

(i) Write $|f(u)g(x-u)| = (|f(u)||g(x-u)|^2)^{1/2} (|f(u)|)^{1/2}$.

Since $f \in L_1(\mathbb{R})$ and $|g|^2 \in L_1(\mathbb{R}) \Rightarrow u \mapsto |f(u)||g(x-u)|^2$ is integrable a.e. (Fubini: $\iint |f(u)||g(x-u)|^2 du dx = \|f\|_1 \|g\|_2^2 < \infty$).

$$\int |f(u)g(x-u)| du \leq \left(\int |f(u)||g(x-u)|^2 du \right)^{1/2} \left(\int |f(u)| du \right)^{1/2} \quad (\text{Cauchy-Schwarz}).$$

$< \infty \quad \text{a.e.}$

$\Rightarrow f * g(x)$ is defined a.e.

(ii)

$$|f * g(x)|^2 \leq \|f\|_1 \int |f(u)||g(x-u)|^2 du$$

$$\Rightarrow \int |f * g(x)|^2 dx \leq \|f\|_1 \|f\|_1 \|g\|_2^2$$

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$$\begin{aligned} & \int \int |f(u)||g(x-u)|^2 du dx \\ &= \int |f(u)| du \int |g(x-u)|^2 dx \\ &= \|f\|_1 \|g\|_2^2. \end{aligned}$$