Home Credit: Final Report

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Introduction

Assessing the Problem

Traditionally, borrowing costs have been tied to creditors' assessment of credit default risk based on simple, but broad financial criteria. Unfortunately, this leaves many potential borrowers out of the market, or paying higher interest rates. Conversely, these same criteria may not always be sufficient to redudce default risk by clients who may meet the criteria, but may eventually default because of other, potentially forseeable, reasons not sufficiently accounted for in the criteria.

Client Solution

Using historical client credit data, I will create a Machine Laerning model capable of predicting, as accurately as possible, an individual applicants's liklihood of defaulting. This model can then be used by Home Creidt to make more refined decisions as to whom they offer loans, the types of loans offered and the interest terms.

Steps Taken

- 1. Cleaned and merged the "train" data to get a single data frame for incorporation in ML algorythms;
- 2. Examined the data using P-tests to determine signifant features for incorporation into the ML algorhythms;
- 3. Reserved 80% of the training data for training the algorythms and 20% for testing
- 4. Using Caret package, trained several different models:
 - a. General Linear Model, using 100% of the apportioned train data
 - b. Naive Bayes model, using 100% of the apportioned train data
 - c. K Nearest Neighbor Model, using 100% of the apportioned train data
 - d. Random Forest Model, with the data segmented into 5%, 10%, 20%, 30%, 60% and 80% groups for comparision, and as a check against overfitting
- 5. Used visualization tools to deomonstrate these correlations and the accuracy of the model.

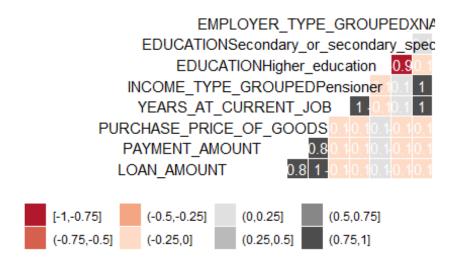
Data Cleanup and Feature Selection

- 1) I examined P values for each potential feature vs. TARGET to assist in determining its releavance and significance for use in ML models;
- 2) I used a correlation chart to determine highly correlated (and therefore redundant) features for removal so that they won't be overrepresenated in the ML trainers at later steps;
- 3) I supplied a plot for each variable that demonstrates simple counts for each categorical variable or binned continuous variable;
- 4) I supplied a plot demonstrating the significance of each variable to the TARGET variable;
- 5) I supplied summary statistical information for each variable;
- for continuous features, I used the Shapiro-Wilks Test (shapiro.test())to test for distributive normality;
- upon finding that my continous features are not normally distriubted, I applied the Wilcoxon Rank Sum Test (wilcox.test()) as the t-test assumption of normality is not met.

Correlation matrix with ONLY correlation values > .6

The full correlation matrix for the features of this data set is too large to legibly display. Therefore a simplified correlation matrix follows, which displays ONLY correlation values between features that are greater than 0.6.

Based on this correlation matrix, I removed three features from the model: INCOME_TYPE_GROUPEDPensioner, EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDXNA, and EDUCATIONHigher_education



Summary of P values for each feature

The following table of p values will be used for final feature selection in our ML models. Of particular note are the "Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1" which demonstrate the significance of the feature based on is P-value.

```
## Coefficients:
                                           Estimate Std. Error z value
##
                                         -1.976e+00 6.090e-01 -3.244
## (Intercept)
## SK ID CURR
                                         -4.553e-08
                                                     6.635e-08 -0.686
## LOAN_TYPERevolving loans
                                         -3.389e-01 2.879e-02 -11.773
                                         -8.499e-03 8.860e-04
## AGE
                                                                -9.593
## GENDERM
                                          3.612e-01 1.553e-02
                                                                23.251
## GENDERXNA
                                         -6.500e+00 3.500e+01
                                                               -0.186
## OWNS CARY
                                         -3.862e-01 2.066e-02 -18.688
## AGE OF CAR
                                          6.053e-03 9.512e-04
                                                                 6.363
## OWNS_REALTYY
                                          4.839e-02 1.539e-02
                                                                 3.145
                                         -7.783e-03 1.008e-02
## CHILDREN
                                                               -0.772
## TOTAL INCOME
                                          1.362e-08 1.829e-08
                                                                0.745
## LOAN_AMOUNT
                                          2.276e-06 1.265e-07
                                                                17.998
## PAYMENT_AMOUNT
                                          1.011e-05 1.351e-06
                                                                7.478
## PURCHASE PRICE OF GOODS
                                         -2.898e-06 1.219e-07 -23.784
## RATIO_LOAN_TO_ANNUITY
                                          4.653e-04 2.136e-03
                                                                 0.218
## EDUCATIONHigher education
                                          1.194e+00 5.903e-01
                                                                 2.022
## EDUCATIONIncomplete higher
                                          1.357e+00
                                                     5.912e-01
                                                                 2.295
## EDUCATIONLower secondary
                                          1.732e+00 5.925e-01
                                                                 2.924
## EDUCATIONSecondary / secondary special 1.597e+00
                                                     5.901e-01
                                                                 2.706
## MARITAL_STATUSMarried
                                         -1.629e-01
                                                               -7.336
                                                     2.220e-02
## MARITAL_STATUSSeparated
                                         -2.428e-02 3.357e-02
                                                                -0.723
## MARITAL STATUSSingle / not married
                                         -5.724e-02 2.626e-02
                                                                -2.180
                                         -8.218e+00 5.087e+01
## MARITAL STATUSUnknown
                                                                -0.162
## MARITAL_STATUSWidow
                                         -1.487e-01 4.134e-02
                                                               -3.596
## HOUSING STATUSHouse / apartment
                                          3.332e-02 1.141e-01
                                                                0.292
## HOUSING_STATUSMunicipal apartment
                                          1.771e-01 1.192e-01
                                                                 1.485
## HOUSING_STATUSOffice apartment
                                         -1.728e-01 1.397e-01 -1.237
## HOUSING STATUSRented apartment
                                          1.811e-01 1.225e-01
                                                                 1.478
## HOUSING_STATUSWith parents
                                          8.831e-02 1.170e-01
                                                                 0.755
## YEARS_AT_CURRENT_JOB
                                         -3.329e-02 1.566e-03 -21.267
## YEARS SINCE GETTING IDENTITY DOCUMENT
                                         -5.066e-03 8.003e-04
                                                                -6.330
## REGION_AND_CITY_RATING
                                          1.757e-01 1.432e-02
                                                                12.271
## External.Score.1
                                          2.317e-03
                                                     2.393e-02
                                                                 0.097
## External.Score.2
                                         -2.239e+00 3.436e-02 -65.146
## External.Score.3
                                         -1.145e+00 2.570e-02 -44.541
## MAX_DAYS_LATE_BUREAU
                                          1.015e-04 7.516e-05
                                                                 1.350
## INCOME_TYPE_GROUPEDOther
                                          1.042e-01 7.555e-01
                                                                 0.138
## INCOME_TYPE_GROUPEDPensioner
                                         -2.756e+00 8.834e-01 -3.120
## INCOME TYPE GROUPEDState servant
                                         -6.391e-02 3.648e-02 -1.752
## INCOME TYPE GROUPEDWorking
                                          1.276e-01
                                                     1.743e-02
                                                                7.318
## EMPLOYER TYPE GROUPEDBank
                                         -4.612e-01 1.153e-01
                                                                -4.000
## EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDBusiness Entity
                                         -7.900e-02 6.944e-02
                                                                -1.138
## EMPLOYER TYPE GROUPEDEducation
                                         -2.483e-01 7.596e-02
                                                               -3.269
## EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDElectricity
                                         -2.934e-01 1.507e-01
                                                                -1.947
## EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDGovt Services
                                         -2.546e-01 7.559e-02 -3.368
## EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDHousing
                                          2.960e-02 7.643e-02
                                                                0.387
## EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDIndustry
                                         -1.897e-01 7.479e-02
                                                                -2.536
## EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDMedicine
                                         -1.920e-01 7.908e-02 -2.428
```

