## Analyse des défauts de paiement des prêts : Impact des caractéristiques des emprunteurs

Import Librairies

In [1]: import pandas as pd
from pandasql import sqldf

**Data Preparation** 

In [2]: data = pd.read\_csv("BA-ProjectData.csv", sep=',', header=0)

In [3]: data

Out[4]:

Out[3]:		CaseNo	Default	CreditBalPerc	DebtPerc	LateUpto60Days	Late60to90Days	LateOve
	0	2.0	0	0.957151	0.121876	0	0	
	1	4.0	0	0.233810	0.036050	0	0	
	2	5.0	0	0.907239	0.024926	1	0	
	3	8.0	0	0.754464	0.209940	0	0	
	4	10.0	0	0.189169	0.606291	0	0	
	•••	•••		•••				
	75750	149974.0	0	1.026395	0.494819	0	0	
	75751	149980.0	1	0.224711	0.057235	0	0	
	75752	149982.0	0	0.810012	0.121752	0	0	
	75753	149983.0	0	0.021046	0.250272	0	0	
	75754	149986.0	0	0.954409	0.324962	0	0	

75755 rows × 15 columns

In [4]:
---------

:		CaseNo	Default	CreditBalPerc	DebtPerc	LateUpto60Days	Late60to90Days	LateOvei
	44185	82887.0	0	0.247048	1.255310	0	0	
	72481	142869.0	0	0.001857	1.373528	0	0	
	2989	5594.0	0	0.000000	0.225320	0	0	
	67517	132154.0	0	0.022485	0.284559	0	0	
	21031	39231.0	0	0.028999	0.431009	0	0	

In [5]: data.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 75755 entries, 0 to 75754
Data columns (total 15 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
		75755 non null	
0	CaseNo	75755 non-null	float64
1	Default	75755 non-null	int64
2	CreditBalPerc	75755 non-null	float64
3	DebtPerc	75755 non-null	float64
4	LateUpto60Days	75755 non-null	int64
5	Late60to90Days	75755 non-null	int64
6	LateOver90Days	75755 non-null	int64
7	Income	75755 non-null	float64
8	No0f0penLoans	75755 non-null	int64
9	NoOfHomeLoans	75755 non-null	int64
10	Dependents	75755 non-null	int64
11	Age	75755 non-null	int64
12	Job	75755 non-null	object
13	Status	75755 non-null	object
14	Education	75755 non-null	object
dtyp	es: float64(4),	int64(8), object	(3)

memory usage: 8.7+ MB

In [6]: data.describe().round(2)

CreditBalPerc LateUpto60Days Late60to90Days Out[6]: CaseNo Default DebtPerc 75755.00 count 75755.00 75755.00 75755.00 75755.00 75755.00 mean 72415.58 0.10 0.36 0.41 0.16 0.05 42980.21 0.29 0.36 0.41 0.55 0.30 std 0.00 min 2.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 25% 35348.50 0.00 0.05 0.17 0.00 0.00 50% 70921.00 0.00 0.21 0.31 0.00 75% 108985.00 0.00 0.61 0.49 0.00 0.00

```
In [7]: data.duplicated().sum()
```

2.98

4.00

6.00

7.00

Out[7]: 0

max

149986.00

1.00

In [8]: data.nunique()

Out[8]: CaseNo 75755 Default 2 CreditBalPerc 65456 DebtPerc 70823 LateUpto60Days 8 7 Late60to90Days LateOver90Days 8 Income 11002 No0f0penLoans 18 No0fHomeLoans 6 Dependents 6 50 Age Job 10 Status 3 Education 4 dtype: int64

