```
clc;
clear all;
%rand('seed',0)
Archimedes optimization algorithm (AOA)
tic
Materials no=34;
                         % Number of
Particles
                      % Number of control varaibles
dim=3;
Max iter=100;
                     % Maximum number of iterations
%cec and engineering problems
% C3=2;C4=.5;
C3=1;C4=2;
                    %standard Optimization functions
Qc min=500;
                      % Minimum limit of capacitor
                      % Maximum limit of capacitor
Qc max=1200;
bounds=[Qc min*ones(Nb,1) Qc max*ones(Nb,1)];
%-----
nv=size(bounds,1);
                           % No. of variables
                           % Lower boundaries
L=bounds(:,1)';
Lmax=L([ones(Materials_no,1)],1:nv);
H=bounds(:,2)';
                           % Upper boundaries
Hmax=H([ones(Materials no,1)],1:nv);
rang=H-L;
% Initial population
for k=1:Materials no;
  for j=1:dim;
   x1(k,j)=L(j)+rand*rang(j);
 end
end
x1;
                         % Sizing of Capacitors
bounds1=[2*ones(Nb,1) Nb*ones(Nb,1)];
nv1=size(bounds1,1);
                            % No. of variables
L1=bounds1(:,1)';
                            % Lower boundaries
Lmax1=L1([ones(Materials no,1)],1:nv);
```

```
H1=bounds1(:,2)';
                                 % Upper boundaries
Hmax1=H1([ones(Materials no,1)],1:nv);
rang1=H1-L1;
% Initial population
for k=1:Materials no;
  for j=1:dim;
    x2(k,j)=L1(j)+rand*rang1(j);
end
x2;
                             % Sitting of Capacitors
Initialization
C1=0.5;
C2=0.5;
u=.9;
                              %paramter in Eq. (12)
l=.1;
                              %paramter in Eq. (12)
X=[x2 x1];
                           %initial positions Eq. (4)
den=rand(Materials no,2*dim);
                                      % Eq. (5)
vol=rand(Materials no,2*dim);
ss1=2*ones(Materials no,dim)+rand(Materials no,dim)*(Nb-2);
ss2=Qc_min*ones(Materials_no,dim)+rand(Materials_no,dim)*(Qc_max-Qc_min);
acc=[ss1 ss2];
                                     % Eq. (6)
Objective Function
bvar1=round(X(:,1:dim));
                      % Capacitor Locations (0 off, 1 on)
bvar2=X(:,dim+1:2*dim);
                            % Capacitor Sizing (KVAR)
bvar3=[bvar1 X(:,dim+1:2*dim)];
DISTRIBUTION LOAD FLOW
PL=zeros(Materials no,1);
Vb=zeros(Materials no,Nb);
for ii=1:Materials no
  bvar4=zeros(Nb,1);
  ss3=bvar3(ii,1:dim);
  ss4=bvar3(ii,dim+1:2*dim);
  bvar4(ss3,1)=ss4;
  Occ=bvar4;
```

```
backward forward sweep
                     % Backward Forward Load Flow
  PL(ii,1)=PLoss;
                  % Power Losses for each solution (P.u.)
  Vb(ii,:)=V bus;
                  % Voltage magnitude at each bus (P.u.)
