

Legislative Effects on Law Enforcement

Lakewood Crime Trends
Before & After Law Changes



Legislative Changes

HB 1054 Pursuits



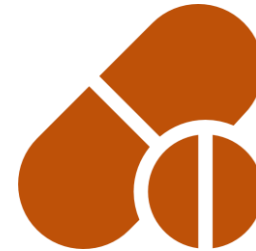
Initially restricted pursuits to Probable Cause of a Violent or Sexual offense or DUI*.

HB 1310 Use of Force



Initially required Probable Cause to use force. Updated in 2022 to Reasonable Suspicion.

SB 5476 Drug Possession



Made Possession of drugs a misdemeanor and only after two prior 'referrals' to treatment.

HB 1140 Juvenile Interaction



Requires attorney contact prior to custodial interrogation or consent search of a juvenile. Parents cannot waive.

*Updated in 2022 to Reasonable Suspicion of a Violent or Sexual offense, DUI, and Domestic Violence Assault. Does **not** allow pursuits for other felonies such as Burglary, Motor Vehicle Theft, Theft (over \$750).



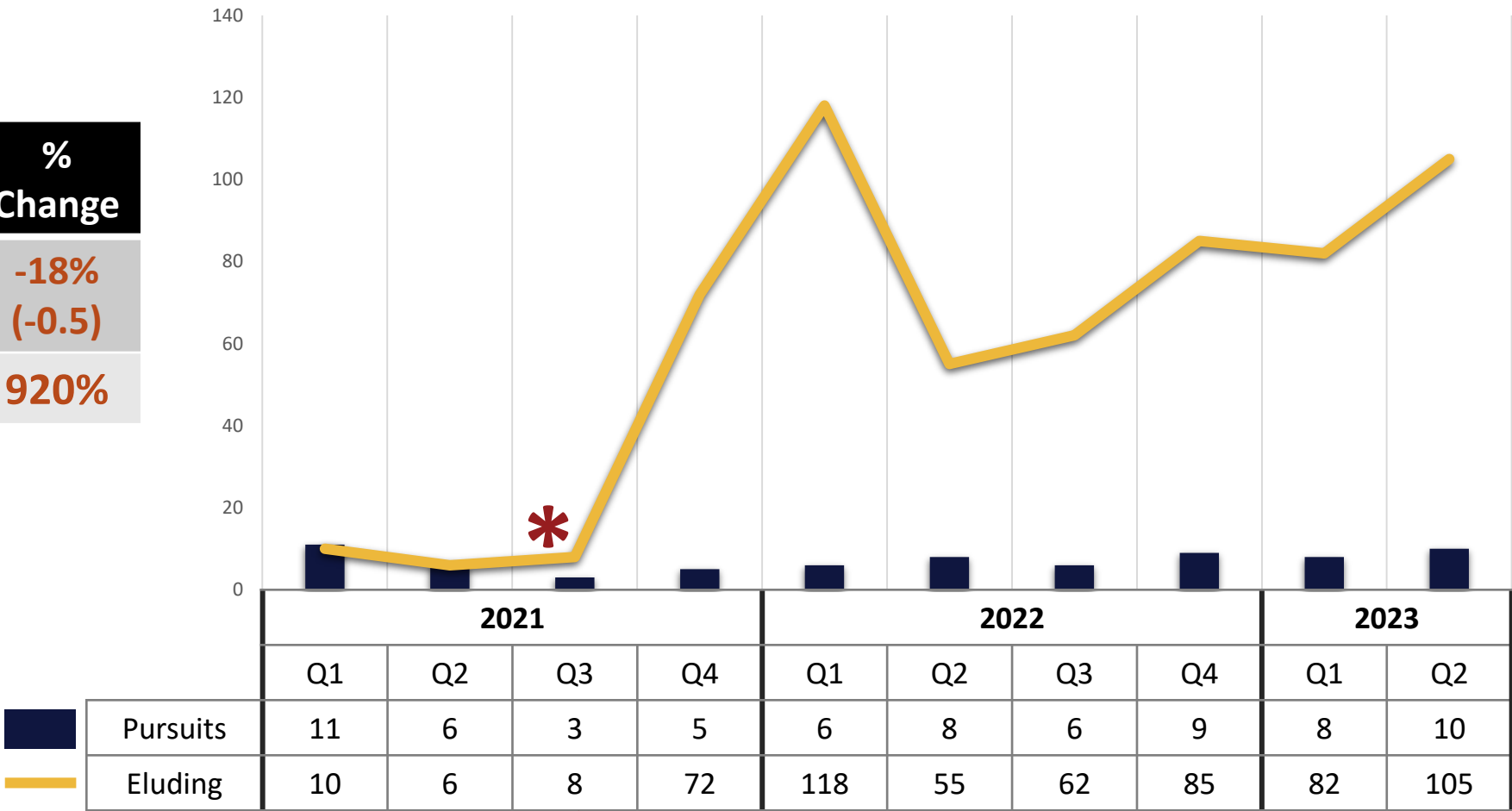
Pursuits



Monthly Average for 2 Years

	Pre HB 1054	Post HB 1054	% Change
Pursuits	2.8	2.3	-18% (-0.5)
Eluding	2.5	25.5	920%

