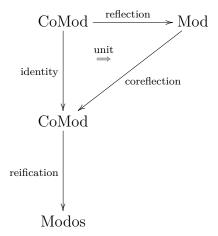
MACLANE PENTAGON IS SOME COMONADIC DESCENT

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ABSTRACT. ROUGH PROOF. This Coq text responds to Gross $Coq\ Categories\ Experience$ [1] and Chlipala $Compositional\ Computational\ Reflection\ [2]$ of ITP 2014. "Compositional" is synonymous for functional/functorial and "Computational Reflection" is synonymous for monadic semantics; and this text attempts some comonadic descent along functorial semantics: Dosen semiassociative coherence covers Maclane associative coherence by some comonadic adjunction, embedding: SemiAssoc \leftrightarrows Assoc: flattening reflection.

1. Contents

Categories [7] study the interaction between reflections and limits. The basic configuration for reflections is:



where, for all reification functor into any Modos category, the map

$$(_ \star \text{ reflection}) \circ (\text{reification} \star \text{unit})$$

is bijective; or same, for all object M' in CoMod, the polymorphic in M map

(coreflection
$$_$$
) \circ unit $_{M'}$: Mod(reflection $M', M) \to \text{CoMod}(M', \text{coreflection } M)$

is bijective, and therefore also polymorphic in M' with reverse map $\operatorname{counit}_M \circ (\operatorname{reflection} _{-})$ whose reversal equations is polymorphically determined by

$$(\text{coreflection} \star \text{counit}) \circ (\text{unit} \star \text{coreflection}) = \text{identity}$$

 $(\text{counit} \star \text{reflection}) \circ (\text{reflection} \star \text{unit}) = \text{identity}$.

And it is said that the unit natural/polymorphic/commuting transformation is the *unit* of the reflection and the reflective pair (reification \circ coreflection, reification \star unit) is some

coreflective ("Kan") extension functor of the reification functor along the reflection functor. This text shows some comonadic adjunction, embedding : SemiAssoc \leftrightarrows Assoc : flattening reflection.

Categories [6] [7] converge to the descent technique, this convergence is from both the functorial semantics technique with the monadic adjunctions technique. Now functorial semantics starts when one attempts to internalize the common phrasing of the logician model semantics, and this internalization has as consequence some functionalization/functorialization saturation/normalization of the original theory into some more synthetic theory; note that here the congruence saturation is some instance of postfix function composition and the substitution saturation is some instance of prefix function composition. The "Yoneda"/normalization lemma takes its sense here. And among all the relations between synthetic theories, get the tensor of theories, which is some extension of theories, and which is the coproduct (disjoint union) of all the operations of the component theories quotiented by extra commutativity between any two operations from any two distinct component theories; for example the tensor of two rings with units as synthetic theories gives the bimodules as functorial models.

Now Galois says that any radical extension of all the *symmetric functions* in some indeterminates, which also contains those indeterminates, is abe to be incrementally/resolvably saturated/"algebra" as some further radical extension whose interesting endomorphisms include all the permutations of the indeterminates. And when there are many indeterminates, then some of those permutations are properly preserved down the resolution ... but the resolution vanish any permutation! In this context of saturated extensions, one then views any polynomial instead as its quotient/ideal of some ring of polynomials and then pastes such quotients into "algebraic algebras" or "spectrums" or "schemes" .. This is Galois descent along Borceux-Janelidze-Tholen [6]