  end
PL;
            FIRING CONSTRAINTS
%constraints
Vmin = < Vi < = Vmax
const1=Vb;
for i=1:Materials no;
  ppp1=find(const1(i,:)<0.85); %find the index of invisible solution
  ppp2=sum(ppp1);
  if ppp2>0
   PL(i,:)=inf;
  end
end
PL;
             Nc < = Nc max
% const2=bvar2;
for i=1:npop;
   ppp3=find(const2(i,:)>1); % find the index of invisible solution
   ppp4=length(ppp3);
   if ppp4>3
%
    PL(i,:)=inf;
%
   end
% end
% PL;
Qc_total < = 3007
const3=bvar2;
for i=1:Materials no;
  ppp5=find(const3(i,:)>1); % find the index of invisible solution
  ppp6=const3(i,ppp5);
  ppp7=sum(ppp6);
  if ppp7>3007
```

```
PL(i,:)=inf;
  end
end
PL;
              Initialize the population/solutions
Fitness=PL;
% Find the current best
sol1=[bvar1 bvar2 Fitness];
sol2=sortrows(sol1,2*dim+1);
bbst=[sol2(1,:)];
gbst=bbst(:,2*dim+1);
[Scorebest, Score index] = min(Fitness);
Xbest=X(Score index,:);
den best=den(Score index,:);
vol best=vol(Score index,:);
acc_best=acc(Score_index,:);
acc norm=acc;
Start the iterations -- AOA
for t=1:Max iter
  TF=exp(((t-Max_iter)/(Max_iter)));
                                          % Eq. (8)
  if TF>1
     TF=1;
  end
  d=exp((Max_iter-t)/Max_iter)-(t/Max_iter);
                                          % Eq. (9)
  acc=acc norm;
  r=rand();
  for i=1:Materials no
     den(i,:)=den(i,:)+r*(den best-den(i,:));
                                          % Eq. (7)
     vol(i,:)=vol(i,:)+r*(vol_best-vol(i,:));
     if TF<.45
                                         %collision
       mr=randi(Materials_no);
       acc_temp(i,:)=((den(mr,:).*vol(mr,:).*acc(mr,:)))./(den(i,:).*vol(i,:
))*rand;
       % Eq. (10)
     else
       acc_temp(i,:)=(den_best.*vol_best.*acc_best)./(den(i,:).*vol(i,:))*ra
       % Eq. (11)
nd;
     end
```

```
end
  acc norm=((u*(acc temp-min(acc temp(:))))./(max(acc temp(:))-
min(acc_temp(:))))+1;
                  % Eq. (12)
  for i=1:Materials no
        if TF<.4
          for j=1:size(X,2)
             mrand=randi(Materials no);
             Xnew(i,j)=X(i,j)+C1*rand*acc\ norm(i,j).*(X(mrand,j)-
X(i,j))*d;
             % Eq. (13)
          end
        else
          for j=1:size(X,2)
             p=2*rand-
C4;
                                          % Eq. (15)
             T=C3*TF;
             if T>1
                T=1;
             end
             if p<.5
                Xnew(i,j)=Xbest(j)+C2*rand*acc_norm(i,j).*(T*Xbest(j)-
X(i,j))*d;
         % Eq. (14)
             else
                Xnew(i,j)=Xbest(j)-C2*rand*acc norm(i,j).*(T*Xbest(j)-
X(i,j))*d;
             end
          end
        end
   end
                    Objective Function
  bvar1=round(Xnew(:,1:dim));
                         % Capacitor Locations (0 off, 1 on)
  bvar2=Xnew(:,dim+1:2*dim);
                                   % Capacitor Sizing (KVAR)
  bvar3=[bvar1 X(:,dim+1:2*dim)];
  %
                   DISTRIBUTION LOAD FLOW
  PL=zeros(Materials_no,1);
  Vb=zeros(Materials no,Nb);
  for ii=1:Materials no
     bvar4=zeros(Nb,1);
     ss3=bvar3(ii,1:dim);
```

```
ss4=find(ss3(1,:)>Nb);
  ss3(1,ss4)=Nb;
  ss5=find(ss3(1,:)<2);
  ss3(1,ss5)=2;
  ss5=bvar3(ii,dim+1:2*dim);
  bvar4(ss3,1)=ss5;
  Qcc=bvar4;
  backward forward sweep
                    % Backward Forward Load Flow
  % Power Losses for each solution (P.u.)
  PL(ii,1)=PLoss;
  Vb(ii,:)=V bus;
                % Voltage magnitude at each bus (P.u.)
