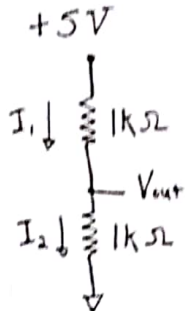


# Problem set: Resistors in series and parallel

1) For the following circuit,



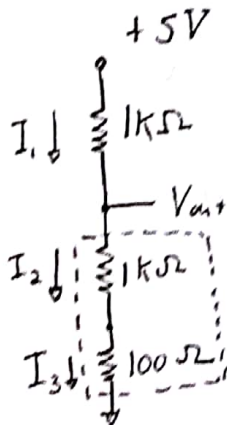
$$\Delta V = IR$$

$$\frac{2.5}{1k} = I$$

Please list the following (with units).  $V_{out}$  should be measured relative to ground.

- $V_{out} \text{ (theory)} = 2.5$
- $V_{out} \text{ (measured)} = 2.59$
- $I_1 = .0025$
- $I_2 = .0025$

2) For the following circuit,



$$V = IR$$

$$\frac{5}{2,100} = .00238$$

$$I = \frac{5}{2.1}$$

$$\frac{5}{2,100} \cdot 1000$$

Please list the following (with units).

- $V_{out} \text{ (theory)} = 2.61$
- $V_{out} \text{ (measured)} = 2.72$
- $I_1 = .0025$
- $I_2 = .00238$
- $I_3 = .00238$

$$\begin{aligned} &2.38 \Delta V \text{ over } R_2 \\ &.0238 \Delta V \text{ over } R_3 \\ &2.61 \end{aligned}$$

- 3) For the previous circuit, we redraw with an equivalent circuit as follows:

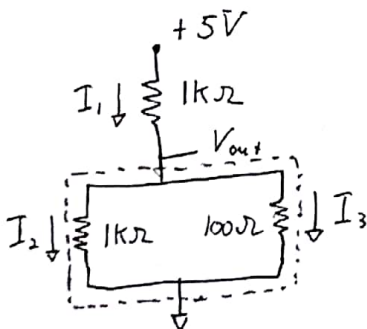


$$R_{eq} = 1.1k\Omega$$

What is the value of Req?

$$1.1k\Omega$$

- 4) For the following circuit,



$$\frac{1}{\frac{1}{1000} + \frac{1}{100}} = \frac{1}{.0011}$$

$$I = \frac{V}{R}$$

$$I = \frac{5}{1000 + \frac{1}{.011}}$$

$$V = IR$$

$$= (.00458)(1.1k\Omega)$$

- $V_{out}(\text{theory}) = .416$
- $V_{out}(\text{measured}) = .43$
- $I_1 = 5 / (1000 + 1/.011) = .00458$
- $I_2 = .00458$
- $I_3 = .00458$

- 5) For the previous circuit, we redraw with an equivalent circuit as in problem 3. What is the value of Req?

$$R_{eq} = 90.909 = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{1000} + \frac{1}{100}}$$

- 6) Redo problem 4 replacing the 100 ohm resistor with 100 K.

- $V_{out}(\text{theory}) = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{1000} + \frac{1}{100,000}} = \frac{1}{.00101} = R$
- $V_{out}(\text{measured}) = 2.5V$

$$\Delta V = 1000 \cdot I_1$$

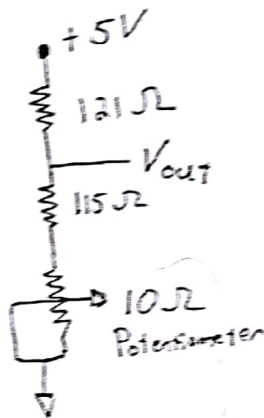
$$\Delta V_1 = 2.5V$$

$$I = \frac{5V}{1000 + \frac{1}{.00101}}$$

$$I_1 = .0025V$$

- $I_1 = .0025$
- $I_2 = .0025$
- $I_3 = .000025$

7) Build the following circuit using a 10 ohm potentiometer (variable resistor). Note that the potentiometer has three terminals and we are only using one.



$$V = IR$$

$$\frac{5}{121 + 115} = I = .0211$$

$$\frac{5}{121 + 115 + 10} = I = .0202$$

In this arrangement the potentiometer is a resistor whose value we can vary between 0 and 10 Ohms. What is the maximum and minimum value of  $V_{out}$ ?

- $V_{out}$  (theory) maximum =  $\frac{2.54}{}$  minimum =  $\frac{2.43}{}$
- $V_{out}$  (exp) maximum =  $\frac{2.55}{}$  minimum =  $\frac{2.53}{}$

#### Deliverables:

Just fill in your results on this work sheet (or rewrite) and scan your handwritten work in. Again, these types of assignments are simply checked for completeness.