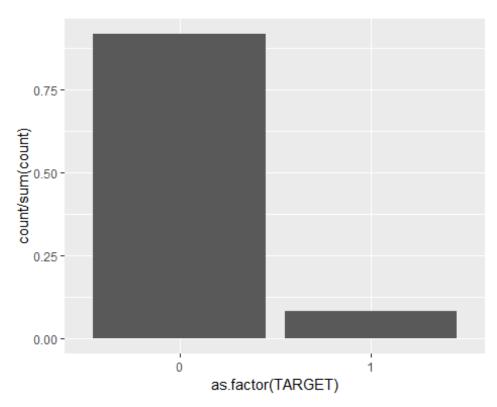
```
## EMPLOYER TYPE GROUPEDOther
                                           -1.397e-01 7.458e-02 -1.873
## EMPLOYER TYPE GROUPEDSelf-employed
                                           2.126e-02 7.048e-02
                                                                   0.302
## EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDService
                                           -1.604e-01 7.565e-02 -2.121
## EMPLOYER TYPE GROUPEDTrade
                                           -1.171e-01 7.483e-02 -1.564
## EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDTransport
                                           -4.745e-02 7.761e-02 -0.611
                                           3.554e+01 1.787e+00 19.886
## EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDXNA
##
                                          Pr(>|z|)
                                          0.001179 **
## (Intercept)
## SK ID CURR
                                          0.492578
## LOAN TYPERevolving loans
                                           < 2e-16 ***
                                           < 2e-16 ***
## AGE
                                           < 2e-16 ***
## GENDERM
## GENDERXNA
                                          0.852673
                                           < 2e-16 ***
## OWNS_CARY
## AGE_OF_CAR
                                          1.98e-10 ***
## OWNS REALTYY
                                          0.001659 **
## CHILDREN
                                          0.439990
## TOTAL INCOME
                                          0.456509
                                           < 2e-16 ***
## LOAN AMOUNT
                                          7.55e-14 ***
## PAYMENT AMOUNT
## PURCHASE PRICE OF GOODS
                                           < 2e-16 ***
## RATIO_LOAN_TO_ANNUITY
                                          0.827594
## EDUCATIONHigher education
                                          0.043168 *
## EDUCATIONIncomplete higher
                                          0.021708 *
## EDUCATIONLower secondary
                                          0.003455 **
## EDUCATIONSecondary / secondary special 0.006816 **
## MARITAL STATUSMarried
                                          2.20e-13 ***
## MARITAL_STATUSSeparated
                                          0.469508
## MARITAL_STATUSSingle / not married
                                          0.029275 *
## MARITAL STATUSUnknown
                                          0.871674
## MARITAL_STATUSWidow
                                          0.000323 ***
## HOUSING_STATUSHouse / apartment
                                          0.770330
## HOUSING STATUSMunicipal apartment
                                          0.137599
## HOUSING STATUSOffice apartment
                                          0.216014
## HOUSING STATUSRented apartment
                                          0.139517
## HOUSING STATUSWith parents
                                          0.450204
                                           < 2e-16 ***
## YEARS AT CURRENT JOB
## YEARS_SINCE_GETTING_IDENTITY_DOCUMENT
                                          2.45e-10 ***
## REGION_AND_CITY_RATING
                                           < 2e-16 ***
## External.Score.1
                                          0.922857
                                           < 2e-16 ***
## External.Score.2
## External.Score.3
                                           < 2e-16 ***
## MAX DAYS LATE BUREAU
                                          0.177062
## INCOME_TYPE_GROUPEDOther
                                          0.890308
## INCOME TYPE GROUPEDPensioner
                                          0.001808 **
## INCOME_TYPE_GROUPEDState servant
                                          0.079727 .
## INCOME_TYPE_GROUPEDWorking
                                          2.52e-13 ***
                                          6.34e-05 ***
## EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDBank
## EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDBusiness Entity
                                          0.255276
## EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDEducation
                                          0.001078 **
```

```
## EMPLOYER TYPE GROUPEDElectricity
                                         0.051515 .
                                         0.000757 ***
## EMPLOYER TYPE GROUPEDGovt Services
## EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDHousing
                                         0.698551
## EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDIndustry
                                         0.011197 *
## EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDMedicine
                                         0.015178 *
## EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDOther
                                         0.061041 .
## EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDSelf-employed
                                         0.762938
## EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDService
                                         0.033954 *
## EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDTrade
                                         0.117726
## EMPLOYER TYPE GROUPEDTransport
                                         0.540877
                                         < 2e-16 ***
## EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDXNA
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 172443 on 307383 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 157879 on 307330 degrees of freedom
     (127 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 157987
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 8
```

Distribution of the Dependent Variable "Target"

The following plot displays a simple distribution of our TARGET values. TARGET = 1 means that the sample had some problem repaying their load. TARGET = 0 means that the sample successfully repaid their load without issue.

Note that because the TARGET data is highly unbalanced, I downsampled the data sets when training each model.



Feature Significance

The following statistics and plots demonstrate both simple counts for each feature, as well as the significance of each feature to our ML models.