Esquisse d'un programme: The raw combinatorial ("permutation group") angle converge to Aigner [5]. Another parallel of the raw combinatorial techniques of Galois is the raw proof techniques of Gentzen that inductive recursive arithmetic cannot well-order some ordinal. One question is whether the descent techniques and the proof techniques can converge. The initial item shall be to internalize/functorialize the semantics of Dosen book and do automation programmation so to gather data and examples and experiments. The automation programming technique has one common form mixing induction or simplification conversion or logical unification or substitution rewriting or repeated heuristic/attempt destructions or reflective decision procedure; for example the form behind crush of Chlipala CPDT [3] is:

```
[ induction; (eval beta iota; auto logical unify; auto substitution rewrite); repeat ( (match goal | context match term => destruct); (eval beta iota; auto logical unify; auto substitution rewrite) ); congruence; omega; anyreflection ]
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The next item shall be to memo Borceux books 1 and 2, not only from the simplifying conversion angle or the unification ("logic programming") angle or the substitution rewrite angle, but also from the computational reflection angle. This computational reflection angle shall be far more than decision procedures, but rather shall be descent techniques for existence (fullness) and identification (failfulness); so this would allow for implicit arguments to be resolved after descent or for some arguments to be programmed after descent to some easier terminology .. This is 3 pages/day = 1 year memo reading.

2. Maclane Associative Coherence

This CoQ text shows the semiassociativity completeness and coherence internal some encoding where associative coherence is the meta:

MACLAN PENTAGON IS SOME RECURSIVE SQUARE!! This recursive square normalize_map_assoc is the "functorial" parallel to the normalization/flattening of binary trees; and is simply the unit of the reflection for the adjunction.

The associative coherence comes before anything else, before the semiassociative completeness and before the semiassociative coherence :

- * The associative coherence, by the recursive square lemma, critically reduce to the classification of the endomorphisms in the semiassociative category.
- * This associative coherence do not lack some "Newman-style" diamon lemma. The comonadic adjunction, embedding: $arrows \hookrightarrow arrows_assoc$: flattening reflection, which says/subgeres that semiassociative coherence covers (and temporarily comes before) associative coherence is actually done posterior-ly (for want of formality), after it is already known that the simpler List subcategory of arrows made of endomorphisms is enough to cover (and is equivalent to) $arrows_assoc$.
- * The semiassociative coherence do lack some "Newman-style" diamon lemma; and, again posterior-ly, there exists some monadic adjunction, embedding : $List \hookrightarrow arrows$: flattening reflection.

The associative category is the meta of the semiassociative category, and the phrasing of semiassociative completeness $lemma_completeness$ shows this actuality very clearly. The semiassociative coherence is done in some internal ("first/second order"??) encoding relative to associative coherence; may be exists some (yet to be found) "higher-order" / Coq Gallina encoding. The semiassociative coherence do lack some "Newman-style" diamon lemma. This diamon lemma is done in somme two-step process: first the codomain object of the diamon is assumed to be in normal/flattened form and this particularized diamon lemma $lemma_directedness$ is proved without holding semiassociative completeness; then this assumption is erased and the full diamon lemma $lemma_coherence0$ now necessitate the semiassociative completeness.

Dosen book [4] section 4.2 then section 4.3 is written into some computationally false order/precedence. The source of this falsification is the confusion/mixup between "convertible" (definitionality/meta equal) or "propositional equal" where the things are local variables instead of fully constructor-ed explicit terms.

These Coq texts do not necessitate impredicativity and do not necessitate limitation of the flow of information from proof to data and do not necessitate large inductive types with polymorphic constructors and do not necessitate universe polymorphism; therefore no distinction between Prop or Set or Type is made in these Coq texts. Moreover this Coq texts do not exhitate to use do not hesitate to use the very sensible/fragile library Program.Equality dependent destruction which may introduce extra non-necessary eq_rect_eq axioms. It is most possible to erase this eq_rect_eq (coherence!! ...) axiom from this Coq texts, otherwise this would be some coherence problem as deep/basic as associative coherence or semiassociative coherence.

Noson Yanofsky talks about some Catalan categories to solve associative coherence in hes doctor text, may be the "functorial" normalization/flattening here is related to hes Catalan

categories. Also the AAC tactics or CoqMT which already come with COQ may be related, but the ultimate motivation is different ...

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Inductive same\_assoc : \forall A B : objects, arrows\_assoc A B \rightarrow arrows\_assoc A B \rightarrow Set
 := same\_assoc\_reft : \forall (A B : objects) (f : arrows\_assoc A B), f \sim a f
 | same\_assoc\_bracket\_left\_5 : \forall A B C D : objects,
    bracket\_left\_assoc~(A~\backslash\backslash 0~B)~C~D < oa~bracket\_left\_assoc~A~B~(C~\backslash\backslash 0~D) \sim a
    bracket\_left\_assoc \ A \ B \ C \ / \ 1a \ unitt\_assoc \ D < oa \ bracket\_left\_assoc \ A \ (B \ / \ 0 \ C) \ D < oa
    unitt\_assoc\ A\ /\ 1a\ bracket\_left\_assoc\ B\ C\ D.
Inductive normal: objects \rightarrow \mathtt{Set} :=
normal\_cons1: \forall l: letters, normal (letter l)
| normal\_cons2 : \forall (A : objects) (l : letters), normal A \rightarrow normal (A /\0 letter l).
Fixpoint normalize\_aux (Z A : objects) {struct A} : objects :=
  \mathtt{match}\ A with
      | letter l \Rightarrow Z / \backslash 0 letter l
       A1 / 0 A2 \Rightarrow (Z < / 0 A1) < / 0 A2
  end
where "Z < / A" := (normalize\_aux \ Z \ A).
Fixpoint normalize (A:objects):objects:=
  {\tt match}\ A \ {\tt with}
      | letter l \Rightarrow letter l
      |A1|/\langle 0|A2| \Rightarrow (normalize A1) < /\langle 0|A2|
  end.
```