  end
PL;
FIRING CONSTRAINTS
%constraints
Vmin = < Vi < = Vmax
const1=Vb;
for i=1:Materials no;
  ppp1=find(const1(i,:)<0.85);%find the index of invisible solution
  ppp2=sum(ppp1);
 if ppp2>0
   PL(i,:)=inf;
  end
end
PL;
Nc < = Nc max
% const2=bvar2;
% for i=1:npop;
   ppp3=find(const2(i,:)>1); % find the index of invisible solution
%
   ppp4=length(ppp3);
%
   if ppp4>3
%
    PL(i,:)=inf;
%
   end
% end
% PL;
Qc total < = 3007
```

```
const3=bvar2;
  for i=1:Materials no;
   ppp5=find(const3(i,:)>1); % find the index of invisible solution
   ppp6=const3(i,ppp5);
   ppp7=sum(ppp6);
   if ppp7>3007
     PL(i,:)=inf;
   end
  end
 PL;
 Initialize the population/solutions
 Fitness=PL;
 % Find the current best
  sol1=[bvar1 bvar2 Fitness];
  sol2=sortrows(sol1,2*dim+1);
 bbst=[sol2(1,:)];
 gbst=bbst(:,2*dim+1);
 [gmin,ind]=min(bbst(:,2*dim+1));
 if gmin<gbst
   gbst=gmin;
 ansr(t,:)=[bbst gbst];
 outt(t,:)=[t gmin gbst];
  eval(t)=gbst;
 end
ansr;
fprintf('===================')
sss1=sort(outt(:,3));
sss2=zeros(Max iter,1);
sss3=[Max_iter:-1:1];
sss2(sss3,1)=sss1;
Fitness=sss2;
pp1=ansr(Max iter, 2*dim+2);
pp2=find(ansr(:,2*dim+2)==pp1);
pp3=ansr(pp2(1,1),1:2*dim)';
```

```
Qcc Locations=pp3(1:dim,1);
Qcc Size=pp3(dim+1:2*dim,1);
Qcc_Locations_Size_Kvar=[Qcc_Locations Qcc_Size]
% BF_C(Qcc_Locations,Qcc_Size)
Qcc_Total_Kvar=sum(Qcc_Locations_Size_Kvar(:,2))
bvar1=zeros(Nb,1);
ss1=Qcc Locations;
ss2=Qcc Size;
bvar1(ss1,1)=ss2;
Qcc1 Size Kvar=bvar1;
backward forward sweep final
                  % Backward Forward Load Flow
%Voltage magnitude at each bus (P.u.)
V bus with C=V bus;
fprintf('============')
V bus tot with C=sum(V bus with C)
Voltage magnitude without Capacitors
fprintf('===================================')
V bus without C=[ 1
  0.99414
  0.98902
  0.98205
  0.97606
  0.97041
  0.96659
  0.96448
  0.96201
  0.96083
  0.96037
  0.96023
  0.98869
  0.98838
   0.9883
  0.98829
  0.96595
  0.96224
  0.95815
```

```
0.95485
   0.95199
   0.94872
   0.94603
   0.94351
   0.9423
   0.94183
   0.94169
   0.96625
   0.96603
   0.96591
   0.96049
   0.96015
   0.95998
   0.95992];
bus tot without C=sum(V bus without C)
figure(1)
plot(outt(:,1),Fitness);
xlabel('Iteration');
ylabel('Objective Function');
figure(2)
plot(1:Nb,V_bus_without_C,'r',1:Nb,V_bus_with_C,'b')
xlabel('Buses');
ylabel('Bus Voltages (p.u.)');
Power Loss in each branch
fprintf('===========Active power loss in each branch (kW)============================
Plosskw = (Pl) * 100000;
fprintf('=======Reactive power loss in each branch (kVAR)=========')
Qlosskw = (Ql) * 100000;
Total Power Loss
fprintf('========Total active power loss (kW)==========')
Total PLoss = (PLL) * 100000
fprintf('==========Total reactive power loss (kVAR)=============')
Total QLoss = (QLL) * 100000
fprintf('==========minimum voltage=========')
minimum voltage = min(V bus)
```

```
LINE DATA [Ohm]
%branch no sending reciving R(Ohm)
                            X(Ohm)
LD=[1 1 2 0.1170 0.0480
  2 2 3 0.1072 0.0440
  3 3 4 0.1645 0.0457
