Robertson
$$ds^2 = dt^2 - R^2(t)[((dr^2)/(1-K\cdot r^2)) + r^2\cdot (d\theta^2 + sin(\theta)^2\cdot d\phi^2)]$$

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}s^2} = \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t^2} - R^2(t)[\frac{dr^2}{1-K\cdot r^2} + r^2\cdot (d\theta^2 + sin(\theta)^2\cdot d\phi^2)]$$

$$K = 0 \text{ or } \pm 1^{-1}$$

 $^{^1\}mathrm{Written}$ by Peter MOUEZA