Roughtly, the lemma development takes as input some arrow term (bracket /\ bracket) and output some developed arrow term (bracket /\ 1) o (1 /\ bracket) which is $\sim s$ convertible (essentially by bifunctoriality of /\) to the input. Now surprisingly, this development or factorization lemma necessitate some deep ('well-founded') induction, using some measure length which shows that this may be related to arithmetic factorization.

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Fixpoint length (A B: objects) (f: arrows A B) {struct f}: nat := match f with  | \ unitt \ \_ \Rightarrow 2   | \ bracket\_left \ \_ \ \_ \Rightarrow 4   | \ up\_1 \ A0 \ B0 \ A1 \ B1 \ f1 \ f2 \Rightarrow length \ A0 \ B0 \ f1 \times length \ A1 \ B1 \ f2   | \ com \ A \ B \ C \ f1 \ f2 \Rightarrow length \ A \ B \ f1 + length \ B \ C \ f2  end.  \text{Lemma } \ development: \ \forall \ (len: nat) \ (A \ B: objects) \ (f: arrows \ A \ B),   length \ f \leq len \ \rightarrow \{ \ f': arrows \ A \ B \ \&   developed \ f' \times ((length \ f' \leq length \ f) \times (f \ \sim s \ f')) \ \}.  Fixpoint normalize\_aux\_unitrefl\_assoc \ Y \ Z \ (y: arrows\_assoc \ Y \ Z) \ A
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: arrows\_assoc (Y / \ 0 A) (Z < / \ 0 A) :=
  \mathtt{match}\ A with
      letter \ l \Rightarrow y / 1a \ unitt\_assoc \ (letter \ l)
     A1 / 0 A2 \Rightarrow ((y < / 1a A1) < / 1a A2) < oa bracket_left_assoc Y A1 A2
  end
where "y </\lambda 1a A" := (normalize\_aux\_unitrefl\_assoc\ y\ A).
Fixpoint normalize\_unitrefl\_assoc\ (A:objects): arrows\_assoc\ A\ (normalize\ A):=
  \mathbf{match}\ A with
     | letter l \Rightarrow unitt\_assoc (letter l)
     |A1| \land 0 A2 \Rightarrow (normalize\_unitrefl\_assoc A1) < / \land 1a A2
  end.
Check th151 : \forall A : objects, normal A \rightarrow normalize A = A.
  Aborted th 270: for local variable A with normal A, although there is the propositional
equality th151: normalize A = A, one gets that normalize A and A are not convertible
(definitionally/meta equal); therefore one shall not regard normalize_unitreft_assoc and unit
A as sharing the same domain-codomain indices of arrows_assoc. Check th260: \forall N P:
objects, arrows_assoc N P \rightarrow normalize N = normalize P.
  Aborted lemma_coherence_assoc0: for local variables N, P with arrows_assoc N P, al-
though there is the propositional equality th260: normalize N = normalize P, one gets that
normalize A and normalize B are not convertible (definitionally/meta equal); therefore some
transport other than eq_rect, some coherent transport is lacked.
  Below directed y signify that y is in the image of the embedding of arrows into ar-
rows\_assoc.
Check normalize_aux_map_assoc : \forall (X \ Y : \mathbf{objects}) \ (x : \mathbf{arrows\_assoc} \ X \ Y)
           (Z: \mathbf{objects}) \ (y: \mathbf{arrows\_assoc} \ Y \ Z), \ \mathbf{directed} \ y \rightarrow
        \forall (A \ B : \mathbf{objects}) \ (f : \mathbf{arrows\_assoc} \ A \ B),
        \{ y\_map : arrows\_assoc (Y </ \0 A) (Z </ \0 B) &
         (y_{map} < a x < / 1a A \sim a y < / 1a B < a x / 1a f) \times directed y_{map} 
Check normalize_map_assoc : \forall (A B : objects) (f : arrows_assoc A B),
         { y_{-}map : arrows_{-}assoc (normalize A) (normalize B) &
         (y_{-}map < oa normalize_unitrefl_assoc A \sim a
           normalize_unitrefl_assoc B < oa f > directed y_map >.
                           3. Dosen SemiAssociative Coherence
Inductive nodes: objects \rightarrow Set :=
     self: \forall A: objects, A