Pursuit Trends



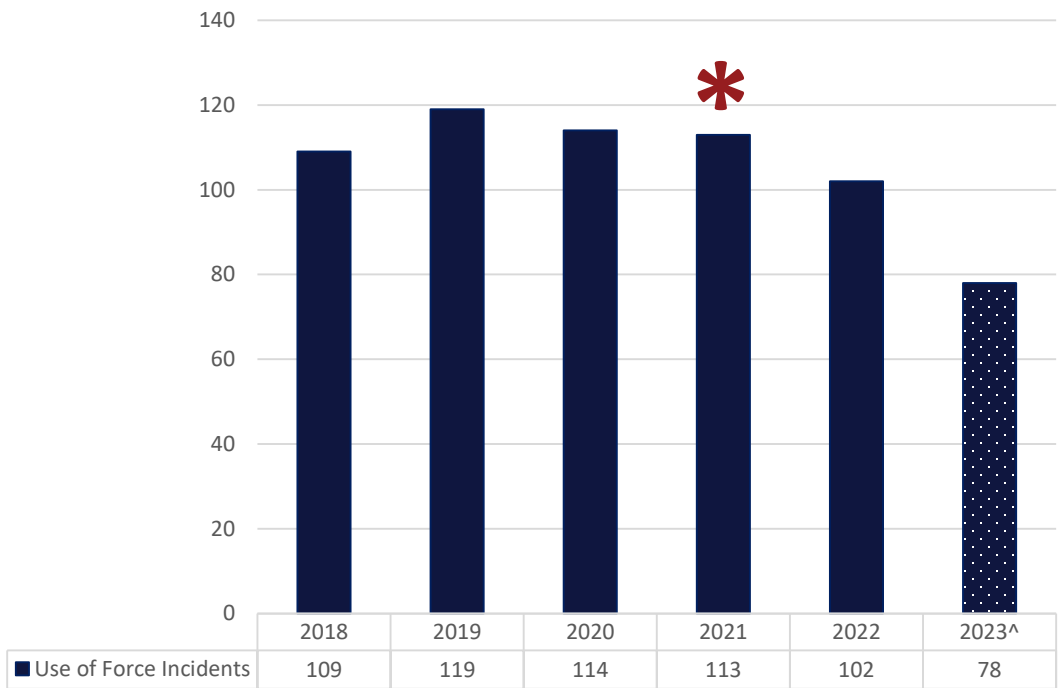
* HB 1054 effective July 25th 2021



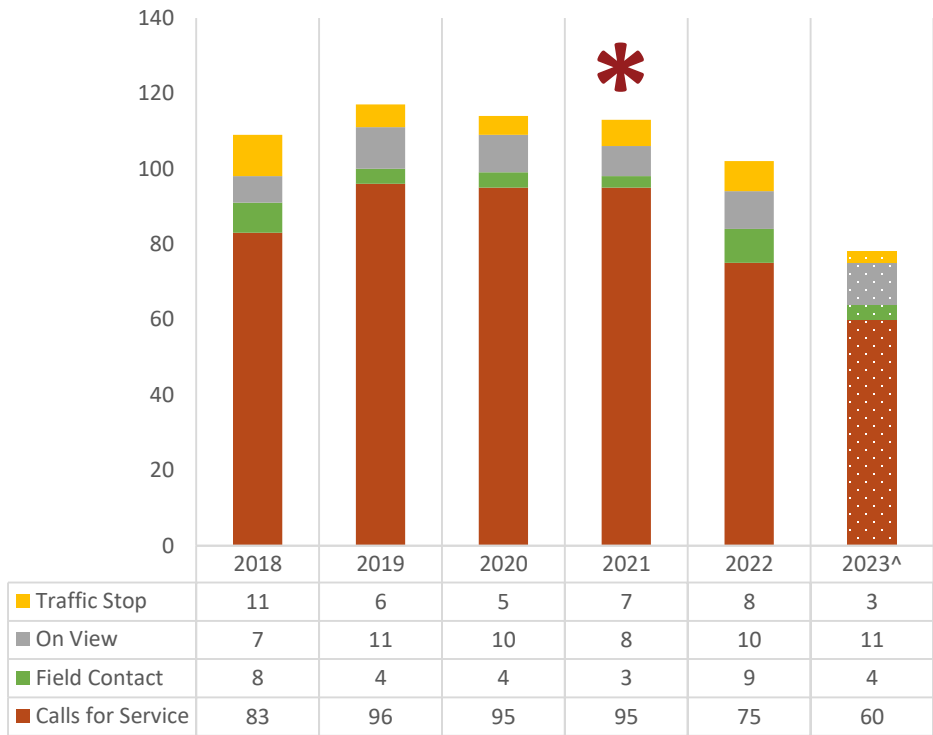
Use of Force



Number of Use of Force Incidents



Type of Service that Resulted in Use of Force



HB 1310 effective July 25th 2021

2023^ Partial Year = (Jan 1 – Jun 30)



