

Phase 2 – Org Setup & Configuration

This phase involved configuring the **Salesforce Developer Org** to build a secure, structured, and role-based environment for the **Insurance Claim and Policy Management System**.

The goal was to ensure proper **user access, data visibility, and control** before creating custom objects, relationships, and automation.

1. Salesforce Developer Edition Setup

The project was developed entirely in Salesforce Lightning Developer Edition, which supports:

- Custom Object and Field creation
- Workflow and Validation Rules
- Profiles, Roles, Permission Sets
- Reports and Dashboards

A single Developer Org was used for end-to-end development and testing.

This environment provided full admin access to configure the data-model and security settings.

Procedure:

1. Logged into Salesforce Developer Org.
2. Enabled Lightning Experience via Setup → User Interface.
3. Verified access to Object Manager, Security, and Setup tools.
4. Created a dedicated App for Insurance Policy Management.

Brief Purpose:

To establish a fully functional development workspace with all customization features enabled.

2. User Setup

Three users were created to simulate the working hierarchy:

- **Administrator** – complete access to configure and monitor all modules
- **Manager** – reviews and approves claims, monitors agent activities
- **Agent** – creates and manages customers, policies, and claim records

Each user account was assigned a role and profile to reflect real-world responsibilities.

Test logins were used to verify access privileges for each type of user.

Procedure:

1. Setup → Users → New User.
2. Created three users and assigned appropriate profiles and roles.
3. Logged in as each user to validate access and permissions.

The screenshot shows the Salesforce Setup - Users page. At the top, there's a header with a user icon, 'SETUP', and 'Users'. Below the header, a message says 'All Users' and 'On this page you can create, view, and manage users.' There are links for 'Help for this Page' and 'To get more licenses, use the Your Account app. Let's Go'. A navigation bar at the bottom includes 'View: All Users', 'Edit | Create New View', and links for letters A-Z and 'All'.

Action	Full Name	Alias	Username	Role	Active	Profile
<input type="checkbox"/> Edit	Chatter Expert	Chatter	chatty_00dg000007q2lvua0_qeo6calqjb@chatter.salesforce.com		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Chatter Free User
<input type="checkbox"/> Edit Login	EPIC_OrgFarm	QEPIC	epic.43d4750464b7@orgfarm.salesforce.com	Claims Agent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Agent Profile
<input type="checkbox"/> Edit Login	Mounika	mounika	mounika2502@gmail.com	Test Role	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	System Administrator
<input type="checkbox"/> Edit	Mounika_Konda	kon	kondamounika250253@agentforce.com	Claims Manager	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	System Administrator
<input type="checkbox"/> Edit	User_Integration	integ	integration@00dg000007q2lvua0.com		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Analytics Cloud Integration User
<input type="checkbox"/> Edit	User_Security	sec	insightsssecurity@00dg000007q2lvua0.com		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Analytics Cloud Security User

3. Profiles Configuration

Custom profiles were set up to define object-level and field-level access:

- System Administrator Profile:** Full CRUD access on all objects (Customers, Policies, Claims, Mentors)
- Manager Profile:** Read and Edit access on records created by their agents
- Agent Profile:** Create and View access only for their own records

Field-level security was applied to hide or make read-only sensitive data such as Claim Amount or Policy Coverage for lower roles.

Procedure:

- Setup → Profiles → Clone Standard User profile to create Agent profile.
- Modified Object Settings and Field-Level Security per role.
- Saved and tested profile functionality.

Brief Purpose:

Profiles control baseline permissions and ensure sensitive policy or claim data cannot be modified by unauthorized users.

The screenshot shows the Salesforce Setup - Profiles page. At the top, there's a header with a user icon, 'SETUP', and 'Profiles'. Below the header, a section titled 'Data Share Sagemaker Connections' lists permissions for various objects. A 'Custom Object Permissions' table shows detailed access rights for 'Claims', 'Customers', and 'Mentors' across basic and data administration operations. Under 'Session Settings', it specifies 'Session Times Out After' as '2 hours of inactivity' and 'Session Security Level Required at Login'. A 'Password Policies' section includes rules like 'User passwords expire in 90 days' and 'Maximum invalid login attempts 10'.

