);

(1) the SQL code you have used to create the schema of your database (only create table and alter table statements (if any), not statements for inserting values) -- We have written 2 databases (sql_HOSPITAL_OLD, sql_HOSPITAL_NEW) which the new one is the modified schema and it is in the optimization part. DROP DATABASE IF EXISTS 'sql HOSPITAL OLD'; CREATE DATABASE `sql_HOSPITAL_OLD`; USE `sql_HOSPITAL_OLD`; DROP TABLE IF EXISTS 'Physician'; CREATE TABLE 'Physician' ('EmployeeID' BIGINT NOT NULL, 'Name' CHAR(255) NOT NULL, 'Position' CHAR(255) NOT NULL, 'SSN' BIGINT NOT NULL, CONSTRAINT 'pk physician' PRIMARY KEY('EmployeeID') DROP TABLE IF EXISTS 'Department'; CREATE TABLE 'Department' ('DepartmentID' BIGINT NOT NULL, 'Name' CHAR(255) NOT NULL, 'Head' BIGINT NOT NULL, CONSTRAINT 'pk Department' PRIMARY KEY('DepartmentID'), CONSTRAINT `fk_Department_Physician_EmployeeID` FOREIGN KEY(`Head`) REFERENCES 'Physician' ('EmployeeID')); DROP TABLE IF EXISTS `Affiliated_With`; CREATE TABLE 'Affiliated With' ('Physician' BIGINT NOT NULL, 'Department' BIGINT NOT NULL, `PrimaryAffiliation` BOOLEAN NOT NULL, CONSTRAINT `fk_Affiliated_With_Physician_EmployeeID` FOREIGN KEY(`Physician`) REFERENCES 'Physician' ('EmployeeID'), CONSTRAINT `fk_Affiliated_With_Department_DepartmentID` FOREIGN KEY(`Department`) REFERENCES 'Department' ('DepartmentID'), PRIMARY KEY('Physician', 'Department')

```
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS 'Procedures':
CREATE TABLE 'Procedures' (
 'Code' BIGINT PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL,
 'Name' CHAR(255) NOT NULL,
 'Cost' REAL NOT NULL
);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS 'Trained In';
CREATE TABLE `Trained In` (
 'Physician' BIGINT NOT NULL,
 'Treatment' BIGINT NOT NULL.
 'CertificationDate' DATETIME NOT NULL.
 'CertificationExpires' DATETIME NOT NULL,
 CONSTRAINT `fk_Trained_In_Physician_EmployeeID` FOREIGN KEY(`Physician`)
REFERENCES 'Physician' ('EmployeeID'),
 CONSTRAINT 'fk Trained In Procedures Code' FOREIGN KEY('Treatment')
REFERENCES 'Procedures' ('Code'),
 PRIMARY KEY('Physician', 'Treatment')
);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS 'Patient';
CREATE TABLE 'Patient' (
 'SSN' BIGINT PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL.
 'Name' CHAR(255) NOT NULL,
 'Address' CHAR(255) NOT NULL,
 'Phone' CHAR(255) NOT NULL,
 'InsuranceID' CHAR(255) NOT NULL,
 'PCP' BIGINT NOT NULL,
 CONSTRAINT `fk_Patient_Physician_EmployeeID` FOREIGN KEY(`PCP`) REFERENCES
'Physician'('EmployeeID')
);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS 'Nurse';
CREATE TABLE 'Nurse' (
`EmployeeID` BIGINT PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL,
 'Name' CHAR(255) NOT NULL,
 'Position' CHAR(255) NOT NULL,
 'Registered' BOOLEAN NOT NULL,
 `SSN` BIGINT NOT NULL
);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS 'Appointment';
CREATE TABLE `Appointment` (
```

```
`AppointmentID` BIGINT PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL,
 'Patient' BIGINT NOT NULL,
 'PrepNurse' BIGINT,
 'Physician' BIGINT NOT NULL,
 'Start' DATETIME NOT NULL,
 'End' DATETIME NOT NULL,
 `ExaminationRoom` LONGTEXT NOT NULL,
 CONSTRAINT `fk Appointment Patient SSN` FOREIGN KEY(`Patient`) REFERENCES
`Patient`(`SSN`),
 CONSTRAINT `fk_Appointment_Nurse_EmployeeID` FOREIGN KEY(`PrepNurse`)
REFERENCES 'Nurse' ('EmployeeID'),
 CONSTRAINT 'fk Appointment Physician EmployeeID' FOREIGN KEY('Physician')
REFERENCES 'Physician' ('EmployeeID')
);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS 'Medication';
CREATE TABLE 'Medication' (
 'Code' BIGINT PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL,
 'Name' CHAR(255) NOT NULL,
 'Brand' CHAR(255) NOT NULL,
 'Description' CHAR(255) NOT NULL
);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS 'Prescribes';
CREATE TABLE 'Prescribes' (
 'Physician' BIGINT NOT NULL,
 'Patient' BIGINT NOT NULL.
 'Medication' BIGINT NOT NULL,
 'Date' DATETIME NOT NULL,
 'Appointment' BIGINT,
 'Dose' CHAR(255) NOT NULL,
 PRIMARY KEY('Physician', 'Patient', 'Medication', 'Date'),
 CONSTRAINT 'fk Prescribes Physician EmployeeID' FOREIGN KEY('Physician')
REFERENCES 'Physician' ('EmployeeID'),
 CONSTRAINT `fk_Prescribes_Patient_SSN` FOREIGN KEY(`Patient`) REFERENCES
`Patient`(`SSN`),
 CONSTRAINT `fk_Prescribes_Medication_Code` FOREIGN KEY(`Medication`)
REFERENCES 'Medication' ('Code'),
 CONSTRAINT `fk_Prescribes_Appointment_AppointmentID` FOREIGN KEY(`Appointment`)
REFERENCES `Appointment`(`AppointmentID`)
);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS 'Block';
```

```
CREATE TABLE 'Block' (
 'BlockFloor' BIGINT NOT NULL,
 'BlockCode' BIGINT NOT NULL,
 PRIMARY KEY('BlockFloor', 'BlockCode')
);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS 'Room';
CREATE TABLE 'Room' (
 'RoomNumber' BIGINT PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL,
 'RoomType' CHAR(255) NOT NULL,
 'BlockFloor' BIGINT NOT NULL,
 'BlockCode' BIGINT NOT NULL.
 'Unavailable' BOOLEAN NOT NULL,
 CONSTRAINT `fk_Room_Block_PK` FOREIGN KEY(`BlockFloor`, `BlockCode`)
REFERENCES 'Block' ('BlockFloor', 'BlockCode')
);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS 'On_Call';
CREATE TABLE 'On Call' (
 'Nurse' BIGINT NOT NULL,
 'BlockFloor' BIGINT NOT NULL,
 'BlockCode' BIGINT NOT NULL,
 'OnCallStart' DATETIME NOT NULL.
 'OnCallEnd' DATETIME NOT NULL,
 PRIMARY KEY('Nurse', 'BlockFloor', 'BlockCode', 'OnCallStart', 'OnCallEnd'),
 CONSTRAINT `fk_OnCall_Nurse_EmployeeID` FOREIGN KEY(`Nurse`) REFERENCES
'Nurse'('EmployeeID'),
 CONSTRAINT `fk_OnCall_Block_Floor` FOREIGN KEY(`BlockFloor`, `BlockCode`)
REFERENCES 'Block' ('BlockFloor', 'BlockCode')
);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS 'Stay';
CREATE TABLE `Stay` (
 'StayID' BIGINT PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL,
 'Patient' BIGINT NOT NULL,
 'Room' BIGINT NOT NULL,
 'StayStart' DATETIME NOT NULL,
 'StayEnd' DATETIME NOT NULL,
 CONSTRAINT `fk_Stay_Patient_SSN` FOREIGN KEY(`Patient`) REFERENCES
`Patient`(`SSN`),
 CONSTRAINT 'fk Stay Room Number' FOREIGN KEY('Room') REFERENCES
`Room`(`RoomNumber`)
);
```

```
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS 'Undergoes';
CREATE TABLE 'Undergoes' (
 'Patient' BIGINT NOT NULL,
 'Procedures' BIGINT NOT NULL,
 'Stay' BIGINT NOT NULL,
 `DateUndergoes` DATETIME NOT NULL,
 'Physician' BIGINT NOT NULL,
 `AssistingNurse` BIGINT,
 PRIMARY KEY('Patient', 'Procedures', 'Stay', 'DateUndergoes'),
 CONSTRAINT `fk Undergoes Patient SSN` FOREIGN KEY(`Patient`) REFERENCES
`Patient`(`SSN`),
 CONSTRAINT `fk_Undergoes_Procedures_Code` FOREIGN KEY(`Procedures`)
REFERENCES 'Procedures' ('Code'),
 CONSTRAINT `fk_Undergoes_Stay_StayID` FOREIGN KEY(`Stay`) REFERENCES
`Stay`(`StayID`),
 CONSTRAINT `fk_Undergoes_Physician_EmployeeID` FOREIGN KEY(`Physician`)
REFERENCES 'Physician' ('EmployeeID'),
 CONSTRAINT `fk_Undergoes_Nurse_EmployeeID` FOREIGN KEY(`AssistingNurse`)
REFERENCES 'Nurse' ('EmployeeID')
);
-- For the optimization part-1 (materialized view) which is described further.
CREATE TABLE table_patient_procedure AS
       SELECT patient.SSN AS PatientId,
  patient.Name AS Patient Name,
  patient.Address AS Patient_Address,
       patient. Phone AS Patient Contact,
  patient.InsuranceID AS Patient Insurance,
  undergoes DateUndergoes AS Procedure Date,
  procedures.Name AS Procedure_Name,
       physician. Name AS Physician Name,
   physician. Position AS Physician Position
FROM patient, undergoes, procedures, physician
WHERE patient.SSN = undergoes.Patient
       AND procedures.Code = undergoes.Procedures
  AND undergoes.Physician = physician.EmployeeID
  AND undergoes.DateUndergoes > '2020-04-01'
       AND undergoes. DateUndergoes < '2020-04-30';
CREATE TABLE table patient doctors nurse AS
```

