

## **General Description**

The AO6601 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent  $R_{\rm DS(ON)}$  and low gate charge. The complementary MOSFETs form a high-speed power inverter, suitable for a multitude of applications.

#### **Features**

#### N-Ch:

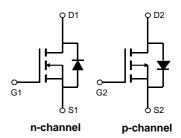
VDS (V)=30V

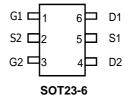
 $\begin{array}{llll} \bullet & I_D \!\!=\! 3.4A & (V_{GS} \!\!=\! 10V) \\ \bullet & R_{DS(ON)} & < & 60 m_\Omega & (V_{GS} = 10V) \\ \bullet & R_{DS(ON)} & < & 70 m_\Omega & (V_{GS} = 4.5V) \\ \bullet & R_{DS(ON)} & < & 90 m_\Omega & (V_{GS} = 2.5V) \end{array}$ 

#### P-Ch:

• VDS (V)=-30V

 $\begin{array}{lll} \bullet & I_{D}\text{=-}2.3A & (V_{GS}\text{=-}10V) \\ \bullet & R_{DS(ON)} & < 115 m_{\Omega} & (V_{GS}\text{ = }-10V) \\ \bullet & R_{DS(ON)} & < 150 m_{\Omega} & (V_{GS}\text{ = }-4.5V) \\ \bullet & R_{DS(ON)} & < 200 m_{\Omega} & (V_{GS}\text{ = }-2.5V) \end{array}$ 





### Absolute Maximum Ratings T<sub>A</sub>=25℃ unless otherwise noted

Parameter		Symbol	Max n-channel	Max p-channel	Units
Drain-Source Voltage		$V_{DS}$	30	-30	V
Gate-Source Voltage		$V_{GS}$	±12	±12	V
Continuous Drain	T <sub>A</sub> =25℃	1	3.4	-2.3	
Current	T <sub>A</sub> =70℃	I <sub>D</sub>	2.7	-1.8	Α
Pulsed Drain Current C		I <sub>DM</sub>	20	-15	
	T <sub>A</sub> =25℃	P <sub>D</sub>	1.15	1.15	W
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> =70℃	- D	0.73	0.73	VV
Junction and Storage Temperature Range		$T_J$ , $T_{STG}$	-55 to 150		J

Thermal Characteristics						
Parameter		Symbol	Тур	Max	Units	
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient	t ≤ 10s	D	78	110	€/M	
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient	Steady-State	$R_{\theta JA}$	106	150	€/W	
Maximum Junction-to-Lead Steady-State		$R_{\theta JL}$	64	80	€/M	



## N-Channel Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25℃ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
STATIC P	ARAMETERS					
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D = 250 \mu A, V_{GS} = 0 V$	30			V
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =30V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V	1		1	
1088	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Gurrent	T <sub>J</sub> =55℃			5	μΑ
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}$ =0V, $V_{GS}$ =±12V			±100	nA
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS} I_{D}=250\mu A$	0.5	1	1.5	V
I <sub>D(ON)</sub>	On state drain current	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $V_{DS}$ =5V	20			Α
		V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =3.4A		46	60	mΩ
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}$ =4.5V, $I_D$ =3A		50	70	$m\Omega$
		$V_{GS}$ =2.5 $V$ , $I_D$ =2 $A$		62	90	$m\Omega$
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}$ =5V, $I_D$ =3.4A		14		S
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A,V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		0.75	1	V
Is	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				1.5	Α
DYNAMIC	PARAMETERS					
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance		185	235	285	pF
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $V_{DS}$ =15V, f=1MHz	25	35	45	pF
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		10	18	25	pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $V_{DS}$ =0V, f=1MHz	0.9	1.8	2.7	Ω
SWITCHII	NG PARAMETERS					
Q <sub>g</sub> (10V)	Total Gate Charge			10	12	nC
Q <sub>g</sub> (4.5V)	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, I <sub>D</sub> =3.4A		4.7	6	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge	VGS=10V, VDS=13V, ID=3.4A		0.95		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge			1.6		nC
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime			3.5		ns
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off DelayTime	$R_{GEN}$ =3 $\Omega$		17.5		ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time	7		2.5		ns
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =3.4A, dI/dt=100A/μs		8.5	12	ns
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	l <sub>F</sub> =3.4A, dl/dt=100A/μs		2.55	4	nC

