Assignment 1

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Question 1:

- a. 1110 $8x1 + 4x1 + 2x1 + 1x0 = 14_{10}$
- b. 11011 $16x1 + 8x1 + 0x4 + 2x1 + 1x1 = 27_{10}$
- c. 101010 $32x1 + 16x0 + 8x1 + 4x0 + 2x1 + 0x1 = 42_{10}$

Question 2:

a.
$$2^{12} = 2^{10} x 2^2 = 10^3 x 4 \cong 4000$$

Actual value: 4 096

% Error =
$$((4096 - 4000)/4096) * 100 = 2.3438 %$$

b.
$$2^{16} = 2^{10} \ x \ 2^6 = 10^3 \ x \ 64 \cong 64 \ 000$$

Actual value: 65 536

c.
$$2^{32} = 2^{30}x \ 2^2 = 10^9 \ x \ 4 \cong 4 \ 000 \ 000 \ 000$$

Actual value: 4 294 967 296

% Error = ((4294967296 - 4000000000)/4294967296) * 100 = 6.8677 %

Question 3:

a)
$$F(A,B) = A(AB)' + B(AB)'$$

b)
$$F(A,B) = A(A'+B') + B(A'+B') -> DeMorgan$$

 $F(A,B) = AA' + AB' + BA' + BB' -> Inverse$
 $F(A,B) = AB' + A'B$

Now we must prove that this expression is in fact SOP using K-maps

B			
Α		0	1
	0	m0	m1
	1	m2	m3

We will now find all the minterm:

$$F(A,B) = AB' + A'B$$

$$m2 \quad m1$$

$$\sum m(1,2)$$

$$=> F(A,B) = AB' + A'B is SOP!$$