SELECT patient.SSN AS PatientId,

```
patient. Name AS Patient Name,
patient.Address AS Patient_Address,
patient.Phone AS Patient_Contact,
patient.InsuranceID AS Patient Insurance,
appointment.Start AS Appointment Date,
physician.Name AS Physician_Name,
physician. Position AS Physician_Position,
nurse.Name AS Nurse Name,
nurse.Position AS Nurse Position
FROM patient, appointment, physician, nurse
WHERE patient.SSN = appointment.Patient
        AND appointment. Physician = physician. EmployeeID
    AND appointment.PrepNurse = nurse.EmployeeID
    AND appointment.Start >= '2020-04-01'
    AND appointment.End <= '2020-04-30';
CREATE TABLE table_patient_prescribed_medicines AS
SELECT patient.SSN AS PatientId,
       patient.Name AS Patient Name,
       patient. Address AS Patient Address,
       patient.Phone AS Patient_Contact,
       patient.InsuranceID AS Patient Insurance,
       appointment.Start AS Appointment Date,
       medication.Name AS Medication_Name,
       prescribes. Dose AS Dosage
FROM patient, appointment, prescribes, medication
WHERE patient.SSN = appointment.Patient
        AND appointment.AppointmentID = prescribes.Appointment
   AND prescribes.Medication = medication.code
   AND appointment.Start >= '2020-04-01'
   AND appointment.End <= '2020-04-30';
CREATE TABLE table patient appointment procedure AS
       SELECT patient. Name AS Patient Name,
               patient.Address AS Patient_Address,
               patient. Phone AS Patient Contact,
               appointment.Start AS Appointment Date,
               procedures.Name AS Procedure_Name
  FROM patient,
              appointment,
              undergoes,
              procedures
  WHERE appointment.Patient = undergoes.Patient
```

```
AND procedures.Code = undergoes.Procedures
               AND patient.SSN = appointment.Patient
               AND patient.SSN = undergoes.Patient;
-- For the optimization part 2 (changing query and Indexing)
ALTER TABLE Appointment
add key covered(Patient, PrepNurse, Physician);
ALTER TABLE Nurse
ADD KEY Nurse_Name_Registered(Name, Registered);
(2) the SQL code of the queries (possibly with an explanation)
USE sql_HOSPITAL;
-- Availability of rooms in each block in each floor
SELECT blockfloor AS "Floor",
    blockcode AS "Block",
    count(*) "Number of available rooms"
FROM Room
WHERE unavailable='false'
GROUP BY blockfloor.
    blockcode
ORDER BY blockfloor,
    blockcode:
-- Find out details of prescribed medicines for patients between the 1st to 5th of April.
-- Medication name
-- Patient details
SELECT Medication.Name AS Medication_Name,
    Prescribes. Dose AS Dosage,
        Patient.SSN AS PatientId,
        Patient.Name AS Patient_Name,
    Appointment. Start AS Appointment Date,
        Patient.Address AS Patient Address,
    patient. Phone AS Patient Contact,
    patient.InsuranceID AS Patient_Insurance
FROM patient, appointment, prescribes, medication
WHERE patient.SSN = appointment.Patient
```

