

パラメータ設定

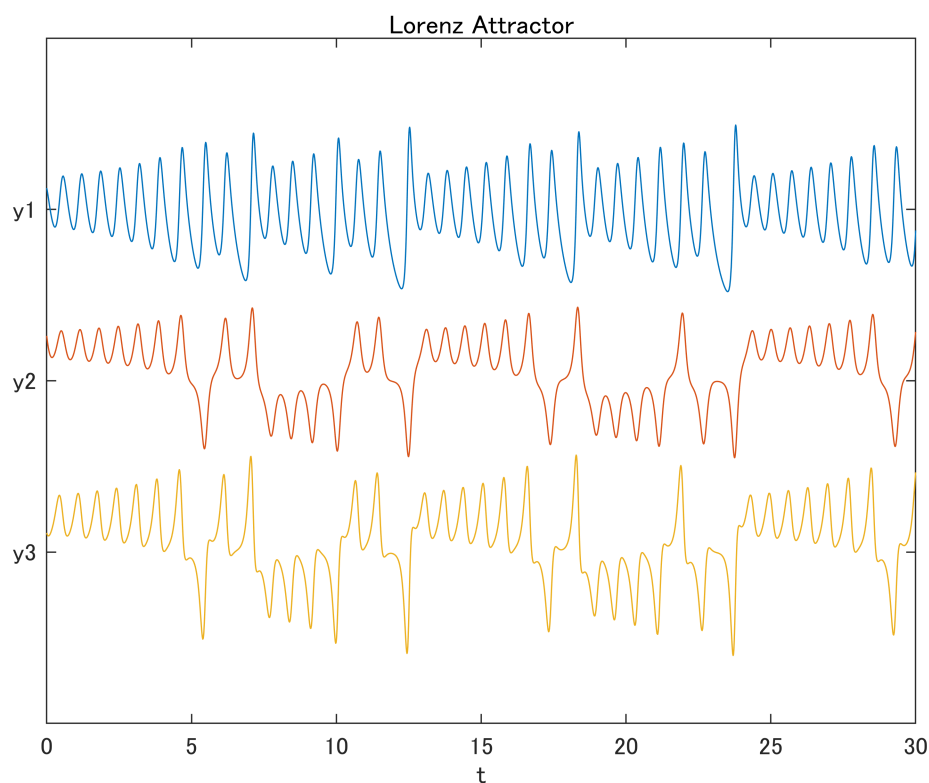
```
params.sigma = 10;  
params.beta = 8/3;  
params.rho = 28;  
params.eta = sqrt(params.beta*(params.rho-1));
```

データ生成

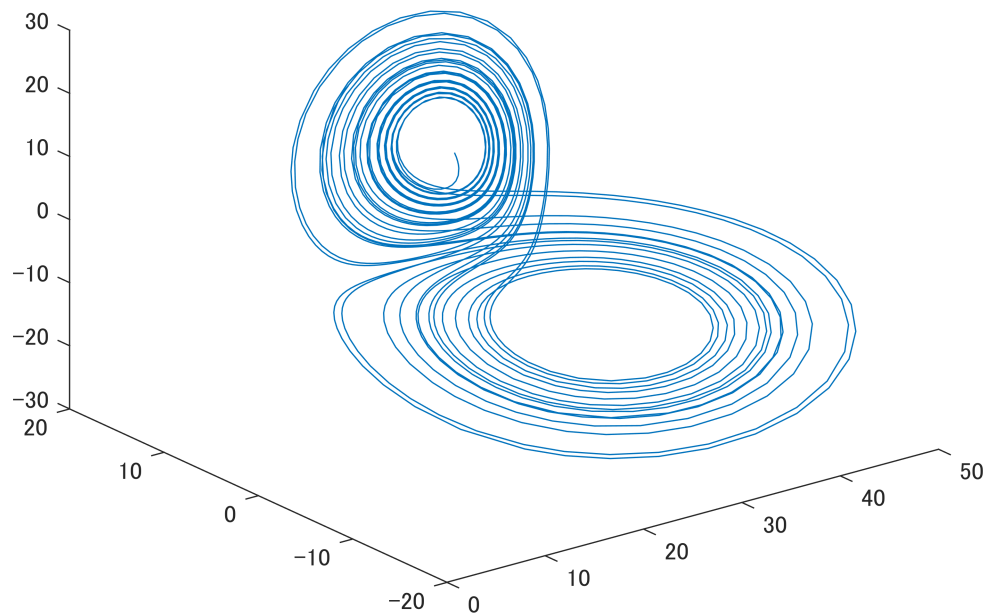
```
[t,y] = lorenzgen(params);
```

描画

```
plot(t,[y(:,1)+15 y(:,2) y(:,3)-40]);  
axis([0 30 -80 80])  
set(gca,'ytick',[-40 0 40],'yticklabel',{'y3','y2','y1'})  
xlabel('t')  
title('Lorenz Attractor')
```



```
figure  
h1 = plot3(y(:,1),y(:,2),y(:,3));
```



