

to check given number within boundary or not

```
In [1]: n=int(input())
        for i in range(1,10):
            if i==n:
                print(i, 'exit')
                break
        else:
            print('not exit')
```

```
11
not exit
```

```
In [2]: n=int(input())
        x=int(input())
        y=int(input())
        if n>=x and n<=y:
            print('exist')
        else:
            print('not exist')
```

```
6
1
10
exist
```

```
In [7]: # to check the give number factor or not
        n=int(input())
        for i in range(1,n+1):
            if n%i==0:
                print(i,end=' ')
```

```
6
1 2 3 6
```

```
In [19]: n=int(input())
          c=0
          for i in range(1,n+1):
              if n%i==0:
                  c+=1
          if c==2:
              print('prime')
          else:
              print('not prime')
```

```
8
not prime
```

day objectives

```
In [11]: 'value'
```

```
Out[11]: 'value'
```

```
In [18]: 'i don't know'
```

```
File "<ipython-input-18-2e07b9b7946c>", line 1
    'i don't know'
          ^
SyntaxError: invalid syntax
```

```
In [12]: " i don't known"
```

```
Out[12]: " i don't known"
```

```
In [17]: """i am good
gyvnnftvyu
klhhkjuig """
```

```
Out[17]: 'i am good\ngyvnnftvyu\nklhhkjuig '
```

```
In [20]: dir(list)
```

```
Out[20]: ['__add__',
          '__class__',
          '__contains__',
          '__delattr__',
          '__delitem__',
          '__dir__',
          '__doc__',
          '__eq__',
          '__format__',
          '__ge__',
          '__getattr__',
          '__getitem__',
          '__gt__',
          '__hash__',
          '__iadd__',
          '__imul__',
          '__init__',
          '__init_subclass__',
          '__iter__',
          '__le__',
          '__len__',
          '__lt__',
          '__mul__',
          '__ne__',
          '__new__',
          '__reduce__',
          '__reduce_ex__',
          '__repr__',
          '__reversed__',
          '__rmul__',
          '__setattr__',
          '__setitem__',
          '__sizeof__',
          '__str__',
          '__subclasshook__',
          'append',
          'clear',
          'copy',
          'count',
          'extend',
          'index',
          'insert',
          'pop',
          'remove',
          'reverse',
          'sort']
```

```
In [32]: dir(int)
```

```
Out[32]: ['__abs__',
          '__add__',
          '__and__',
          '__bool__',
          '__ceil__',
          '__class__',
          '__delattr__',
          '__dir__',
          '__divmod__',
          '__doc__',
          '__eq__',
          '__float__',
          '__floor__',
          '__floordiv__',
          '__format__',
          '__ge__',
          '__getattr__',
          '__getnewargs__',
          '__gt__',
          '__hash__',
          '__index__',
          '__init__',
          '__init_subclass__',
          '__int__',
          '__invert__',
          '__le__',
          '__lshift__',
          '__lt__',
          '__mod__',
          '__mul__',
          '__ne__',
          '__neg__',
          '__new__',
          '__or__',
          '__pos__',
          '__pow__',
          '__radd__',
          '__rand__',
          '__rdivmod__',
          '__reduce__',
          '__reduce_ex__',
          '__repr__',
          '__rfloordiv__',
          '__rlshift__',
          '__rmod__',
          '__rmul__',
          '__ror__',
          '__round__',
          '__rpow__',
          '__rrshift__',
          '__rshift__',
          '__rsub__',
          '__rtruediv__',
          '__rxor__',
```

```
'__setattr__',
'__sizeof__',
'__str__',
'__sub__',
'__subclasshook__',
'__truediv__',
'__trunc__',
'__xor__',
'bit_length',
'conjugate',
'denominator',
'from_bytes',
'imag',
'numerator',
'real',
'to_bytes']
```

In [33]: `int.__add__(2,4)`

Out[33]: 6

In []:

In [21]: `help([].append)`

Help on built-in function append:

append(object, /) method of builtins.list instance
Append object to the end of the list.