AND appointment.AppointmentID = prescribes.Appointment

AND prescribes. Medication = medication.code

-- q1

-- Q-2

-- Dosage

```
AND appointment.Start >= '2020-04-01'
   AND appointment.End <= '2020-04-05';
-- a3
-- Physicians who did the undergoe but their certification expiration had been passed
-- Patient, Physician, UndergoesDate, Certification_End_Date
SELECT
P.Name AS PatientName,
U.physician as PhysicianID,
U.DateUndergoes AS UdergoesDate,
IFNULL(T.CertificationExpires,'VERIFIED') AS CERTIFICATE_EXPIRES
FROM undergoes U
LEFT JOIN patient P
      ON U.Patient=P.SSN
LEFT JOIN trained in T
       USING(physician)
ORDER BY DateUndergoes;
-- q4
-- Names of all the physicians,
-- Their procedures which were NOT certified for THAT procedure.
-- Date when the procedure was carried out and
-- Name of the patient on which procedure have been carried out
SELECT p.name AS "Physician",
    pr.name AS "Procedure",
    u.DateUndergoes,
    pt.name AS "Patient"
FROM Physician p,
   Undergoes u,
  Patient pt,
  Procedures pr
WHERE u.patient = pt.SSN
 AND u.Procedures = pr.Code
 AND u.physician = p.EmployeeID
 AND NOT EXISTS
  (SELECT*
  FROM Trained_In t
  WHERE t.treatment = u.Procedures
    AND t.physician = u.physician );
```

```
-- Patients who had at least two appointment
-- Nurse who prepared the appointment which was a registered nurse
-- And the physician who has carried out primary care.
SELECT pt.name AS "Patient",
    p.name AS "Primary Physician",
    n.name AS "Nurse"
FROM Appointment a
JOIN Patient pt ON a.patient=pt.ssn
JOIN Nurse n ON a.prepnurse=n.employeeid
JOIN Physician p ON pt.pcp=p.employeeid
WHERE a.patient IN
  (SELECT Patient
  FROM Appointment a
  GROUP BY a.patient
  HAVING count(*)>=2)
 AND n.registered='true'
ORDER BY pt.name;
-- q6
-- All the nurses who have ever been on call for room 102.
SELECT n.name
FROM nurse n
WHERE employeeid IN
  ( SELECT oc.Nurse
  FROM on_call oc,
     room r
  WHERE oc.blockfloor = r.blockfloor
    AND oc.blockcode = r.blockcode
   AND r.roomnumber = 102);
-- Q-7
-- Finding all On call nurses,
-- Patients in different blocks
-- And their rooms
-- Between dates 01-04-2020 and 05-04-2020.
SELECT nurse.Name as NurseName.
             nurse.Position as NursePosition,
             on_call.OnCallStart,
    on_call.OnCallEnd,
    patient.Name AS Patient_Name,
```