遅延埋め込みとデータ行列生成

```
nDelay = 1;

ts = [];
for iCol = 1:size(y,2)
    c = y(1:nDelay+1,iCol);
    r = y(nDelay+1:end,iCol);
    h = hankel(c,r);
    ts = cat(3,ts,h);
end

X = reshape(permute(ts,[2 1 3]),size(ts,2),[]);
```

学習方法

1. Classify $\{\mathbf{x}_k\}_k \in \mathcal{M}$ into Q -clusters by using Gaussian mixture model (GMM), where the dimension is reduced if possible.
2. Set $\{\hat{\mathbf{a}}_c\}_c \in \mathcal{M}$ by the mean vectors $\{\boldsymbol{\mu}_c\}_c$ of the c -th Gaussian obtained by Step~1.
3. Design analysis LSUNs $\{\hat{\boldsymbol{\Psi}}_c\}_c$ from $\{\mathbf{x}_k\}_k$.

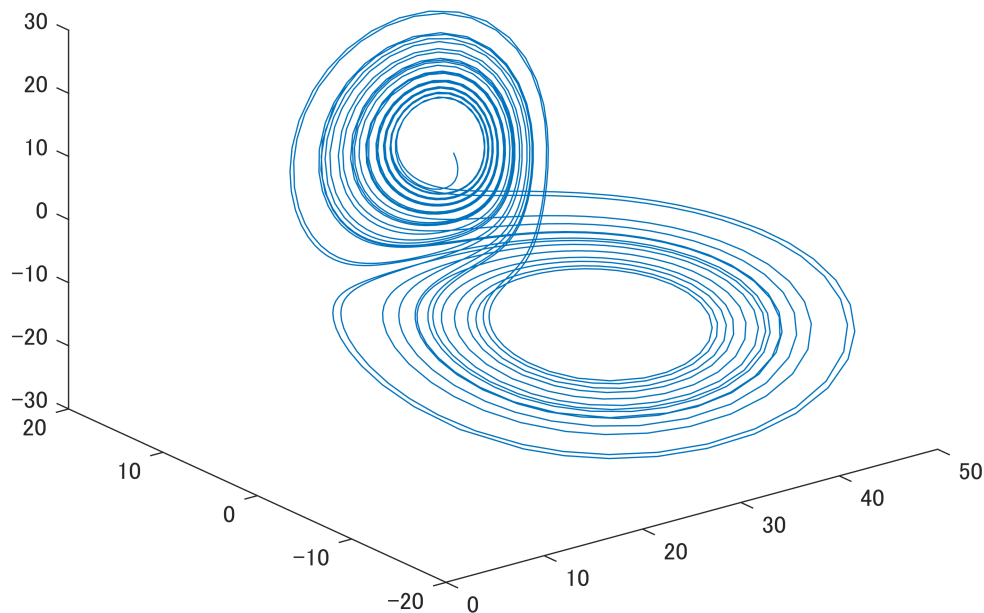
4. Obtain linear operators $\{\hat{\mathbf{K}}_c\}_c$ and biases $\{\hat{\mathbf{b}}_c\}_c$ from $\{\mathbf{x}_k\}_k$ by using linear AEs with LSUN.