Loan Type and Loan Type v. Target



```
# A tibble: 2 x 2
  LOAN_TYPE
                       n
  <chr>
                   <int>
1 Cash loans
                  278232
2 Revolving loans
                   29279
Call:
glm(formula = TARGET ~ LOAN_TYPE, family = "binomial", data = results_train)
Deviance Residuals:
    Min
              1Q
                   Median
                                3Q
                                        Max
-0.4175 -0.4175 -0.4175 -0.4175
                                     2.4101
Coefficients:
                          Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept)
                         -2.396250
                                     0.006855 -349.6
                                                        <2e-16 ***
LOAN TYPERevolving loans -0.451779
                                     0.026581
                                                -17.0
                                                         <2e-16 ***
```

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

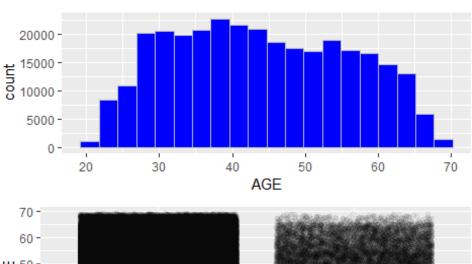
(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)

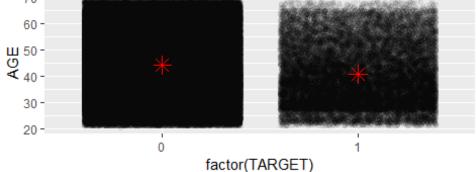
Null deviance: 172542 on 307510 degrees of freedom Residual deviance: 172217 on 307509 degrees of freedom

AIC: 172221

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5

Age and Age v. Target





Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. 20.50 33.98 43.12 43.91 53.89 69.07

Anderson-Darling normality test

data: results_train\$AGE
A = 2381, p-value < 2.2e-16</pre>

Wilcoxon rank sum test with continuity correction

data: AGE by TARGET

```
W = 4091300000, p-value < 2.2e-16 alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0
```

Gender and Gender v. Target

Note that, becsuse the number of XNA values for gender was extermely low (total count of 4), they have been removed in the following.



```
# A tibble: 2 x 2
  GENDER
  <fct>
         <int>
1 F
         202373
2 M
         105007
Call:
glm(formula = TARGET ~ GENDER, family = "binomial", data = results_train,
    na.action = na.omit)
Deviance Residuals:
    Min
              10
                  Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
-0.4625 -0.4625 -0.3810 -0.3810
                                     2.3062
Coefficients:
             Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept) -2.586793
                        0.008711 -296.95
                                           <2e-16 ***
            0.405238
GENDERM
                       0.013429
                                   30.18
                                           <2e-16 ***
```

```
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1

(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)

Null deviance: 172541 on 307506 degrees of freedom Residual deviance: 171649 on 307505 degrees of freedom (4 observations deleted due to missingness)

AIC: 171653

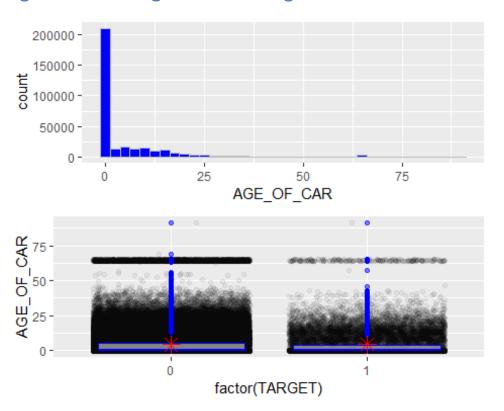
Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
```

Owns a car? and Owns Car v. Target



```
-0.4215 -0.4215 -0.4215 -0.3878
                                    2.2913
Coefficients:
           Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                       0.00796 -298.53
(Intercept) -2.37624
                                        <2e-16 ***
OWNS CARY
           -0.17359
                       0.01434 -12.11
                                        <2e-16 ***
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
   Null deviance: 172542 on 307510 degrees of freedom
Residual deviance: 172393 on 307509 degrees of freedom
AIC: 172397
Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
```

Age of car and Age of Car v. Target



```
Min. 1st Qu.
                 Median
                            Mean 3rd Qu.
                                             Max.
  0.000
          0.000
                  0.000
                           4.102
                                   5.000
                                          91.000
# A tibble: 62 x 2
   `factor(AGE_OF_CAR)`
                              n
   <fct>
                          <int>
 1 0
                         205063
```

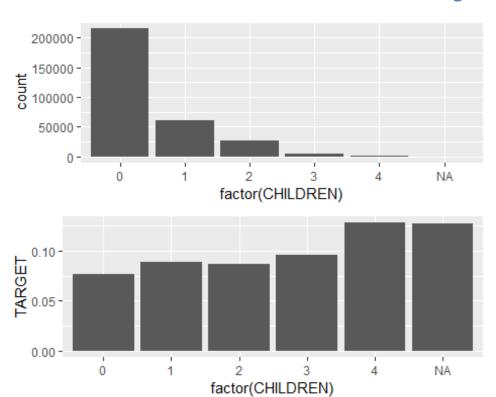
```
2 1
                           5280
 3 2
                          5852
 4 3
                          6370
 5 4
                          5557
 6 5
                          3595
 7 6
                          6382
 8 7
                          7424
 9 8
                          5887
10 9
                          5020
# ... with 52 more rows
    Anderson-Darling normality test
data: results_train$AGE_OF_CAR
A = 50400, p-value < 2.2e-16
    Wilcoxon rank sum test with continuity correction
data: AGE_OF_CAR by TARGET
W = 3595300000, p-value = 1.451e-14
alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0
```

Owns Real Estate? and Owns RE v. Target



```
# A tibble: 2 x 2
 OWNS_REALTY n
<chr> <chr> <int> 1 N 94199
2 Y 213312
Call:
glm(formula = TARGET ~ OWNS_REALTY, family = "binomial", data =
results_train)
Deviance Residuals:
   Min 1Q Median 3Q
                                  Max
-0.4169 -0.4169 -0.4073 -0.4073 2.2497
Coefficients:
          Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept) -2.39900 0.01179 -203.408 < 2e-16 ***
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
   Null deviance: 172542 on 307510 degrees of freedom
Residual deviance: 172530 on 307509 degrees of freedom
AIC: 172534
Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
```