patient.Address AS Patient_Address,

```
patient.phone AS Patient Contact,
              patient.InsuranceID AS Patient_Insuranceid
FROM on_call, nurse, patient
WHERE patient.SSN != nurse.SSN
        AND on call.Nurse = nurse.EmployeeID
   AND on_call.OnCallStart >= '2020-04-01'
        AND on_call.OnCallEnd <= '2020-04-30'
   AND nurse.Registered=1
   ORDER BY BlockFloor ASC;
-- Q-8
-- Physicians and department relations with certification start and end dates.
-- Physician name
-- Position
-- Department
-- Start and End of their certification
SELECT physician.Name AS Physician_Name,
   physician. Position AS Physician Position,
   department. Name AS Department Name,
    trained in.CertificationDate,
    trained_in.CertificationExpires
FROM affiliated_with, department,physician, trained in
WHERE affiliated with.Physician = physician.EmployeeID
  AND affiliated with.Department = department.DepartmentID
limit 100;
-- Q-9
-- Patients who STAYED but did NOT UNDERGO on any procedure between two dates (using
-- Patients details with Start and End date of stay
SELECT patient.SSN AS PatientId,
        patient.Name AS Patient Name,
        patient. Address AS Patient Address,
        patient.Phone AS Patient_Contact,
        stay.StayStart,
    stay.StayEnd
FROM stay
   left JOIN undergoes ON stay.Patient != undergoes.Patient
  left JOIN patient ON stay.Patient = patient.SSN
WHERE stay.StayStart >='2020-04-20'
   AND stay.StayEnd<='2020-04-23';
```

- -- Q-10
- -- Patients who got APPOINTMENTS, but had NOT been PRESCRIBED.
- -- PATIENT details

SELECT distinct patient.Name as Patient_Name,

patient.Address as Patient_Address, patient.Phone as Patient_Contact, physician.Name as Physician_Name, physician.Position as Physician_Position, appointment.Start as Appointment_Date

FROM patient,

appointment, prescribes,

physician

WHERE

appointment.AppointmentID <> prescribes.Appointment

AND physician. EmployeeID=appointment. Physician

AND appointment.patient=patient.SSN;

- -- Q-11
- -- Details of patients
- -- Undergoing particular procedure on "2020-04-25"
- -- With doctor's name and procedure name.

SELECT patient.SSN as PatientId,

patient. Name as Patient Name,

patient.Address as Patient_Address,

patient.Phone as Patient_Contact,

patient.InsuranceID as Patient Insurance,

undergoes.DateUndergoes as Procedure Date,

procedures. Name as Procedure_Name,

physician.Name as Physician Name,

priyololari. Name ao i riyololari_Name,

physician.Position as Physician_Position

FROM patient, undergoes, procedures, physician

WHERE patient.SSN = undergoes.Patient

AND procedures.Code = undergoes.Procedures

AND undergoes.Physician=physician.EmployeeID

AND undergoes.DateUndergoes >= '2020-04-25'

AND undergoes. DateUndergoes < '2020-04-26';

- -- Q-12
- -- Find out the appointment details
- -- Of patients between 01-04-2020 to 05-04-2020
- -- With different doctors with their attending nurse name.

SELECT patient.SSN as PatientId,

```
patient.Name as Patient_Name,
patient.Address as Patient_Address,
patient.Phone as Patient_Contact,
patient.InsuranceID as Patient_Insurance,
appointment.Start Appointment_Date,
physician.Name as Physician_Name,
physician.Position as Physician_Position,
nurse.Name as Nurse_Name,
nurse.Position as Nurse_Position
FROM patient, appointment, physician, nurse
WHERE patient.SSN = appointment.Patient
AND appointment.Physician = physician.EmployeeID
AND appointment.PrepNurse = nurse.EmployeeID
AND appointment.Start >= '2020-04-01'
AND appointment.End <= '2020-04-05';
```

- -- Q-13
- -- PATIENTS THAT HAD APPOINTMENTS WHICH PROCEEDED TO AN UNDERGOE

.....

(3) the SQL code used for query optimization for HW2. For each query, indicate the un-optimized version and the optimized one. In case the optimization has been realized through indexes, insert the SQL code for the index creation; in case you have modified the schema (e.g. changed the domain of a field, or constructed a new materialized table, etc.), insert the code you have used for this modification.

- -- OPTIMIZATION SECTION
- -- Part-1 USING Materialized Views
- -- In this Part we USE materialized views for optimizing performance.
- -- For materialized views a seperate table needs to be created.