Step 1 クラスタリング

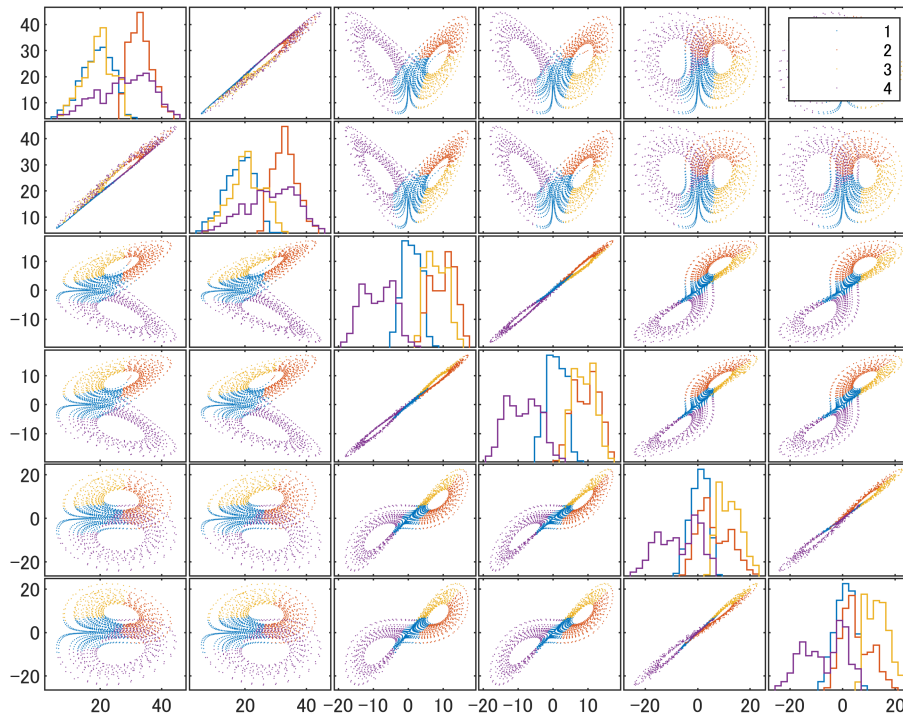
```
nGauss = 4;
options = statset('MaxIter',1000);

Sigma = 'full';
SharedCovariance = false;

gmfit = fitgmdist(X,nGauss,'CovarianceType',Sigma, ...
    'SharedCovariance',SharedCovariance,'Options',options); % Fitted GMM
clusterX = cluster(gmfit,X); % Cluster index
if nDelay == 0
    hold on
end
plot3(gmfit.mu(:,1),gmfit.mu(:,2),gmfit.mu(:,3),'kx','LineWidth',2,'MarkerSize',10)
end
hold off
```



```
figure
gplotmatrix(X,[],clusterX)
```



Step 2 平均ベクトルの算出

```
acT = gmfit.mu; % Q x 3(d+1)
ac = acT.'; % 3(d+1) x Q
```

Step 3 PCA (LSUN) の設計

```
for c = 1:nGauss
    c
    Sigmac = gmfit.Sigma(:, :, c);
    Psi(:, :, c) = pcacov(Sigmac); % pca(Zc);
end
```

```
c = 1
c = 2
c = 3
c = 4
```

```
%plotmatrix(Zc)
%plotmatrix((Psi(:, :, c)*Zc.').')
```

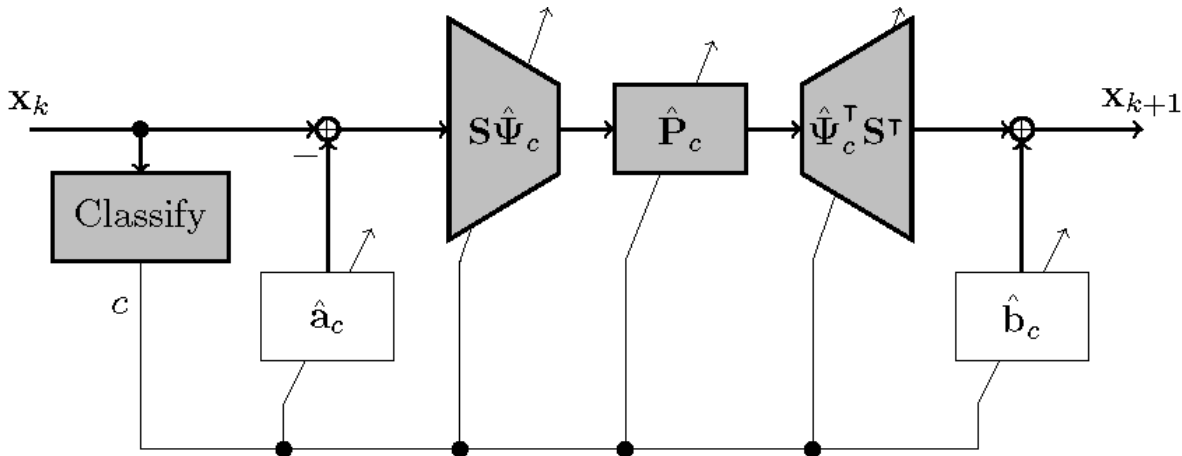
Step 4 線形変換 P_c とバイアス b_c の導出

```

P = 2; % # of channels
for c = 1:nGauss
    Ic = find(clusterX == c);
    Ic = Ic(1:end-1);
    %
    X0cT = X(Ic,:);
    X1cT = X(Ic+1,:);
    Z0cT = X0cT-acT(c,:);
    %
    Psic = Psi(:,:,c);
    PsiZ0c = Psi(:,:,c)*Z0cT.';
    SPsicZ0c = PsiZ0c(1:P,:);
    Q_bc = (X1cT).'*pinv([SPsicZ0c; ones(1,size(SPsicZ0c,2))]);
    %
    Qc = Q_bc(:,1:end-1);
    bc(:,c) = Q_bc(:,end);
    %
    Pc(:,:,c) = Psic(1:P,:)*Qc;
end