  4 4 5 0.1495 0.0415
  5 5 6 0.1495 0.0415
  6 6 7 0.3144 0.0540
  7 7 8 0.2096 0.0360
  8 8 9 0.3144 0.0540
  9 9 10 0.2096 0.0360
  10 10 11 0.1310 0.0225
  11 11 12 0.1048 0.0180
  12 3 13 0.1572 0.0270
  13 13 14 0.2096 0.0360
  14 14 15 0.1048 0.0180
  15 15 16 0.0524 0.0090
  16 6 17 0.1794 0.0498
  17 17 18 0.1645 0.0457
  18 18 19 0.2079 0.0473
  19 19 20 0.1890 0.0430
  20 20 21 0.1890 0.0430
  21 21 22 0.2620 0.0450
  22 22 23 0.2620 0.0450
  23 23 24 0.3144 0.0540
  24 24 25 0.2096 0.0360
  25 25 26 0.1310 0.0225
  26 26 27 0.1048 0.0180
  27 7 28 0.1572 0.0270
  28 28 29 0.1572 0.0270
  29 29 30 0.1572 0.0270
  30 10 31 0.1572 0.0270
  31 31 32 0.2096 0.0360
  32 32 33 0.1572 0.0270
  33 33 34 0.1048 0.0180];
BUS DATA [kW and kVar]
% bus no activepower reactivepower
BD1=[1 0 0
```

```
230 142.5
  3
   0 0
  4 230 142.5
  5 230 142.5
  6 0 0
  7 0 0
  8 230 142.5
  9 230 142.5
  10 0 0
  11 230 142.5
  12 137 84
  13 72 45
  14 72 45
  15 72 45
  16 13.5 7.5
  17 230 142.5
  18 230 142.5
  19 230 142.5
  20 230 142.5
  21 230 142.5
  22 230 142.5
  23 230 142.5
  24 230 142.5
  25 230 142.5
  26 230 142.5
  27 137 85
  28 75 48
  29 75 48
  30 75 48
  31 57 34.5
  32 57 34.5
  33 57 34.5
  34 57 34.51;
BD=[BD1(:,1) BD1(:,2) BD1(:,3)-Qcc];
br=length(LD);
no=length(BD);
MVAb=100;
KVb=11;
Zb=(KVb^2)/MVAb;
Per Unit Values
```

```
R=(LD(:,4))/Zb;
XL=(LD(:,5))/Zb;
P=(BD(:,2))./(1000*MVAb);
Q=(BD(:,3))./(1000*MVAb);
Code for bus-injection to branch-current matrix
bibc=zeros(size(LD,1),size(LD,1));
for i=1:size(LD,1)
  if LD(i,2) == 1
   bibc(LD(i,3)-1,LD(i,3)-1)=1;
  else
   bibc(:,LD(i,3)-1)=bibc(:,LD(i,2)-1);
   bibc(LD(i,3)-1,LD(i,3)-1)=1;
  end
end
S=complex(P,Q);
                          % complex power
Vo=ones(size(LD,1),1);% initial bus votage% 10 change to specific data value
S(1)=[];
VB=Vo;
iteration=100;
% iteration=input('number of iteration : ');
for ip=1:iteration
  Backward Sweep
  I=conj(S./VB);
                               % injected current
  Z=complex(R,XL);
                          %branch impedance
  ZD=diag(Z);
                              %makeing it diagonal
  IB=bibc*I;
                                 %branch current
  Forward Sweep
  TRX=bibc'*ZD*bibc;
  VB=Vo-TRX*I;
end
Vbus=[1;VB];
% display(Vbus);
% display(IB);
V bus=abs(Vbus);
I Line=abs(IB);
Power Loss
```

Bff

```
% clc
% clear all
LINE DATA [Ohm]
%branch no sending reciving R(Ohm)
                            X(Ohm)
LD = [1 1 2 0.1170 0.0480
  2 2 3 0.1072 0.0440
  3 3 4 0.1645 0.0457
  4 4 5 0.1495 0.0415
  5 5 6 0.1495 0.0415
  6 6 7 0.3144 0.0540
  7 7 8 0.2096 0.0360
  8 8 9 0.3144 0.0540
  9 9 10 0.2096 0.0360
  10 10 11 0.1310 0.0225
  11 11 12 0.1048 0.0180
  12 3 13 0.1572 0.0270
  13 13 14 0.2096 0.0360
  14 14 15 0.1048 0.0180
  15 15 16 0.0524 0.0090
  16 6 17 0.1794 0.0498
  17 17 18 0.1645 0.0457
  18 18 19 0.2079 0.0473
  19 19 20 0.1890 0.0430
  20 20 21 0.1890 0.0430
  21 21 22 0.2620 0.0450
  22 22 23 0.2620 0.0450
  23 23 24 0.3144 0.0540
  24 24 25 0.2096 0.0360