In [26]: `l=[1,2,3,4]`
`l.append(5)`
`print(l)`

[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]

help,?

In [27]: `l?`

function

In [31]: `def fun():# fun def ,user-define`
`print('hai')# predefine`
`fun() # fun calling`

hai

system defined

- input
- len()
- print()
- range()

user defined

- 1.required argument functions
- 2.keyword argument functions
- 3.default argument functions
- 4.variable length argument functions

1.required argument functions

```
In [34]: def add(v1,v2):  
         print(v1+v2)  
         add(1,2)
```

3

2.keyword argument functions

```
In [36]: def add(v1=1,v2=2):  
         print(v1+v2)  
         add()
```

3

3.default argument functions

```
In [37]: def add(v1=1,v2=2):  
         print(v1+v2)  
         add(10,20)
```

30

4.variable length argument functions

```
In [38]: def add(v1,v2,v3):
          print(v1+v2)
          add(10,20,3)
```

30

```
In [40]: def add(*args):
          sum=0
          print(*args)
          for i in args:
              sum+=i
          print(sum)
          add(1,2,3,4,5,7)
```

1 2 3 4 5 7
22

```
In [10]: def isprime(n):
          c=0
          for i in range(1,n+1):
              if n%i==0:
                  c+=1
          if c==2:
              return True
          else:
              return False
          isprime(34)
```

Out[10]: False

```
In [6]: n=int(input())
          c=0
          for i in range(1,n+1):
              if n%i==0:
                  print(i)
                  c+=1
          print("number of factor given number",c)
          if c==2:
              print('prime')
          else:
              print('not prime')
```

5
1
5
number of factor given number 2
prime

```
In [11]: def prime(*args):  
          for i in args:  
              if isprime(i):  
                  print(i)  
  
prime(1,2,67,89,65)
```

```
2  
67  
89
```

```
In [22]: def isprime(*args):  
          print(args)  
          for i in args:  
              c=0  
              for k in range(2,i+1):  
                  if i%k==0:  
                      c+=1  
              if c==1:  
                  print( i,'prime')  
              else:  
                  print(i,'not prime')  
isprime(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10)
```

```
(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10)  
1 not prime  
2 prime  
3 prime  
4 not prime  
5 prime  
6 not prime  
7 prime  
8 not prime  
9 not prime  
10 not prime
```

regular expressions

- it's a way of checking data as your required
- it checks match or not
- valid or invalid

in this we have 3 types

- 1.search()
- 2.match()
- 3.findall()


```
In [25]: import re
```

1.search

```
In [26]: name="mounika"  
re.search('a',name)
```

```
Out[26]: <re.Match object; span=(6, 7), match='a'>
```

2.match

```
In [27]: re.match('m',name)
```

```
Out[27]: <re.Match object; span=(0, 1), match='m'>
```

3.findall

```
In [28]: re.findall('m',name)
```

```
Out[28]: ['m']
```

special characters

- .
- ^
- \$
- {}
- []

1.

```
In [30]: name="1234567dsfd"  
re.search(".....",name)
```

```
Out[30]: <re.Match object; span=(0, 5), match='12345'>
```

```
In [31]: data=["pavani","rani","kumar","sri"]
         for i in data:
             if re.search("...",i):
                 print(i)
```

pavani
rani
kumar
sri

^

```
In [32]: name="dite"
         re.search("^d",name)
```

Out[32]: <re.Match object; span=(0, 1), match='d'>

\$

```
In [34]: name="diet"
         re.search("t$",name)
```

Out[34]: <re.Match object; span=(3, 4), match='t'>

{ }

```
In [35]: data=["pavani","rani","kumar","sri"]
         for i in data:
             if re.search("[a-z]{4}$",i):
                 print(i)
```

rani

[]

```
In [36]: data=["pavani","rani","kumar","sri"]
         for i in data:
             if re.search("[a-z]{5}$",i):
                 print(i)
```