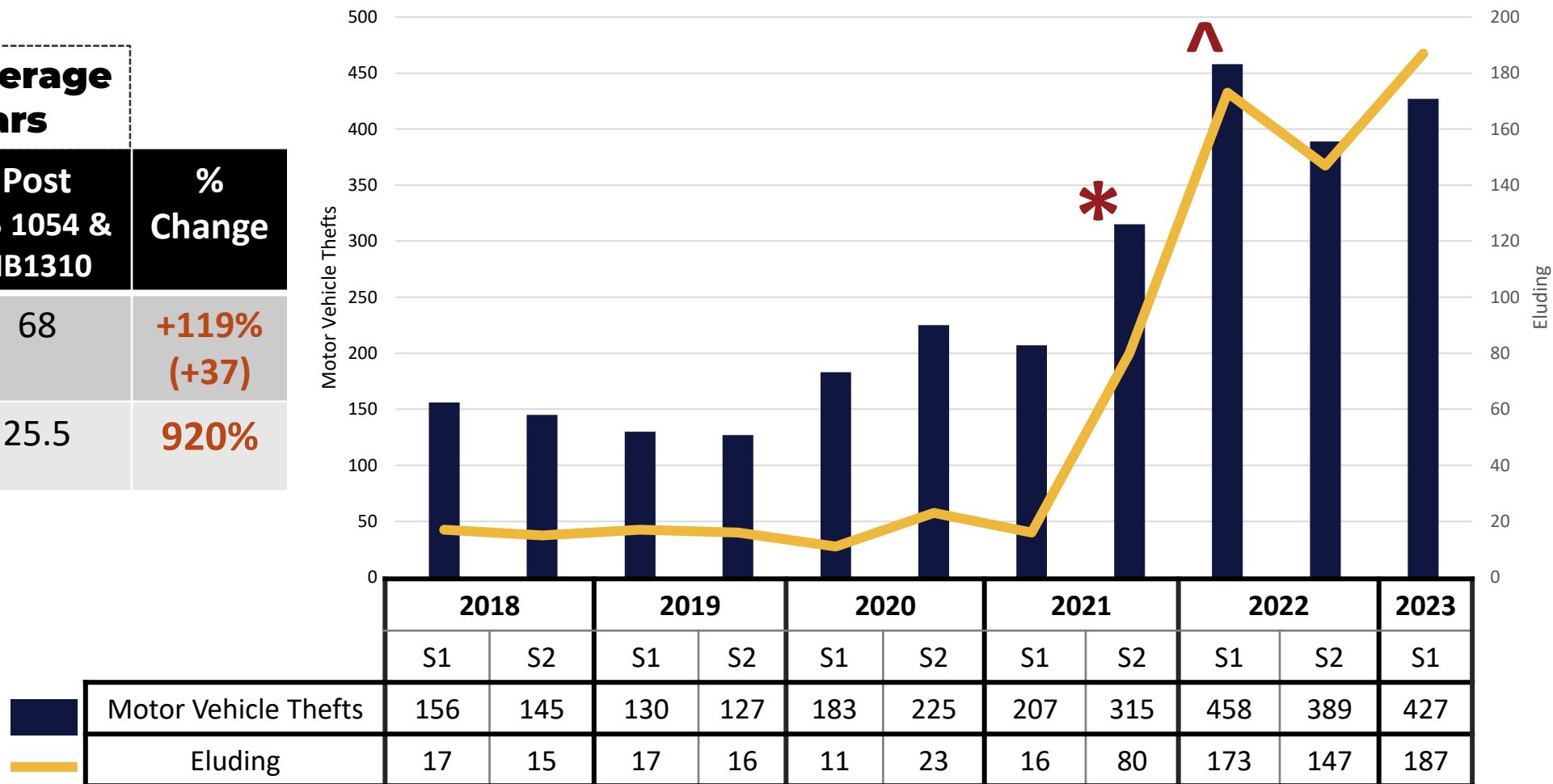
Motor Vehicle Thefts



Monthly Average for 2 Years

	Pre HB 1054 & HB 1310	Post HB 1054 & HB1310	% Change
Motor Vehicle Thefts	31	68	+119% (+37)
Eluding	2.5	25.5	920%