-- OPTIMIZATION I (query 11)

CREATE TABLE table_patient_procedure AS SELECT patient.SSN AS PatientId, patient.Name AS Patient Name, patient.Address AS Patient_Address, patient. Phone AS Patient Contact, patient.InsuranceID AS Patient Insurance, undergoes DateUndergoes AS Procedure Date, procedures.Name AS Procedure_Name, physician. Name AS Physician Name, physician. Position AS Physician Position FROM patient, undergoes, procedures, physician WHERE patient.SSN = undergoes.Patient AND procedures.Code = undergoes.Procedures AND undergoes.Physician = physician.EmployeeID AND undergoes. DateUndergoes > '2020-04-01' AND undergoes. DateUndergoes < '2020-04-30';

-- Optionally we can add index(es) for the queries we want to speed up.

CREATE INDEX index_procedure_date

ON table patient procedure (Procedure Date);

CREATE VIEW patient_and_procedure AS SELECT * FROM table_patient_procedure;

/* On large database we can see query executes 10x faster than the first query */

-- SLOW QUERY

SELECT patient.SSN as PatientId,
 patient.Name as Patient_Name,
 patient.Address as Patient_Address,
 patient.Phone as Patient_Contact,
 patient.InsuranceID as Patient_Insurance,
 undergoes.DateUndergoes as Procedure_Date,
 procedures.Name as Procedure_Name,
 physician.Name as Physician_Name,
 physician.Position as Physician_Position
FROM patient, undergoes, procedures, physician
WHERE patient.SSN = undergoes.Patient

AND procedures.Code = undergoes.Procedures AND undergoes.Physician=physician.EmployeeID AND undergoes.DateUndergoes >= '2020-04-25' AND undergoes.DateUndergoes < '2020-04-26';

SHOW STATUS like "Last_Query_Cost";

-- Fast query

EXPLAIN SELECT *
FROM patient_and_procedure
WHERE Procedure_Date >= '2020-04-25'
AND Procedure_Date < '2020-04-26';

SHOW STATUS like "Last_Query_Cost";

-- OPTIMIZATION II (query 12)

CREATE TABLE table patient doctors nurse AS SELECT patient.SSN AS PatientId, patient.Name AS Patient_Name, patient. Address AS Patient Address, patient. Phone AS Patient Contact, patient.InsuranceID AS Patient_Insurance, appointment.Start AS Appointment_Date, physician. Name AS Physician Name, physician. Position AS Physician Position, nurse.Name AS Nurse_Name, nurse.Position AS Nurse Position FROM patient, appointment, physician, nurse WHERE patient.SSN = appointment.Patient AND appointment. Physician = physician. EmployeeID AND appointment.PrepNurse = nurse.EmployeeID AND appointment.Start >= '2020-04-01' AND appointment.End <= '2020-04-30';

CREATE INDEX index_appointment_date

ON table_patient_doctors_nurse (Appointment_Date);

CREATE VIEW patient_and_doctors_nurse AS SELECT * FROM table_patient_doctors_nurse;

```
/*-- Slow Query --*/
SELECT patient.SSN as PatientId,
             patient.Name as Patient_Name,
    patient.Address as Patient_Address,
             patient. Phone as Patient Contact,
             patient.InsuranceID as Patient_Insurance,
             appointment_Start Appointment_Date,
             physician. Name as Physician_Name,
    physician. Position as Physician Position,
             nurse.Name as Nurse_Name,
    nurse.Position as Nurse Position
FROM patient, appointment, physician, nurse
WHERE patient.SSN = appointment.Patient
        AND appointment. Physician = physician. EmployeeID
        AND appointment.PrepNurse = nurse.EmployeeID
   AND appointment.Start >= '2020-04-01'
   AND appointment.End <= '2020-04-05';
SHOW STATUS like "Last_Query_Cost";
-- Slow query Cost : 21.913
-- Fast Query
Explain
Select *
FROM patient_and_doctors_nurse
WHERE Appointment_Date >= "2020-04-01"
        AND Appointment_Date<="2020-04-05";
SHOW STATUS like "Last_Query_Cost";
-- Fast query Cost: 10.749
```

```
-- OPTIMIZATION - III - query 2
CREATE TABLE table_patient_prescribed_medicines AS
SELECT patient.SSN AS PatientId,
       patient.Name AS Patient Name,
       patient.Address AS Patient_Address,
       patient.Phone AS Patient_Contact,
       patient.InsuranceID AS Patient Insurance,
       appointment.Start AS Appointment Date,
       medication.Name AS Medication_Name,
       prescribes. Dose AS Dosage
FROM patient, appointment, prescribes, medication
WHERE patient.SSN = appointment.Patient
        AND appointment.AppointmentID = prescribes.Appointment
   AND prescribes. Medication = medication.code
   AND appointment.Start >= '2020-04-01'
   AND appointment.End <= '2020-04-30';
CREATE INDEX index appointment date
       ON table patient prescribed medicines (Appointment Date);
CREATE VIEW patient_prescribed_medicines AS
 SELECT * FROM table patient prescribed medicines;
-- Slow Query
SELECT medication. Name AS Medication Name,
    prescribes. Dose AS Dosage,
         patient.SSN AS PatientId,
        patient.Name AS Patient Name,
    appointment.Start AS Appointment Date,
        patient.Address AS Patient_Address,
    patient. Phone AS Patient Contact,
    patient.InsuranceID AS Patient Insurance
FROM patient, appointment, prescribes, medication
WHERE patient.SSN = appointment.Patient
        AND appointment.AppointmentID = prescribes.Appointment
   AND prescribes. Medication = medication.code
```