Number of Children and Number of Children v. Target



```
# A tibble: 6 x 2
  CHILDREN
     <int>
           <int>
         0 215371
1
2
         1 61119
3
         2
           26749
4
         3
             3717
5
         4
              429
6
        NA
              126
glm(formula = TARGET ~ CHILDREN, family = "binomial", data = results_train)
Deviance Residuals:
    Min
              1Q
                   Median
                                3Q
                                        Max
-0.4804
        -0.4207
                 -0.4024 -0.4024
                                     2.2602
Coefficients:
             Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                        0.007764 -318.54
(Intercept) -2.473205
                                           <2e-16 ***
CHILDREN
             0.093030
                                   10.46
                                           <2e-16 ***
                        0.008893
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)

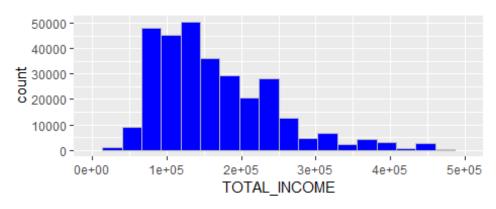
Null deviance: 172443 on 307384 degrees of freedom Residual deviance: 172337 on 307383 degrees of freedom

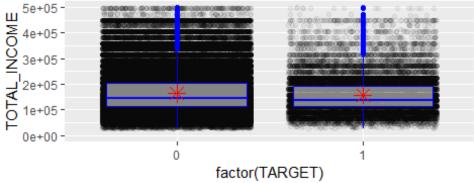
(126 observations deleted due to missingness)

AIC: 172341

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5

Total Income and Total Income v. Target





Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. 25650 112500 147150 168798 202500 117000000

Anderson-Darling normality test

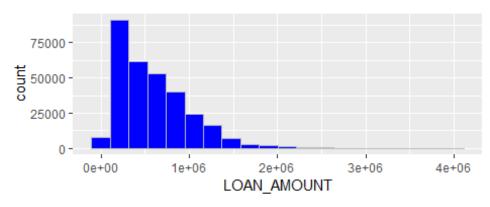
data: results_train\$TOTAL_INCOME
A = 49822, p-value < 2.2e-16</pre>

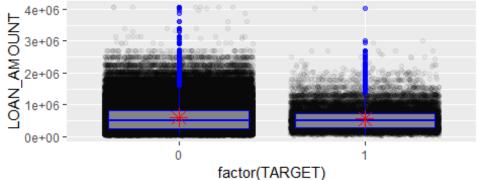
Wilcoxon rank sum test with continuity correction

data: TOTAL_INCOME by TARGET

W = 3643100000, p-value < 2.2e-16 alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0

Amount of Loan and Amount of Loan v. Target





Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. 45000 270000 513531 599026 808650 4050000

Anderson-Darling normality test

data: results_train\$LOAN_AMOUNT
A = 7249.4, p-value < 2.2e-16</pre>

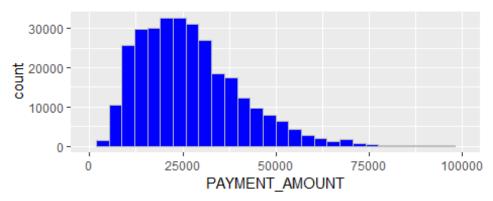
Wilcoxon rank sum test with continuity correction

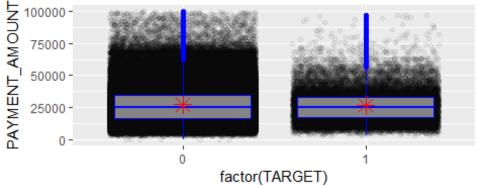
data: LOAN_AMOUNT by TARGET
W = 3639200000, p-value < 2.2e-16</pre>

alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0

Monthly Payment and Monthly Payment v. Target

`stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.





Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. 0 16524 24903 27108 34596 258026

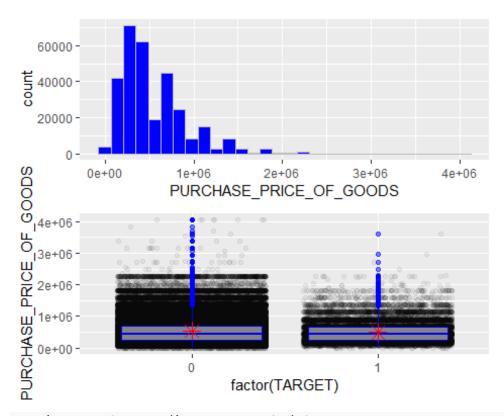
Anderson-Darling normality test

data: results_train\$PAYMENT_AMOUNT
A = 4118.6, p-value < 2.2e-16</pre>

Wilcoxon rank sum test with continuity correction

data: PAYMENT_AMOUNT by TARGET
W = 3509200000, p-value = 0.9764

Price of Goods Purchased with the Loan and Price v. Target



Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. 0 238500 450000 537909 679500 4050000

Anderson-Darling normality test

data: results_train\$PURCHASE_PRICE_OF_GOODS
A = 8872.1, p-value < 2.2e-16</pre>

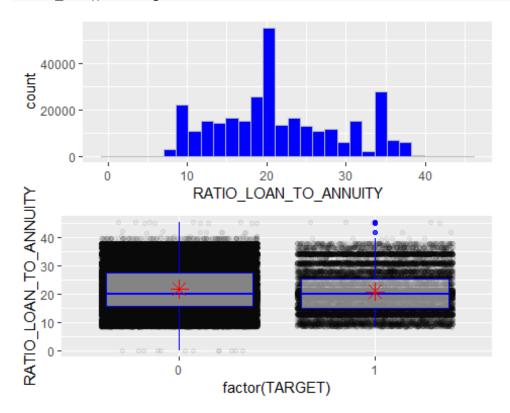
Wilcoxon rank sum test with continuity correction

data: PURCHASE_PRICE_OF_GOODS by TARGET

W = 3742200000, p-value < 2.2e-16

Ratio of Loan to Payment Amount and Ratio v. Target

`stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.



Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. 0.00 15.61 20.00 21.61 27.10 45.31

Anderson-Darling normality test

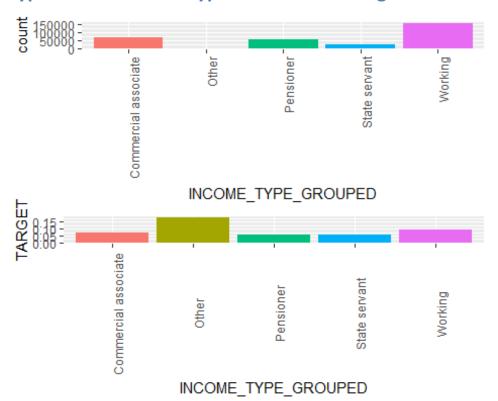
data: results_train\$RATIO_LOAN_TO_ANNUITY

A = 3810.3, p-value < 2.2e-16

Wilcoxon rank sum test with continuity correction

data: RATIO_LOAN_TO_ANNUITY by TARGET
W = 3733600000, p-value < 2.2e-16</pre>

Type of Income and Type of Income v. Target



```
# A tibble: 5 x 2
  INCOME_TYPE_GROUPED
                            n
  <chr>>
                        <int>
1 Commercial associate
                        71617
2 Other
                            55
3 Pensioner
                        55362
4 State servant
                        21703
5 Working
                       158774
Call:
glm(formula = TARGET ~ INCOME_TYPE_GROUPED, family = "binomial",
    data = results_train)
Deviance Residuals:
    Min
              1Q
                   Median
                                3Q
                                         Max
-0.6335
                  -0.3944
        -0.4490
                           -0.3328
                                      2.4171
Coefficients:
                                  Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                                              0.01420 -177.074 < 2e-16 ***
(Intercept)
                                  -2.51458
INCOME TYPE GROUPEDOther
                                  1.01050
                                              0.34989
                                                         2.888
                                                                0.00388 **
INCOME_TYPE_GROUPEDPensioner
                                              0.02358
                                                       -14.900
                                  -0.35135
                                                                 < 2e-16 ***
INCOME TYPE GROUPEDState servant -0.28126
                                              0.03242
                                                        -8.675
                                                                < 2e-16 ***
```

```
INCOME_TYPE_GROUPEDWorking 0.27077 0.01656 16.348 < 2e-16 ***
---
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)

Null deviance: 172542 on 307510 degrees of freedom
Residual deviance: 171258 on 307506 degrees of freedom
AIC: 171268