   at\_left: \forall A: objects, A \rightarrow \forall B: objects, A / \setminus 0 B
  | at\_right : \forall A B : objects, B \rightarrow A / \backslash 0 B.
Inductive lt\_right: \forall A: objects, A \rightarrow A \rightarrow Set:=
     lt\_right\_cons1: \forall (B:objects) (z:B) (C:objects),
                           self(C / 0 B) < r at\_right(C z)
  | lt\_right\_cons2 : \forall (B \ C : objects) (x \ y : B),
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x < r y \rightarrow at\_left \ x \ C < r \ at\_left \ y \ C
  | lt\_right\_cons3 : \forall (B \ C : objects) (x \ y : B),
                            x < r y \rightarrow at\_right \ C \ x < r \ at\_right \ C \ y.
Definition bracket\_left\_on\_nodes (A B C : objects)
 (x : nodes (A / 0 (B / 0 C))) : nodes ((A / 0 B) / 0 C).
     dependent destruction x.
           exact (at\_left (self (A / \ 0 B)) C).
           exact (at\_left (at\_left x B) C).
           dependent destruction x.
                exact (self ((A /\setminus 0 B) /\setminus 0 C)).
                exact (at\_left (at\_right A x) C).
                exact (at\_right\ (A / \setminus 0\ B)\ x). Defined.
Check arrows_assoc_on_nodes : \forall A B, arrows_assoc A B \rightarrow nodes A \rightarrow nodes B.
  Soundness: (using nodes and arrows_assoc_on_nodes notations coercions)
Check lemma_soundness : \forall A B (f : arrows A B) (x y : A), f x < r f y \rightarrow x < r y.
  Completeness: lemma lem005700 is deep ('well-founded') induction on lengthn'', with ac-
cumulator/continuation cumul_letteries. The prerequisites are 4000 lines of multifolded/complicated
Cog text, and some of which are listed below:
Check lemma_completeness : \forall (B A : objects) (f : arrows_assoc B A),
            (\forall x \ y : \mathbf{nodes} \ B, \ x < \mathbf{r} \ y \to (f \ x) < \mathbf{r} \ (f \ y)) \to \mathbf{arrows} \ A \ B.
Check lem005700 : \forall (B : \mathbf{objects}) (len : \mathbf{nat}),
 \forall (cumul\_letteries : nodes B \rightarrow bool)
 (H_{cumul\_letteries\_wellform : cumul\_letteries\_wellform' \ B \ cumul\_letteries)
 (H_{cumul\_letteries\_satur}: \forall y: \mathbf{nodes}\ B,\ cumul\_letteries\ y = \mathsf{true}
       \rightarrow \forall z : nodes B, lt_leftorright_eq y z \rightarrow cumul\_letteries z = true)
 (H_{-}len : lengthn'' cumul_letteries H_{-}cumul_letteries\_wellform < len),
 \forall (A : \mathbf{objects}) (f : \mathbf{arrows\_assoc} \ B \ A)
 (H\_node\_is\_lettery : \forall x : nodes B, cumul\_letteries x = true \rightarrow node\_is\_lettery f x)
 (H\_object\_at\_node : \forall x : \mathbf{nodes} \ B, \ cumul\_letteries \ x = \mathsf{true}
       \rightarrow object_at_node x = object_at_node (f x))
 (H_{-}cumul_{-}B: \forall x y: \mathbf{nodes}\ B, x < \mathbf{r}\ y \to (f\ x) < \mathbf{r}\ (f\ y)), \mathbf{arrows}\ A\ B.
Notation lt\_leftorright\_eq \ x \ y := (sum \ (eq \ x \ y) \ (sum \ (x < l \ y) \ (x < r \ y))).
  And nodal_multi_bracket_left_full, which is some localized/deep multi_bracket_left at some
internal node, is one of the most complicated/multifolded construction in this Coq text.
And nodal_multi_bracket_left_full below and later really lack this constructive equality ob-
jects_same, so that we get some transport map which is coherent, transport map other than
eq_rect. Maybe it is possible to effectively use the constructive equality objects_same at more
places instead of eq.
```

 $objects_same_cons1: \forall l: letters, objects_same (letter l) (letter l)$

| $objects_same_cons2: \forall AA': objects, objects_sameAA' \rightarrow$

Inductive $objects_same: objects \rightarrow objects \rightarrow Set:=$