SHOW STATUS like "Last_Query_Cost"; -- Slow query Cost : '27.544'

AND appointment.Start >= '2020-04-01' AND appointment.End <= '2020-04-05';

```
-- Fast Query
Explain
SELECT *
FROM patient prescribed medicines
WHERE Appointment_Date >= "2020-04-01"
AND Appointment_Date<="2020-04-05";
SHOW STATUS like "Last Query Cost";
-- Fast query Cost: 10.249
-- OPTIMIZATION - IV - query 13
CREATE TABLE table_patient_appointment_procedure AS
      SELECT patient. Name AS Patient Name,
               patient.Address AS Patient_Address,
               patient.Phone AS Patient_Contact,
               appointment.Start AS Appointment_Date,
               procedures.Name AS Procedure Name
  FROM patient,
             appointment,
              undergoes,
             procedures
  WHERE appointment.Patient = undergoes.Patient
              AND procedures.Code = undergoes.Procedures
              AND patient.SSN = appointment.Patient
              AND patient.SSN = undergoes.Patient;
CREATE INDEX index appointment date
      ON table_patient_appointment_procedure (Appointment_Date);
CREATE VIEW patient appointment procedure AS
 SELECT * FROM table patient appointment procedure;
-- Slow Query
SELECT patient. Name AS Patient Name,
        patient. Address AS Patient Address,
        patient.Phone AS Patient_Contact,
        appointment.Start AS Appointment_Date,
        procedures. Name AS Procedure Name
FROM patient, appointment, undergoes, procedures
WHERE appointment.Patient = undergoes.Patient
```

AND procedures.Code=undergoes.Procedures
AND patient.SSN=appointment.Patient
AND patient.SSN=undergoes.Patient;

SHOW STATUS like "Last_Query_Cost";

-- Slow query Cost : '67.013'

-- Fast Query

Explain

SELECT *

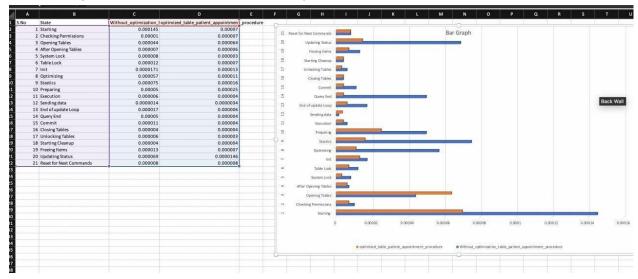
FROM patient_appointment_procedure;

- -- WHERE Appointment_Date >= "2020-04-01"
- -- AND Appointment_Date<="2020-04-05";

SHOW STATUS like "Last_Query_Cost";

-- Fast query Cost: 0.949

- -- Analytics:
- -- This is the query analysis through profiling in MySQL which we have visualized.
- -- The blue lines are without optimization cost of query 13
- -- The orange lines are optimized cost of query 13



