

永中鍾定翔

DATE 2024
2025

.12
1

.29.30
2

NO 二校149
三校108

ex.3 若 $x^2 + ax + 4 = 0$ 有一根 $-3 + \sqrt{5}$, 求 a , 另一根

$$\Rightarrow (-3 + \sqrt{5})^2 + a(-3 + \sqrt{5}) + 4 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 9 - 6\sqrt{5} + 5 - 3a - \sqrt{5}a + 4 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -a(3 + \sqrt{5}) = 6\sqrt{5} - 18$$

$$\Rightarrow a = -\frac{6\sqrt{5} - 18}{3 + \sqrt{5}} = -\frac{(6\sqrt{5} - 18)(3 - \sqrt{5})}{4} = -\frac{18\sqrt{5} - 54 - 30 + 18\sqrt{5}}{4}$$

$$= \frac{36\sqrt{5} - 84}{4} = 9\sqrt{5} - 21 \#$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{-9\sqrt{5} + 21 \pm \sqrt{405 + 441 - 378\sqrt{5} - 16}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{21 - 9\sqrt{5} \pm \sqrt{830 - 2\sqrt{3^6 \times 7^2 \times 5}}}{2}$$

$$\alpha + \beta = 830$$

$$\alpha\beta = 3^6 \times 7^2 \times 5$$

$$\alpha(830 - \alpha) = 3^6 \times 7^2 \times 5$$

$$-\alpha^2 + 830\alpha - 3^6 \times 7^2 \times 5 = 0$$

$$\alpha = \frac{-830 \pm \sqrt{830^2 - 2^2 \times 3^6 \times 7^2 \times 5}}{-2}$$

$$(-3 + \sqrt{5}) + \beta = -a \Rightarrow -a = -3 + \sqrt{5} - \sqrt{5} - 3 = -6 \Rightarrow a = 6 \#$$

$$(-3 + \sqrt{5}) \cdot \beta = 4 \Rightarrow \beta = \frac{4}{\sqrt{5} - 3} = \frac{4\sqrt{5} + 12}{-4} = -\sqrt{5} - 3 \#$$