A. The value of R<sub>BJA</sub> is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub> =25° C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design. B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =150° C, using  $\leq$  10s junction-to-ambient thermal resistance.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep

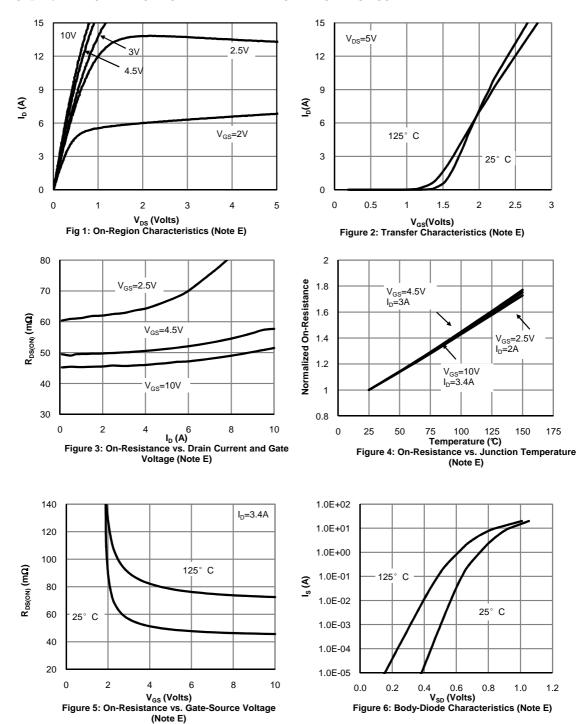
D. The  $R_{\rm BJA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedence from junction to lead  $R_{\rm BJI}$  and lead to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300µs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-ambient thermal impedence which is measured with the device mounted on  $1\text{in}^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =150° C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

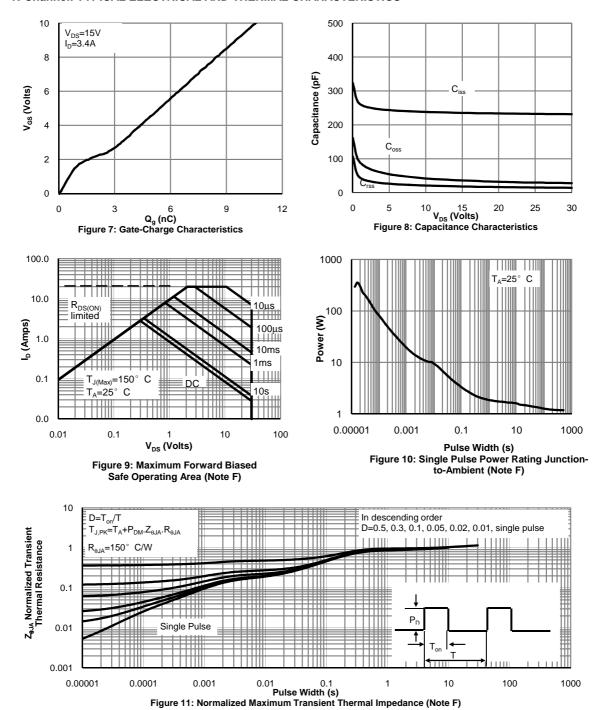


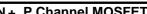
## N-Channel: TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS





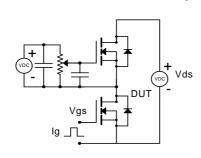
#### N-Channel: TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

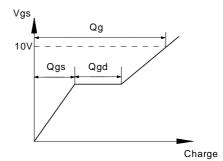




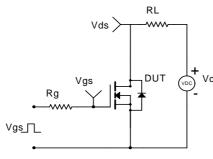


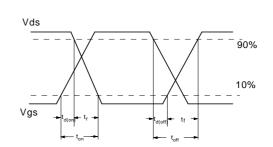
## Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