- /* -- Part 2 Changing Query Statement and Indexing */
- -- OPTIMIZATION 5 query 5

```
/*-- Slow Query --*/
EXPLAIN SELECT pt.name AS "Patient",
    p.name AS "Primary Physician",
    n.name AS "Nurse"
FROM Appointment a
JOIN Patient pt ON a.patient=pt.ssn
JOIN Nurse n ON a.prepnurse=n.employeeid
JOIN Physician p ON pt.pcp=p.employeeid
WHERE a.patient IN
  (SELECT Patient
  FROM Appointment a
  GROUP BY a.patient
  HAVING count(*)>=2)
 AND n.registered='true'
ORDER BY pt.name;
show status like "last_query_cost";
-- Slow query Cost : '72.498000'
-- Fast query:
-- 1
ALTER TABLE Appointment
add key covered(Patient, PrepNurse, Physician);
ALTER TABLE Nurse
ADD KEY Nurse_Name_Registered(Name, Registered);
EXPLAIN SELECT pt.name AS "Patient",
    p.name AS "Primary Physician",
    n.name AS "Nurse"
FROM Appointment a
JOIN (select SSN,Name,PCP from Patient order by Name) pt ON a.patient=pt.ssn
JOIN (select EmployeeID, Name from Nurse where Registered = "true") n ON
a.prepnurse=n.employeeid
JOIN (select EmployeeID, Name from Physician) p ON pt.pcp=p.employeeid
WHERE a.patient IN
  (SELECT Patient
  FROM Appointment a
  GROUP BY a.patient
  HAVING count(*)>=2);
show status like "last_query_cost";
```

```
-- Fast Query cost = '62.498000'
-- 2
EXPLAIN SELECT pt.name AS "Patient",
    p.name AS "Primary Physician",
    n.name AS "Nurse"
FROM (SELECT Patient, PrepNurse, Physician
  FROM Appointment a
  WHERE Patient in (select Patient from Appointment a group by a patient having
count(*)>=2)) a
JOIN (select SSN,Name,PCP from Patient order by Name) pt ON a.patient=pt.ssn
JOIN (select EmployeeID, Name from Nurse where Registered = "true") n ON
a.prepnurse=n.employeeid
JOIN (select EmployeeID, Name from Physician) p ON pt.pcp=p.employeeid;
show status like "last query cost";
-- Fast Query cost = '62.498000'
/* Part 3 Changing Schema */
-- For this part we have modified the schema known as sql HOSPITAL NEW
DROP DATABASE IF EXISTS 'sql_HOSPITAL_NEW';
CREATE DATABASE 'sql HOSPITAL NEW';
USE 'sql HOSPITAL NEW';
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS 'Physician';
CREATE TABLE 'Physician' (
 `EmployeeID` SMALLINT(4) NOT NULL,
 'Name' VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
 'Position' VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
 `SSN` INT(9) NOT NULL,
 CONSTRAINT `pk_physician` PRIMARY KEY(`EmployeeID`)
);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS 'Department';
CREATE TABLE 'Department' (
 'DepartmentID' TINYINT(2) NOT NULL,
 'Name' VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
 'Head' SMALLINT(4) NOT NULL,
```

```
CONSTRAINT 'pk Department' PRIMARY KEY('DepartmentID'),
 CONSTRAINT `fk_Department_Physician_EmployeeID` FOREIGN KEY(`Head`)
REFERENCES 'Physician' ('EmployeeID')
);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS `Affiliated_With`;
CREATE TABLE 'Affiliated With' (
 'Physician' SMALLINT(4) NOT NULL,
 'Department' TINYINT(2) NOT NULL,
 'PrimaryAffiliation' BOOLEAN NOT NULL,
 CONSTRAINT `fk_Affiliated_With_Physician_EmployeeID` FOREIGN KEY(`Physician`)
REFERENCES 'Physician' ('EmployeeID'),
 CONSTRAINT 'fk Affiliated With Department DepartmentID' FOREIGN KEY('Department')
REFERENCES 'Department' ('DepartmentID'),
 PRIMARY KEY('Physician', 'Department')
);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS `Procedures`;
CREATE TABLE 'Procedures' (
 'Code' TINYINT(2) PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL,
 'Name' VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
 'Cost' REAL NOT NULL
);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS 'Trained_In';
CREATE TABLE `Trained In` (
 'Physician' SMALLINT(4) NOT NULL,
 'Treatment' TINYINT(2) NOT NULL,
 `CertificationDate` TIMESTAMP NOT NULL,
 'CertificationExpires' TIMESTAMP NOT NULL,
 CONSTRAINT 'fk Trained In Physician EmployeeID' FOREIGN KEY('Physician')
REFERENCES 'Physician' ('EmployeeID'),
 CONSTRAINT `fk_Trained_In_Procedures_Code` FOREIGN KEY(`Treatment`)
REFERENCES 'Procedures' ('Code'),
 PRIMARY KEY('Physician', 'Treatment')
);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS 'Patient';
CREATE TABLE 'Patient' (
 `SSN` INT(9) PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL,
 'Name' VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
 'Address' VARCHAR(60) NOT NULL,
 'Phone' VARCHAR(16) NOT NULL,
```

```
'InsuranceID' VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL,
 'PCP' SMALLINT(4) NOT NULL,
 CONSTRAINT `fk_Patient_Physician_EmployeeID` FOREIGN KEY(`PCP`) REFERENCES
'Physician'('EmployeeID')
);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS 'Nurse';
CREATE TABLE 'Nurse' (
 `EmployeeID` SMALLINT(4) PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL,
 'Name' VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
 'Position' VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
 'Registered' BOOLEAN NOT NULL,
 `SSN` INT(9) NOT NULL
);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS 'Appointment';
CREATE TABLE 'Appointment' (
 `AppointmentID` INT(8) PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL,
 'Patient' INT(9) NOT NULL,
 'PrepNurse' SMALLINT(4),
 'Physician' SMALLINT(4) NOT NULL,
 'Start' TIMESTAMP NOT NULL,
 'End' TIMESTAMP NOT NULL.
 `ExaminationRoom` TINYTEXT NOT NULL,
 CONSTRAINT `fk_Appointment_Patient_SSN` FOREIGN KEY(`Patient`) REFERENCES
`Patient`(`SSN`),
 CONSTRAINT 'fk Appointment Nurse EmployeeID' FOREIGN KEY('PrepNurse')
REFERENCES 'Nurse' ('EmployeeID'),
 CONSTRAINT 'fk Appointment Physician EmployeeID' FOREIGN KEY('Physician')