Motor Vehicle Thefts & Eluding



* HB 1054 & HB 1310 effective July 25th 2021

^ HB 1140 effective January 1st 2022

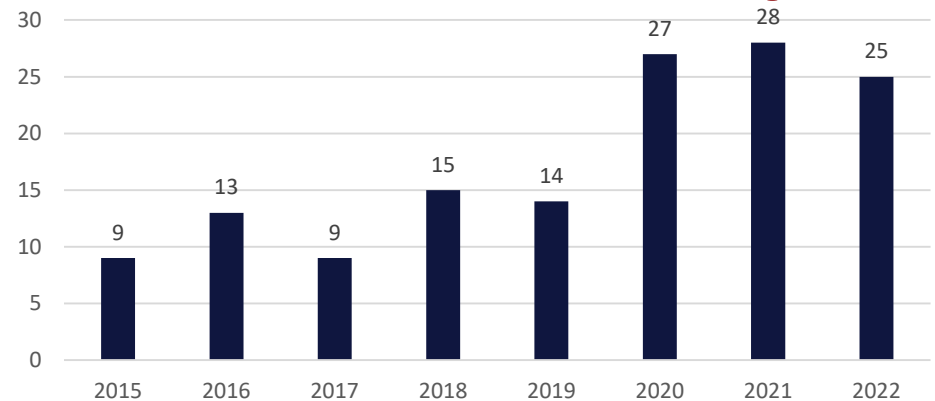


Drug Possession

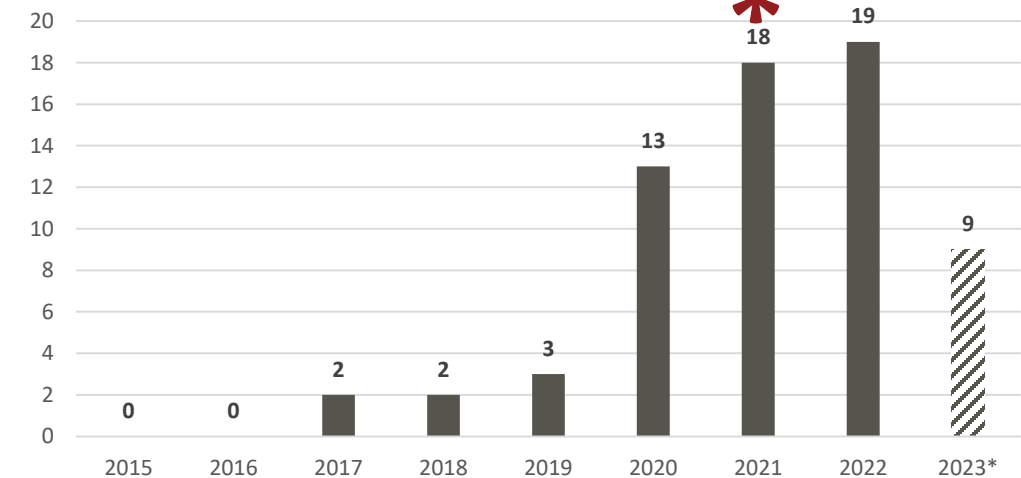
2015 – May 2023



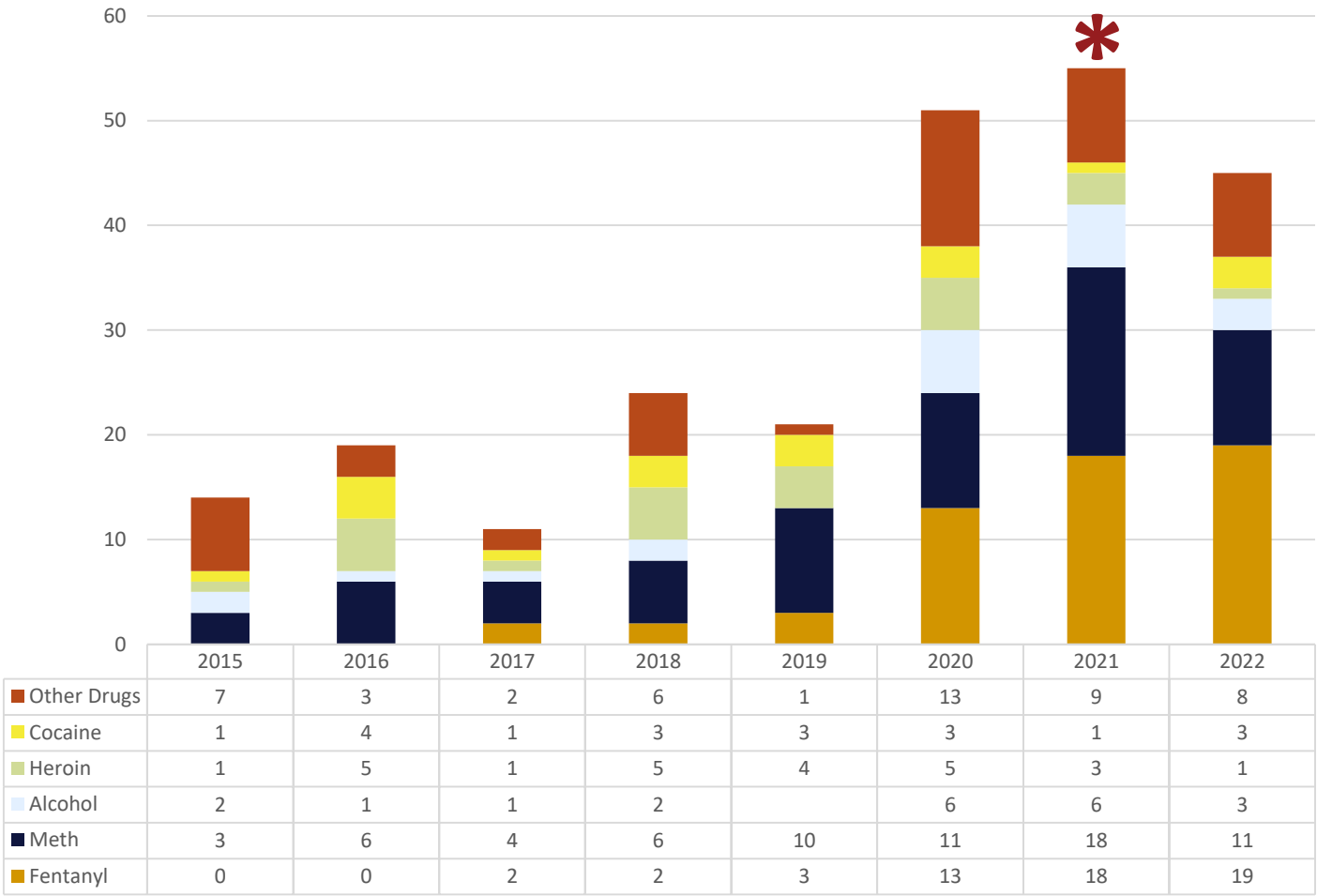
Overdose Deaths in Lakewood



Lakewood Fentanyl Related Deaths



Types of Drugs Used in Overdoses in Lakewood



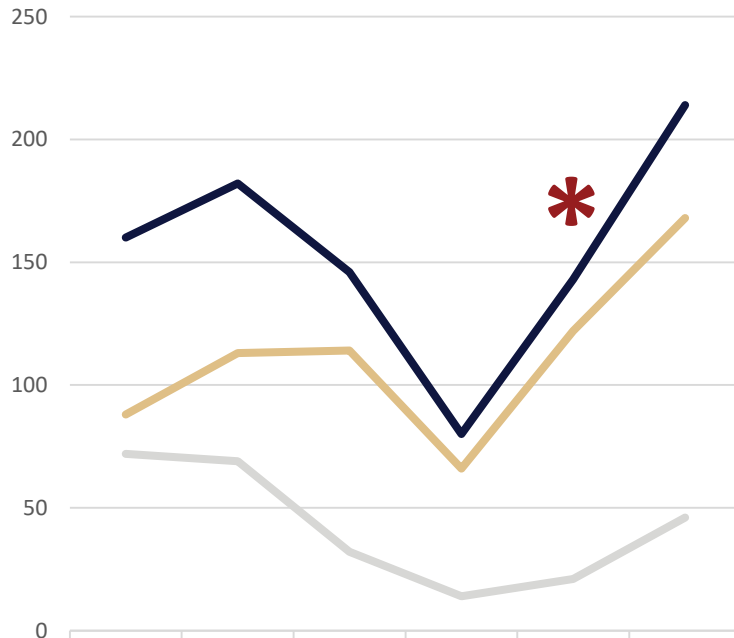
SB 5476 (Blake Fix) effective July 25th 2021

2023* Partial Year = (Jan 1 – May 31)



Juvenile Crimes

All Juvenile Crime Trends in Lakewood
YTD 2018-2023 (Jan 1 - Jul 31)



	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Suspect	88	113	114	66	122	168
Arrestees	72	69	32	14	21	46
Total	160	182	146	80	143	214

Compared to the 5 Year Average

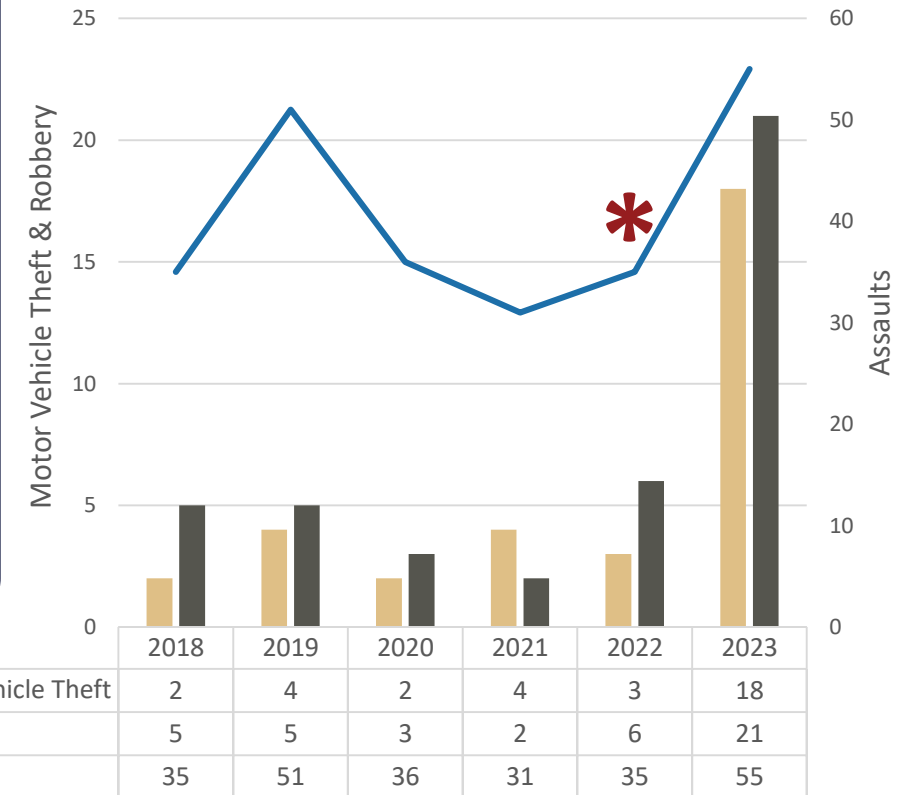
For All Crimes
Known Juvenile Suspects **increased 67%**



Robbery **400%**
Motor Theft **500%**
Assaults **46%**

For Assaults, Robbery & Vehicle Thefts,
Known Juvenile Suspects **increased 114%**

Juvenile Crime By Type
YTD 2018-2023 (Jan 1 - Jul 31)



	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Motor Vehicle Theft	2	4	2	4	3	18
Robbery	5	5	3	2	6	21
Assault	35	51	36	31	35	55

Note: Motor Vehicle Theft & Robbery use the scale on the Left;
Assaults use the scale on the Right



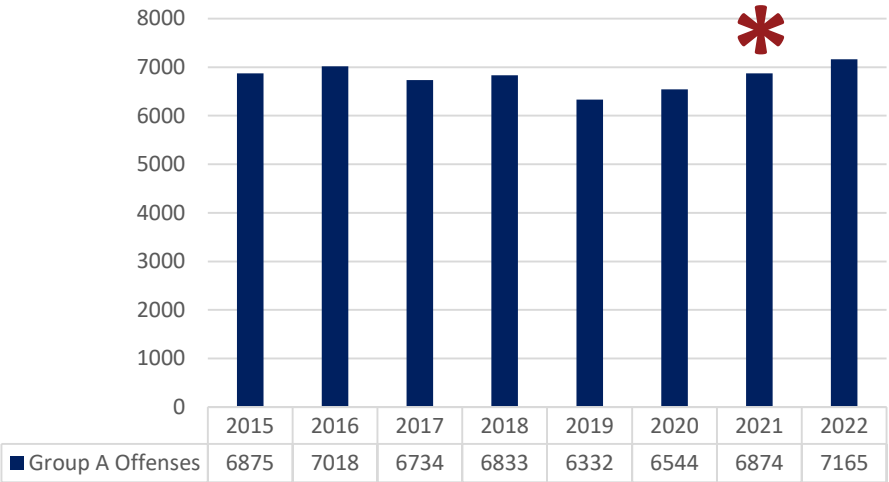
HB 1140 effective January 1st 2022



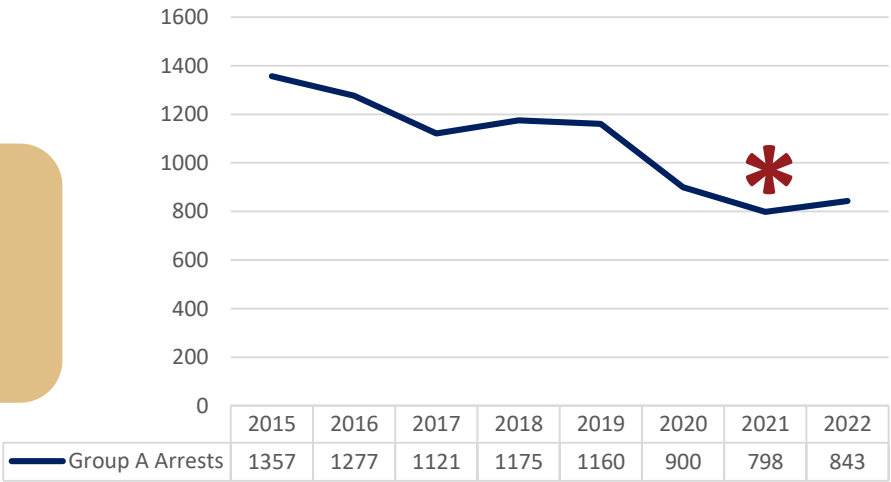
Crime Rates



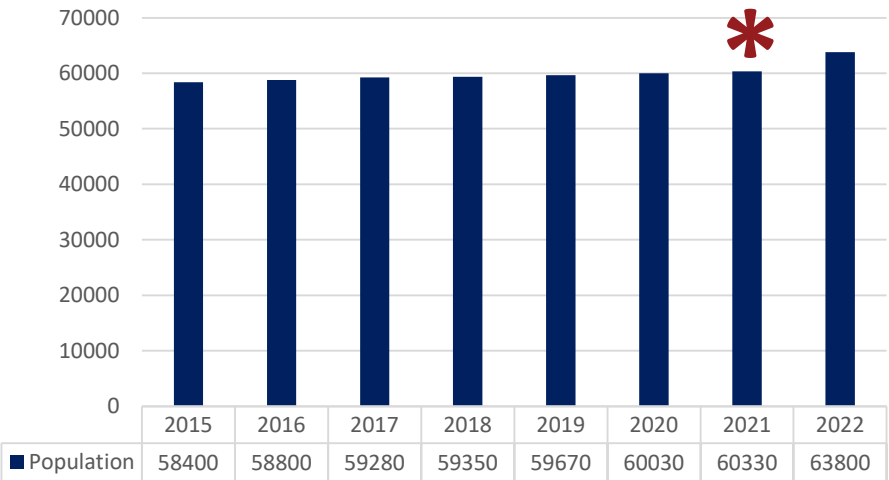
Lakewood Group A Offenses



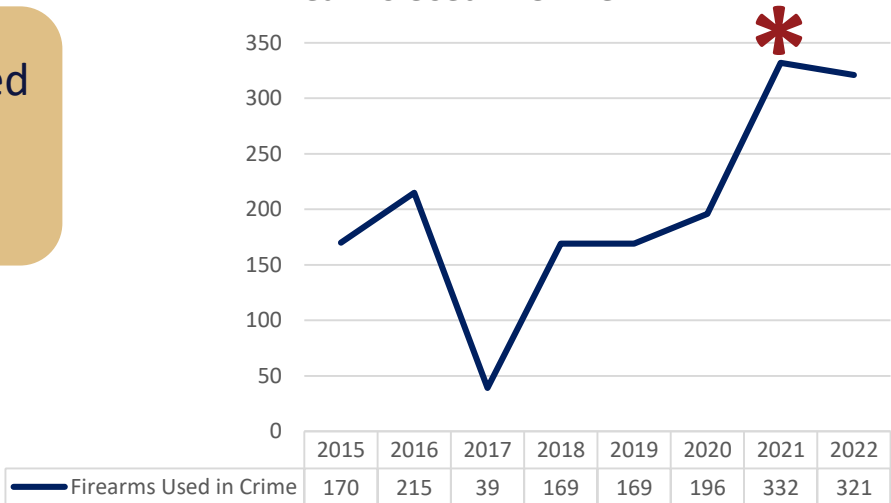
Lakewood Group A Arrests



Lakewood Population



Firearms Used in Crime



2015 vs 2022

Group A
Offenses
+4%

Group A
Arrests
-38%

Lakewood
Population
+9%

Firearms Used
in Offenses
+89%

*** Legislative Changes Effective 2021**

- Slide 1 - Title
- Slide 2 – Legislative Changes
- Slide 3 – Pursuits
 - Monthly Average for the 2 years Pre and Post HB 1054. Pre HB 1054 (August 2019 – July 2021) vs. Post HB 1054 (August 2021 – July 2023)
 - Pursuits - use reports from Lakewood PD officers.
 - Eluding – search of RMS reports occurring in Lakewood with an Offense listed as [5450 "Traffic - Pursuit – Eluding"]
- Slide 4- Use of Force
 - Use of Force reports involving Lakewood PD officers (January 2015 – June 2023)
- Slide 5 – Motor Vehicle Thefts
 - Data collected by Washington State Patrol, using the raw monthly data entered into WACIC to report stolen vehicles by Lakewood PD.
 - Monthly Average for the 2 years Pre and Post HB 1054. Pre HB 1054 & HB 1310 (August 2019 – July 2021) vs. Post HB 1054 & HB 1310 (August 2021 – July 2023)
 - Data broken into semesters for each year. S1 = January – June and S2 = July – December.
 - Eluding – search of RMS reports occurring in Lakewood with an Offense listed as [5450 "Traffic - Pursuit – Eluding"]
- Slide 6 – Drug Possession
 - Data provided by the Pierce County Medical Examiner’s Office for Overdoses that occurred during January 2015- May 31 2023.