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
```

Education Level and Education Level v. Target

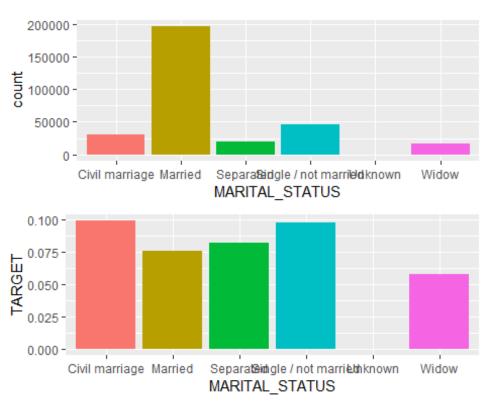
O 400000	Academic degree -	Higher education -	Incomplete higher	Lower secondary -	Secondary / secondary special
SET.		r	DUCATION		Ö
TARGET	Academic degree	Higher education	Incomplete higher	Lower secondary -	Secondary / secondary special

EDUCATION

```
# A tibble: 5 x 2
  EDUCATION
                                     n
  <chr>>
                                 <int>
1 Academic degree
                                   164
2 Higher education
                                 74863
3 Incomplete higher
                                 10277
4 Lower secondary
                                  3816
5 Secondary / secondary special 218391
Call:
glm(formula = TARGET ~ EDUCATION, family = "binomial", data = results_train)
```

```
Deviance Residuals:
   Min
             10 Median
                              30
                                      Max
-0.4811 -0.4328 -0.4328 -0.3318
                                   2.8288
Coefficients:
                                     Estimate Std. Error z value
                                                 0.5765 -6.908
(Intercept)
                                      -3.9826
EDUCATIONHigher education
                                       1.1105
                                                  0.5767
                                                          1.925
EDUCATIONIncomplete higher
                                       1.6043
                                                 0.5776
                                                          2.778
EDUCATIONLower secondary
                                       1.8844
                                                  0.5788
                                                          3.255
EDUCATIONSecondary / secondary special 1.6616
                                                  0.5766
                                                          2.882
                                     Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept)
                                     4.91e-12 ***
EDUCATIONHigher education
                                      0.05417 .
EDUCATIONIncomplete higher
                                      0.00548 **
EDUCATIONLower secondary
                                      0.00113 **
EDUCATIONSecondary / secondary special 0.00395 **
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
   Null deviance: 172542 on 307510 degrees of freedom
Residual deviance: 171437 on 307506 degrees of freedom
AIC: 171447
Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
```

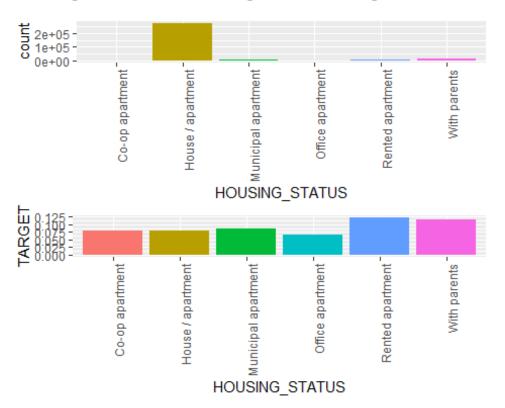




```
# A tibble: 6 x 2
  MARITAL_STATUS
                            n
  <chr>>
                        <int>
1 Civil marriage
                        29775
2 Married
                       196432
3 Separated
                        19770
4 Single / not married
                        45444
5 Unknown
                            2
6 Widow
                        16088
Call:
glm(formula = TARGET ~ MARITAL_STATUS, family = "binomial", data =
results_train)
Deviance Residuals:
    Min
              1Q
                   Median
                                3Q
                                        Max
-0.4577 -0.4135 -0.3965 -0.3965
                                     2.3846
Coefficients:
                                   Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept)
                                   -2.20340
                                               0.01937 -113.780 < 2e-16
MARITAL_STATUSMarried
                                               0.02116 -14.190 < 2e-16
                                   -0.30031
MARITAL_STATUSSeparated
                                   -0.21285
                                               0.03236 -6.577 4.81e-11
```

```
MARITAL_STATUSSingle / not married -0.01538 0.02498
                                                       -0.616
                                                                0.538
MARITAL STATUSUnknown
                                  -6.36237
                                            31.08014 -0.205
                                                                 0.838
MARITAL_STATUSWidow
                                  -0.57974
                                            0.03884 -14.928 < 2e-16
                                  ***
(Intercept)
                                  ***
MARITAL STATUSMarried
MARITAL_STATUSSeparated
MARITAL_STATUSSingle / not married
MARITAL STATUSUnknown
                                 ***
MARITAL_STATUSWidow
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
   Null deviance: 172542 on 307510 degrees of freedom
Residual deviance: 172045 on 307505 degrees of freedom
AIC: 172057
Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 7
```

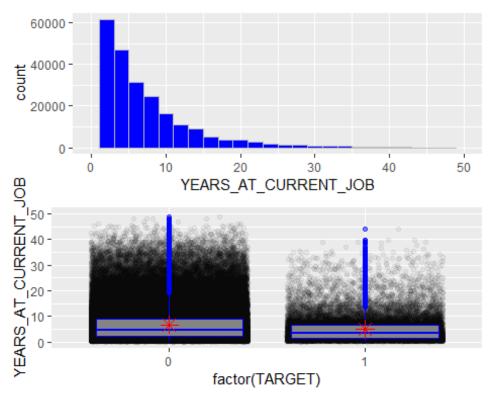




```
# A tibble: 6 x 2
  HOUSING STATUS
                           n
  <chr>>
                       <int>
1 Co-op apartment
                        1122
2 House / apartment
                      272868
3 Municipal apartment
                       11183
4 Office apartment
                        2617
5 Rented apartment
                        4881
6 With parents
                       14840
Call:
glm(formula = TARGET ~ HOUSING_STATUS, family = "binomial", data =
results_train)
Deviance Residuals:
    Min
              1Q
                   Median
                                3Q
                                        Max
-0.5126 -0.4029
                  -0.4029
                           -0.4029
                                     2.3334
Coefficients:
                                  Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                                               0.11047 -22.192 < 2e-16 ***
(Intercept)
                                  -2.45159
HOUSING_STATUSHouse / apartment
                                  -0.01885
                                                       -0.170 0.864815
                                               0.11070
HOUSING_STATUSMunicipal apartment 0.08041
                                              0.11554
                                                         0.696 0.486434
```