REFERENCES 'Physician' ('EmployeeID')
);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS 'Medication';
CREATE TABLE 'Medication' (
 'Code' TINYINT PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL,
 'Name' VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
 'Brand' VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
 'Description' VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL
);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS 'Prescribes';
CREATE TABLE `Prescribes` (
 'Physician' SMALLINT(4) NOT NULL,
```

```
'Patient' INT(9) NOT NULL,
 'Medication' TINYINT NOT NULL,
 'Date' TIMESTAMP NOT NULL,
 `Appointment` INT(8),
 'Dose' VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL,
 PRIMARY KEY('Physician', 'Patient', 'Medication', 'Date'),
 CONSTRAINT 'fk Prescribes Physician EmployeeID' FOREIGN KEY('Physician')
REFERENCES 'Physician' ('EmployeeID'),
 CONSTRAINT 'fk Prescribes Patient SSN' FOREIGN KEY('Patient') REFERENCES
`Patient`(`SSN`),
 CONSTRAINT 'fk Prescribes Medication Code' FOREIGN KEY('Medication')
REFERENCES 'Medication'('Code'),
 CONSTRAINT 'fk Prescribes Appointment AppointmentID' FOREIGN KEY('Appointment')
REFERENCES `Appointment`(`AppointmentID`)
);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS 'Block';
CREATE TABLE 'Block' (
 'BlockFloor' TINYINT(1) NOT NULL,
 'BlockCode' TINYINT(2) NOT NULL,
 PRIMARY KEY('BlockFloor', 'BlockCode')
);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS 'Room';
CREATE TABLE 'Room' (
 'RoomNumber' SMALLINT(4) PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL,
 `RoomType` VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
 `BlockFloor` TINYINT(1) NOT NULL,
 'BlockCode' TINYINT(2) NOT NULL,
 'Unavailable' BOOLEAN NOT NULL,
 CONSTRAINT 'fk Room Block PK' FOREIGN KEY('BlockFloor', 'BlockCode')
REFERENCES `Block`(`BlockFloor`, `BlockCode`)
);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS 'On_Call';
CREATE TABLE 'On Call' (
 'Nurse' SMALLINT(3) NOT NULL,
 'BlockFloor' TINYINT(1) NOT NULL,
 `BlockCode` TINYINT(2) NOT NULL,
 'OnCallStart' TIMESTAMP NOT NULL,
 'OnCallEnd' TIMESTAMP NOT NULL,
 PRIMARY KEY('Nurse', 'BlockFloor', 'BlockCode', 'OnCallStart', 'OnCallEnd'),
```

```
CONSTRAINT 'fk OnCall Nurse EmployeeID' FOREIGN KEY('Nurse') REFERENCES
`Nurse`(`EmployeeID`),
 CONSTRAINT `fk_OnCall_Block_Floor` FOREIGN KEY(`BlockFloor`, `BlockCode`)
REFERENCES 'Block' ('BlockFloor', 'BlockCode')
);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS 'Stay';
CREATE TABLE 'Stay' (
 'StayID' SMALLINT(4) PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL,
 'Patient' INT(9) NOT NULL,
 'Room' SMALLINT(4) NOT NULL,
 `StayStart` TIMESTAMP NOT NULL,
 `StayEnd` TIMESTAMP NOT NULL,
 CONSTRAINT `fk_Stay_Patient_SSN` FOREIGN KEY(`Patient`) REFERENCES
`Patient`(`SSN`),
 CONSTRAINT 'fk Stay Room Number' FOREIGN KEY('Room') REFERENCES
`Room`(`RoomNumber`)
);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS 'Undergoes';
CREATE TABLE `Undergoes` (
 'Patient' INT(9) NOT NULL,
 'Procedures' TINYINT(2) NOT NULL,
 'Stay' SMALLINT(4) NOT NULL,
 `DateUndergoes` TIMESTAMP NOT NULL,
 'Physician' SMALLINT(4) NOT NULL,
 `AssistingNurse` SMALLINT(4),
 PRIMARY KEY('Patient', 'Procedures', 'Stay', 'DateUndergoes'),
 CONSTRAINT `fk Undergoes Patient SSN` FOREIGN KEY(`Patient`) REFERENCES
`Patient`(`SSN`),
 CONSTRAINT `fk Undergoes Procedures Code` FOREIGN KEY(`Procedures`)
REFERENCES 'Procedures' ('Code'),
 CONSTRAINT `fk Undergoes Stay StayID` FOREIGN KEY(`Stay`) REFERENCES
`Stay`(`StayID`),
 CONSTRAINT `fk_Undergoes_Physician_EmployeeID` FOREIGN KEY(`Physician`)
REFERENCES 'Physician' ('EmployeeID'),
 CONSTRAINT 'fk Undergoes Nurse EmployeeID' FOREIGN KEY('AssistingNurse')
REFERENCES 'Nurse'('EmployeeID')
);
/* Slow Query */
-- Optimization for q10
```

```
SELECT distinct patient. Name as Patient Name,
                            patient.Address as Patient_Address,
                            patient. Phone as Patient Contact,
                            physician. Name as Physician Name,
                            physician. Position as Physician_Position,
                            appointment.Start as Appointment_Date
FROM patient,
              appointment, prescribes,
              physician
WHERE
              appointment.AppointmentID <> prescribes.Appointment
              AND physician. EmployeeID = appointment. Physician
    AND appointment.patient=patient.SSN;
SHOW STATUS LIKE "last_query_cost";
-- cost 1082.47
/* Faster Query */
USE sql HOSPITAL NEW;
SELECT distinct patient.Name as Patient_Name,
                            patient. Address as Patient Address,
                            patient. Phone as Patient Contact,
                            physician. Name as Physician_Name,
                            physician. Position as Physician_Position,
                            appointment.Start as Appointment_Date
FROM patient,
              appointment, prescribes,
              physician
WHERE
              appointment.AppointmentID <> prescribes.Appointment
              AND physician. Employee ID = appointment. Physician
    AND appointment.patient=patient.SSN;
SHOW STATUS LIKE "last_query_cost";
-- cost 1080.56
/* Additional Information */
```

USE sql HOSPITAL OLD;

-- We have also put the database on the Heroku platform which response to our queries using RESTful API which we have developed using python and Flask micro framework.

-- Sample API response in Browser and also in Postman:

