

Architektur

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Architecture

We decided to divide our program into three different components:

- Model
- View
- Controller

in order to isolate the model from the user interface (View), with also a third component (Controller) that coordinates both the models and views.

The ‘main’ method creates a new console view when specifying the `–no-gui` parameter, and transfers it to a new console controller.

The Attribute class holds all the attributes that the game needs, for example, the color of pieces that the player choose to play with, and their respective methods. It holds also the attributes which specifies the status of the game, for example, if the game has ended in a draw or a win, and when one of the player’s King is in danger.

Model

The Model, in this case, the Game, is responsible for managing the data of the program. It receives user input from the controller.

The game has multiple fields, for example, the board of the game and the players, that are playing and interacting with game. The players choose to play with color either the white or the black.

The model has different methods, for example methods that load the player’s pieces, add or remove pieces to the beaten list of the player, the game also checks if the player inputted a legal move.

After each round the game checks the status of itself, if the player’s king is in danger or the game ended with a win or a draw, it tells the controller, which then the controller tells the view to display the message.

Each piece has it’s own class that extends the overall piece class. In each piece

class, the respective logic of the legal moves of the piece is implemented based on the current position of the piece and the move offsets of the piece, with regard to some exception that are added to each piece individually.

In the class player, each player has it's own list of pieces and king. The beaten pieces can be called from the respective player. The class has a field 'allowEn-Passant' that tells the game if the player can preform an En Passant move or if he missed his chance in doing so.

View

The View means the presentation of the model in a particular format. Here, at the first stage of the program, the view displays the console representation of the program.

The console based interface reads an input from the player using the scanner and passes that input to the controller for validation.

The view receives requests from the controller, which in turns get displayed to the user.

Controller

The Controller creates the game when it gets created itself and responds to the user input from the view and performs interactions on the data model objects. The controller receives the input, validates it and then passes the input to the model.