 - Types of Drugs used Graph - if a person used more than one drug, each drug type was counted.
- Slide 7 – Juvenile Crimes
 - Juveniles defined as age 13-17
 - Offenses analyzed: Assaults, Robbery, Motor Vehicle Theft (MVT), and all other criminal offenses
 - All other criminal offenses does not include: runaway, truancy or mental voluntary/involuntary commitments
 - Reported to Lakewood Police Department
 - Timespan of Data: Records from January 2018- July 2023 were analyzed
 - Graphs show Year-to-date = January 1 to July 31 for each of the years
 - Intent was to count an individual once per case number regardless of the amount of charges or change in status (other vs suspect vs arrestee).
 - Arrested individuals would only be counted in the Arrestee numbers.
 - If the names were removed from the record (sealed/expunged) they were left in the count as is.
 - Data was cleaned so that unnamed/unknown suspects were removed.
 - Suspects older than 18 at time of report were removed (ex. Sex offense reported years after it occurred).
 - Suspects that were identified by a first name or aka only were still counted.
- Slide 8- Crime Rates
 - Pulled from the Crime in Washington Reports prepared by WASPC for numbers on Group A offenses, Arrest information & weapons used in crimes. (2015-2022)
 - Group A Offenses include crimes such as Murder, Assault, Robbery, Burglary, Motor Vehicle Theft, Arson, Theft, Weapon Law Violations. For a complete list check out the NIBRS Offense Codes listed under Group A maintained by the FBI.