```
HOUSING STATUSOffice apartment
                                -0.20272
                                           0.13575 -1.493 0.135338
HOUSING STATUSRented apartment
                                                     4.113 3.9e-05 ***
                                 0.48847
                                           0.11875
HOUSING_STATUSWith parents
                                           0.11339
                                                     3.795 0.000148 ***
                                 0.43025
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
   Null deviance: 172542 on 307510 degrees of freedom
Residual deviance: 172165 on 307505 degrees of freedom
AIC: 172177
Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
```

Years at Current Job and Years v. Target



Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
0.000 2.554 6.075 185.420 15.625 999.981

Anderson-Darling normality test

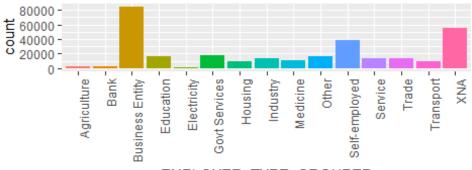
data: results_train\$YEARS_AT_CURRENT_JOB
A = 82723, p-value < 2.2e-16

Wilcoxon rank sum test with continuity correction

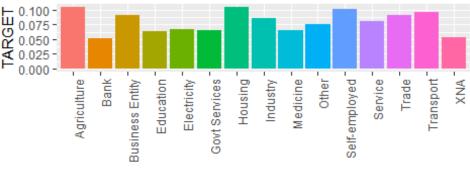
data: YEARS_AT_CURRENT_JOB by TARGET
W = 4150800000, p-value < 2.2e-16</pre>

alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0

Employer Organization Type and Type v. Target



EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPED



EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPED

# /	A tibble: 15 x 2	
	EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPE) n
	<chr></chr>	<int></int>
1	Agriculture	2454
2	Bank	2507
3	Business Entity	84529
4	Education	17100
5	Electricity	950
6	Govt Services	17536
7	Housing	9679
8	Industry	14311
9	Medicine	11193
10	Other	16683
11	Self-employed	38412
12	Service	13478
13	Trade	14315

```
14 Transport
                          8990
15 XNA
                         55374
Call:
glm(formula = TARGET ~ EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPED, family = "binomial",
    data = results_train)
Deviance Residuals:
   Min
              1Q
                  Median
                                3Q
                                        Max
-0.4719 -0.4374 -0.4241 -0.3332
                                     2.4328
Coefficients:
                                      Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept)
                                     -2.145772
                                                 0.065926 -32.548 < 2e-16
                                                 0.111618 -6.812 9.66e-12
EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDBank
                                     -0.760288
EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDBusiness Entity -0.153162
                                                 0.067000 -2.286 0.022253
EMPLOYER TYPE GROUPEDEducation
                                     -0.556057
                                                 0.073067 -7.610 2.74e-14
EMPLOYER TYPE GROUPEDElectricity
                                                 0.146104 -3.415 0.000638
                                     -0.498938
EMPLOYER TYPE GROUPEDGovt Services
                                     -0.501625
                                                 0.072590 -6.910 4.83e-12
EMPLOYER TYPE GROUPEDHousing
                                      0.006975
                                                 0.073771 0.095 0.924668
EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDIndustry
                                     -0.217486
                                                 0.072353 -3.006 0.002648
EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDMedicine
                                     -0.506571
                                                 0.076149 -6.652 2.88e-11
EMPLOYER TYPE GROUPEDOther
                                     -0.346169
                                                 0.072079 -4.803 1.57e-06
EMPLOYER TYPE GROUPEDSelf-employed
                                     -0.032278
                                                 0.068052 -0.474 0.635281
EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDService
                                     -0.273849
                                                 0.073043 -3.749 0.000177
EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDTrade
                                     -0.158813
                                                 0.072062 -2.204 0.027535
EMPLOYER TYPE GROUPEDTransport
                                     -0.089093
                                                 0.074967 -1.188 0.234664
EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDXNA
                                     -0.717556
                                                 0.068555 -10.467 < 2e-16
                                     ***
(Intercept)
                                     ***
EMPLOYER TYPE GROUPEDBank
EMPLOYER TYPE GROUPEDBusiness Entity *
EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDEducation
                                     ***
                                     ***
EMPLOYER TYPE GROUPEDElectricity
                                     ***
EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDGovt Services
EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDHousing
                                     **
EMPLOYER TYPE GROUPEDIndustry
EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDMedicine
                                     ***
                                     ***
EMPLOYER TYPE GROUPEDOther
EMPLOYER TYPE GROUPEDSelf-employed
                                     ***
EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDService
EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDTrade
EMPLOYER TYPE GROUPEDTransport
                                     ***
EMPLOYER_TYPE_GROUPEDXNA
Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
```

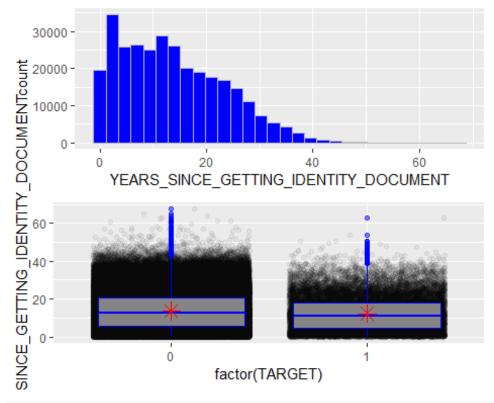
Null deviance: 172542 on 307510 degrees of freedom Residual deviance: 171260 on 307496 degrees of freedom

AIC: 171290

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5

Years Since Getting Current Identity Documnent and Years v. Target

`stat bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.



Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. 0.000 5.503 12.331 13.651 20.478 67.548

Anderson-Darling normality test

data: results_train\$YEARS_SINCE_GETTING_IDENTITY_DOCUMENT
A = 3532.2, p-value < 2.2e-16</pre>

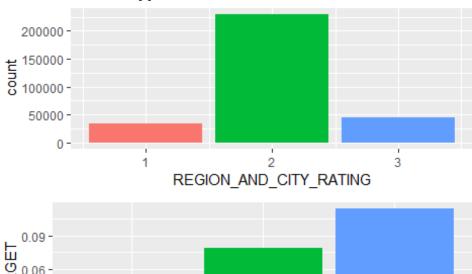
Wilcoxon rank sum test with continuity correction

data: YEARS_SINCE_GETTING_IDENTITY_DOCUMENT by TARGET

W = 3807600000, p-value < 2.2e-16

Rating of Region and Rating v. Target

The meaning of this variable is not reported in the materials made available by HOME CREDIT. It may relate to population density, per capita welath of the region, but this information is not supplied.



```
# A tibble: 3 x 2
```

```
REGION_AND_CITY_RATING
                              n
                   <int>
                          <int>
1
                       1 34167
2
                       2 229484
3
                       3 43860
Call:
glm(formula = TARGET ~ REGION_AND_CITY_RATING, family = "binomial",
    data = results_train)
Deviance Residuals:
    Min
              1Q
                   Median
                                3Q
                                        Max
-0.4979 -0.4035 -0.4035 -0.4035
                                     2.4340
Coefficients:
                       Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept)
                       -3.35108
                                   0.02859 -117.20
                                                      <2e-16 ***
REGION_AND_CITY_RATING 0.44198
                                   0.01309
                                              33.77
                                                      <2e-16 ***
```

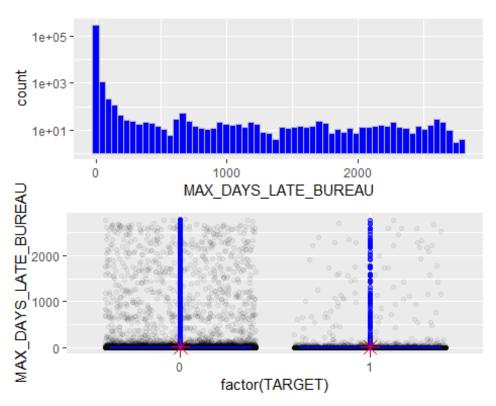
```
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)

