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<b>Started on</b>	Friday, 23 August 2024, 1:42 PM
<b>State</b>	Finished
<b>Completed on</b>	Friday, 23 August 2024, 1:48 PM
<b>Time taken</b>	5 mins 20 secs
<b>Marks</b>	1.00/1.00
<b>Grade</b>	<b>10.00</b> out of 10.00 ( <b>100%</b> )

## Question 1

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Write a program to take value V and we want to make change for V Rs, and we have infinite supply of each of the denominations in Indian currency, i.e., we have infinite supply of { 1, 2, 5, 10, 20, 50, 100, 500, 1000} valued coins/notes, what is the minimum number of coins and/or notes needed to make the change.

Input Format:

Take an integer from stdin.

Output Format:

print the integer which is change of the number.

Example Input :

64

Output:

4

Explanaton:

We need a 50 Rs note and a 10 Rs note and two 2 rupee coins.

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1  #include <stdio.h>
2
3  int min_coins_for_change(int V) {
4      int denominations[] = {1000, 500, 100, 50, 20, 10, 5, 2, 1};
5      int num_denominations = sizeof(denominations) / sizeof(denominations[0]);
6      int count = 0;
7      int remaining_amount = V;
8      for (int i = 0; i < num_denominations; i++) {
9          if (remaining_amount == 0) {
10             break;
11         }
12         int num_notes = remaining_amount / denominations[i];
13         count += num_notes;
14         remaining_amount -= num_notes * denominations[i];
15     }
16     return count;
17 }
18
19
20 int main() {
21     int V;
22     scanf("%d", &V);
23     printf("%d\n", min_coins_for_change(V));
24     return 0;
25 }
26

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	49	5	5	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

◀ Problem 5: Finding Complexity using counter method

Jump to...

[2-G-Cookies Problem](#) ►