

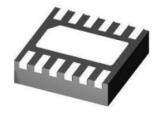
# 24bit, 192kHz Dual Channel Differential Digital to Analog Converter

### **PRODUCT DESCRIPTION**

The MS5281D is a stereo digital-to-analog converter chip, which contains interpolation filter, a multi-bit  $\Delta\text{-}\Sigma$  modulator, differential output analog filter. The MS5281D supports most of audio data formats. It is based on the fourth order of a linear analog low pass filter and multi-bit  $\Delta\text{-}\Sigma$  modulator. The MS5281D can automatically adjust the sample rate from 2kHz and 200kHz by detecting signal frequency and master clock frequency.

The MS5281D can operate at 3.3V and 5V. These features make it ideal for wireless devices such as DVD playback decoders and digital communication devices. The MS5281D is available in DFN12 package.





DFN12

### **FEATURES**

- Muti-bit  $\Delta\Sigma$  Modulator
- 24bit D/A Converter
- Automatic Detection of Signal Frequencies up to 192kHz
- DR: 110dB
- THD: 0.003%
- Low Clock Jitter Sensitivity
- 3.3V or 5V Operating Voltage
- Linear Filter Output
- DFN12 Package

### **APPLICATIONS**

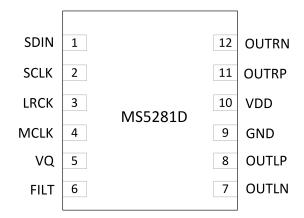
- Digital Communication Equipment
- Car Audio System
- DVD Audio System

### PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

Part Number	Package	Marking
MS5281D	DFN12	5281D



# PIN CONFIGURATION

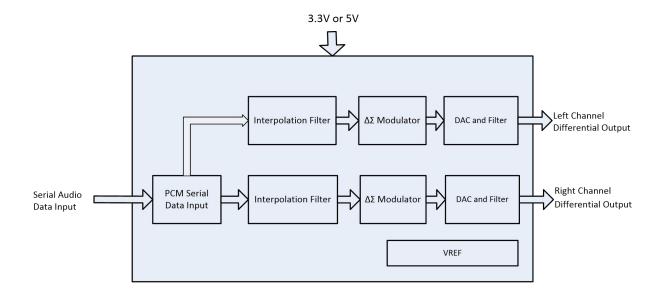


# **PIN DESCRIPTION**

Pin	Name	Туре	Description
1	SDIN	I	Serial Audio Data Input
2	SCLK	ı	External Serial Clock Input
3	LRCK	ı	Left or Right Clock
4	MCLK	ı	Master Clock
5	VQ	10	DC Voltage
6	FILT	10	Positive Reference Voltage
7	OUTLN	0	Left Channel Negative Analog Output
8	OUTLP	0	Left Channel Positive Analog Output
9	GND	-	Ground
10	VDD	-	Power
11	OUTRP	0	Right Channel Positive Analog Output
12	OUTRN	0	Right Channel Negative Analog Output



# **BLOCK DIAGRAM**





# **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Any exceeding absolute maximum rating application causes permanent damage to device. Because long-time absolute operation state affects device reliability. Absolute ratings just conclude from a series of extreme tests. It doesn't represent chip can operate normally in these extreme conditions.

Parameter	Symbol	Range	Unit
Power Supply	VDD	-0.3∼ 7	V
Input Current	l <sub>in</sub>	-10 ~ +10	uA
Digital Input Voltage	V <sub>IND</sub>	-0.3 ~ VDD+0.3	V
Operating Temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	-55 ~ 125	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 ~ <b>1</b> 50	°C

## **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Туо	Max	Unit
Power Supply	VDD	3.0		5.5	V
Temperature Range	T <sub>A</sub>	-40		+85	°C



# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

# **DAC Analog Characteristics**

TA = 25°C, Full-scale Output Sinusoidal Signal, 997Hz, Fs = 48/96/192kHz;

RL=3k $\Omega$ , CL=10pF, Test Bandwidth 10Hz to 20kHz.

_				3.3V				
Parameter		Min	Тур	Max	Unit			
DR	24 bit	A-weighted	100	102		dB		
TUD	24 -	OdB	0.003			%		
THD	24 bit	-60dB	0.1	0.3		%		
Isolation								
Inter Channe	el Isolation (1	.kHz)	95	100		dB		
DAC Accurac	cy							
Inter Channe	el Gain Mism	atch		0.1	0.2	dB		
Analog Outp	out							
Full Scale Ou	ıtput Voltage		0.63×VDD	0.66×VDD	0.69×VDD	Vpp		
DC Voltage (	V <sub>Q</sub> )			0.5×VDD		VDC		
Maximum D	C Current at	AOUT pin (I <sub>OUTmax</sub> )		3.3		mA		
Maximum C	urrent at VQ	pin (I <sub>Qmax</sub> )		1		mA		
Maximum AC-Load Resistance (R <sub>L</sub> )			1		kΩ			
Maximum Lo	oad Capacita	nce (C <sub>L</sub> )		1000		pF		
Output Impe	edance (Z <sub>оит</sub> )			110		Ω		