Null deviance: 172542 on 307510 degrees of freedom Residual deviance: 171406 on 307509 degrees of freedom AIC: 171410

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
```

Maximum dates late payment as reprted to HOME CREDIT by and outside credit bureau



NA's Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. 0.000 0.000 0.000 4.086 0.000 2792.000 1 Anderson-Darling normality test data: results train\$MAX DAYS LATE BUREAU A = 116840, p-value < 2.2e-16 Wilcoxon rank sum test with continuity correction data: MAX_DAYS_LATE_BUREAU by TARGET

W = 3468100000, p-value < 2.2e-16 alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0

Findings and Recommendations

The Area Under ROC Curve was used as the primary statistic for evaluating model performance. The most successful model was the Random Forest model, trained on 80% of the data, with an AUC score of 0.7297.

The following table summarizes the overall performance of the different models.

Pct of train data used							
and model type	Training time in seconds	Sensitivity: TP/(TP+F N)	Accuracy: (TP+TN)/ N	AUC Score	Specificit y: (TN/N)	Precision: TP/(TP+F P)	Comment
100% GLM	51.71	0.6402820	0.667766 9	0.711046 6	0.954985 4	0.1456520	Downsample d training set
100% Naive Bayes	2304.37	0.5268882	0.264089 0	0.711046 6	0.852957 7	0.0574604	Downsample d training set
100% KNN	15074.1 7	0.3822759	0.346574 1	0.684459 7	0.863591 9	0.0486442	Downsample d training set
5% Rando m Forest	665.32	0.6580060	0.656108 7	0.710894 7	0.956217 9	0.1438003	Downsample d training set
10% Rando m Forest	1554.28	0.6374622	0.672124	0.713918	0.954968 5	0.1470042	Downsample d training set
20% Rando m Forest	3440.52	0.6501511	0.676514 6	0.722000 0	0.956700 6	0.1509399	Downsample d training set
30% Rando m Forest	5852.06	0.6539778	0.676156 9	0.726801 1	0.957110 0	0.1514035	Downsample d training set
60% Rando m Forest	17222.5 1	0.6547835	0.678238 1	0.728519 7	0.957337 7	0.1524430	Downsample d training set
80% Rando m Forest	65159.2 5	0.6521652	0.682953 4	0.729737 5	0.957349 6	0.1541171	Downsample d training set

Specific Statistics for Each Model with AUC Graphs

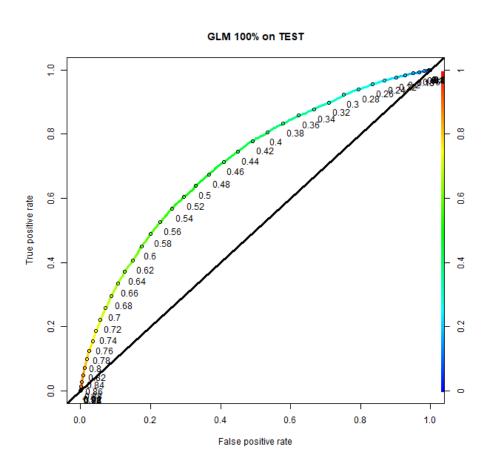
More detiled statistical analysis for the performance of each model is given below, accompanied by a graphs deonstrating the AUC performance of each mode. Again, overall, the Random Forest model trained on 80% of the data perfored best overall. It's overall Accuracy, measured as True Positives + True Negatives / Total Negatives was the highest, at 0.6829. Its Specificity (TN/N) was also highest overall at 0.9573. Its Precision (TP/TP+FP) 0.1541 was also the highest of the model tested here.

The specifics for the performance of each model follow:

Using a Generalized Linear Model

Trained on 100% of the train data

Area under ROC Curve = 0.7110466



Confusion Matrix

Predicted 1 Predicted 0
Actual 1 3179 1786
Actual 0 18647 37890

Sensitivity: TP/(TP+FN) = 0.640282

Specificity: TN/N = 0.6701806

Precision: TP/(TP+FP) = 0.145652

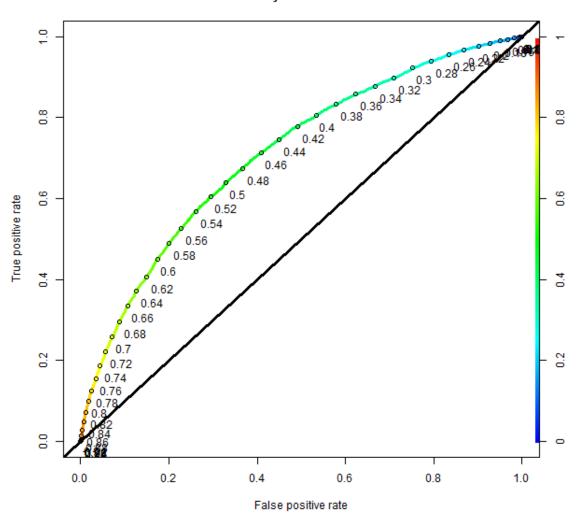
Accuracy = 3179.6160775

Using a Naive Bayes Model

Trained on 100% of the train data

Area under ROC Curve = 0.7110466

Naive Bayes 100% on TEST



Confusion Matrix

##		Predicted 1	Predicted 0
##	Actual 1	2616	2349
##	Actual 0	42911	13626

James Matheson – Home Credit: Capstone Project, Final Report

Sensitivity: TP/(TP+FN) = 0.5268882