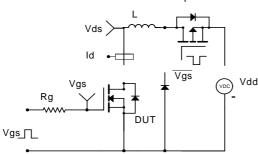


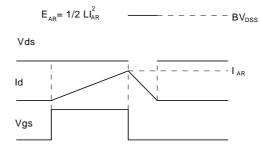
Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



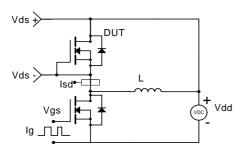


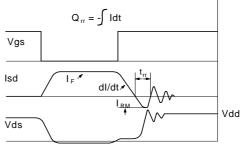
Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms





Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms







## P-Channel Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25℃ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
STATIC P	PARAMETERS					
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D$ =-250 $\mu$ A, $V_{GS}$ =0V	-30			V
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}$ =-30V, $V_{GS}$ =0V			-1	μΑ
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}$ =0V, $V_{GS}$ =±12V			±100	nA
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$ $I_{D}=-250\mu A$	-0.6	-1	-1.4	V
I <sub>D(ON)</sub>	On state drain current	$V_{GS}$ =-10V, $V_{DS}$ =-5V	-15			Α
5		V <sub>GS</sub> =-10V, I <sub>D</sub> =-2.3A		88	115	mΩ
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}$ =-4.5V, $I_D$ =-2A		103	150	$m\Omega$
		$V_{GS}$ =-2.5V, $I_D$ =-1A		139	200	mΩ
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}$ =-5V, $I_D$ =-2.3A		8		S
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =-1A,V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		-0.78	-1	V
I <sub>S</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				-1.5	Α
DYNAMIC	PARAMETERS					
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance		205	260	315	pF
Coss	Output Capacitance	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $V_{DS}$ =-15V, f=1MHz	25	37	50	pF
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		10	20	30	pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $V_{DS}$ =0V, f=1MHz	4	8	12	Ω
SWITCHII	NG PARAMETERS					
Q <sub>g</sub> (10V)	Total Gate Charge		4.5	5.9	7	nC
Q <sub>g</sub> (4.5V)	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =-15V, I <sub>D</sub> =-2.3A	2	2.8	4	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =-13V, I <sub>D</sub> =-2.3A		0.7		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge			1		nC
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime			6		ns
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off DelayTime	$R_{GEN}=3\Omega$		20		ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time			5		ns
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =-2.3A, dI/dt=100A/μs		11.5	15	ns
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	<sub>e</sub> I <sub>F</sub> =-2.3A, dI/dt=100A/μs		4.5	6	nC

A. The value of R<sub>BJA</sub> is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub> =25° C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design. B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =150° C, using  $\leq$  10s junction-to-ambient thermal resistance.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep

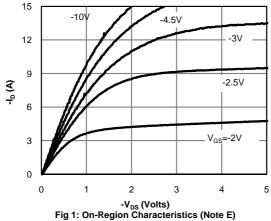
D. The  $R_{\rm BJA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedence from junction to lead  $R_{\rm BJI}$  and lead to ambient.

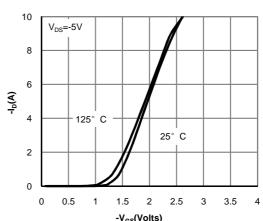
E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300µs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-ambient thermal impedence which is measured with the device mounted on  $1\text{in}^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =150° C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.



#### P-Channel: TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS





-V<sub>GS</sub>(Volts)
Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)

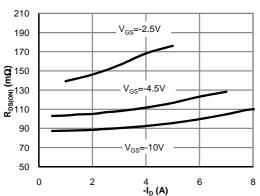


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)

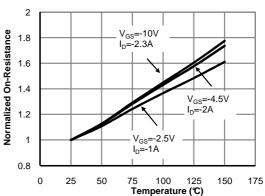
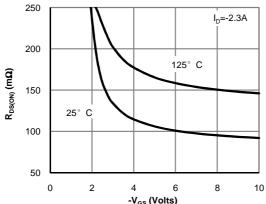
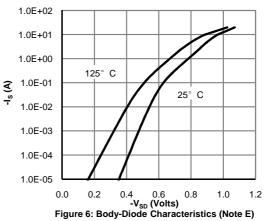