```

学習パラメータ



$$\hat{S}\hat{\Psi}_c \in \mathbb{R}^{P \times N}$$

```
SPsic = Psi(1:P, :, :)
```

```
SPsic =
SPsic(:, :, 1) =
```

```

0.6274    -0.3463    -0.0735    -0.1870    -0.6648     0.0648
0.6005    -0.3324    -0.1021     0.1978     0.6891    -0.0671

```

```
SPsic(:, :, 2) =
```

```

0.1232     0.6476    -0.0672     0.6500     0.2802    -0.2446
0.2406     0.5774    -0.4926    -0.5633    -0.0681     0.2101

```

SPsic(:, :, 3) =

0.4566	-0.5303	-0.1843	0.4885	-0.4441	0.2011
0.5564	-0.4091	-0.1086	-0.4563	0.5110	-0.2049

SPsic(:, :, 4) =

0.5489	0.4024	0.1016	-0.4592	-0.5219	0.2080
0.4527	0.4790	0.3422	0.5189	0.3902	-0.1641

$$\hat{\mathbf{P}}_c \in \mathbb{R}^{P \times P}$$

Pc

Pc =

Pc(:, :, 1) =

1.0362	-0.0776
-0.0632	1.0360

Pc(:, :, 2) =

1.0414	-0.4587
0.0628	0.8656

Pc(:, :, 3) =

0.9379	0.2610
-0.1410	0.8727

Pc(:, :, 4) =

1.0389	-0.2479
0.1157	0.9122

$$\hat{\mathbf{a}}_c \in \mathbb{R}^N$$

ac

ac = 6x4

18.9183	33.2055	19.4039	28.1605
18.2555	33.0421	20.6589	28.4654
1.0362	10.0492	8.1311	-8.6488
0.9658	9.4488	8.9886	-8.5387
0.5509	6.2220	12.2017	-7.2176
0.6129	5.1907	13.1751	-6.9488

$$\hat{\mathbf{b}}_c \in \mathbb{R}^N$$

bc

bc = 6x4

18.2531	33.0428	20.6637	28.4640
17.6447	32.6558	22.1654	28.7323
0.9627	9.4490	8.9781	-8.5427
0.9144	8.7854	9.8298	-8.4003

0.6118	5.1865	13.1573	-6.9427
0.6821	4.2258	13.9489	-6.6396

Classifier

```
classify = @(x) cluster(gmfit,x.')
```

```
classify = 値をもつ function_handle:  
@(x)cluster(gmfit,x.')
```

シミュレーション

```
function [t,y] = lorenzgen(params)  
  
sigma = params.sigma;  
beta = params.beta;  
rho = params.rho;  
eta = params.eta;  
  
A = [ -beta 0 eta;  
      0 -sigma sigma;  
      -eta rho -1 ];  
v0 = [rho-1 eta eta]';  
y0 = v0 + [3 2 -4]';  
tspan = [0 30];  
  
[t,y] = ode45(@(t,y) lorenzeqn(t,y,A), tspan, y0);  
end  
  
function ydot = lorenzeqn(t,y,A)  
  
A(1,3) = y(2);  
A(3,1) = -y(2);  
ydot = A*y;  
  
end
```