```
Fixpoint foldright (A: objects) (Dlist: list objects) {struct Dlist}: ematch Dlist with  | nil \Rightarrow A \\ | D0 :: Dlist0 \Rightarrow (A / \setminus Dlist0) / (0 D0)  where "A /\\ Dlist":= (foldright A Dlist).  (A \setminus A \setminus B \cap A) = (A \setminus A \cap A \cap B) / (A \cap B \cap A)  Check multi_bracket_left: \forall (A \cap B \cap C \cap A \cap B) / (A \cap
```

 $\forall B B' : objects, objects_same B B' \rightarrow objects_same (A /\ 0 B) (A' /\ 0 B').$

Notation $node_is_lettery\ f\ w := (prod$

```
(\forall (x : nodes \_), lt\_leftorright\_eq w x \rightarrow lt\_leftorright\_eq (f w) (f x))
(\forall (x : nodes \_), lt\_leftorright\_eq (f w) (f x)
\rightarrow lt\_leftorright\_eq ((rev f) (f w)) ((rev f) (f x)))).
```

Notation $node_is_letter \ x := (object_is_letter \ (object_at_node \ x)).$

 ${\tt Notation} \ cumul_letteries_wellform' \ B \ cumul_letteries :=$

 $(\forall \ x:\ B,\ object_is_letter\ (object_at_node\ x) \rightarrow eq\ (cumul_letteries\ x)\ true).$

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