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)

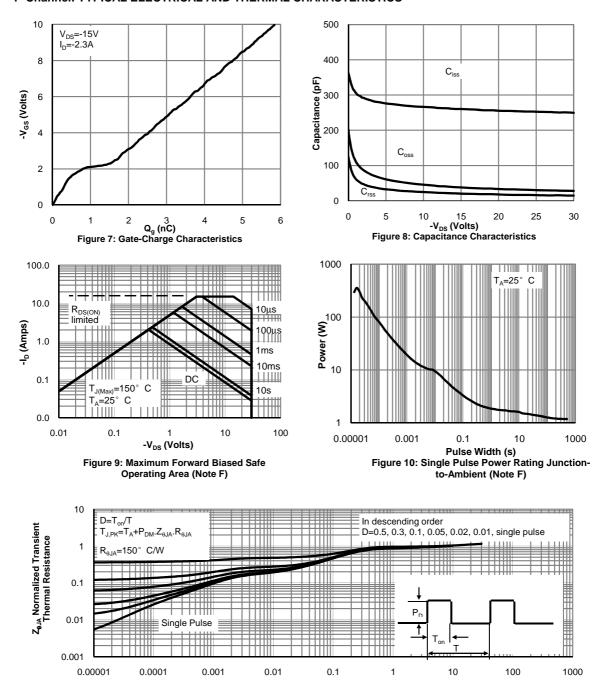


-V<sub>GS</sub> (Volts) Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)





## P-Channel: TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

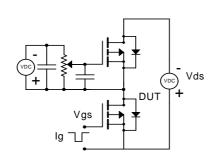


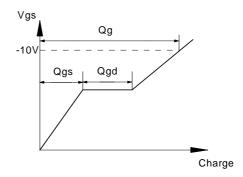
Pulse Width (s)
Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)



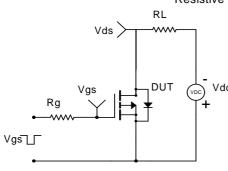
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform

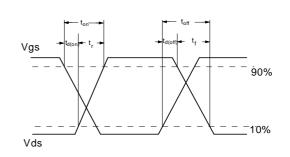
#### N + P Channel MOSFET



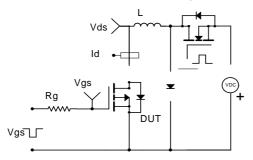


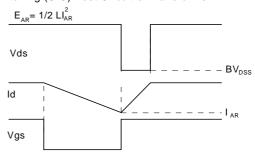
Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



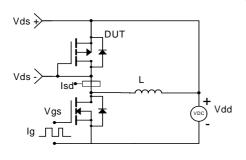


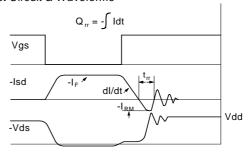
Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms





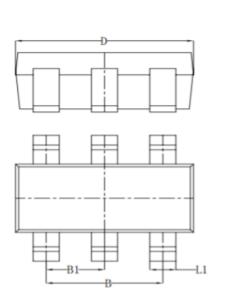
Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

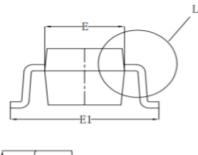


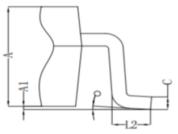




## **SOT23-6 PACKAGE OUTLIE DIMENSIONS**

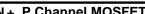






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Symbol	Dim i			
Symbol	Min	Nor	Max	
A	1. 050	1. 100	1.150	
A1	0.000	0. 050	0.100	
L1	0. 300	0. 400	0.500	
С	0.100	0.150	0. 200	
D	2.820	2.920	3. 020	
Е	1.500	1. 600	1.700	
E1	2. 650	2. 800	2. 950	
В	1.800	1.900	2. 000	
B1	0. 950 TYP			
L2	0. 300	0.450	0.600	
О	0°	4°	8°	





## Marking



# **Ordering information**

Order code	Package	Baseqty	Deliverymode
UMW AO6601	SOT23-6	3000	Tape and reel