kumar

tuples

- tuples are immutable iterator
- collection of different data elements
- we can't modify, update, change, insert
- can only count and find the index of elements

```
In [37]: t=(1,2,3,4,2)
         t.count(2)
```

```
Out[37]: 2
```

```
In [38]: t.index(2)
```

```
Out[38]: 1
```

```
In [45]: t=(1,2,3,4,2)
         del t
```

```
In [49]: t1=("mounika",2,3,4,[4,5,6])
```

```
In [50]: t1
```

```
Out[50]: ('mounika', 2, 3, 4, [4, 5, 6])
```

sets

- collection unique elements

```
In [52]: s={1,2,3,4,5,6,7}
```

```
In [54]: s
```

```
Out[54]: {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7}
```

```
In [55]: s1={1,2,3,4}
         s2={2,3,4,5}
         print(s1)
         print(s2)
```

```
{1, 2, 3, 4}
{2, 3, 4, 5}
```

```
In [56]: s1&s2
```

```
Out[56]: {2, 3, 4}
```

```
In [57]: s1|s2
```

```
Out[57]: {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}
```

```
In [58]: s1.intersection(s2)
```

```
Out[58]: {2, 3, 4}
```

```
In [61]: s1.union(s2)
```

```
Out[61]: {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}
```

```
In [62]: s1-s2
```

```
Out[62]: {1}
```

```
In [63]: s2-s1
```

```
Out[63]: {5}
```

```
In [64]: s1
```

```
Out[64]: {1, 2, 3, 4}
```

```
In [65]: s2
```

```
Out[65]: {2, 3, 4, 5}
```

dictionary

```
In [67]: d={}
         d=dict()
         type(d)
```

```
Out[67]: dict
```

```
In [71]: d={"name":"mouni","rollno":15,"age":18}
```

```
In [72]: d
```

```
Out[72]: {'name': 'mouni', 'rollno': 15, 'age': 18}
```

```
In [74]: d.keys()
```

```
Out[74]: dict_keys(['name', 'rollno', 'age'])
```

```
In [75]: d.values()
```

```
Out[75]: dict_values(['mouni', 15, 18])
```

```
In [77]: d["mani"]=24
```

```
In [78]: d
```

```
Out[78]: {'name': 'mouni', 'rollno': 15, 'age': 18, 'mani': 24}
```

```
In [79]: len(d)
```

```
Out[79]: 4
```

```
In [80]: d.items()
```

```
Out[80]: dict_items([('name', 'mouni'), ('rollno', 15), ('age', 18), ('mani', 24)])
```

```
In [82]: d["name"]
```

```
Out[82]: 'mouni'
```

creat one dict for 5 students and find topper of the class

```
In [87]: d={"chinni":99,"rani":100,"siri":98,"mouni":90}
for key,val in d.items():
    if max(d.values())==val:
        print(key," is topper")
```

```
rani is topper
```

```
In [90]: d={"chinni":99,"rani":100,"siri":98,"mouni":0}
for key,val in d.items():
    if min(d.values())==val:
        print(key," is fail")
```

```
mouni is fail
```

modules

```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [95]: import random
```

