```
-- 1
CREATE TABLE rentals_may (
 'rental id' int NOT NULL AUTO INCREMENT.
 `rental date` datetime NOT NULL,
 `inventory_id` mediumint unsigned NOT NULL,
 `customer id` smallint unsigned NOT NULL,
 `return date` datetime DEFAULT NULL,
 `staff_id` tinyint unsigned NOT NULL,
 `last_update` timestamp NOT NULL DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP ON
UPDATE CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
 PRIMARY KEY ('rental id'));
-- 2
insert into rentals_may
select *
from rental
where substr(rental_date,6,2) = 05;
-- 3
CREATE TABLE rentals_june (
 'rental id' int NOT NULL AUTO INCREMENT,
 'rental date' datetime NOT NULL.
 `inventory_id` mediumint unsigned NOT NULL,
 'customer id' smallint unsigned NOT NULL,
 `return_date` datetime DEFAULT NULL,
 `staff id` tinvint unsigned NOT NULL,
 `last_update` timestamp NOT NULL DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP ON
UPDATE CURRENT TIMESTAMP,
 PRIMARY KEY (`rental_id`));
-- 4
insert into rentals_june
select *
from rental
where substr(rental_date,6,2) = 06;
-- 5
select a.customer id, first name, last name, count(rental id) as
number of rentals may
from rentals_may as a
inner join customer as b
on a.customer id = b.customer id
group by a.customer id
order by count(rental_id) desc;
-- 6
select a.customer_id, first_name, last_name, count(rental_id) as
number_of_rentals_may
from rentals_june as a
inner join customer as b
```

on a.customer\_id = b.customer\_id group by a.customer\_id order by count(rental\_id) desc;