In [9]: data[['Default', 'LateUpto60Days', 'Late60to90Days', 'Late0ver90Days', 'No0fHomeLoans',

```
Out[9]: Default
                                                               [0, 1]
         LateUpto60Days
                                            [0, 1, 7, 2, 3, 5, 6, 4]
         Late60to90Days
                                                [0, 1, 2, 5, 3, 4, 6]
         LateOver90Days
                                            [0, 1, 2, 4, 3, 7, 5, 6]
                                                   [0, 1, 4, 2, 3, 5]
         NoOfHomeLoans
         Dependents
                                                   [1, 0, 2, 3, 4, 5]
         Status
                                         [married, single, divorced]
                            [tertiary, secondary, unknown, primary]
         Education
         dtype: object
In [10]:
         #Ajout ratio entre le solde de crédit et le revenu
         data['CreditBalance_Income_Ratio'] = data['CreditBalPerc']/data['Income']
 In [ ]:
In [11]:
         #Ajout colonne Category Revenu (faible, moyen, elevé)
         R1 = data['Income'].quantile(0.25)
         R3 = data['Income'].guantile(0.75)
         def cat_income(income):
              if (income<= R1):</pre>
                  return 'Weak income'
              elif (income<=R3) and (income > R1):
                  return 'middle income'
              else:
                  return 'high income'
         data['Cat income'] = data['Income'].apply(cat income)
         DATA ANALYSIS
In [18]:
         #TOP Income Job
         data.sort_values(by='Income', ascending=False).head(5)[['Age','Job', 'Income']]
Out[18]:
                               Job
                                     Income
                  Age
          23221
                   59
                             admin.
                                    287662.0
          57888
                   44
                          technician
                                    261666.0
          12723
                   57
                      self-employed
                                   261666.0
          49599
                   50
                          blue-collar
                                    261666.0
          51010
                   52
                         blue-collar 251608.0
In [19]:
         #Worst Income Job
         data.sort_values(by='Income', ascending=True).head(5)[['Age','Job', 'Income']]
Out[19]:
                               Job Income
                  Age
          54821
                                      500.0
                   36
                      self-employed
          66066
                   44
                          technician
                                      500.0
                   34
                                      500.0
            6151
                        unemployed
          29461
                   51
                        unemployed
                                      500.0
          66214
                   54
                        unemployed
                                      500.0
In [26]:
         #percentage of clients defaulted from the loan
         percent_default=round((len(data[data['Default']==1])/len(data)*100),2)
         print(percent_default)
```

9.54

```
In [27]: #percentage of employed clients are loan defaulters?
         data['Job'].unique()
Out[27]: array(['technician', 'entrepreneur', 'blue-collar', 'management',
                 'admin.', 'services', 'retired', 'self-employed', 'unemployed',
                'student'], dtype=object)
In [33]: #percentage of employed clients are loan defaulters?
         employed client= data[(data["Job"]!='student') & (data["Job"]!='unemployed')]
         percent_employ=round((len(employed_client[employed_client['Default']==1])/len(data)*1
         print(percent_employ)
        3.42
In [34]: #percentage of unemployed clients are loan defaulters?
         print(round(percent default-percent employ,2))
        6.12
In [43]:
         #percentage of married clients are loan defaulters?
         married_client=data[data['Status']=='married']
         percent_maried_default=round(len(married_client[married_client['Default']==1])/len(da
         print(percent_maried_default)
        5.71
In [48]: #top 3 jobs according to employee counts
         data["Job"].value counts().sort values(ascending=False).head(3)
Out[48]: blue-collar
                        19660
         management
                        13078
         technician
                        11864
         Name: Job, dtype: int64
In [70]: #3 job types have the most loan defaulters
         data default=data[data['Default']==1]
         top_job_default=data_default['Job'].value_counts().sort_values(ascending=False).head(
         top job default
Out[70]: unemployed
                          4605
         self-employed
                           883
         services
                           390
         Name: Job, dtype: int64
```

In [71]: data.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 75755 entries, 0 to 75754 Data columns (total 17 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype				
0	CaseNo	75755 non-null	float64				
1	Default	75755 non-null	int64				
2	CreditBalPerc	75755 non-null	float64				
3	DebtPerc	75755 non-null	float64				
4	LateUpto60Days	75755 non-null	int64				
5	Late60to90Days	75755 non-null	int64				
6	LateOver90Days	75755 non-null	int64				
7	Income	75755 non-null	float64				
8	No0f0penLoans	75755 non-null	int64				
9	NoOfHomeLoans	75755 non-null	int64				
10	Dependents	75755 non-null	int64				
11	Age	75755 non-null	int64				
12	Job	75755 non-null	object				
13	Status	75755 non-null	object				
14	Education	75755 non-null	object				
	<pre>CreditBalance_Income_Ratio</pre>	75755 non-null	float64				
16	Cat_income	75755 non-null	object				
<pre>dtypes: float64(5), int64(8), object(4)</pre>							
memory usage: 9.8+ MB							

Sauvegarder les modifications

```
In [72]: data.to_csv('data_modified.csv', index=False)
```

## Dashboard: Loan Default Analysis

