 1 \times 1$$

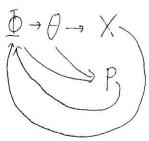
$$= try \cdot (try f_{i}(\omega)) - \sigma f_{ij} - 1 \times 1$$

$$try + (try f_{i}(\omega)) - \sigma f_{ij} - 1 \times 1$$

$$(10.1) \cdot (10.2) \cdot ($$

 $X_j = J_j \theta_j L_j$. D = (Ity-k Pr-1 Xx) = I to Per-1 Xic = 2+ k 3 k 0 k Lk. | [[(0-1) (20-1) (1) - (0+1) [20-1) (20-1) = Ztyk Jk OKLK [(0-1) (20-1) (20-1) In 3n 2n On this Ln. An equilibrium is (G, Xj, B, J) s.t. $G_{j} = \left[(\sigma - 1)(2\sigma - 1)^{\frac{1}{10}} \underbrace{J_{j}^{\frac{1}{10}}}_{\frac{1}{10}} \underbrace{J_{j}^{\frac{1}{10}}}}_{\frac{1}{10}} \underbrace{J_{j}^{\frac{1}{10}}}_{\frac{1}{10}} \underbrace{J_{j}^{\frac{1}{10}}}_{$... (11.1). Pj = [2 (5-1) (25-1) (25-1) (11-3) = (2th po-1Xk) -- (11.4) Nominal wages & employment rates are wy = 3, 0, 2 -- (# 11.5) ej = 0,1-x .- (11.6) Parameters: o, x, Z, Z, ty, try, Lk. (11.1)~(11.4) is a system of a equations w/ Wanknowns.

 $\frac{\partial_{j}}{\partial z} = (\sigma - 1)^{\frac{1}{N}} (2\sigma - 1)^{\frac{1}{N}} \int_{0}^{1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\alpha_{N}}} \frac{1}{2\sigma^{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1$



I need to set a numeraise.

$$w_{j} = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \tilde{\beta}_{j} \theta_{j} = 1$$

$$\theta_{j} = \frac{1}{\tilde{\beta}_{j}}$$

$$\tilde{\beta}_{k} = \frac{1}{\tilde{\beta}_{k}}$$

$$\tilde{\beta}_{k} = \frac{1}{\tilde{\beta}_{k}}$$

$$\tilde{\beta}_{k} = \frac{1}{\tilde{\beta}_{k}}$$

$$\tilde{\beta}_{k} = \frac{1}{\tilde{\beta}_{k}}$$

$$V_k = \frac{V_k}{V_j} = \frac{\beta_k \theta_k x}{\beta_j \theta_j x} = \frac{\beta_k x}{\beta_j \theta_j x}$$

of
$$f_y(\omega) = \tilde{J}_y V_y(\omega)$$
.
of $f_y(\omega) d\omega = \tilde{J}_y V_y(\omega) d\omega$
i. of $H_y = \tilde{J}_y V_y$.

$$\begin{aligned}
\theta_{j} &= \left[(\sigma_{-1}) (2\sigma_{-1}) f_{\sigma} \right] f_{\sigma} f_{$$

(B.5). $P_{j}^{+} = A_{j}^{-} (2\sigma - Q_{j} \cdot (\sigma - 1)^{-1} \cdot t_{k_{j}} \cdot M_{k} \cdot 3_{k} \cdot Z_{k}^{-1} \theta_{k}^{-1} \cdot d_{k}^{-1} \cdot d_{k}^{-1$

(13.3): Poto = I Mr. (20-1) to (20-1) to to 3/2 2/2 or 1 8x(10)

= (20-1) to (20-1) to (20-1) to 1 to 3/2 2/2 or 1 8x(10)

= (20-1) to (20-1) to (20-1) to 1 to 3/2 2/2 or 1 8x(10)

= (20-1) to (20-1) to (20-1) to 1 to 3/2 2/2 or 1 8x(10)

= (20-1) to (20-1) to (20-1) to 1 to 3/2 2/2 or 1 8x(10)

= (20-1) to (20-1)