ICS Lab1-DataLab

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Download

Download datalab-handout.tar from elearning. For honor-class students, download both datalab-handout.tar and datalab-handout-honor.tar.

Then execute this in terminal:

```
# make sure you are in the directory where you download the .tar file
tar xvf datalab-handout.tar
```

Prerequisite

1. Make

We will use the command make in this lab.

Try this in terminal:

```
cd datalab-handout/
make clean
```

If some error occurs like this:

```
make: Command not found
```

Then you have to install some packages related to make. Execute this in terminal:

```
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install libc6 libc6-dev libc6-dev-i386
```

Then execute this in terminal:

```
make clean
make
```

If there occurs any error here, please contact the TAs.

2. Permission of the given executable file

Execute this in terminal:

```
# make sure you are in datalab-handout/ directory
./dlc -v
```

If some error occurs like this:

```
./dlc: Permission denied.
```

Then execute this in terminal:

```
chmod +x ./dlc
./dlc -v
```

Introduction

The purpose of this assignment is to become more familiar with bit-level representations of integers and floating point numbers. You'll do this by solving a series of programming "puzzles." Many of these puzzles are quite artificial, but you'll find yourself thinking much more about bits in working your way through them.

Lab Guide

- You should complete the functions in bits.c (and bits-honor.c for honor-class students).
- Requirements for each function is listed in bits.c, including:
 - Set of valid operators
 - The number of operators
 - The range of constant numbers
 - Variable types
 - Whether control statements like [if] are allowed
- You are not allowed to modify any files other than <code>bits.c</code> without TA's permission.
- Commands for Testing:
 - o ./dlc bits.c shows if there exists any mistakes. Before your submission, you should confirm that there is no output when you execute this command.
 - ./dlc -e bits.c shows the operators you use in each function.

```
make clean
make
./btest
```

This is the test for correctness of each function.

You can make use of ./ishow and ./fshow

Submission

Content

You should submit bits.c and your report.

The report should contain the following:

- The snapshot of executing command ./dlc -e bits.c and ./btest
- Clear, tidy description of your implementation of the functions
- References (also list the references in bits.c)
- Anything you want to express after completing this lab (optional)
- Suggestions or complaint to TAs (optional)

Format

The format of your report can be .pdf, but should not be .doc.

After finishing your bits.c and your report, you create a directory named ID and copy your bits.c and report to this directory. The directory should contain bits.c (and bits-honor.c for honor-class students) and your report (may be a single file or a directory).

Then execute the following command in terminal:

```
# Take myself as an example.
# I'm now in directory 18307130024/. Make sure you are in the right place.
cd ..
tar cvf 18307130024.tar 18307130024/
```

Please submit this .tar file to elearning.

Deadline and overdue punishment

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One day of overdue submission means 20% loss in the total score in this lab. TAs treat the time period of less than a day as a day.

Scoring

The scoring for this lab is 71% for **correctness** and 29% for your **report** and **coding style**.

NEVER use the search engine at once!

NEVER copy others' code!

CHEATING MEANS ZERO

TA's feeling

- C is different from C++. All local parameters within an action scope are required to be declared at first.
- Start from a simple example may help.
- In integer tests, if else, == and != are not allowed. But you can use them to clearly express your thoughts and then replace them with legal operators.

• Bits are really interesting!

Reference

- ics-fudan-2018
- Stanford Bithack