4. Role Hierarchy

A hierarchical structure was implemented as:

Admin → Manager → Agent

- Agents can view and edit only their own records
- Managers can view and approve the records of their reporting agents
- Admin has full organization-wide visibility

Procedure:

1. Setup → Roles → Set Up Roles → Add Role.
2. Created roles and assigned them to respective users.
3. Verified record visibility according to hierarchy.

Brief Purpose:

Role hierarchy establishes the approval and reporting chain, enabling upward visibility for monitoring and validation.

The screenshot displays the 'Your Organization's Role Hierarchy' interface. At the top left is a 'SETUP Roles' button. Below it, a message says 'Creating the Role Hierarchy'. A note indicates you can build on the existing hierarchy or add new roles. The main area shows a tree structure of roles under 'Velagapudi Ramakrishna Siddhartha Engineering College'. Root nodes include 'CEO', 'CFO', 'COO', 'Claims Manager', 'Test Role', 'SVP.Customer Service & Support', 'SVP.Human Resources', and 'SVP.Sales & Marketing'. Each node has 'Edit | Del | Assign' options. A 'Show in tree view' dropdown is located at the top right of the tree area. A 'Help for this Page' link is also present.

5. Permission Sets

Created an additional “Claims Extended Access” permission set:

- Temporarily granted agents edit permission on claim status during workflow testing
- Allowed controlled flexibility without changing the base profile

Procedure:

1. Setup → Permission Sets → New.

2. Enabled Edit permission on Claim records.
3. Assigned permission set to selected Agent users.

Brief Purpose:

Permission sets were used to temporarily extend access without altering default profile permissions.

6. Organization-Wide Defaults (OWD)

Configured base record-level security for all custom objects:

Object	Default Access	Description
Customers	Private	Only owner (agent) and their manager can view/edit
Policies	Controlled by Parent	Access inherited from related Customer
Claims	Private	Only record owner or approver can view/edit

Procedure:

1. Setup → Sharing Settings → Organization-Wide Defaults.
2. Set access levels per object.
3. Saved changes.

Brief Purpose:

OWD ensures data confidentiality and prevents unauthorized data visibility between different agents.

7. Sharing Rules

Created a Manager-Level Sharing Rule to automatically share agent-owned records with their respective managers:

- Enabled Managers to review, verify, and approve claim or policy details created by agents

Procedure:

1. Setup → Sharing Settings → Sharing Rules → New.
2. Set criteria: Owner Role = Agent → Share with Manager role.
3. Access Level: Read/Write.
4. Repeated for Claims and Policies.

Brief Purpose:

Sharing rules extend record access upward in the hierarchy for supervision and claim verification.

Policy Sharing Rules		New	Recalculate	Policy Sharing Rules Help 
Action	Criteria	Shared With	Access Level	
Edit Del	Owner in All Internal Users	Group_Recruiters	Read Only	
Edit Del	Owner in Group_Recruiters	Group_Recruiters	Read Only	

8. Login Access & Testing

Enabled Admin login access for troubleshooting user-level issues.

Each configuration was tested by logging in as Admin, Manager, and Agent to confirm proper visibility and permission flow.

Procedure:

1. Logged in as Agent — created sample Customer, Policy, and Claim.
2. Logged in as Manager — verified access to agent-created records.
3. Logged in as Admin — checked organization-wide visibility.
4. Confirmed restricted fields (Claim Amount, Policy Coverage) were hidden for Agents.

Brief Purpose:

Testing verified that security and record-sharing behaviors worked correctly before moving to customization and automation.

9. Developer Org Verification

All configurations, metadata, and role-based rules were created and tested inside a single Salesforce Developer Org.

Verified successful:

- Role-based access control
- Record visibility flow
- Field-level security restrictions
- Claim approval visibility from **Agent → Manager → Admin**

Brief Purpose:

Ensures the Salesforce org is stable, secure, and ready for next phases.

The Salesforce Developer Org was fully configured with:

- Secured access
- Hierarchical data visibility
- Controlled sharing mechanisms