### **Filter Characteristics**

Parameter			Тур	Max	Unit
Single-Speed Mode					
	to -0.1dB Corner			0.35	Fs
PassBand	to -3dB Corner			0.4992	Fs
Frequency Response from 40Hz to 15kHz		-0.07		+0.55	dB
StopBand		0.54			Fs
StopBand Attenuation		55			dB
Group Delay(Tgd)			10/fs		S
Double-Speed Mode					
	to -0.1dB Corner	0		0.22	Fs
PassBand	to -3dB Corner	0		0.501	Fs
Frequency Response from 40Hz to 15kHz		-0.02		+0.2	dB



	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
StopBand		0.54			Fs
StopBand Attenuation		55			dB
Group Delay(Tgd)			5/Fs		S
Quad-Speed Mode					
	to -0.1dB Corner	0		0.11	Fs
PassBand	to -3 dB Corner	0		0.469	Fs
Frequency Response fror	n 40Hz to 15kHz	-0.01		+0.1	dB
StopBand		0.54			Fs
StopBand Attenuation		55			dB
Group Delay(Tgd)			2.5/Fs		S

# **Digital Input Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
High-Level Input Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	VDD-0.6			V
Low-Level Input Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>			0.6	V
Input Leakage Current	I <sub>in</sub>		0.02		uA
Input Capacitance			3	8	pF

## **Power Characteristics**

Param	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
	Normal Operation(3.3V)	I <sub>A</sub>		16	25	mA
Power Supply Current	Power Down state(3.3V)	$I_A$		100		uA
	1kHz(3.3V)			70		dB
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	60Hz(3.3V)	PSRR		50		dB

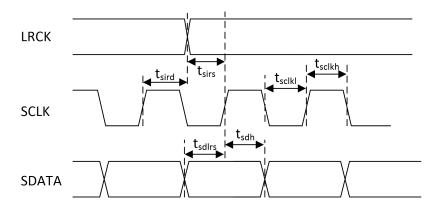
# **Switching Characteristics (Serial Interface)**

P	Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
MCLK Frequency			2		50	MHz
MCLK Duty Cycle			45		55	%
	256x,384x,1024x		8		50	kHz
	256x,384x		84		134	kHz
	512x,768x		42		67	kHz
Input Sample Rate	1152x	Fs	30		34	kHz
(MCLK/LRCK)	128x,192x		50		100	kHz
	64x,96x		100		200	kHz
	128x,192x		168		200	kHz



Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
LRCK Duty Cycle (External SCLK only)		45	50	55	%
SCLK Pulse Width Low	tsclkl	20			ns
SCLK Pulse Width High	tsclkh	20			ns
SCLK Duty Cycle		45	50	55	%
SCLK Rising to LRCK Edge Delay	tslrd	20			ns
SCLK Rising to LRCK Edge Setup Time	tslrs	20			ns
SDIN Valid to SCLK Rising Edge Setup Time	tsdlrs	20			ns
SCLK Rising to SDIN Hold Time	tsdh	20			ns

# **External Serial Interface Input Timing**





### **FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION**

The MS5281D accepts standard audio sampling frequency, including 48, 44.1, 32kHz in QSM mode, 96, 88.2 and 64kHz in DSM mode, 192, 176.4, 128kHz in SSM mode. Audio data is entered through serial input data terminal (SDIN). LRCK determines the channel of the present input data. A serial clock is a clock where audio data enters the input data cache.

### **Master Clock**

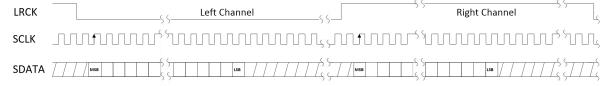
The MCLK/LRCK ratio must be an integer, as shown in table 1 below. The frequency of LRCK is equal to the frequency Fs of input data for each channel. The ratio of MCLK to LRCK and the speed mode are initialized by calculating the number of MCLK cycles and the value of MCLK within an LRCK period. A built-in divider will produce a proper clock. The following table lists some of the audio sampling frequencies, along with the corresponding MCLK and LRCK frequencies. Note that although there is no phase requirement, the LRCK and MCLK must be synchronized.