Specificity: TN/N = 0.2410103

Precision: TP/(TP+FP) = 0.0574604

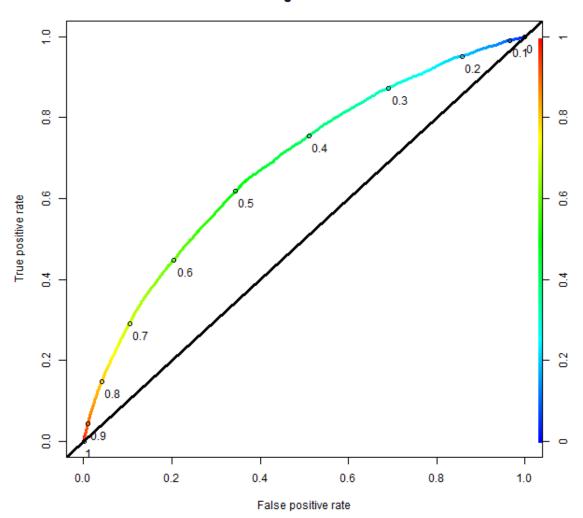
Accuracy = 2616.2215538

Using a K Nearest Neighbor Model

Trained on 100% of the train data

Area under ROC Curve = 0.6844597

K Nearest Neighbor 100% on TEST



Confusion Matrix

##		Predicted 1	Predicted 0
##	Actual 1	1898	3067
##	Actual 0	37120	19417

James Matheson – Home Credit: Capstone Project, Final Report

Sensitivity: TP/(TP+FN) = 0.3822759

Specificity: TN/N = 0.3434388

Precision: TP/(TP+FP) = 0.0486442

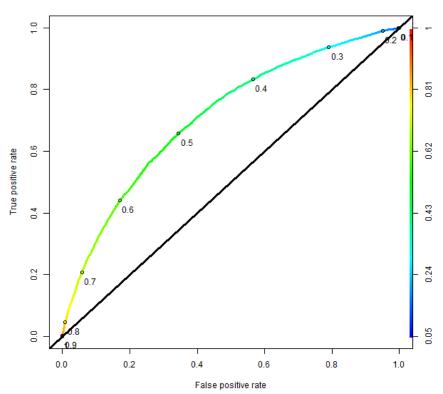
Accuracy = 1898.3157133

Using a Random Forest Model

Trained on 5% of the train data

Area under ROC Curve = 0.7108947





Confusion Matrix

Actual 1 Predicted 0 Predicted 0 Predicted 1 Predicted 0 1698 Predicted 1 Predicted 0 1698 Predicted 1 Predicted 0 1698 Predicted 1 Predicted 0 Predicted 1 Predicted 0 Pre

Sensitivity: TP/(TP+FN) = 0.658006

Specificity: TN/N = 0.6559421

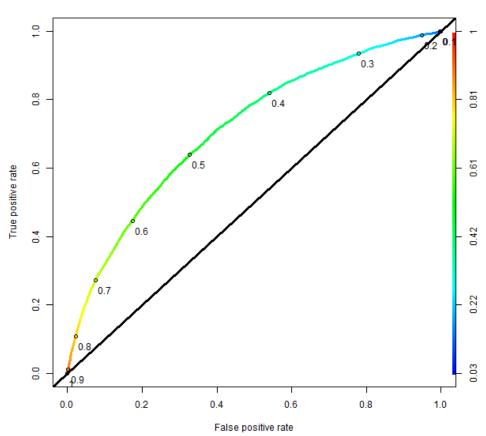
Precision: TP/(TP+FP) = 0.1438003

Accuracy = 3267.6029885

Trained on 10% of the train data

Area under ROC Curve = 0.7139183

Random Forest 10% on TEST



Confusion Matrix

Predicted 1 Predicted 0
Actual 1 3165 1800
Actual 0 18365 38172Sensitivity: TP/(TP+FN) = 0.6374622

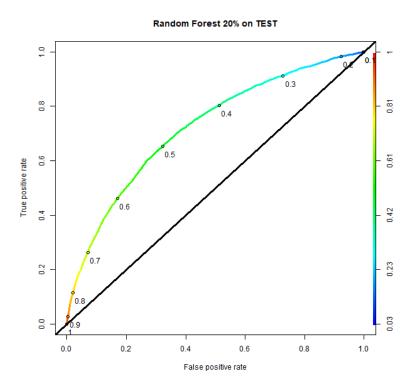
Specificity: TN/N = 0.6751685

Precision: TP/(TP+FP) = 0.1470042

Accuracy = 3165.6206627

Trained on 20% of the train data

Area under ROC Curve = 0.722



Confusion Matrix

##		Predicted 1	Predicted 0
##	Actual 1	3228	1737
##	Actual 0	18158	38379

Sensitivity: TP/(TP+FN) = 0.6501511

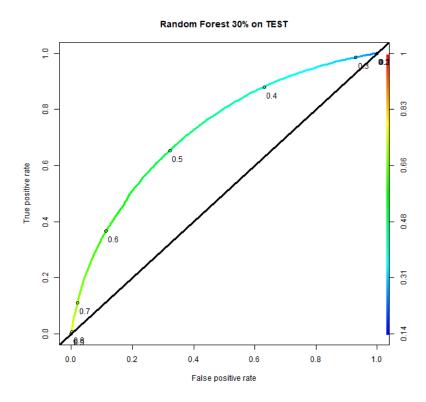
Specificity: TN/N = 0.6788298

Precision: TP/(TP+FP) = 0.1509399

Accuracy = 3228.6240285

Trained on 30% of the train data

Area under ROC Curve = 0.7268011



Confusion Matrix

##			Predicted 1	Predicted 0	
##	Actual	1	3247	1718	
##	Actual	0	18199	38338	

Sensitivity: TP/(TP+FN) = 0.6539778

Specificity: TN/N = 0.6781046

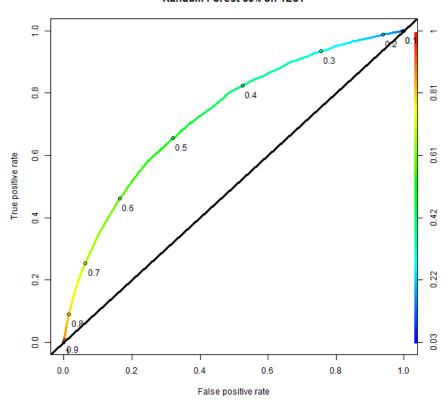
Precision: TP/(TP+FP) = 0.1514035

Accuracy = 3247.6233618

Trained on 60% of the train data

Area under ROC Curve = 0.7285197

Random Forest 60% on TEST



Confusion Matrix

##			Predicted	1	Predicted 0	
##	Actual	1	325	51	1714	
##	Actual	0	1807	75	38462	

Sensitivity: TP/(TP+FN) = 0.6547835

Specificity: TN/N = 0.6802979

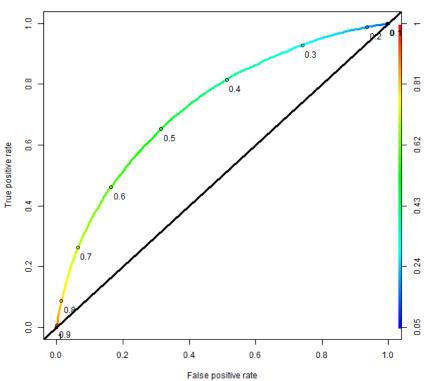
Precision: TP/(TP+FP) = 0.152443

Accuracy = 3251.625378

Trained on 80% of the train data

Area under ROC Curve = 0.7297375





Confusion Matrix

Predicted 1 Predicted 0
Actual 1 3238 1727
Actual 0 17772 38765

Sensitivity: TP/(TP+FN) = 0.6521652

Specificity: TN/N = 0.6856572

Precision: TP/(TP+FP) = 0.1541171

Accuracy = 3238.6303047

Conclusion and Suggestions

As one might anticipate, accurately predicting the liklihood of a client defaulting or struggling to repay debt is challenging. Changing life circumstanes, changing environmental or political conditions can significantly alter overall outcomes.

Area Under a ROC Curve is a useful measurement of a model's performance vs. random selection however. Given that random selection would typically yield an AUC score of .5, the Random Forest model trained on 80% of the data is a significan improvement upon this. With a AUC score of 0.7297 this model would be best used in combination with Home Credit's current decision processes to decrease risk and maximize profits.