  25 25 26 0.1310 0.0225
  26 26 27 0.1048 0.0180
  27 7 28 0.1572 0.0270
  28 28 29 0.1572 0.0270
  29 29 30 0.1572 0.0270
  30 10 31 0.1572 0.0270
  31 31 32 0.2096 0.0360
  32 32 33 0.1572 0.0270
  33 33 34 0.1048 0.0180];
BUS DATA [kW and kVar]
```

```
% bus no
        activepower reactivepower
BD1=[1 0 0
  2 230 142.5
  3 0 0
  4 230 142.5
  5 230 142.5
  6 0 0
  7 0 0
  8 230 142.5
  9 230 142.5
  10 0 0
  11 230 142.5
  12 137 84
  13 72 45
  14 72 45
  15 72 45
  16 13.5 7.5
  17 230 142.5
  18 230 142.5
  19 230 142.5
  20 230 142.5
  21 230 142.5
  22 230 142.5
  23 230 142.5
  24 230 142.5
  25 230 142.5
  26 230 142.5
  27 137 85
  28 75 48
  29 75 48
  30 75 48
  31 57 34.5
  32 57 34.5
  33 57 34.5
  34 57 34.51;
BD=[BD1(:,1) BD1(:,2) BD1(:,3)-Qcc1_Size_Kvar];
br=length(LD);
no=length(BD);
MVAb=100;
KVb=11;
Zb=(KVb^2)/MVAb;
```

```
Per Unit Values
R=(LD(:,4))/Zb;
X=(LD(:,5))/Zb;
P=(BD(:,2))./(1000*MVAb);
Q=(BD(:,3))./(1000*MVAb);
F=LD(:,2:3);
M=max(LD(:,2:3));
N=max(M);
f1=[1:N]';
for i=1:N
  g1=find(F(:,:)==i);
  h1(i)=length(g1);
end
k1(:,1)=f1;
k1(:,2)=h1';
                              % cent=input('central bus
cent=1;
 % this section of the code is to adjust line data to the standard
 NLD=zeros(N,size(LD,2));
 c=find(LD(:,2:3)==cent);
 NLD=LD(c,:);
 LD(c,:)=[];
 t=find(k1(:,1)==cent);
 k1(t,2)=k1(t,2)-size(c,1);
 j=size(c,1);
 i=1;
 while sum(k1(:,2))>0
     c=[];
     b=[];
     [c e]=find(LD(:,2:3)==NLD(i,3));
     if size(c,2)\sim=0
       b=LD(c,:);
       LD(c,:)=[];
       t=find(k1(:,1)==NLD(i,3));
       k1(t,2)=k1(t,2)-(size(c,1)+1);
       d=find(b(:,3)==NLD(i,3));
       b(d,2:3)=[b(d,3),b(d,2)];
       NLD(j+1:j+size(c,1),:)=b;
       j=j+size(c,1);
     end
```

```
i=i+1;
 end
 LD=sortrows(NLD,3);
 % end the data is represented in standard format
Code for bus-injection to branch-current matrix
bibc=zeros(size(LD,1),size(LD,1));
for i=1:size(LD,1)
  if LD(i,2) == 1
   bibc(LD(i,3)-1,LD(i,3)-1)=1;
    bibc(:,LD(i,3)-1)=bibc(:,LD(i,2)-1);
    bibc(LD(i,3)-1,LD(i,3)-1)=1;
  end
end
S=complex(P,Q);
                           % complex power
Vo=ones(size(LD,1),1);% initial bus votage% 10 change to specific data value
S(1)=[];
VB=Vo;
iteration=100;
% iteration=input('number of iteration : ');
for ip=1:iteration
  Backward Sweep
  I=conj(S./VB);
                                 % injected current
  Z=complex(R,X);
                          %branch impedance
  ZD=diag(Z);
                               %makeing it diagonal
  IB=bibc*I;
                                  %branch current
  Forward Sweep
  TRX=bibc'*ZD*bibc;
  VB=Vo-TRX*I;
Vbus=[1;VB];
% display(Vbus);
% display(IB);
V bus=abs(Vbus);
I_Line=abs(IB);
```

```
Power Loss
Ibrp=[abs(IB) angle(IB)*180/pi];
PLL(1,1)=0;
QLL(1,1)=0;
% losses
for f2=1:size(LD,1)
  Pl(f2,1)=(Ibrp(f2,1)^2)*R(f2,1);
  Q1(f2,1)=X(f2,1)*(Ibrp(f2,1)^2);
  PLL(1,1)=PLL(1,1)+Pl(f2,1);
  QLL(1,1)=QLL(1,1)+Ql(f2,1);
end
Plosskw=(Pl)*100000;
Qlosskw=(Ql)*100000;
PLoss=(PLL)*100000;
QLoss=(QLL)*100000;
```