LRCK MCLK(MHz) Mode (kHz) 128x 256x 384x 512x 768x 1024x 8.192 12.288 32 16.384 24.576 32.768 QSM 44.1 5.6448 11.2896 16.9344 22.5792 33.868 45.158 36.864 48 6.144 12.288 18.432 24.576 49.152 64 8.192 16.384 24.576 32.768 49.152 DSM 88.2 11.2896 22.5792 33.868 45.1584 96 12.288 24.576 36.864 49.152 128 24.576 32.768 49.152 SSM 22.5792 176.4 45.1584 192 24.576 49.152

Table 1. Clock Frequencies

## Serial Input Clock

When 16 rising edge pulses are detected continuously at SCLK port during an LRCK cycle, an external serial input clock is entered.



 $I^2S$ , Up to 24-bit Data, Data valid on rising edge of SCLK MS5281D Data Format ( $I^2S$ )



#### **Initialization and Power Down**

When the system is initially powered up, it enters the power-down state. At this time, the interpolation filter and  $\Delta$ - $\Sigma$  modulator are reset. The internal reference voltage, digital-to-analog converter, switched-capacitor filter, and low-pass filter are shut down until the system detects MCLK and LRCK clock. Once MCLK and LRCK are detected, the system starts to calculate the ratio of MCLK to LRCK, then powers up the internal reference voltage, and finally powers up the digital-to-analog converter, the switched-capacitor filter, and outputs the quiescent voltage VQ.

### **Output Transient Control**

The MS5281D uses Pop-guard technology to reduce transient response during power-up and power-down.

#### **Power Up**

The DC level at the output terminal is provided by the VQ pin, which is low when the system is initially powered up. When MCLK detects this, VQ generates normal DC voltage. The start-up time is 400ms when a 10uF capacitor terminated to VQ pin.

#### **Power Down**

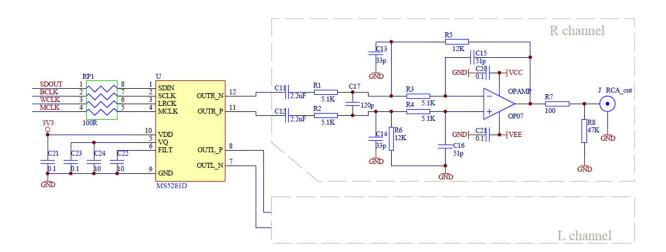
To prevent transient pulses at the output terminal during power down, a 10uF capacitor is connected to the VQ pin. During this time, the VQ pin and the output pin gradually descend to GND. When it is necessary to change the clock frequency or sampling frequency, it is better to keep 10 cycles in the LRCK low level signal. The DAC keeps the low level output during the clock transformation.

## **Ground and Power Supply Decouple**

Be careful with ground and power connections to achieve desired performance. For best performance, the decoupling and filter capacitors must be placed as close as possible to the chip.



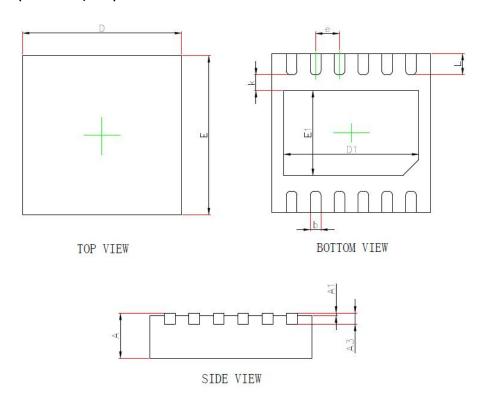
# TYPICAL APPLICATION





# **PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS**

DFNWB3X3-12L(P0.45T0.75/0.85)



	Dimensions I	n Millimeters	Dimensions in Inches	
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max
Α	0.700/0.800	0.800/0.900	0.028/0.031	0.031/0.035
A1	0.000	0.050	0.000	0.002
A3	0.20	3REF	0.008REF	
D	2.924	3.076	0.115	0.121
E	2.924	3.076	0.115	0.121
D1	2.450	2.650	0.096	0.104
E1	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067
k	0.200	0.200MIN		MIN
b	0.150	0.250	0.006	0.010
e	0.45	0.450TYP		ВТҮР
L	0.324	0.476	0.013	0.019



# **MARKING and PACKAGING SPECIFICATIONS**

# 1. Marking Drawing Description



Product Name: 5281D
Product Code: XXXXXXX

# 2. Marking Drawing Demand

Laser printing, contents in the middle, font type Arial.

# 3. Packaging Specifications

Device	Package	Piece/Tray	Tray/Box	Piece/Box	Box/Carton	Piece/Carton
MS5281D	DFN12	5000	1	5000	8	40000



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## MOS CIRCUIT OPERATION PRECAUTIONS

Static electricity can be generated in many places. The following precautions can be taken to effectively prevent the damage of MOS circuit caused by electrostatic discharge:

- 1. The operator shall ground through the anti-static wristband.
- 2. The equipment shell must be grounded.
- 3. The tools used in the assembly process must be grounded.
- 4. Must use conductor packaging or anti-static materials packaging or transportation.



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