In [93]: `import math`

In [94]: `import re`

```
In [96]: dir(math)
```

```
Out[96]: ['__doc__',  
          '__loader__',  
          '__name__',  
          '__package__',  
          '__spec__',  
          'acos',  
          'acosh',  
          'asin',  
          'asinh',  
          'atan',  
          'atan2',  
          'atanh',  
          'ceil',  
          'copysign',  
          'cos',  
          'cosh',  
          'degrees',  
          'e',  
          'erf',  
          'erfc',  
          'exp',  
          'expm1',  
          'fabs',  
          'factorial',  
          'floor',  
          'fmod',  
          'frexp',  
          'fsum',  
          'gamma',  
          'gcd',  
          'hypot',  
          'inf',  
          'isclose',  
          'isfinite',  
          'isinf',  
          'isnan',  
          'ldexp',  
          'lgamma',  
          'log',  
          'log10',  
          'log1p',  
          'log2',  
          'modf',  
          'nan',  
          'pi',  
          'pow',  
          'radians',  
          'remainder',  
          'sin',  
          'sinh',  
          'sqrt',  
          'tan',  
          'tanh',
```

```
'tau',  
'trunc']
```

```
In [97]: math.pi
```

```
Out[97]: 3.141592653589793
```

```
In [98]: 22/7
```

```
Out[98]: 3.142857142857143
```



```
In [99]: dir(random)
```

```
Out[99]: ['BPF',
          'LOG4',
          'NV_MAGICCONST',
          'RECIP_BPF',
          'Random',
          'SG_MAGICCONST',
          'SystemRandom',
          'TWOPI',
          '_BuiltinMethodType',
          '_MethodType',
          '_Sequence',
          '_Set',
          '__all__',
          '__builtins__',
          '__cached__',
          '__doc__',
          '__file__',
          '__loader__',
          '__name__',
          '__package__',
          '__spec__',
          '_acos',
          '_bisect',
          '_ceil',
          '_cos',
          '_e',
          '_exp',
          '_inst',
          '_itertools',
          '_log',
          '_os',
          '_pi',
          '_random',
          '_sha512',
          '_sin',
          '_sqrt',
          '_test',
          '_test_generator',
          '_urandom',
          '_warn',
          'betavariate',
          'choice',
          'choices',
          'expovariate',
          'gammavariate',
          'gauss',
          'getrandbits',
          'getstate',
          'lognormvariate',
          'normalvariate',
          'paretovariate',
          'randint',
          'random',
          'randrange',
```

```
'sample',  
'seed',  
'setstate',  
'shuffle',  
'triangular',  
'uniform',  
'vonmisesvariate',  
'weibullvariate']
```

```
In [100]: random.random()
```

```
Out[100]: 0.45522517380746963
```

```
In [102]: random.randint(1,5)
```

```
Out[102]: 5
```

lists

- collection of elements
- mutable

```
In [132]: l=[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9]
```

```
In [104]: l
```

```
Out[104]: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
```

```
In [106]: even=[]  
odd=[]  
for num in l:  
    if num%2==0:  
        even.append(num)  
    else:  
        odd.append(num)  
print(even)  
print(odd)
```

```
[2, 4, 6, 8]
```

```
[1, 3, 5, 7, 9]
```

```
In [109]: x=[1,2,3,4]  
l.extend(x)
```

```
In [110]: l
```

```
Out[110]: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 1, 2, 3, 4]
```

```
In [112]: y=1  
          z=l.copy()  
          print(y)  
          print(z)
```

```
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 1, 2, 3, 4]  
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 1, 2, 3, 4]
```

```
In [113]: l.append('python')  
          print(y)  
          print(z)
```

```
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 1, 2, 3, 4, 'python']  
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 1, 2, 3, 4]
```

```
In [115]: l.remove(2)
```

```
In [116]: 1
```

```
Out[116]: [1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 1, 2, 3, 4, 'python']
```

```
In [117]: l.clear()
```

```
In [118]: 1
```

```
Out[118]: []
```

```
In [119]: l=[1,2,3,4]
```

```
In [121]: l.reverse()
```

```
In [122]: 1
```

```
Out[122]: [4, 3, 2, 1]
```

```
In [123]: l.sort()
```

```
In [129]: 1
```

```
Out[129]: [1]
```

```
In [130]: l.pop()
```

```
Out[130]: 1
```

In [133]: `l.pop()`

Out[133]: 9

```
In [137]: x=[1,1,2,2,2,3,4,5]
          uniq=[]
          d={}
          for val in x:
              if val not in uniq:
                  uniq.append(val)
          for i in uniq:
              d[i]=x.count(i)
          d
```

Out[137]: {1: 2, 2: 3, 3: 1, 4: 1, 5: 1}

In [141]: `list(set(x))`

Out[141]: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]

In []: